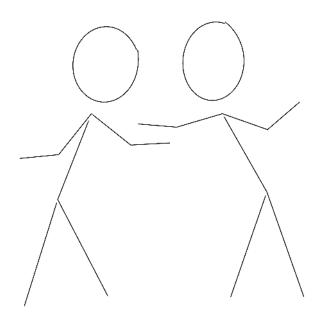
An introduction to the xkcd package

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Abstract



Contents

1	Graph Gallery
2	The XKCD fonts
	2.1 Installing fonts in R
	2.2 Saving the graphs
	2.2.1 png
	2.2.2 ndf

3	Installing xkcd	4
4	Axis	4
5	Cartoon characters 5.1 Facets	
6	Mother's day 6.1 Bar chart	8
7	Volunteers at Cáritas Spain 7.1 Scatterplot	12
8	References	15

1 Graph Gallery

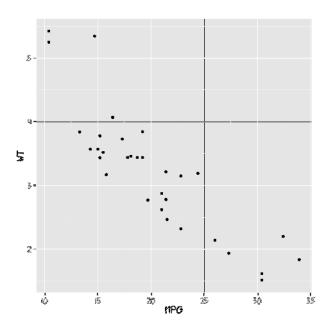
See more examples at http://xkcd.r-forge.r-project.org/.

2 The XKCD fonts

The package xkcd uses the XKCD fonts. Therefore, an easy way to check whether this fonts are installed in the computer is typing the following code and comparing the graphs:

```
library(sysfonts)
library(ggplot2)
if( "xkcd.ttf" %in% font.files()) {
  font.add("xkcd", regular = "xkcd.ttf")
  p <- ggplot() + geom_point(aes(x=mpg, y=wt), data=mtcars) +
  theme(text = element_text(size = 16, family = "xkcd"))
} else {
  warning("Not xkcd fonts installed!")
  p <- ggplot() + geom_point(aes(x=mpg, y=wt), data=mtcars)
}

p</pre>
```



2.1 Installing fonts in R

The XKCD fonts are not installed in the system. You can use the package sysfonts, and the function font.paths() to check the current search path or add a new one, and use font.files() to list available font files in the search path.

```
library(sysfonts)
download.file("http://simonsoftware.se/other/xkcd.ttf", dest="xkcd.ttf", mode="wb")
font.paths()
system("mkdir ~/.fonts")
system("cp xkcd.tff -t ~/.fonts")
font.files()
font.add("xkcd", regular = "xkcd.ttf")
font.families()
```

2.2 Saving the graphs

2.2.1 png

```
font.add("xkcd", regular = "xkcd.ttf")
p <- ggplot() + geom_point(aes(x=mpg, y=wt), data=mtcars) +
theme(text = element_text(size = 16, family = "xkcd"))
ggsave("fig.png", p)</pre>
```

2.2.2 pdf

Yixuan Qiu, author of the packages sysfonts and showtext, provides an example of saving pdf plots:

```
library(showtext)
font.add("xkcd", "xkcd.ttf")
pdf("showtext.pdf")
showtext.begin()
print(p)
showtext.end()
dev.off()
```

3 Installing xkcd

The xkcd homepage is located at http://xkcd.r-forge.r-project.org. From within R, you can install the latest version of xkcd by typing

install.packages("xkcd",dependencies = TRUE)

Then, you may want to see the vignette and check the code:

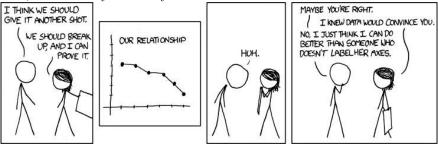
```
help(package="xkcd")
vignette("xkcd-intro") # it opens the pdf
browseVignettes(package = "xkcd") # To browse the pdf, R and Rnw
```

Once the package has been installed, it can be loaded by typing:

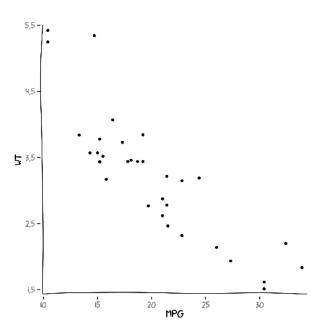
1 library(xkcd)

4 Axis

Man: No, I just think I can do better than someone who doesn't label her axes. Title text: And if you labeled your axes, I could tell you exactly how MUCH better. http://xkcd.com/833/ http://imgs.xkcd.com/comics/convincing.png



```
xrange <- range(mtcars$mpg)
yrange <- range(mtcars$wt)
set.seed(123) # for reproducibility
p <- ggplot() + geom_point(aes(mpg, wt), data=mtcars) +
xkcdaxis(xrange,yrange)
p</pre>
```



5 Cartoon characters

To include cartoon characters in the graph, use the xkcdman function.

```
ratioxy <- diff(xrange)/diff(yrange)</pre>
   mapping \leftarrow aes(x, y,
                    scale,
                    ratioxy,
                    angle of spine ,
                    anglerighthumerus,
                    anglelefthumerus,
                    anglerightradius,
                    angleleftradius,
                    anglerightleg,
10
                    angleleftleg,
11
                    angleofneck,
12
                    linetype=city)
13
    dataman <- data.frame(x= c(15,30), y=c(3, 4),
14
                           scale = c(0.3, 0.51),
15
                           ratioxy = ratioxy,
16
                           angle of spine = -pi/2 ,
17
                           anglerighthumerus = c(pi/4, -pi/6),
                           anglelefthumerus = c(pi/2 + pi/4, pi + pi/6),
                           anglerightradius = c(pi/3, -pi/3),
20
                           angleleftradius = c(pi/3, -pi/3),
21
                           anglerightleg = 3*pi/2 - pi/12,
22
```

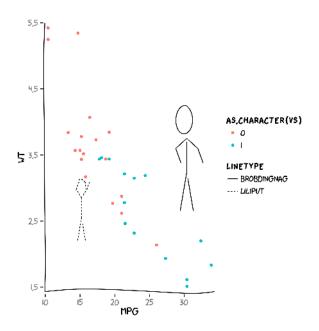
```
angleleftleg = 3*pi/2 + pi / 12,

angleofneck = runif(1, 3*pi/2-pi/10, 3*pi/2+pi/10),

city=c("Liliput", "Brobdingnag"))

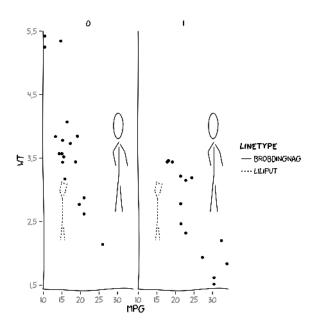
q <- ggplot() + geom_point(aes(mpg, wt, colour=as.character(vs)), data=mtcars) +

xkcdaxis(xrange,yrange) + xkcdman(mapping, dataman)
```

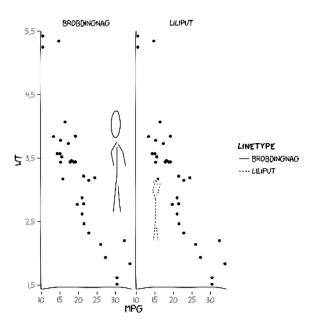


5.1 Facets

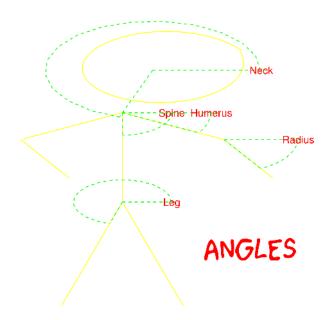
```
ggplot() + geom_point(aes(mpg, wt), data=mtcars) +
xkcdaxis(xrange,yrange) + xkcdman(mapping, dataman) +
facet_grid(.~vs)
```



- ggplot() + geom_point(aes(mpg, wt), data=mtcars) +
 xkcdaxis(xrange,yrange) + xkcdman(mapping, dataman) +
- facet_grid(.~city)



5.2 Angles of the xkcdman



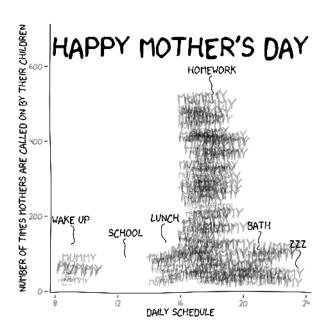
6 Mother's day

6.1 Bar chart

```
mommy <- read.table(sep=" ",text ="</pre>
   8 100
   9 0
    10 0
    11 0
   12 0
    13 0
    14 100
    15 100
   16 500
   17 420
   18 75
    19 50
   20 100
   21 40
15
   22 0
16
17
   names(mommy) <- c("hour","number")</pre>
   data <- mommy
   data$xmin <- data$hour - 0.25</pre>
```

```
data$xmax <- data$xmin + 1</pre>
   data$ymin <- 0
   data$ymax <- data$number
   xrange <- range(8, 24)</pre>
   yrange <- range(min(data$ymin) + 10 , max(data$ymax) + 200)</pre>
   ratioxy <- diff(xrange)/diff(yrange)</pre>
   timelabel <- function(text,x,y) {</pre>
27
      if( "xkcd" %in% font.families()){
28
        te1 <- annotate("text", x=x, y = y + 65, label=text, size = 6,family ="xkcd")
29
      } else {
31
        te1 <- annotate("text", x=x, y = y + 65, label=text, size = 6)}
32
      list(te1,
      xkcdline(aes(xbegin=xbegin, ybegin= ybegin, xend=xend, yend=yend),
33
               data.frame(xbegin=x,ybegin= y + 50, xend=x,yend=y), xjitteramount = 0.5))
34
      7
35
   n <- 1800
   set.seed(123)
   x <- runif(n, xrange[1],xrange[2] )</pre>
   y <- runif(n, yrange[1],yrange[2] )</pre>
   inside <- unlist(lapply(1:n, function(i) any(data$xmin <= x[i] & x[i] < data$xmax &
                                 data\$ymin \le y[i] & y[i] < data\$ymax)))
41
42
   x \leftarrow x[inside]
   y <- y[inside]
   nman <- length(x)
   sizer <- round(runif(nman, 1, 10),0)</pre>
   angler <- runif(nman, -10,10)
   if( "xkcd" %in% font.families()){
   p <- ggplot() +</pre>
      geom_text(aes(x,y,label="Mummy",angle=angler,hjust=0, vjust=0),
                family="xkcd",size=sizer,alpha=0.3) +
      xkcdaxis(xrange, yrange) +
51
      annotate("text", x=16, y = 650,
52
               label="Happy Mother's day", size = 16, family = "xkcd") +
53
      xlab("daily schedule") +
54
      ylab("Number of times mothers are called on by their children") +
55
      timelabel("Wake up", 9, 125) + timelabel("School", 12.5, 90) +
57
      timelabel("Lunch", 15, 130) +
      timelabel("Homework", 18, 525) +
      timelabel("Bath", 21, 110) +
      timelabel("zzz", 23.5, 60)
   } else {
   p <- ggplot() +
      geom_text(aes(x,y,label="Mummy",angle=angler,hjust=0, vjust=0),
                size=sizer,alpha=0.3) +
64
      xkcdaxis(xrange,yrange) +
65
      annotate("text", x=16, y = 650,
66
               label="Happy Mother's day", size = 16) +
67
      xlab("daily schedule") +
68
      ylab("Number of times mothers are called on by their children") +
```

```
timelabel("Wake up", 9, 125) + timelabel("School", 12.5, 90) +
timelabel("Lunch", 15, 130) +
timelabel("Homework", 18, 525) +
timelabel("Bath", 21, 110) +
timelabel("zzz", 23.5, 60)}
```

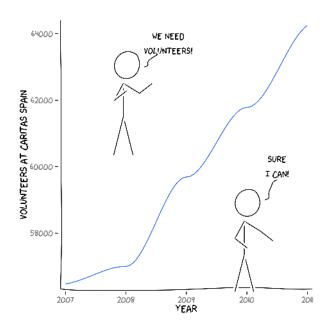


7 Volunteers at Cáritas Spain

7.1 Scatterplot

```
volunteers <- data.frame(year=c(2007:2011), number=c(56470, 56998, 59686, 61783, 64251))
    xrange <- range(volunteers$year)</pre>
    yrange <- range(volunteers$number)</pre>
    ratioxy <- diff(xrange) / diff(yrange)</pre>
   mapping \leftarrow aes(x, y,
                    scale,
                    ratioxy,
                    angleofspine,
                    anglerighthumerus,
                    anglelefthumerus,
10
                    anglerightradius,
11
                    angleleftradius,
12
13
                    anglerightleg,
14
                    angleleftleg,
15
                    angleofneck)
```

```
dataman <- data.frame( x=c(2008,2010), y=c(63000,58850),
17
                                                               scale = 1000 ,
                                                               ratioxy = ratioxy,
                                                               angle of spine = -pi/2 ,
                                                               anglerighthumerus = c(-pi/6, -pi/6),
                                                               anglelefthumerus = c(-pi/2 - pi/6, -pi/2 - pi/6),
21
                                                               anglerightradius = c(pi/5, -pi/5),
22
                                                               angleleftradius = c(pi/5, -pi/5),
23
                                                               angleleftleg = 3*pi/2 + pi / 12,
                                                               anglerightleg = 3*pi/2 - pi / 12,
                                                               angleofneck = runif(1, 3*pi/2-pi/10, 3*pi/2+pi/10))
         datalines <- data.frame(xbegin=c(2008.3,2010.5),ybegin=c(63000,59600),
27
                                                                    xend=c(2008.5,2010.3), yend=c(63400,59000))
28
        p <- ggplot() + geom_smooth(mapping=aes(x=year, y =number), data =volunteers,method="loess")
        if( "xkcd" %in% font.families()){
        p + xkcdaxis(xrange,yrange) +
              ylab("Volunteers at Caritas Spain") +
              xkcdman(mapping, dataman) +
33
              annotate("text", x=2008.7, y=63700, label = "We Need \nVolunteers!", family="xkcd") + text("text", x=2008.7, y=63700, label = "We Need \nVolunteers!", family="xkcd") + text("text", x=2008.7, y=63700, label = "We Need \nVolunteers!", family="xkcd") + text("text", x=2008.7, y=63700, label = "We Need \nVolunteers!", family="xkcd") + text("text", x=2008.7, y=63700, label = "We Need \nVolunteers!", family="xkcd") + text("text", x=2008.7, y=63700, label = "We Need \nVolunteers!", family="xkcd") + text("text", x=2008.7, y=63700, label = "We Need \nVolunteers!", family="xkcd") + text("text", x=2008.7, y=63700, label = "We Need \nVolunteers!", family="xkcd") + text("text", x=2008.7, y=63700, label = "We Need \nVolunteers!", family="xkcd") + text("text", x=2008.7, y=63700, label = "We Need \nVolunteers!", family="xkcd") + text("text", x=2008.7, y=63700, label = "We Need \nVolunteers!", family="xkcd") + text("text", x=2008.7, y=63700, label = "We Need \nVolunteers!", family="xkcd") + text("text", x=2008.7, y=63700, label = "We Need \nVolunteers!", family="xkcd", y=63700
34
              annotate("text", x=2010.5, y = 60000, label = "Sure\nI can!", family="xkcd") +
35
           xkcdline(aes(xbegin=xbegin,ybegin=ybegin,xend=xend,yend=yend),datalines, xjitteramount = 0.12)
36
        } else {
37
        p + xkcdaxis(xrange,yrange) +
             ylab("Volunteers at Caritas Spain") +
             xkcdman(mapping, dataman) +
40
              annotate("text", x=2008.7, y=63700, label = "We Need\nVolunteers!") +
41
             annotate("text", x=2010.5, y = 60000, label = "Sure\nI can!") +
42
           xkcdline(aes(xbegin=xbegin,ybegin=ybegin,xend=xend,yend=yend),datalines, xjitteramount = 0.12)
43
        }
44
```



7.2 Bar chart

```
data <- volunteers

data$xmin <- data$year - 0.1

data$xmax <- data$year + 0.1

data$ymin <- 50000

data$ymax <- data$number

xrange <- range(min(data$xmin)-0.1, max(data$xmax) + 0.1)

yrange <- range(min(data$ymin)+500, max(data$ymax) + 1000)

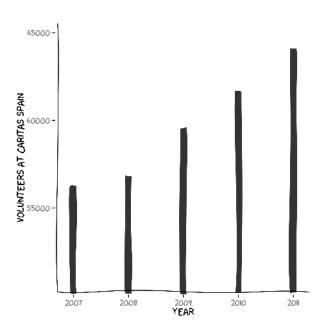
mapping <- aes(xmin=xmin,ymin=ymin,xmax=xmax,ymax=ymax)

p <- ggplot() + xkcdrect(mapping,data) +

xkcdaxis(xrange,yrange) +

xlab("Year") + ylab("Volunteers at Caritas Spain")

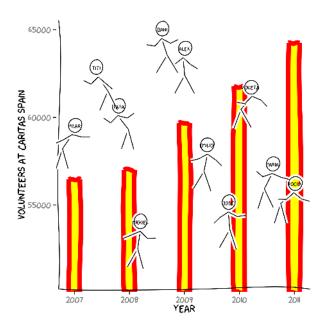
p
```



7.3 Bar chart

```
data <- volunteers
   data$xmin <- data$year - 0.1
    data$xmax <- data$year + 0.1
    data$ymin <- 50000
    data$ymax <- data$number</pre>
    xrange \leftarrow range(min(data$xmin) - 0.1, max(data$xmax) + 0.1)
   yrange <- range(min(data\$ymin) +500 , max(data\$ymax) + 1000)
    ratioxy <- diff(xrange)/diff(yrange)</pre>
   plotmen <- function(x,y, scale,ratioxy,...){</pre>
     mapping \leftarrow aes(x, y,
                       scale,
11
                       ratioxy,
12
                       angleofspine ,
13
                       anglerighthumerus,
14
                       anglelefthumerus,
15
                       anglerightradius,
                       angleleftradius,
17
                       anglerightleg,
18
                       angleleftleg,
19
                       angleofneck)
20
      n <- length(x)</pre>
21
      data <- data.frame(x=x,</pre>
22
23
                            scale = scale,
24
```

```
25
                          ratioxy = ratioxy,
                          angleofspine = runif(n, - pi/2 - pi/3, -pi/2 + pi/3),
                          anglerighthumerus = runif(n, -pi/6 - pi/10, - pi/6 + pi/10),
                          anglelefthumerus = runif(n, pi + pi/6 -pi/10, pi + pi/6 + pi/10),
                          anglerightradius = runif(n, -pi/4, pi/4),
29
                          angleleftradius = runif(n, pi -pi/4, pi + pi/4),
30
                          anglerightleg = runif(n, 3* pi/2 + pi/12, 3* pi/2 + pi/12 + pi/10),
31
                          angleleftleg = runif(n, 3* pi/2 - pi/12 - pi/10, 3* pi/2 - pi/12),
32
                          angleofneck = runif(n, -pi/2-pi/10, -pi/2 + pi/10))
33
      xkcdman(mapping,data,...)
34
35
   }
    volun <- c("Miguel", "Jose", "Rocio", "Maria", "Emilio",</pre>
36
                "Pilar", "Tata", "Violeta", "Titi", "Alex", "Dani")
37
   positionx <- seq(2007,2011, length.out=length(volun))</pre>
38
   set.seed(123)
    positionx <- positionx[sample(1:length(volun),length(volun))]</pre>
    positiony <- seq(54000,65000,length.out = length(volun))</pre>
    a <- ggplot() +
42
      xkcdrect(mapping,data,fill="yellow",colour="red") +
43
      xkcdaxis(xrange,yrange) +
44
      xlab("Year") + ylab("Volunteers at Caritas Spain")
45
   b <- a + plotmen(positionx, positiony,1000, ratioxy)</pre>
   if( "xkcd" %in% font.families()){
    c <- b + annotate("text",</pre>
                       x= positionx, y= positiony,
                       label=volun, family="xkcd", size=3)
   } else {
51
   c <- b + annotate("text",</pre>
52
                       x= positionx, y= positiony,
                       label=volun,size=3)
   }
55
   С
```



8 References

Hadley Wickham 2012. ggplot2 http://ggplot2.org/

Randall Munroe. A webcomic of romance, sarcasm, math, and language http://xkcd.com/ Various Authors 2012. How can we make xkcd style graphs in R? http://stackoverflow.com/questions/ 12675147/how-can-we-make-xkcd-style-graphs-in-r

Yixuan Qiu, 2014, sysfonts, http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/sysfonts/index.html Yixuan Qiu, 2014, showtext, http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/showtext/index.html