Network and Computer Security

NotIST: Secure Note-Taking Application

Local Security

Secure Document

- [SR1] Confidentiality: Only the owner of the notes can see their content.
- [SR2] Integrity: The owner of the notes can verify they were not tampered with.
- [SR3] Integrity: The owner of the notes can verify if some note is missing.
- [SR4] Authentication: Only the owner of the notes can access them.

Implementation

- AES-CBC for content encryption
- HMAC-SHA256 for integrity verification
- Unique symmetric key per note

Secure Document Format

```
_id: ObjectId('67770560239543ab8405e278'),
id: '04a34e14-2f3d-4d8b-b631-a30b0712f048',
iv: '33f5c845e79510b1016860e5cea4cc43',
hmac: '11eb278f3cae1ba4bc7ffffd6d0a72d27409d53bc35d65761a04c1f0592f7efd',
title: '78882c834cd90b65516caa4cd16ef1ec',
note: '4037afed5bec821498ee59ffe1c10e4b',
date created: ISODate('2025-01-02T21:30:08.098Z'),
date_modified: ISODate('2025-01-02T21:30:08.098Z'),
last_modified_by: 'a21b1134-62e9-4533-8ac8-152f69fa7a07',
version: 1,
owner: { id: 'a21b1134-62e9-4533-8ac8-152f69fa7a07', username: 'joao' },
editors: [
    id: '48ad0cc5-1eb4-42af-9b19-217b0dd3dfdd',
    username: 'miguel'
  },
viewers:
    id: '48ad0cc5-1eb4-42af-9b19-217b0dd3dfdd',
    username: 'miguel'
```

Encrypted fields: title, note

Integrity protection: HMAC covers all encrypted content

Locally a note is a directory with:

- The note key encrypted in a file
- All encrypted versions of the note in separate files

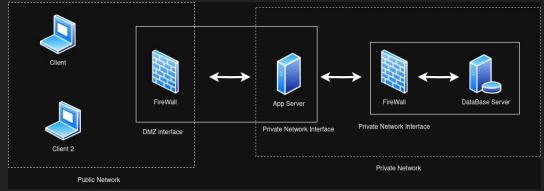
Infrastructure Setup

Components

- Client Application (Python TUI)
- Application Server (192.168.1.228:5000) (192.168.56.15)
- Database Server (192.168.56.17:27017)

Security Measures

- TLS for client-server communication
- Mutual TLS between servers
- Firewall rules on both servers
- Network segregation for database



Vagrant to provision and easily deploy

Security Architecture

Keys

- Master Key (memory only): Derived from user password (PBKDF2)
- Note Keys: Unique symmetric key per note
- User Keys: Public/private key pair for sharing

Security

- Digital signatures on all requests
- Timestamp verification for replay protection

Security Challenge Implementation

Requirements

- [SRA1] Authentication: Only authenticated and authorized users can see the content of the notes.
- [SRA2] Integrity: Anyone that has access to the note can verify its integrity.
- [SRA3] Integrity: It is possible to verify the integrity of the notes throughout their versions.

Solution

- End-to-end encryption with public key
- Secure key distribution for collaboration
- Version control on the server-side

Live demo...

- MasterKey KDF, KeyPair, Local File
- Create and edit note -> push explain the request
- Key sharing

Conclusions

Main Results

- Successfully achieved all the security goals outlined in the requirements.
- Identified additional vulnerabilities that could be addressed in future iterations for enhanced security.

Key Learnings

- Gained in-depth knowledge of encryption techniques and their implementation in Python.
- Explored the principles and challenges of building local-first applications, emphasizing user control and offline functionality.