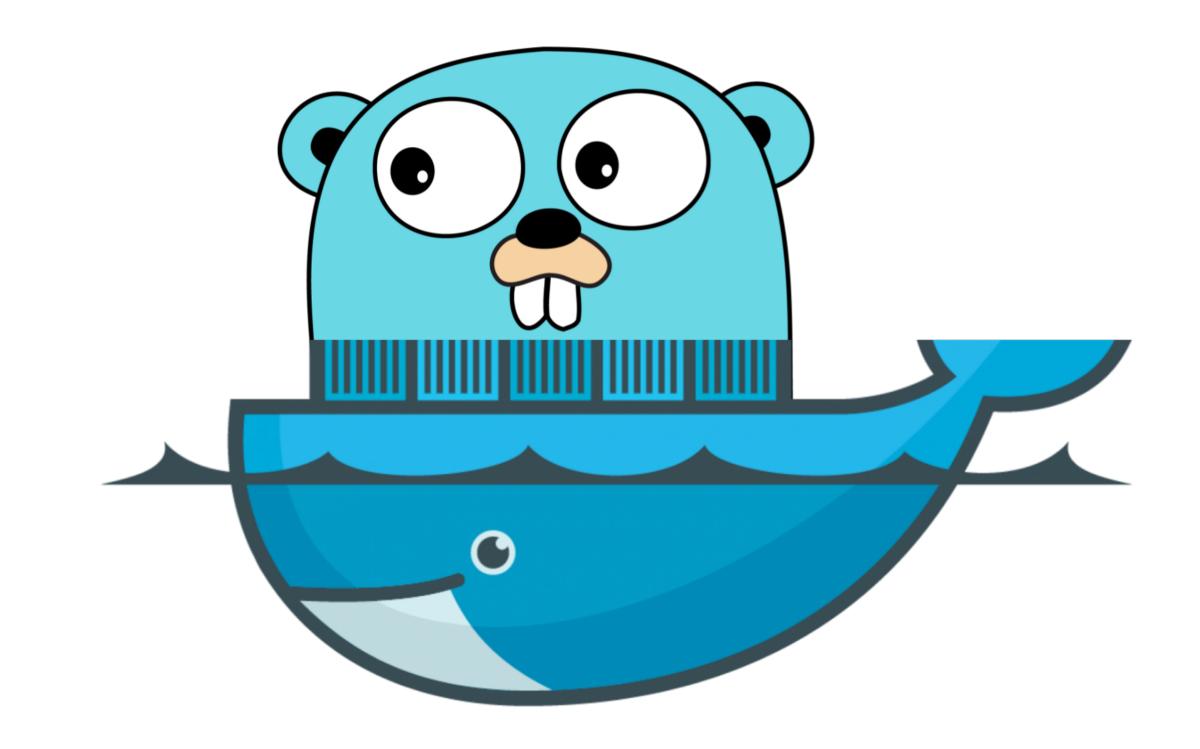
# Golang Engineer Training

Error handling in practice





Designed by **200lab Education - Nâng tầm chuyên môn, định hướng tương lai** Mentor/Instructor: Viet Tran - Solution Architect 200lab

#### 200Lab Education

# Agenda

- Standardize error response
- What's panic & recover in Golang?
- Use gin middleware to handle panic recover



## Standardize error response. Why!!!

- Too many errors can cause in our application/system.
- Error response should be in formatted: status code, message (readable), root cause (for dev/test only), custom code (may be used in i18n), trace\_id (optional).
- Treat crashes as normal errors.
- Hide some sensitive errors (Ex: DB errors). Or keep it only for who have permission.



# Standardize error response

# Let's do it in Golang



#### Treat crashed as normal errors

# Wait! Golang have no try/catch How we "catch" crashes?



### Treat crashed as normal errors

### The answer is Panic & Recover



## Panic & Recover in Golang

- Panic is a built-in function that stops the ordinary flow of control and begins panicking.
- When F calls panic, execution of F stops, but deffered functions in F are execution.
- Recover is a built-in function that regains control of panicking.
- Recover only useful inside deferred functions



# Panicking

```
func foo() {
                               func bar() {
    defer bar()
                                    statement
     statement
                                    statement
    panic("Argh!")
                                    recover()
    statement
                                    statement
                                   , statement
Return normally
```



### Recover in deferred function

```
defer func() {
    if r := recover(); r != nil {
       fmt.Println("Recovered in f", r)
    }
}()
```



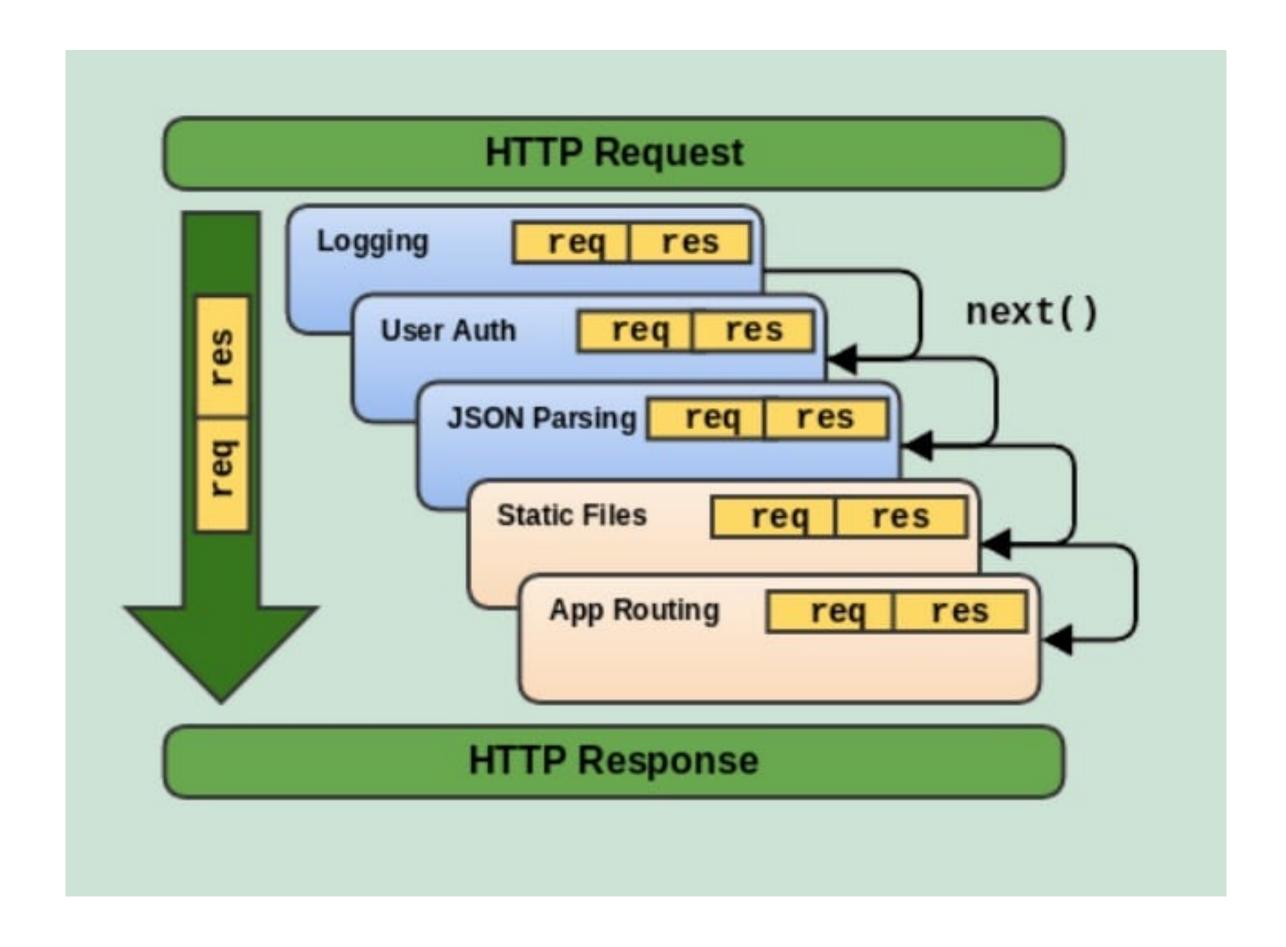
#### Panic & Recover

## Show me the code!!!

https://play.golang.org/p/GUNuOvupYAI



#### Gin middleware



Middleware functions are functions that have access to the request data, and the next middleware function in the application's request-response cycle.

- Execute any code.
- Make changes to the request and the response objects.
- End the request-response cycle.
- Call the next middleware function in the stack



#### Gin Middleware - Practice

# Use gin middleware to handle panic recover in Golang



Thank you.