



732A92 Text mining project

Evaluation wine based on descriptions

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Linköping, 16th January 2019

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Abstract

Wine sensory examination and assessment is not easy, even with a wine specialist. However, the description printed on each bottle can bring us some helpful information. Based on that ideal, I decided to analyze the data about wine review (taken from Kaggle) and help the consumers make the decision on two different aspects. The first one is distinguish good and excellent wine. The second aspect is investigating the finance beneficial bottle (high value with an acceptable amount of money). Different natural language processing techniques are applied to process the text data. Then I compare Naive Bayes, support vector machine (SVM) Linear and SVM RBF kernels when building the best model for predicting. After the best kernel is selected, n-gram and Part-Of-Speech Tagger are used to improve the model. The final results are quite impressive with accuracy 78.69% for the first issue and 77.09% for the second one. Based on these models, some suggestions are provided for the consumers to choose satisfied bottles.

1. Introduction

1.1 Motivation

While standing in a wine cellar, I was always confusing with a lot of questions: How can I choose an excellent wine for my family? What is the best wine fitted with my budget? The problems could be solved easier if I had a good sense. But, sadly, like many people in the world, I don't. The problems still continue when I listen to the advice of the salesman and even taste some wine. So, I usually choose randomly a bottle based on this advice for my events. Unluckily, sometimes my relatives didn't think that it was an excellent wine.

1.2 Aim

I guess that the information from the provider (description, country, region, designation...) should bring some important clues. So, I try to solve the issues based on text mining idea: Take the wine data which is already reviewed and marked by some specialists, then process the data together with the points and build a model to prediction in order to figure out which bottle is good or excellent, which one have high benefit or just medium.

1.3 Outline

In this report, Firstly, I will provide information about the data. Then, I briefly summary relevant theories. The method I used will be presented in details. It includes the steps for preprocessing, techniques for comparing and choosing the best model. Finally, there are some suggestions for choosing wine, some discussions and my conclusion.

2. Data

Wine review data is taken from Kaggle ([link](#)). I choose the second .csv version of this dataset. In this version, duplicated data is removed. The data include 120975 samples about wine. Each sample contains the following information: country, description, designation, points, price,

province, region, more specific region (region2), tester name, taster_twitter handle, title, variety, and winery. Here is the overlook of the data:

```
head(wine)
```

```
##   X   country
## 1 0     Italy
## 2 1 Portugal
## 3 2       US
## 4 3       US
## 5 4       US
## 6 5     Spain
```

```
##
description
```

```
## 1
```

Aromas include tropical fruit, broom, brimstone and dried herb. The palate is n't overly expressive, offering unripened apple, citrus and dried sage alongside brisk acidity.

```
## 2
```

This is ripe and fruity, a wine that is smooth while still structured. Firm tannins are filled out with juicy red berry fruits and freshened with acidity. It's already drinkable, although it will certainly be better from 2016.

```
## 3
```

Tart and snappy, the flavors of lime flesh and rind dominate. Some green pineapple pokes through, with crisp acidity underscoring the flavors. The wine was all stainless-steel fermented.

```
## 4
```

Pineapple rind, lemon pith and orange blossom start off the aromas. The palate is a bit more opulent, with notes of honey-drizzled guava and mango giving way to a slightly astringent, semidry finish.

```
## 5
```

Much like the regular bottling from 2012, this comes across as rather rough and tannic, with rustic, earthy, herbal characteristics. Nonetheless, if you think of it as a pleasantly unfussy country wine, it's a good companion to a hearty winter stew.

```
## 6
```

Blackberry and raspberry aromas show a typical Navarran whiff of green herbs and, in this case, horseradish. In the mouth, this is fairly full bodied, with tomatoey acidity. Spicy, herbal flavors complement dark plum fruit, while the finish is fresh but grabby.

```
##           designation points price           province
## 1           VulkÃ Bianco      87      NA Sicily & Sardinia
## 2           Avidagos        87      15                Douro
## 3                                     87      14                Oregon
## 4           Reserve Late Harvest      87      13                Michigan
## 5 Vintner's Reserve Wild Child Block      87      65                Oregon
## 6           Ars In Vitro      87      15      Northern Spain
##           region_1           region_2           taster_name
## 1           Etna                                     Kerin Oâ\200\231Keefe
## 2                                     Roger Voss
## 3   Willamette Valley Willamette Valley           Paul Gregutt
## 4   Lake Michigan Shore           Alexander Peartree
```

```

## 5 Willamette Valley Willamette Valley Paul Gregutt
## 6 Navarra Michael Schachner
## taster_twitter_handle
## 1 @kerinokeefe
## 2 @vossroger
## 3 @paulgwine
## 4
## 5 @paulgwine
## 6 @wineschach
##
title
## 1 Nicosia 2013 VulkÃ Bia
nco (Etna)
## 2 Quinta dos Avidagos 2011 Avidagos
Red (Douro)
## 3 Rainstorm 2013 Pinot Gris (Willame
tte Valley)
## 4 St. Julian 2013 Reserve Late Harvest Riesling (Lake Mich
igan Shore)
## 5 Sweet Cheeks 2012 Vintner's Reserve Wild Child Block Pinot Noir (Willame
tte Valley)
## 6 Tandem 2011 Ars In Vitro Tempranillo-Merlo
t (Navarra)
## variety winery
## 1 White Blend Nicosia
## 2 Portuguese Red Quinta dos Avidagos
## 3 Pinot Gris Rainstorm
## 4 Riesling St. Julian
## 5 Pinot Noir Sweet Cheeks
## 6 Tempranillo-Merlot Tandem

```

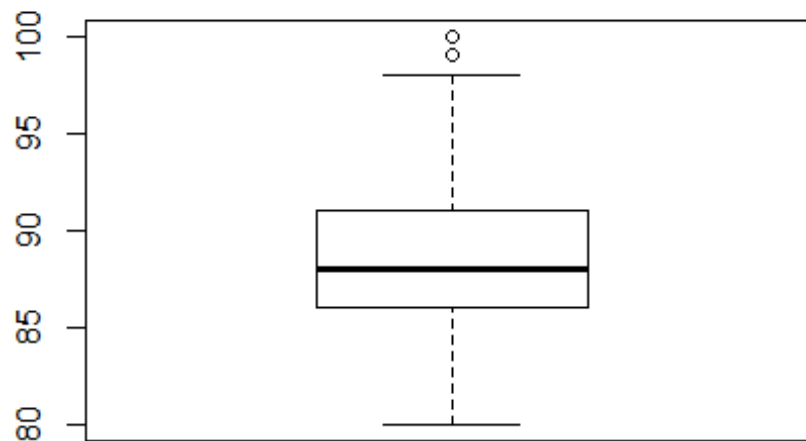
Points are important information in this data. Points are marked by wine specialists, which make it reliable. The owner only public data which have at least 80 points (out of 100) which means the data contain only good and excellent wine. Here is the distribution of the points:

```

boxplot(wine$points, main="Boxplot of points")

```

Boxplot of points



3. Theory

In this section, I will briefly talk about some theory in natural language processing (NLP) and machine learning (ML) in a simple way of reviewing. For some terms, only the aspect that relevant to this project is presented. I assume that the reader already has some basic knowledge about NLP and ML before (this part is not a guide for a person with a blank background). I also noticed that we are processing the text written in English.

- Terms in text preprocessing:
 - Stop words: This is the term for useless words in the text. To be specific, these words usually have no (or very low) meaning but represent a lot. For example: a, an, the... When processing text data. We usually remove these words.
 - Steaming: This is the process of reducing a word to its root form. For example: processes, processing and processed are 3 different words, but it just 3 different representatives of the word "process". Another example is evaluated and evaluation.
 - Tokenization: the process of splitting text into smaller parts. Each part can consider as a feature when training in machine learning kernels. If the smaller part here is the single word (split the text to single words) then all words we have will become the bag of words.
- Corpus: You can understand simply that corpus is a collection of all features in NLP, used for training. For example, all words in the bag of words counts as a corpus. Each element in

a corpus can be considered as a feature.

- Document term matrix (DTM) is a matrix, which has columns are all features of the corpus and rows is the document ID. The cross between row and column is the point for that word in that document. Points can be calculated in some different ways. In this project, I use tf-idf.
- Tf-idf: Stand for term frequency-inverse document frequency. This is a statistic method for calculating the importance of each word following this formula:

$$tfidf(t, d, D) = tf(t, d) * idf(t, D)$$

$$tf(t, d) = \frac{f_{t,d}}{\sum f_{t',d}(t' \in d)}$$

$$idf(t, D) = \log \frac{|D|}{|d \in D: t \in d|}$$

$|d \in D: t \in d|$ number of documents where the term t appears. If this value equal 0, it will be adjust to 1.

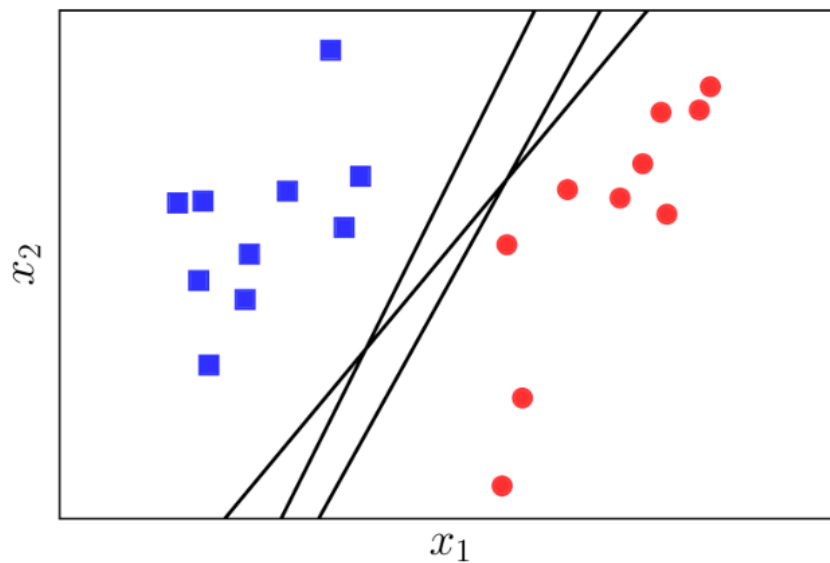
D : total number of documents.

- Machine learning kernels: a kernel can understand as a core algorithm used when training a model in ML. Here are the three kernels that I use in this report:
- Naive Bayes (NB): Let initial with we have a vector X of a document, which built in document-term matrix. The probability of assign a class label y to that vector is:

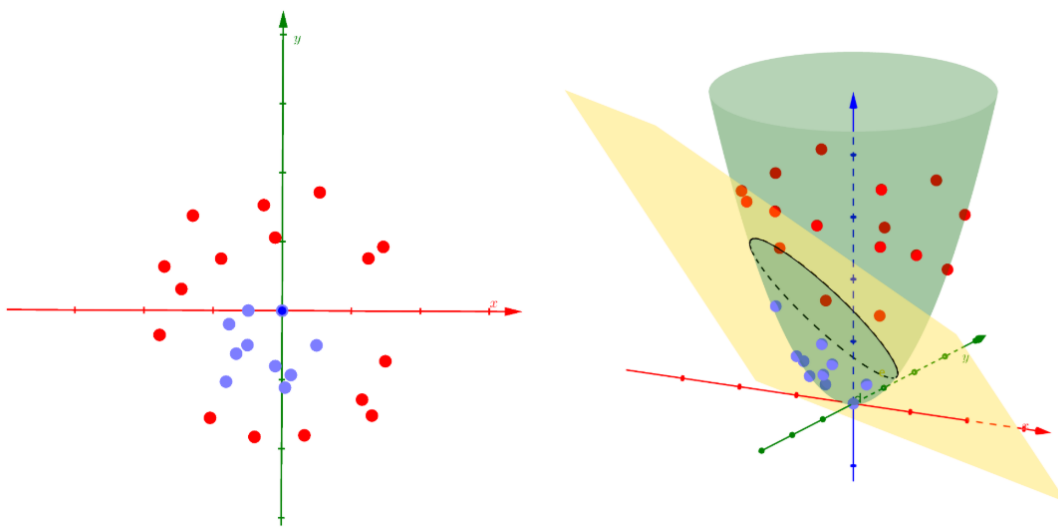
$$P(X = (x_1, \dots, x_p) | Y = y) = \prod_{i=1}^p P(X_i = x_i | Y = y)$$

Naive-Bayes theory make an assumption that all features are independent. The assumption is not realistic. Somehow, it works well.

- SVM: Stands for support vector machine. In the previous kernel, we have vector X for each document. Image that each document is represent by vector X in a multi-dimension space. (The number of dimension is the number of features). The aim is finding a hyperplane to seperate the space into two classes.
- SVM linear and RBF kenels: SVM Linear will decide the hyperplane as a flat. SVM RBF will use an other dimension to solve the problem. Let's see an example of how linear and RBF kerels work in some pictures:



SVM linear kernel [5]



SVM RBF kernel [6]

- Ngram: n-gram is n continue sequence words. In this project, n-gram model is used for making corpus, which means features are sequence of n words. An example is n=2 continue words will be features. So, the sentence: “this is a sentence” will have “this_is”, “is_a”, “a_sentence” as features.
- Part-Of-Speech Tagger (POS Tagger): This is the method to process text and decided each word is nouns, ajdtive, adverb...

4. Method

In this part, I would like to discuss about the method for the first problem of this project: Which is the “good” and “excellent” wine. The second problem about wine that has “high” and “medium” value is solved using a similar method but will be discussed in details in a different part.

- Define the class: The first step is to define the class for each document. Base on the distribution of the point, I will take the point 88 as the boundary because it is the median value, which will make the data become balance. So, the wine that has higher than 88 will be the excellent wine, while the rest is the good wine.
- Preprocess data: I use 80% of the data as the training set and 20% as the testing set. The training data is processed as follow:
 - Make the text ready: I decided that the information about the country, designation, province, region, and wine variety is important. So, I decided to merge that information into the description as a paragraph. That paragraph is the one that I will process.
 - Language convert[3]: In the data set. There is some variety that is not unified (same type but written in the different language). So I convert it to the most famous words as follow:
 - ++ Replace German names with English names: “weissburgunder” is replaced as “chardonnay”. “spatburgunder” is replaced as “pinot noir”. “grauburgunder” is replaced as “pinot gris”.
 - ++ Replace the Spanish “garnacha” with the french “grenache”.
 - ++ Replace the Italian “pinot nero” with the french “pinot noir”.
 - ++ Replace the Portugues “alvarinho” with the spanish “albarino”.
 - Remove non-ASCII characters.
 - Remove punctuation .
 - Make words to lower from.
 - Remove number.
 - Remove stop words: I use the default stop words lists in the *tm* library and then adjust it. Firstly, the lists have the word “very”. In my opinion, very is a valuable word in this data. Because in the descriptions, for example, “sweet” and “very sweet” are different levels of flavor. So, I remove that word on the list. Then, I add three words “the”, “and” and “wine” to the stop word list because, in this data set, it doesn’t have any meaning. Here is the final stop word list:

```

> stopwords
[1] "the"      "and"      "wine"     "i"        "me"
[6] "my"       "myself"   "we"       "our"      "ours"
[11] "ourselves" "you"     "your"     "yours"    "yourself"
[16] "yourselves" "he"      "him"      "his"      "himself"
[21] "she"      "her"     "hers"     "herself"  "it"
[26] "its"      "itself"  "they"     "them"     "their"
[31] "theirs"   "themselves" "what"    "which"    "who"
[36] "whom"     "this"    "that"     "these"    "those"
[41] "am"       "is"      "are"      "was"      "were"
[46] "be"       "been"    "being"    "have"     "has"
[51] "had"      "having"  "do"       "does"     "did"
[56] "doing"    "would"   "should"   "could"    "ought"
[61] "i'm"     "you're"  "he's"     "she's"    "it's"
[66] "we're"    "they're" "i've"     "you've"   "we've"
[71] "they've"  "i'd"     "you'd"    "he'd"     "she'd"
[76] "we'd"     "they'd"  "i'll"     "you'll"   "he'll"
[81] "she'll"   "we'll"   "they'll"  "isn't"    "aren't"
[86] "wasn't"   "weren't" "hasn't"   "haven't"  "hadn't"
[91] "doesn't"  "don't"   "didn't"   "won't"    "wouldn't"
[96] "shan't"   "shouldn't" "can't"    "cannot"   "couldn't"
[101] "mustn't"  "let's"   "that's"   "who's"    "what's"
[106] "here's"   "there's" "when's"   "where's"  "why's"
[111] "how's"    "a"       "an"       "the"      "and"
[116] "but"      "if"      "or"       "because"  "as"
[121] "until"    "while"   "of"       "at"       "by"
[126] "for"      "with"    "about"    "against"  "between"
[131] "into"     "through" "during"   "before"   "after"
[136] "above"    "below"   "to"       "from"     "up"
[141] "down"     "in"      "out"      "on"       "off"
[146] "over"     "under"   "again"    "further"  "then"
[151] "once"     "here"    "there"    "when"     "where"
[156] "why"      "how"     "all"      "any"      "both"
[161] "each"     "few"     "more"     "most"     "other"
[166] "some"     "such"    "no"       "nor"      "not"
[171] "only"     "own"     "same"     "so"       "than"
[176] "too"

```

- Stemming: I stem the word by using the package SnowballC.
- Tokenizing and making the bag of words as the corpus. Then I only keep 99% sparse term, which mean that only the words that appear in at least 1% of documents are kept. It makes sense because there are some rare words which only appear in one or a small number of documents. That words are not helpful for training because maybe we never meet it again in the testing set.
- Create the document terms matrix base on tf-idf.
- Now the data is ready for training. For testing data, the preprocess steps is similar, except the DTM. DTM of testing data will be create based on the corpus of training data (which means some words that don't appear in the training data will be drop)
- Compare kernels: At this step, I'll use the ready DTM for training model, then test with the testing DTM. Three kernel Naive-Bayes, SVM linear and SVM RBF are used to compare. Because of the limitation in my resource (Laptop core i5 7th gen, 8GB) and time. I only use the sample 20% of the data (16% - 19356 samples for training and 4% - 4839 samples for testing) to compute. Different parameters used for training is also reported. Notice that the time for

training NB and SVM linear is quite fast (a few minutes) but It takes a long time for training SVM RBF (~14 hours, for 505 terms in DTM, include time for tuning model)

- Improve the best model: After comparing, the best model is selected. Then I continue to improve the model by using two methods:
 - Using n-gram model.
 - Adjust the weight for some terms using Part-Of-Speech Tagger (POS Tagger).

5. Result and explain

5.1 Preprocess text

Firstly, let's take a look at the first original paragraph and the paragraphs after preprocessing to see how it works:

```
train$description[1]
```

```
## [1] "This smells mostly of oak and barrel spice, with barely any fruit seeping through all the wood grain that's on display. Plump on the palate, this overoaked Chardonnay tastes almost entirely of resin and spice. Throw in clove and vanilla flavors on the finish, and you get the picture. Chile Duette Casa blanca Valley Chardonnay"
```

```
wine_train_set[[1]]$content
```

```
## [1] "smell most oak barrel spice bare fruit seep wood grain that display plump palat overoak chardonnay tast almost entire resin spice throw clove vanilla flavor finish get pictur chile duett casablanca valley chardonnay"
```

Then, Here is the DTM for the first document of training set:

```
wine_train_set[1,]
```

##	accent	acid	across	add
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	africa	aftertast	age	alcohol
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	almond	almost	along	alongsid
##	0.00000000	0.15504157	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	alreadi	alsac	also	although
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	ampl	anis	anoth	appeal
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	appl	approach	apricot	argentina
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	aroma	aromat	around	astring
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	attract	australia	austria	back
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000

##	bake	balanc	barbara	barolo
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	barrel	beauti	berri	best
##	0.15305057	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	better	big	bit	bitter
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	black	blackberri	blanc	blend
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	blossom	blue	blueberri	bodi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	bold	bordeaux	bordeauxstyl	bottl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	bouquet	boysenberri	brambl	bright
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	bring	brisk	brut	burgundi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	butter	cab	cabernet	california
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	can	candi	caramel	carnero
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	carri	cassi	catalonia	cedar
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	cellar	central	champagn	char
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	charact	chardonnay	cherri	chewi
##	0.00000000	0.19943433	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	chile	chocol	chunki	cinnamon
##	0.14711002	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	citrus	citrusi	classic	classico
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	clean	close	clove	coast
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.15208806	0.00000000
##	cocoa	coffe	cola	color
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	columbia	combin	come	complex
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	concentr	cool	core	counti
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	cranberri	creami	creek	crisp
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	cru	crush	ctes	currant
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	cut	cuve	dark	deep
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	del	delic	delici	deliv
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	dens	depth	despit	develop
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	doesnt	domin	dri	drink
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000

##	dusti	earth	earth	easi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	edg	eleg	element	end
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	enjoy	enough	espresso	estat
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	even	excel	exot	express
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	extra	extract	fair	famili
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	featur	feel	ferment	fill
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	find	fine	finger	finish
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.04989804
##	firm	first	flavor	fleshi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.02956396	0.00000000
##	floral	flower	focus	follow
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	food	foothil	forest	forward
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	fragrant	frame	franc	french
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	fresh	front	fruit	fruiti
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.04106600	0.00000000
##	full	fullbodi	generous	gentl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	germani	get	give	glass
##	0.00000000	0.18456806	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	good	grand	grape	grapefruit
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	graphit	great	green	grenach
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	grill	grip	gris	grown
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	hard	heavi	herb	herbal
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	high	highlight	hill	hint
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	hold	honey	honeysuckl	hot
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	impress	includ	integr	intens
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	interest	intrigu	invit	itali
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	jam	jammi	juic	juici
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	just	keep	lack	lake
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	last	layer	lead	leaf
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000

##	lean	least	leather	leav
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	lemon	lend	length	les
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	licoric	lift	light	like
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	lime	linger	littl	live
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	load	loir	long	lot
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	love	lush	made	make
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	malbec	mango	mani	mark
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	matur	meat	medium	mediumbodi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	melon	mendoza	merlot	midpal
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	mild	miner	mint	mix
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	mocha	moder	montalcino	month
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	mountain	mourvdr	mouth	mouthfeel
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	much	napa	napasonoma	natur
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	nebbiolo	nectarin	need	new
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	next	nice	noir	north
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	northeastern	northern	nose	note
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	now	nuanc	oak	oaki
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.08861248	0.00000000
##	offer	old	oliv	one
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	open	opul	orang	oregon
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	overall	pack	pair	palat
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.05340088
##	paso	peach	pear	peel
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	pepper	pepperi	perfect	perfum
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	persist	petit	pie	piedmont
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	pineappl	pinot	play	pleasant
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	plenti	plum	plump	polish
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.19247727	0.00000000

##	pomegran	portug	portugues	potenti
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	power	present	pretti	price
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	produc	provid	provinc	prune
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	pure	purpl	qualiti	quit
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	raci	raisin	ranch	raspberri
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	rather	readi	red	refresh
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	region	remain	reserv	reserva
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	reveal	rhnestyl	rich	riesl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	right	rioja	ripe	riserva
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	river	roast	robl	ros
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	rose	round	russian	rustic
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	sage	sangioves	santa	sardinia
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	sauvignon	savori	scent	seem
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	select	sens	set	sharp
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	show	sicili	side	sierra
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	silki	simpl	sip	sirah
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	skin	slight	smell	smoke
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.17657168	0.00000000
##	smoki	smooth	soft	soften
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	soil	solid	somewhat	sonoma
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	soon	sour	sourc	south
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	southern	southwest	spain	sparkl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	spice	spici	start	still
##	0.15574770	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	stone	straightforward	strawberri	streak
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	strong	structur	style	subtl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	sugar	suggest	superior	suppl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000

##	support	sweet	syrah	take
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	tangerin	tangi	tannic	tannin
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	tart	tast	tea	tempranillo
##	0.00000000	0.12918828	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	textur	that	there	thick
##	0.00000000	0.15647508	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	though	tight	time	toast
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	toasti	tobacco	togeth	tomato
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	tone	toscana	touch	tropic
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	turn	tuscani	two	underbrush
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	valley	vanilla	variet	varieti
##	0.05228140	0.11012388	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	velveti	veneto	verdot	veri
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	vibrant	vine	vineyard	vintag
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	viognier	violet	warm	washington
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	way	weight	well	wet
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	whiff	white	wild	will
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	willamett	wine	winemak	wineri
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	without	wonder	wood	wrap
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.14000828	0.00000000
##	year	yellow	yet	york
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	young	zealand	zest	zesti
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	zinfandel			
##	0.00000000			

And let see the first document of DTM for testing set to make sure that the prepared data is correct. As we can see, the terms still remain. Just the points are different.

```
wine_test_set[1,]
```

##	accent	acid	across	add
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	africa	aftertast	age	alcohol
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	almond	almost	along	alongsid
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.16027711	0.00000000

##	alreadi	alsac	also	although
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	ampl	anis	anoth	appeal
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	appl	approach	apricot	argentina
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	aroma	aromat	around	astring
##	0.05810157	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	attract	australia	austria	back
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	bake	balanc	barbara	barolo
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	barrel	beauti	berri	best
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	better	big	bit	bitter
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	black	blackberri	blanc	blend
##	0.08717125	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	blossom	blue	blueberri	bodi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	bold	bordeaux	bordeauxstyl	bottl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.14176587
##	bouquet	boysenberri	brambl	bright
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	bring	brisk	brut	burgundi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	butter	cab	cabernet	california
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.05886771
##	can	candi	caramel	carnero
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	carri	cassi	catalonia	cedar
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	cellar	central	champagn	char
##	0.00000000	0.10262244	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	charact	chardonnay	cherri	chewi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	chile	chocol	chunki	cinnamon
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	citrus	citrusi	classic	classico
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	clean	close	clove	coast
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.10710576
##	cocoa	coffe	cola	color
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.16347060
##	columbia	combin	come	complex
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	concentr	cool	core	counti
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	cranberri	creami	creek	crisp
##	0.18309503	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000

##	cru	crush	ctes	currant
##	0.00000000	0.19399253	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	cut	cuve	dark	deep
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	del	delic	delici	deliv
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	dens	depth	despit	develop
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	doesnt	domin	dri	drink
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	dusti	earth	earth	easi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	edg	eleg	element	end
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	enjoy	enough	espresso	estat
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	even	excel	exot	express
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	extra	extract	fair	famili
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	featur	feel	ferment	fill
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	find	fine	finger	finish
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	firm	first	flavor	fleshi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.03361649	0.00000000
##	floral	flower	focus	follow
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	food	foothil	forest	forward
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	fragrant	frame	franc	french
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	fresh	front	fruit	fruiti
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	full	fullbodi	generous	gentl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	germani	get	give	glass
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	good	grand	grape	grapefruit
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.15286684	0.00000000
##	graphit	great	green	grenach
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	grill	grip	gris	grown
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	hard	heavi	herb	herbal
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	high	highlight	hill	hint
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	hold	honey	honeysuckl	hot
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000

##	impress	includ	integr	intens
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	interest	intrigu	invit	itali
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	jam	jammi	juic	juici
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	just	keep	lack	lake
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	last	layer	lead	leaf
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	lean	least	leather	leav
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	lemon	lend	length	les
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	licoric	lift	light	like
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.21708525	0.00000000
##	lime	linger	littl	live
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	load	loir	long	lot
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	love	lush	made	make
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	malbec	mango	mani	mark
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	matur	meat	medium	mediumbodi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	melon	mendoza	merlot	midpal
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	mild	miner	mint	mix
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	mocha	moder	montalcino	month
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	mountain	mourvdr	mouth	mouthfeel
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	much	napa	napasonoma	natur
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	nebbiolo	nectarin	need	new
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	next	nice	noir	north
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	northeastern	northern	nose	note
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	now	nuanc	oak	oaki
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	offer	old	oliv	one
##	0.10675293	0.20729912	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	open	opul	orang	oregon
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	overall	pack	pair	palat
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.06026340

##	paso	peach	pear	peel
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	pepper	pepperi	perfect	perfum
##	0.12844115	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	persist	petit	pie	piedmont
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	pineappl	pinot	play	pleasant
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	plenti	plum	plump	polish
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	pomegran	portug	portugues	potenti
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	power	present	pretti	price
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	produc	provid	provinc	prune
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	pure	purpl	qualiti	quit
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	raci	raisin	ranch	raspberri
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	rather	readi	red	refresh
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	region	remain	reserv	reserva
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	reveal	rhnestyl	rich	riesl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	right	rioja	ripe	riserva
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	river	roast	robl	ros
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	rose	round	russian	rustic
##	0.18517684	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	sage	sangioves	santa	sardinia
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	sauvignon	savori	scent	seem
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	select	sens	set	sharp
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	show	sicili	side	sierra
##	0.09596939	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	silki	simpl	sip	sirah
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	skin	slight	smell	smoke
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	smoki	smooth	soft	soften
##	0.16658973	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	soil	solid	somewhat	sonoma
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	soon	sour	sourc	south
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000

##	southern	southwest	spain	sparkl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	spice	spici	start	still
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	stone	straightforward	strawberri	streak
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	strong	structur	style	subtl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	sugar	suggest	superior	suppl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	support	sweet	syrah	take
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.27086967	0.00000000
##	tangerin	tangi	tannic	tannin
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	tart	tast	tea	tempranillo
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.20864375	0.00000000
##	textur	that	there	thick
##	0.10817950	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	though	tight	time	toast
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	toasti	tobacco	togeth	tomato
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	tone	toscana	touch	tropic
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	turn	tuscani	two	underbrush
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	valley	vanilla	variet	varieti
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	velveti	veneto	verdot	veri
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.12898784
##	vibrant	vine	vineyard	vintag
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.09436784	0.00000000
##	viognier	violet	warm	washington
##	0.00000000	0.19008872	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	way	weight	well	wet
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	whiff	white	wild	will
##	0.00000000	0.11183840	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	willamett	wine	winemak	wineri
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	without	wonder	wood	wrap
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	year	yellow	yet	york
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	young	zealand	zest	zesti
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	zinfandel			
##	0.00000000			

5.2 Compare kernels

Now, the data is ready. I train that dataset with three different kernels as mentioned. And here are the results:

```
train_nb_model

## Naive Bayes
##
## 19356 samples
##   505 predictor
##   2 classes: 'excellent', 'good'
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Bootstrapped (25 reps)
## Summary of sample sizes: 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
##   usekernel  Accuracy  Kappa
##   FALSE      0.7513089  0.5033206
##   TRUE       0.5757021  0.1881251
##
## Tuning parameter 'laplace' was held constant at a value of 0
##
## Tuning parameter 'adjust' was held constant at a value of 1
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final values used for the model were laplace = 0, usekernel =
## FALSE and adjust = 1.

confusionMatrix(conf_nb_train)

## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##               Actual class
## Predicted class excellent good
##      excellent      1525  487
##      good           738 2089
##
##               Accuracy : 0.7468
##               95% CI : (0.7343, 0.7591)
##      No Information Rate : 0.5323
##      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##               Kappa : 0.4881
##      McNemar's Test P-Value : 9.141e-13
##
##               Sensitivity : 0.6739
##               Specificity : 0.8109
##               Pos Pred Value : 0.7580
##               Neg Pred Value : 0.7389
```

```

##           Prevalence : 0.4677
##           Detection Rate : 0.3151
##       Detection Prevalence : 0.4158
##           Balanced Accuracy : 0.7424
##
##       'Positive' Class : excellent
##

train_svmLinear_model

## L2 Regularized Support Vector Machine (dual) with Linear Kernel
##
## 19356 samples
##   505 predictor
##     2 classes: 'excellent', 'good'
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Bootstrapped (25 reps)
## Summary of sample sizes: 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
##  cost  Loss  Accuracy  Kappa
##  0.25  L1    0.7843732  0.5673696
##  0.25  L2    0.7861278  0.5709545
##  0.50  L1    0.7854490  0.5696725
##  0.50  L2    0.7854986  0.5697548
##  1.00  L1    0.7853391  0.5694828
##  1.00  L2    0.7847845  0.5683523
##
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final values used for the model were cost = 0.25 and Loss = L2.

confusionMatrix(conf_svmLinear_train)

## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##           Actual class
## Predicted class excellent good
##           excellent      1676  449
##           good           587 2127
##
##           Accuracy : 0.7859
##           95% CI : (0.7741, 0.7974)
##       No Information Rate : 0.5323
##       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##           Kappa : 0.5684
##  Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 2.078e-05
##
##           Sensitivity : 0.7406
##           Specificity : 0.8257

```

```
##          Pos Pred Value : 0.7887
##          Neg Pred Value : 0.7837
##          Prevalence : 0.4677
##          Detection Rate : 0.3464
##          Detection Prevalence : 0.4391
##          Balanced Accuracy : 0.7832
##
##          'Positive' Class : excellent
##
```

```
> train_svmRBF_model
```

```
Support Vector Machines with Radial Basis Function Kernel
```

```
19356 samples
 505 predictor
   2 classes: 'excellent', 'good'
```

```
No pre-processing
```

```
Resampling: Bootstrapped (25 reps)
```

```
Summary of sample sizes: 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, ...
```

```
Resampling results across tuning parameters:
```

C	Accuracy	Kappa
0.25	0.8033515	0.6050840
0.50	0.8072213	0.6130414
1.00	0.8111750	0.6211173

```
Tuning parameter 'sigma' was held constant at a value of 0.001066893
Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
The final values used for the model were sigma = 0.001066893 and C = 1.
```

SVMRBF kernel


```

> confusionMatrix(conf_train)
Confusion Matrix and Statistics

              Actual class
Predicted class excellent good
    excellent      962    85
    good         1301  2491

      Accuracy : 0.7136
    95% CI : (0.7006, 0.7263)
  No Information Rate : 0.5323
    P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16

      Kappa : 0.4053
  Mcnemar's Test P-Value : < 2.2e-16

    Sensitivity : 0.4251
    Specificity : 0.9670
   Pos Pred Value : 0.9188
   Neg Pred Value : 0.6569
    Prevalence : 0.4677
    Detection Rate : 0.1988
  Detection Prevalence : 0.2164
    Balanced Accuracy : 0.6961

    'Positive' Class : excellent

```

As we can see in the result. The accuracy when training data for NB, SVM Linear and SVM RBF is 75.1%, 78.6%, and 81.1%. As a result, I expected that the accuracy when testing with test data will be similar. But they are 74.68% for NB, 78.59% for SVM Linear and 71.36%. SVM Linear is the kernel which has the highest value of accuracy for testing. Noticed that No information rate (NIR) 0.5323 mean that a class takes 53.23% (“good” class), which mean the data is balanced. We can judge that the models are actually worked.

But, accuracy is just one side of the story. Let see about the classification: We have two classes “good” and “excellent”. If the class is predicted exactly, it’s perfect. Obviously, excellent wine is better than good wine. So, if a good wine is predicted as excellent wine, it’s hard to accept (similar to false negative-FN). In contrast, If you pretend to buy good wine but have excellent wine. You were just lucky and nothing happened. (similar to false positive-FP)

SVM RBF kernel show the lowest number of false negative. But, I also see that the predicted result is biased to the “good” class: The number of good wine is predicted is triple as the number of excellent wine. It’s quite hard for understand. On the other hand, SVM Linear is better than NB in all indicators.

After all, I consider the accuracy, the number of each class in confusion matrix and the training time for choosing the best kernel. In my opinion, **SVM Linear is the best kernel**. (SVM RBF is interesting but it’s hard when I try to improve the model with that high training time, consider the scope of this project)

5.3 Improve the model

I’ll try to improve the SVM linear model with the following methods:

- Improve with n-gram: Firstly, I try to train the model with 2-gram, (the preprocess still remain)
here is the first line of DTM:

```
wine_train_set[1,]
```

```
##          acid_us          age_drink          alsac_alsac
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          appl_pear          aroma_flavor          aroma_lead
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          bake_spice          barolo_nebbiolo          berri_aroma
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          berri_flavor          berri_fruit          black_cherri
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          black_currant          black_fruit          black_pepper
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          black_plum          blackberri_cherri          blend_cabernet
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          bordeaux_bordeaux          bordeauxstyl_red          bright_acid
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          cabernet_franc          cabernet_sauvignon          california_california
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          california_napa          california_paso          california_russian
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          california_santa          california_sonoma          central_coast
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          central_valley          champagn_blend          champagn_champagn
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          cherri_flavor          cherri_fruit          cherri_rasberri
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          coast_chardonnay          coast_pinot          coast_sonoma
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          columbia_valley          counti_central          counti_sonoma
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          crisp_acid          ctes_de          dark_chocol
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          dark_fruit          di_montalcino          dri_herb
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          drink_franc          drink_itali          drink_now
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          drink_portug          estat_california          estat_grown
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          finger_lake          finish_drink          finish_itali
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          finish_us          firm_tannin          flavor_blackberri
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          flavor_finish          flavor_us          franc_bordeaux
##          0.1711132          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          french_oak          fresh_acid          fruit_flavor
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
##          full_bodi          green_appl          itali_tuscani
##          0.0000000          0.0000000          0.0000000
```

##	lake_finger	lead_nose	linger_finish
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	loir_valley	long_finish	medium_bodi
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	mendoza_provinc	montalcino_sangioves	napa_cabernet
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	napa_valley	new_york	new_zealand
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	northeastern_itali	northern_spain	nose_palat
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	now_franc	now_us	old_vine
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	open_aroma	oregon_willamett	palat_deliv
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	palat_offer	palat_show	paso_robl
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	petit_sirah	petit_verdot	piedmont_barolo
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	pinot_gris	pinot_noir	portugues_red
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	provinc_mendoza	raspberri_cherri	readi_drink
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	red_berri	red_blend	red_cherri
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	red_currant	red_fruit	reserv_california
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	rhnestyl_red	ripe_fruit	river_valley
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	robl_central	russian_river	santa_barbara
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	sauvignon_blanc	sicili_sardinia	sierra_foothil
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	sonoma_chardonnay	sonoma_coast	sonoma_counti
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	sonoma_pinot	south_africa	south_australia
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	southwest_franc	spain_rioja	sparkl_blend
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	spice_flavor	stone_fruit	tannin_drink
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	tropic_fruit	us_california	us_estat
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	us_oregon	us_reserv	us_washington
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	valley_cabernet	valley_central	valley_chardonnay
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.1922822
##	valley_napa	valley_pinot	valley_red
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	valley_sonoma	valley_syrah	valley_wa
##	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000

```
##      valley_willamett  vineyard_california  vineyard_washington
##      0.0000000      0.0000000      0.0000000
##      wa_columbia     washington_columbia     white_blend
##      0.0000000      0.0000000      0.0000000
##      white_peach      white_pepper      willamett_valley
##      0.0000000      0.0000000      0.0000000
##      wood_age         year_us         york_finger
##      0.0000000      0.0000000      0.0000000
```

Here are the results:

```
train_svmLinear_model

## L2 Regularized Support Vector Machine (dual) with Linear Kernel
##
## 19356 samples
## 156 predictor
## 2 classes: 'excellent', 'good'
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Bootstrapped (25 reps)
## Summary of sample sizes: 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
## cost  Loss  Accuracy  Kappa
## 0.25  L1    0.6436272  0.2823927
## 0.25  L2    0.6494504  0.2968135
## 0.50  L1    0.6455226  0.2896008
## 0.50  L2    0.6498153  0.2976152
## 1.00  L1    0.6466283  0.2928574
## 1.00  L2    0.6499836  0.2979705
##
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final values used for the model were cost = 1 and Loss = L2.
```

```
confusionMatrix(conf_svmLinear_train)
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##              Actual class
## Predicted class excellent good
##      excellent      1200  668
##      good          1063 1908
##
##              Accuracy : 0.6423
##              95% CI : (0.6286, 0.6558)
##      No Information Rate : 0.5323
##      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##              Kappa : 0.2739
##      Mcnemar's Test P-Value : < 2.2e-16
```

```
##
##          Sensitivity : 0.5303
##          Specificity : 0.7407
##          Pos Pred Value : 0.6424
##          Neg Pred Value : 0.6422
##          Prevalence : 0.4677
##          Detection Rate : 0.2480
##          Detection Prevalence : 0.3860
##          Balanced Accuracy : 0.6355
##
##          'Positive' Class : excellent
##
```

The result is worse than the previous in all indicators, which means that 2-gram is not useful. Based on my observation. After preprocess and steaming, the descriptions are quite discrete. I mean the words are likely not connected to each other. It leads to the 2-gram model does not work.

I continue with both bag of words and 2-gram (which means 1-2gram). Here is the first line of DTM:

```
wine_train_set_ngram[1,]
```

```
##          accent          acid          acid_us
##          0.00000000      0.00000000      0.00000000
##          across          add          africa
##          0.00000000      0.00000000      0.00000000
##          aftertast        age          age_drink
##          0.00000000      0.00000000      0.00000000
##          alcohol        almond        almost
##          0.00000000      0.00000000      0.07871341
##          along          alongsid      alreadi
##          0.00000000      0.00000000      0.00000000
##          alsac          alsac_alsac      also
##          0.00000000      0.00000000      0.00000000
##          although        ampl          anis
##          0.00000000      0.00000000      0.00000000
##          anoth          appeal        appl
##          0.00000000      0.00000000      0.00000000
##          appl_pear      approach      apricot
##          0.00000000      0.00000000      0.00000000
##          argentina      aroma          aroma_flavor
##          0.00000000      0.00000000      0.00000000
##          aroma_lead      aromat          around
##          0.00000000      0.00000000      0.00000000
##          astring        attract      australia
##          0.00000000      0.00000000      0.00000000
##          austria        back          bake
##          0.00000000      0.00000000      0.00000000
##          bake_spice      balanc        barbara
##          0.00000000      0.00000000      0.00000000
##          barolo          barolo_nebbiolo      barrel
```

##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.07770259
##	beauti	berri	berri_aroma
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	berri_flavor	berri_fruit	best
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	better	big	bit
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	bitter	black	black_cherri
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	black_currant	black_fruit	black_pepper
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	black_plum	blackberri	blackberri_cherri
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	blanc	blend	blend_cabernet
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	blossom	blue	blueberri
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	bodi	bold	bordeaux
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	bordeaux_bordeaux	bordeauxstyl	bordeauxstyl_red
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	bottl	bouquet	boysenberri
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	brambl	bright	bright_acid
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	bring	brisk	brut
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	burgundi	butter	cab
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	cabernet	cabernet_franc	cabernet_sauvignon
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	california	california_california	california_napa
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	california_paso	california_russian	california_santa
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	california_sonoma	can	candi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	caramel	carnero	carri
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	cassi	catalonia	cedar
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	cellar	central	central_coast
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	central_valley	champagn	champagn_blend
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	champagn_champagn	char	charact
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	chardonnay	cherri	cherri_flavor
##	0.10125128	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	cherri_fruit	cherri_raspberri	chewi

##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	chile	chocol	chunki
##	0.07468663	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	cinnamon	citrus	citrusi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	classic	classico	clean
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	close	clove	coast
##	0.00000000	0.07721394	0.00000000
##	coast_chardonnay	coast_pinot	coast_sonoma
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	cocoa	coffe	cola
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	color	columbia	columbia_valley
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	combin	come	complex
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	concentr	cool	core
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	counti	counti_central	counti_sonoma
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	cranberri	creami	creek
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	crisp	crisp_acid	cru
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	crush	ctes	ctes_de
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	currant	cut	cuve
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	dark	dark_chocol	dark_fruit
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	deep	del	delic
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	delici	deliv	dens
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	depth	despit	develop
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	di_montalcino	doesnt	domin
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	dri	dri_herb	drink
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	drink_franc	drink_itali	drink_now
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	drink_portug	dusti	earth
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	earthi	easi	edg
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	eleg	element	end
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	enjoy	enough	espresso

##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	estat	estat_california	estat_grown
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	even	excel	exot
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	express	extra	extract
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	fair	famili	featur
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	feel	ferment	fill
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	find	fine	finger
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	finger_lake	finish	finish_drink
##	0.00000000	0.02533285	0.00000000
##	finish_itali	finish_us	firm
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	firm_tannin	first	flavor
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.01500940
##	flavor_blackberri	flavor_finish	flavor_us
##	0.00000000	0.08424033	0.00000000
##	fleshi	floral	flower
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	focus	follow	food
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	foothil	forest	forward
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	fragrant	frame	franc
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	franc_bordeaux	french	french_oak
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	fresh	fresh_acid	front
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	fruit	fruit_flavor	fruiti
##	0.02084889	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	full	full_bodi	fullbodi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	generous	gentl	germani
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	get	give	glass
##	0.09370379	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	good	grand	grape
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	grapefruit	graphit	great
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	green	green_appl	grenach
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	grill	grip	gris
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	grown	hard	heavi

##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	herb	herbal	high
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	highlight	hill	hint
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	hold	honey	honeysuckl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	hot	impress	includ
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	integr	intens	interest
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	intrigu	invit	itali
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	itali_tuscani	jam	jammi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	juic	juici	just
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	keep	lack	lake
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	lake_finger	last	layer
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	lead	lead_nose	leaf
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	lean	least	leather
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	leav	lemon	lend
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	length	les	licoric
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	lift	light	like
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	lime	linger	linger_finish
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	littl	live	load
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	loir	loir_valley	long
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	long_finish	lot	love
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	lush	made	make
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	malbec	mango	mani
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	mark	matur	meat
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	medium	medium_bodi	mediumbodi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	melon	mendoza	mendoza_provinc
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	merlot	midpal	mild

##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	miner	mint	mix
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	mocha	moder	montalcino
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	montalcino_sangioves	month	mountain
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	mourvdr	mouth	mouthfeel
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	much	napa	napa_cabernet
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	napa_valley	napasonoma	natur
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	nebbiolo	nectarin	need
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	new	new_york	new_zealand
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	next	nice	noir
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	north	northeastern	northeastern_itali
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	northern	northern_spain	nose
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	nose_palat	note	now
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	now_franc	now_us	nuanc
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	oak	oaki	offer
##	0.04498787	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	old	old_vine	oliv
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	one	open	open_aroma
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	opul	orang	oregon
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	oregon_willamett	overal	pack
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	pair	palat	palat_deliv
##	0.00000000	0.02711122	0.00000000
##	palat_offer	palat_show	paso
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	paso_robl	peach	pear
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	peel	pepper	pepperi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	perfect	perfum	persist
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	petit	petit_sirah	petit_verdot
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	pie	piedmont	piedmont_barolo

##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	pineappl	pinot	pinot_gris
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	pinot_noir	play	pleasant
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	plenti	plum	plump
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.09771923
##	polish	pomegran	portug
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	portugues	portugues_red	potenti
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	power	present	pretti
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	price	produc	provid
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	provinc	provinc_mendoza	prune
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	pure	purpl	qualiti
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	quit	raci	raisin
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	ranch	raspberri	raspberri_cherri
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	rather	readi	readi_drink
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	red	red_berri	red_blend
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	red_cherri	red_currant	red_fruit
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	refresh	region	remain
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	reserv	reserv_california	reserva
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	reveal	rhnestyl	rhnestyl_red
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	rich	riesl	right
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	rioja	ripe	ripe_fruit
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	riserva	river	river_valley
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	roast	robl	robl_central
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	ros	rose	round
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	russian	russian_river	rustic
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	sage	sangioves	santa
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	santa_barbara	sardinia	sauvignon

##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	sauvignon_blanc	savori	scent
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	seem	select	sens
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	set	sharp	show
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	sicili	sicili_sardinia	side
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	sierra	sierra_foothil	silki
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	simpl	sip	sirah
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	skin	slight	smell
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.08964408
##	smoke	smoki	smooth
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	soft	soften	soil
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	solid	somewhat	sonoma
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	sonoma_chardonnay	sonoma_coast	sonoma_counti
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	sonoma_pinot	soon	sour
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	sourc	south	south_africa
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	south_australia	southern	southwest
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	southwest_franc	spain	spain_rioja
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	sparkl	sparkl_blend	spice
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.07907191
##	spice_flavor	spici	start
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	still	stone	stone_fruit
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	straightforward	strawberri	streak
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	strong	structur	style
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	subtl	sugar	suggest
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	superior	suppl	support
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	sweet	syrah	take
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	tangerin	tangi	tannic
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	tannin	tannin_drink	tart

##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	tast	tea	tempranillo
##	0.06558790	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	textur	that	there
##	0.00000000	0.07944119	0.00000000
##	thick	though	tight
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	time	toast	toasti
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	tobacco	togeth	tomato
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	tone	toscana	touch
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	tropic	tropic_fruit	turn
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	tuscani	two	underbrush
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	us_california	us_estat	us_oregon
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	us_reserv	us_washington	valley
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.02654286
##	valley_cabernet	valley_central	valley_chardonnay
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.09466201
##	valley_napa	valley_pinot	valley_red
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	valley_sonoma	valley_syrah	valley_wa
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	valley_willamett	vanilla	variet
##	0.00000000	0.05590905	0.00000000
##	varieti	velveti	veneto
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	verdot	veri	vibrant
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	vine	vineyard	vineyard_california
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	vineyard_washington	vintag	viognier
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	violet	wa_columbia	warm
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	washington	washington_columbia	way
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	weight	well	wet
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	whiff	white	white_blend
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	white_peach	white_pepper	wild
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	will	willamett	willamett_valley
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	wine	winemak	wineri

```
##          0.00000000          0.00000000          0.00000000
##          without          wonder          wood
##          0.00000000          0.00000000          0.07108113
##          wood_age          wrap          year
##          0.00000000          0.00000000          0.00000000
##          year_us          yellow          yet
##          0.00000000          0.00000000          0.00000000
##          york          york_finger          young
##          0.00000000          0.00000000          0.00000000
##          zealand          zest          zesti
##          0.00000000          0.00000000          0.00000000
##          zinfandel
##          0.00000000
```

And here are the results:

```
train_svmLinear_model

## L2 Regularized Support Vector Machine (dual) with Linear Kernel
##
## 19356 samples
##   661 predictor
##   2 classes: 'excellent', 'good'
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Bootstrapped (25 reps)
## Summary of sample sizes: 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
##  cost  Loss  Accuracy  Kappa
##  0.25  L1    0.7804824  0.5592447
##  0.25  L2    0.7903403  0.5793207
##  0.50  L1    0.7862217  0.5711220
##  0.50  L2    0.7911250  0.5810424
##  1.00  L1    0.7893797  0.5776108
##  1.00  L2    0.7902474  0.5793807
##
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final values used for the model were cost = 0.5 and Loss = L2.

confusionMatrix(conf_svmLinear_train)

## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##              Actual class
## Predicted class excellent good
##      excellent      1603  371
##      good           660 2205
##
##              Accuracy : 0.7869
##              95% CI : (0.7751, 0.7984)
```

```

##      No Information Rate : 0.5323
##      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##              Kappa : 0.5687
##  Mcnemar's Test P-Value : < 2.2e-16
##
##      Sensitivity : 0.7084
##      Specificity : 0.8560
##      Pos Pred Value : 0.8121
##      Neg Pred Value : 0.7696
##      Prevalence : 0.4677
##      Detection Rate : 0.3313
##      Detection Prevalence : 0.4079
##      Balanced Accuracy : 0.7822
##
##      'Positive' Class : excellent
##

```

The accuracy is just slightly increased. The good news is the false negative is really better (371 compare to 448) of course the false positive shows an increase.

To explain, I see that there are some important pairs that improve the model. Considering those results and the dimension of DTM is large (which lead to high training time), while there are too many features with 0 point. I conclude that 1-2 gram is a little bit better.

The second way to improve is adjusted the weight for DTM (with bag of words). As I observed in the data. The description usually talk about ingredients: lemon, cherry or region: California... So, the first idea is double the point for nouns and see how it works. On the other hand, Adjectives used to describe the flavor of wine could act an important role. So, the second idea is double the point for adjectives only. To do these, I implement POS tagger and see which word is nouns, adj, verb...

Here is the noun list that I extracted:

nouns

```

##  [1] "accent"      "acid"        "age"         "alcohol"
##  [5] "almond"     "alreadi"    "alsac"       "appeal"
##  [9] "approach"   "apricot"    "argentina"   "aroma"
## [13] "austria"    "bake"       "balanc"      "barbara"
## [17] "barolo"     "barrel"     "beauti"     "berri"
## [21] "bit"        "blanc"      "blend"      "bodi"
## [25] "bordeaux"   "bordeauxstyl" "bottl"      "bouquet"
## [29] "boysenberri" "brambl"    "brut"       "butter"
## [33] "cab"        "cabernet"   "california" "caramel"
## [37] "carnero"    "carri"     "cassi"      "catalonia"
## [41] "cedar"      "cellar"    "champagn"   "char"
## [45] "charact"    "chardonnay" "cherri"     "chewi"
## [49] "chile"      "chocol"    "chunki"     "cinnamon"
## [53] "citrus"     "classico"   "clove"      "coast"
## [57] "cocoa"      "coffe"     "cola"       "color"

```

## [61]	"columbia"	"combin"	"concentr"	"core"
## [65]	"creek"	"crisp"	"cru"	"crush"
## [69]	"cut"	"delic"	"depth"	"despit"
## [73]	"domin"	"dri"	"drink"	"earth"
## [77]	"earthi"	"eleg"	"element"	"end"
## [81]	"espresso"	"estat"	"express"	"ferment"
## [85]	"fill"	"finger"	"firm"	"flavor"
## [89]	"flower"	"focus"	"food"	"foothil"
## [93]	"forest"	"frame"	"franc"	"french"
## [97]	"front"	"fruit"	"fruiti"	"gentl"
## [101]	"glass"	"grape"	"grapefruit"	"grenach"
## [105]	"grill"	"grip"	"herb"	"high"
## [109]	"highlight"	"hill"	"hint"	"honey"
## [113]	"integr"	"interest"	"invit"	"jam"
## [117]	"jammi"	"lack"	"lake"	"layer"
## [121]	"lead"	"leaf"	"leather"	"leav"
## [125]	"lemon"	"length"	"lift"	"light"
## [129]	"lime"	"linger"	"load"	"mango"
## [133]	"mark"	"matur"	"meat"	"medium"
## [137]	"melon"	"mendoza"	"merlot"	"midpal"
## [141]	"miner"	"mint"	"mix"	"mocha"
## [145]	"moder"	"month"	"mountain"	"mourvdr"
## [149]	"mouth"	"mouthfeel"	"napa"	"napasonoma"
## [153]	"natur"	"nebbiolo"	"nectarin"	"noir"
## [157]	"north"	"nose"	"note"	"oak"
## [161]	"oaki"	"one"	"opul"	"oregon"
## [165]	"pack"	"pair"	"palat"	"paso"
## [169]	"peach"	"pear"	"peel"	"pepper"
## [173]	"pepperi"	"perfum"	"pie"	"piedmont"
## [177]	"pineappl"	"play"	"plum"	"plump"
## [181]	"polish"	"pomegran"	"portug"	"power"
## [185]	"present"	"price"	"produc"	"provinc"
## [189]	"prune"	"purpl"	"qualiti"	"ranch"
## [193]	"raspberri"	"region"	"reserva"	"rhnestyl"
## [197]	"rioja"	"riserva"	"river"	"roast"
## [201]	"sage"	"sardinia"	"sauvignon"	"scent"
## [205]	"show"	"side"	"sierra"	"silki"
## [209]	"sip"	"skin"	"smell"	"smoke"
## [213]	"soil"	"sonoma"	"sourc"	"southwest"
## [217]	"spain"	"sparkl"	"spice"	"stone"
## [221]	"streak"	"structur"	"style"	"sugar"
## [225]	"support"	"syrah"	"tangerin"	"tannin"
## [229]	"tart"	"tast"	"tea"	"textur"
## [233]	"time"	"toast"	"toasti"	"tobacco"
## [237]	"tone"	"touch"	"tropic"	"turn"
## [241]	"valley"	"vanilla"	"varieti"	"velveti"
## [245]	"veneto"	"verdot"	"veri"	"vine"
## [249]	"vineyard"	"vintag"	"viognier"	"violet"
## [253]	"way"	"weight"	"will"	"wine"
## [257]	"winemak"	"wineri"	"wonder"	"wood"

## [261] "wrap"	"year"	"yellow"	"zealand"
## [265] "zest"	"zesti"	"zinfandel"	

Let's take a look at the Dtm of the first document to make sure that the points for nouns is doubled. As we can see below, the points for the word "california" is 0.139. It's just 0.064 before.

```
wine_train_set[1,]
```

##	accent	acid	across	add
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	africa	aftertast	age	alcohol
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	almond	almost	along	alongsid
##	0.00000000	0.15504157	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	alreadi	alsac	also	although
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	ampl	anis	anoth	appeal
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	appl	approach	apricot	argentina
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	aroma	aromat	around	astring
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	attract	australia	austria	back
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	bake	balanc	barbara	barolo
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	barrel	beauti	berri	best
##	0.30610113	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	better	big	bit	bitter
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	black	blackberri	blanc	blend
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	blossom	blue	blueberri	bodi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	bold	bordeaux	bordeauxstyl	bottl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	bouquet	boysenberri	brambl	bright
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	bring	brisk	brut	burgundi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	butter	cab	cabernet	california
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	can	candi	caramel	carnero
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	carri	cassi	catalonia	cedar
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	cellar	central	champagn	char
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	charact	chardonnay	cherri	chewi
##	0.00000000	0.39886867	0.00000000	0.00000000

##	chile	chocol	chunki	cinnamon
##	0.29422005	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	citrus	citrusi	classic	classico
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	clean	close	clove	coast
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.30417613	0.00000000
##	cocoa	coffe	cola	color
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	columbia	combin	come	complex
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	concentr	cool	core	counti
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	cranberri	creami	creek	crisp
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	cru	crush	ctes	currant
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	cut	cuve	dark	deep
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	del	delic	delici	deliv
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	dens	depth	despit	develop
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	doesnt	domin	dri	drink
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	dusti	earth	earthi	easi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	edg	eleg	element	end
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	enjoy	enough	espresso	estat
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	even	excel	exot	express
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	extra	extract	fair	famili
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	featur	feel	ferment	fill
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	find	fine	finger	finish
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.04989804
##	firm	first	flavor	fleshi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.05912793	0.00000000
##	floral	flower	focus	follow
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	food	foothil	forest	forward
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	fragrant	frame	franc	french
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	fresh	front	fruit	fruiti
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.08213201	0.00000000
##	full	fullbodi	generous	gentl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000

##	germani	get	give	glass
##	0.00000000	0.18456806	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	good	grand	grape	grapefruit
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	graphit	great	green	grenach
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	grill	grip	gris	grown
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	hard	heavi	herb	herbal
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	high	highlight	hill	hint
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	hold	honey	honesuckl	hot
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	impress	includ	integr	intens
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	interest	intrigu	invit	itali
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	jam	jammi	juic	juici
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	just	keep	lack	lake
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	last	layer	lead	leaf
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	lean	least	leather	leav
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	lemon	lend	length	les
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	licoric	lift	light	like
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	lime	linger	littl	live
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	load	loir	long	lot
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	love	lush	made	make
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	malbec	mango	mani	mark
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	matur	meat	medium	mediumbodi
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	melon	mendoza	merlot	midpal
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	mild	miner	mint	mix
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	mocha	moder	montalcino	month
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	mountain	mourvdr	mouth	mouthfeel
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	much	napa	napasonoma	natur
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000

##	nebbiolo	nectarin	need	new
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	next	nice	noir	north
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	northeastern	northern	nose	note
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	now	nuanc	oak	oaki
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.17722495	0.00000000
##	offer	old	oliv	one
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	open	opul	orang	oregon
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	overal	pack	pair	palat
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.10680177
##	paso	peach	pear	peel
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	pepper	pepperi	perfect	perfum
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	persist	petit	pie	piedmont
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	pineappl	pinot	play	pleasant
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	plenti	plum	plump	polish
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.38495454	0.00000000
##	pomegran	portug	portugues	potenti
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	power	present	pretti	price
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	produc	provid	provinc	prune
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	pure	purpl	qualiti	quit
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	raci	raisin	ranch	raspberri
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	rather	readi	red	refresh
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	region	remain	reserv	reserva
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	reveal	rhnestyl	rich	riesl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	right	rioja	ripe	riserva
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	river	roast	robl	ros
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	rose	round	russian	rustic
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	sage	sangioves	santa	sardinia
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	sauvignon	savori	scent	seem
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000

##	select	sens	set	sharp
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	show	sicili	side	sierra
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	silki	simpl	sip	sirah
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	skin	slight	smell	smoke
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.35314335	0.00000000
##	smoki	smooth	soft	soften
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	soil	solid	somewhat	sonoma
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	soon	sour	sourc	south
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	southern	southwest	spain	sparkl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	spice	spici	start	still
##	0.31149539	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	stone	straightforward	strawberri	streak
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	strong	structur	style	subtl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	sugar	suggest	superior	suppl
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	support	sweet	syrah	take
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	tangerin	tangi	tannic	tannin
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	tart	tast	tea	tempranillo
##	0.00000000	0.25837656	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	textur	that	there	thick
##	0.00000000	0.15647508	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	though	tight	time	toast
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	toasti	tobacco	togeth	tomato
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	tone	toscana	touch	tropic
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	turn	tuscani	two	underbrush
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	valley	vanilla	variet	varieti
##	0.10456280	0.22024776	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	velveti	veneto	verdot	veri
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	vibrant	vine	vineyard	vintag
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	viognier	violet	warm	washington
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000
##	way	weight	well	wet
##	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	0.00000000

```
##          whiff          white          wild          will
## 0.00000000 0.00000000 0.00000000 0.00000000
## willamett          wine          winemak          wineri
## 0.00000000 0.00000000 0.00000000 0.00000000
##          without          wonder          wood          wrap
## 0.00000000 0.00000000 0.28001657 0.00000000
##          year          yellow          yet          york
## 0.00000000 0.00000000 0.00000000 0.00000000
##          young          zealand          zest          zesti
## 0.00000000 0.00000000 0.00000000 0.00000000
##          zinfandel
## 0.00000000
```

Here are the results:

```
train_svmLinear_model

## L2 Regularized Support Vector Machine (dual) with Linear Kernel
##
## 19356 samples
## 505 predictor
## 2 classes: 'excellent', 'good'
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Bootstrapped (25 reps)
## Summary of sample sizes: 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
## cost Loss Accuracy Kappa
## 0.25 L1 0.7835696 0.5658319
## 0.25 L2 0.7845502 0.5679076
## 0.50 L1 0.7843196 0.5674399
## 0.50 L2 0.7840762 0.5670011
## 1.00 L1 0.7842031 0.5672562
## 1.00 L2 0.7835764 0.5660250
##
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final values used for the model were cost = 0.25 and Loss = L2.

confusionMatrix(conf_svmLinear_train)

## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##              Actual class
## Predicted class excellent good
##          excellent    1651  433
##             good      612 2143
##
##              Accuracy : 0.784
##              95% CI : (0.7722, 0.7956)
##              No Information Rate : 0.5323
```

```

##      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##              Kappa : 0.5642
##  McNemar's Test P-Value : 3.664e-08
##
##      Sensitivity : 0.7296
##      Specificity : 0.8319
##      Pos Pred Value : 0.7922
##      Neg Pred Value : 0.7779
##      Prevalence : 0.4677
##      Detection Rate : 0.3412
##      Detection Prevalence : 0.4307
##      Balanced Accuracy : 0.7807
##
##      'Positive' Class : excellent
##

```

We can see that The accuracy is decreasing 0.2%. FN is decreasing a few units. I conclude that the model is not better.

Now double the point only for adjectives: Here is the list adjectives that I extracted:

```

adj
##      [1] "aftertast"      "ampl"           "appl"
##      [4] "australia"      "big"            "bitter"
##      [7] "black"          "blackberri"     "blue"
##     [10] "blueberri"      "bold"           "bright"
##     [13] "brisk"          "central"        "classic"
##     [16] "clean"          "close"          "complex"
##     [19] "cool"          "creami"         "currant"
##     [22] "cuve"          "dark"           "deep"
##     [25] "doesnt"        "edg"            "enough"
##     [28] "exot"          "extra"          "fair"
##     [31] "fine"          "floral"         "fragrant"
##     [34] "fresh"         "full"           "generous"
##     [37] "good"          "grand"          "great"
##     [40] "green"         "hard"           "heavi"
##     [43] "hot"           "juic"           "last"
##     [46] "lean"          "licoric"        "littl"
##     [49] "live"          "lush"           "malbec"
##     [52] "mild"          "new"            "next"
##     [55] "nice"          "northeastern"   "northern"
##     [58] "nuanc"         "old"            "oliv"
##     [61] "open"          "overal"         "perfect"
##     [64] "petit"         "pleasant"       "pure"
##     [67] "readi"         "red"            "refresh"
##     [70] "rich"          "right"          "ripe"
##     [73] "robl"          "russian"        "rustic"
##     [76] "select"        "sharp"          "sicili"
##     [79] "simpl"         "slight"         "smooth"

```

```
## [82] "soft"          "solid"          "sour"
## [85] "south"         "southern"       "straightforward"
## [88] "strawberri"    "strong"         "superior"
## [91] "suppl"         "sweet"          "tannic"
## [94] "tempranillo"   "thick"          "tight"
## [97] "variet"        "vibrant"        "warm"
## [100] "wet"           "white"          "wild"
## [103] "young"
```

And here are the results after double the points for adjectives:

```
train_svmLinear_model

## L2 Regularized Support Vector Machine (dual) with Linear Kernel
##
## 19356 samples
##   505 predictor
##     2 classes: 'excellent', 'good'
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Bootstrapped (25 reps)
## Summary of sample sizes: 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
##  cost  Loss  Accuracy  Kappa
##  0.25  L1    0.7812716  0.5612232
##  0.25  L2    0.7844977  0.5676142
##  0.50  L1    0.7827696  0.5642357
##  0.50  L2    0.7840476  0.5667318
##  1.00  L1    0.7826981  0.5640836
##  1.00  L2    0.7839151  0.5664589
##
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final values used for the model were cost = 0.25 and Loss = L2.
```

```
confusionMatrix(conf_svmLinear_train)
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##               Actual class
## Predicted class excellent good
##      excellent      1667  443
##      good           596 2133
##
##               Accuracy : 0.7853
##               95% CI : (0.7734, 0.7968)
##      No Information Rate : 0.5323
##      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##               Kappa : 0.567
##  Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 2.41e-06
```



```
##
##          Sensitivity : 0.7366
##          Specificity : 0.8280
##          Pos Pred Value : 0.7900
##          Neg Pred Value : 0.7816
##          Prevalence : 0.4677
##          Detection Rate : 0.3445
##          Detection Prevalence : 0.4360
##          Balanced Accuracy : 0.7823
##
##          'Positive' Class : excellent
##
```

It's clearly that this model is more or less the same with the original one. To explain why double the points is not work. When reviewing the dataset. I see there are three reasons: Firstly, most important nouns is the ingredients, country, region... They can use the same ingredients, plant in the same region. But, the experts may have some unique techniques to make it become excellent wine. So, nouns are not so helpful. I also see that only famous ingredients are mentioned. Maybe the secret one is not published. Secondly, because I steam when processing data. Many original words are steamed to nouns but it is not the nouns in the original paragraph. Which leads to the method is not as useful as expected. Finally, one factor can affect the system is the POS tagger function doesn't work perfectly, especially in the adjective list. For example, the word "blackberri" should be in the noun list but it appears in the adjective list, and vice versa for the words "yellow".

Finally I conclude that the best model for "good" - "excellent" wine classify is SVM linear with 1-2gram.

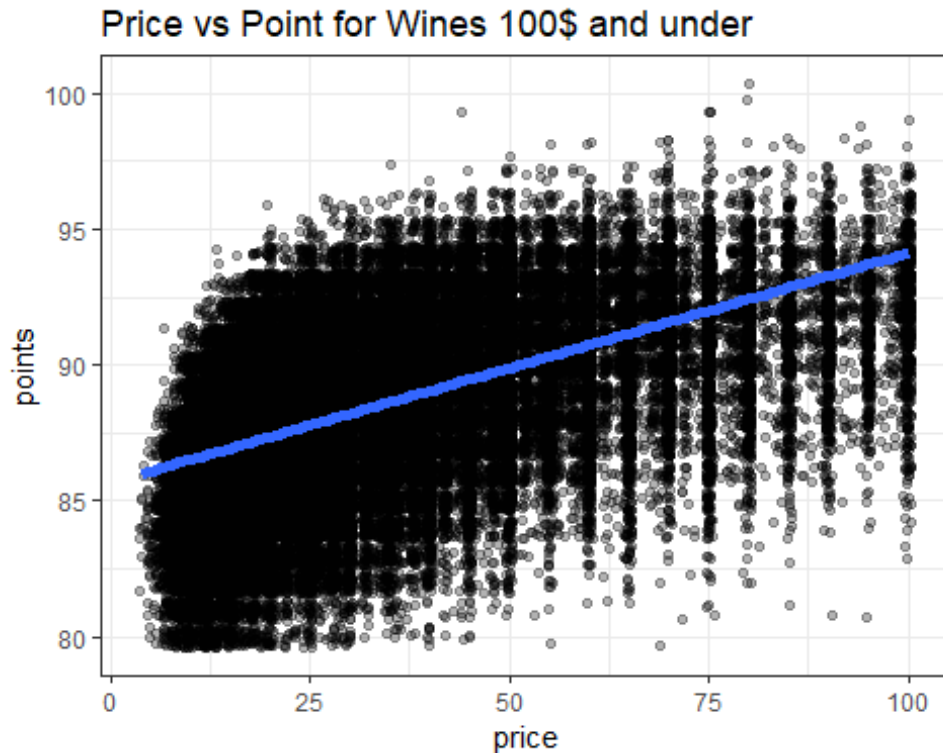
6. Second aspect: High value wine

6.1 Motivation

In most of the times, the price of the bottle can reflect the quality of the wine. For example, when you want to buy excellent wine, choose the 1000\$ bottle. That method should work. But, most of us don't have the financial condition for buying like this. The point is if we have a limit amount of money, or we just don't want to pay too much for a bottle, how can we choose? It's my idea for the second problem: Spend money in the right way.

Just want to confirm that the problem is real and solvable. Let see the scatter plot of price vs points for wines 100\$ and under:

```
ggplot(subset(wine, price <= 100),
       aes(x = price, y = points)) +
  geom_point(alpha = 0.3, position = position_jitter()) +
  stat_smooth(method = "lm", size = 2) +
  labs(title = 'Price vs Point for Wines 100$ and under') +
  theme_bw()
```



As we can see, there is a positive relationship between the points and the price. But, the points for bottles with the same price can be very different. Very cheap wine (<10\$) can have up to 92 points while many 25 dollar wines just have less than 85 points.

The thing that I see from this graph is: We can have a strategy for choosing excellent wine with a low budget, while there is a high probability of having just a good bottle when choosing randomly even with a quite high price (~50\$).

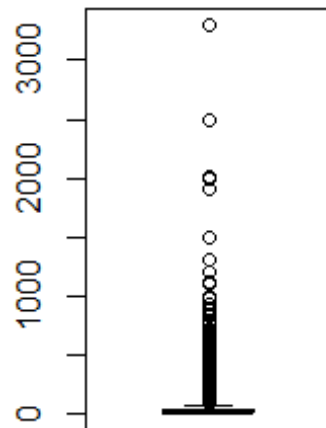
The aim is similar to the first problem: Using NLP and compare ML kernels to solve this problems.

6.2 Method and result

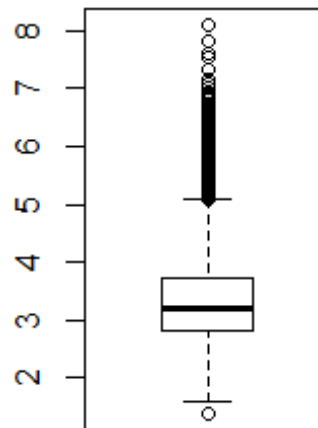
Let's take a look at the price of our data:

```
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
boxplot(wine$price, main = "Box plot of the price")
boxplot(log(wine$price), main = "Box plot of log(price)")
```

Box plot of the price



Box plot of log(price)

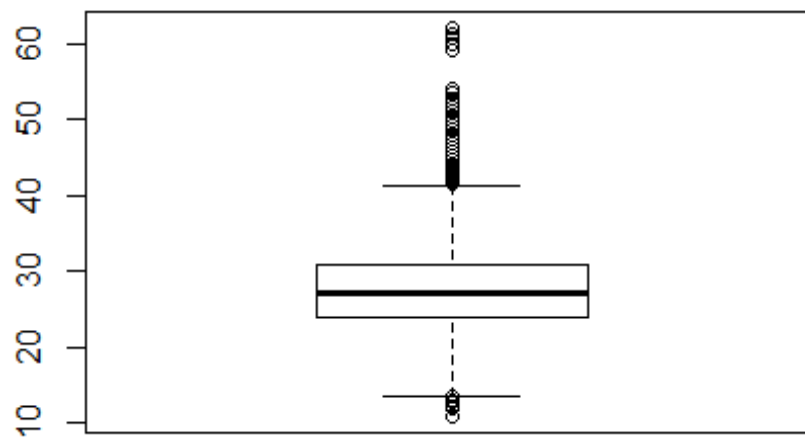


The price has a wide range. It also has a lot of outliers and high value of SD. otherwise, the log of the price looks better and quite similar to the point.

I define the $Value = \frac{points}{log(price)}$ Here is the value:

```
boxplot(wine$value, main = "Value of the price")
```

Value of the price



The median number for value is ~27. So the bottle with a higher value than 27 will have a “high” benefit. The rests have “medium” benefit. This way of define class will make all data become interesting. For example. there is a bottle with just 4\$ but have 80 points. It becomes the bottle with the highest benefit. In contrast. many bottles with the price higher than 1000 dollar. Of course, they are an excellent wine. But is just have a medium benefit because it’s too expensive.

I do the same preprocessing for the text. Then continue to compare models with the same 20% sample of the data. Here are the results.

Naive Bayes

```
19356 samples
 505 predictor
 2 classes: 'high', 'medium'
```

No pre-processing

```
Resampling: Bootstrapped (25 reps)
Summary of sample sizes: 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, ...
Resampling results across tuning parameters:
```

usekernel	Accuracy	Kappa
FALSE	0.7310714	0.4613442
TRUE	0.6803452	0.3705769

Tuning parameter 'laplace' was held constant at a value of 0

Tuning

parameter 'adjust' was held constant at a value of 1
Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
The final values used for the model were laplace = 0, usekernel = FALSE
and adjust = 1.

NB benefit

Confusion Matrix and Statistics

	Actual class	
Predicted class	high	medium
high	1912	757
medium	588	1582

Accuracy : 0.7221
95% CI : (0.7092, 0.7346)
No Information Rate : 0.5166
P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16

NB benefit predict

L2 Regularized Support Vector Machine (dual) with Linear Kernel

19356 samples

505 predictor

2 classes: 'high', 'medium'

No pre-processing

Resampling: Bootstrapped (25 reps)

Summary of sample sizes: 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, ...

Resampling results across tuning parameters:

cost	Loss	Accuracy	Kappa
0.25	L1	0.7656750	0.5298202
0.25	L2	0.7665210	0.5316692
0.50	L1	0.7669268	0.5324227
0.50	L2	0.7663409	0.5313085
1.00	L1	0.7672066	0.5330413
1.00	L2	0.7659929	0.5306153

Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
The final values used for the model were cost = 1 and Loss = L1.

SVM benefit

Confusion Matrix and Statistics

	Actual class	
Predicted class	high	medium
high	2009	629
medium	491	1710

Accuracy : 0.7685
95% CI : (0.7564, 0.7804)
No Information Rate : 0.5166
P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16

SVMLinear_benefit

The indicators for comparing models are the same with the previous problem. As we can see, SVM Linear is better than NB in both accuracy and how the bottle is classified. Now I'll try with POS Tagger

Here are the results when double the point for nouns:

Confusion Matrix and Statistics

	Actual class	
Predicted class	high	medium
high	2014	655
medium	486	1684

Accuracy : 0.7642
95% CI : (0.752, 0.7761)
No Information Rate : 0.5166
P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16

And here are the results when double the point for adjectives:
Confusion Matrix and Statistics

	Actual class	
Predicted class	high	medium
high	2055	686
medium	445	1653

Accuracy : 0.7663
95% CI : (0.7541, 0.7781)
No Information Rate : 0.5166
P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16

In this case, POS Tagger doesn't show any clear effect either with double the point for nouns or adjective. All indicator is more or less the same, or even worse. As I said before, the way of classifying here has mix everything.

And here is with 1-2gram model:

L2 Regularized Support Vector Machine (dual) with Linear Kernel

19356 samples
661 predictor
2 classes: 'high', 'medium'

No pre-processing

Resampling: Bootstrapped (25 reps)

Summary of sample sizes: 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, 19356, ...

Resampling results across tuning parameters:

cost	Loss	Accuracy	Kappa
0.25	L1	0.7586720	0.5151721
0.25	L2	0.7707692	0.5399092
0.50	L1	0.7665848	0.5312198
0.50	L2	0.7717997	0.5420806
1.00	L1	0.7701554	0.5386099
1.00	L2	0.7715528	0.5416235

Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
The final values used for the model were cost = 0.5 and Loss = L2.

Confusion Matrix and Statistics

	Actual class	
Predicted class	high	medium
high	2058	675
medium	442	1664

Accuracy : 0.7692
95% CI : (0.757, 0.781)
No Information Rate : 0.5166
P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16

Kappa : 0.5363
McNemar's Test P-Value : 3.876e-12

The results is more or less the same. In this case, 1-2gram doesn't improve the model.

Finally, I conclude that the final model for “high” - “medium” wine value classify is SVM linear with tf-idf, bag of words.

7. Further discussion

7.1 Suggestions for choosing wine

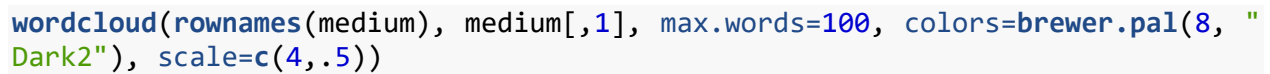
Because both problems is solve using SVMLinear model, which use vector based on tf-idf points. As a result, top points of each class should be the most influences of the class. In this section, I'll extract the top influences of each class and draw by word cloud.

Here are the results from the SVM Linear for “good” - “excellent” wine model: The first cloud is for excellent wine and the second one is for good wine. Noticed that the words is steamed.

```
wordcloud(rownames(excellent), excellent[,1], max.words=100, colors=brewer.pa  
l(8, "Dark2"), scale=c(4,.5))
```



```
wordcloud(rownames(good), good[,1], max.words=100, colors=brewer.pa  
l(8, "Dark2"), scale=c(4,.5))
```

Suggestions for choosing wine: Suggestions for choosing wine: “franc” (France) and “itali” (Italy) likely have more high-value bottle than medium. “spain” (Spain), “carbenet”, “appl” (apply), “pear”, “cherri” are words for high benefit. “valley”, “black”, “champagn” are considered when looking for a medium benefit wine.

7.2 Future work:

Here are some points that can improve from the project:

- Check again the SVM RBF kernel with a bigger data set and more powerful computer. In my experiments, SVM RBF is better than SVM Linear in most the cases.
- Improve the POS tagger function.
- Check again the result for 1-2gram with a bigger data set. I try with full data but my computer is crashed when train the model because DTM for full data is very heavy (we have a lot of terms)
- Take the advice from wine specialist to improve the model. In my opinion, we should fully understand the dataset before thinking about machine learning. In this case. Because my knowledge of wine is limited. I often don't clearly understand about a bottle after reading the description. It leads to the ideal for improving the model are limited.
- Split red wine and white wine. These types of wine are quite different in both ingredient and technique. Red wine takes 2/3 of data set while 1/4 is white wine (1/12 are others). But you must have some knowledge about wine when split the dataset because the type of wine is not provided, we only have variety like “white blend”, “pinot noir”, “portuguese red”, “riesling”..
- Improve the stop word list. Knowledge about wine is required.

8. Conclusion

The issues raised at the beginning are solved with positive results. We figure out that the description and other information printed in a bottle can bring us some idea about how good the bottle is or how high level of benefit it has. We also have some idea about how can we choose a satisfied bottle when reading the descriptions. In the NLP and ML aspect. SVM linear with 1-2gram is the best model for predicting the quality with 78.69% accuracy. For predicting the benefit of a bottle, SVM linear is an acceptable model, with accuracy 77.09%.

References

- [1] <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Vineyard>
- [2] https://fderyckel.github.io/2016-12-07-Texts_Classification_in_R/
- [3] <https://www.kaggle.com/carkar/classifying-wine-type-by-review>
- [4] <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/28764056/could-not-find-function-tagpos>
- [5] <https://machinelearningcoban.com/2017/04/09/smv/>
- [6] <https://machinelearningcoban.com/2017/04/22/kernelsmv/>

Appendix

Here is the code used in this project. POS tagger function is modify from [4]. For some models that require a long time for training, I run it independently and attach the pictures of results.

```
library(dplyr)
library(tm)
library(stringr)
library(NLP)
library(openNLP)
library(caret)
library(wordcloud)
library(RColorBrewer)
knitr::opts_chunk$set(echo = TRUE, warning=FALSE, message=FALSE, include=FALSE)
wine <- read.csv("C:/Users/Duong Minh Duc/Documents/GitHub/Text-Mining-Project/wine.csv")
head(wine)
boxplot(wine$points, main="Boxplot of points")
stopwords <- stopwords("english")
stopwords <- stopwords[!stopwords=="very"]
stopwords <- c("the", "and", "wine", stopwords)

stopwords
# Use for check the not available and duplicate data, but not necessary
wine <- na.omit(wine)
#wine[duplicated(wine),]

#Assign class
wine$quality <- wine$points > 88
wine$quality[wine$quality == TRUE] <- "excellent"
wine$quality[wine$quality == FALSE] <- "good"
wine$quality <- as.factor(wine$quality)
wine$value <- wine$points/log(wine$price)
wine$benefit <- wine$value > 27
wine$benefit[wine$benefit == TRUE] <- "high"
wine$benefit[wine$benefit == FALSE] <- "medium"
wine$benefit <- as.factor(wine$benefit)
wine$description <- paste(wine$description, wine$country, wine$designation, wine$province, wine$region_1, wine$region_2, wine$variety)
wine$description <- as.character(wine$description)

#Language convert
wine$description <- gsub("weissburgunder", "chardonnay", wine$description)
wine$description <- gsub("spatburgunder", "pinot noir", wine$description)
wine$description <- gsub("grauburgunder", "pinot gris", wine$description)

#Replace the Spanish garnacha with the french grenache
wine$description <- gsub("garnacha", "grenache", wine$description)
```

```

#Replace the Italian pinot nero with the french pinot noir
wine$description <- gsub("pinot nero", "pinot noir", wine$description)

#Replace the Portugues alvarinho with the spanish albarino
wine$description <- gsub("alvarinho", "albarino", wine$description)

#clean non ASCII
wine$description <- iconv(wine$description, from = "UTF-8", to = "ASCII", sub
= "")

#Split train test
n = dim(wine)[1]
set.seed(12345)

id2 = sample(1:n, floor(n*0.2))
wine_sample <- wine[id2,]
n2 = length(id2)
id_test = sample(1:n2, floor(n2*0.8))
train = wine_sample[id_test,]
test = wine_sample[-id_test,]

##clean function
clean <- function(text_vector)
{
  wine_corpus = VCorpus(VectorSource(text_vector))
  wine_corpus = tm_map(wine_corpus, removePunctuation)
  wine_corpus = tm_map(wine_corpus, content_transformer(tolower))
  wine_corpus = tm_map(wine_corpus, removeNumbers)
  wine_corpus = tm_map(wine_corpus, removeWords, stopwords )
  #wine_corpus = tm_map(wine_corpus, stripWhitespace)
  wine_corpus <- tm_map(wine_corpus, stemDocument)

  return(wine_corpus)
}

##create the train set
wine_train_set <- clean(train$description)

train$description[1]
wine_train_set[[1]]$content

train_dtm_tfidf <- DocumentTermMatrix(wine_train_set, control = list(weightin
g = weightTfIdf))
train_dtm_tfidf <- removeSparseTerms(train_dtm_tfidf, 0.99)

#create the test set

```

```

wine_test_set <- clean(test$description)
wine_test_set <- DocumentTermMatrix(wine_test_set, control = list(dictionary
= Terms(train_dtm_tfidf) ,weighting = weightTfIdf))

#create matrix for training
wine_train_set <- as.matrix(train_dtm_tfidf)
wine_test_set <- as.matrix(wine_test_set)
wine_test_set <- wine_test_set[,Terms(train_dtm_tfidf)]

#create the test result
wine_testing_result <- test$quality

wine_train_set[1,]
wine_test_set[1,]
#train model
train_nb_model <- train(x= wine_train_set, y=train$quality , method = 'naive_
bayes')

model_nb_result <- predict(train_nb_model, newdata = wine_test_set)
conf_nb_train <- table(model_nb_result, wine_testing_result)
names(dimnames(conf_nb_train)) <- c("Predicted class", "Actual class")

train_nb_model
confusionMatrix(conf_nb_train)
#Here is the SVM Linear kernel
train_svmLinear_model <- train(x= wine_train_set, y=train$quality , method =
'svmLinear3')

model_svmLinear_result <- predict(train_svmLinear_model, newdata = wine_test_
set)
conf_svmLinear_train <- table(model_svmLinear_result, wine_testing_result)
names(dimnames(conf_svmLinear_train)) <- c("Predicted class", "Actual class")

train_svmLinear_model
confusionMatrix(conf_svmLinear_train)
# #Here is the SVM RBF kernel
# # Because the training time is long. I'll not run this code and only attac
h images of the previous run.
# train_svmRBF_model <- train(x= wine_train_set, y=train$quality , method = '
svmRadial')
# train_svmRBF_model
# model_svmRBF_result <- predict(train_svmRBF_model, newdata = wine_test_set)
#
# conf_svmRBF_train <- table(model_svmRBF_result, wine_testing_result)
# names(dimnames(conf_svmRBF_train)) <- c("Predicted class", "Actual class")
# confusionMatrix(conf_svmRBF_train)
NLP_tokenizer <- function(x) {
  unlist(lapply(ngrams(words(x), 2:2), paste, collapse = "_"), use.names = FA
LSE)

```

```

}

wine_train_set <- clean(train$description)

train_dtm_tfidf <- DocumentTermMatrix(wine_train_set, control = list(weightin
g = weightTfIdf, tokenize=NLP_tokenizer))
train_dtm_tfidf <- removeSparseTerms(train_dtm_tfidf, 0.99)

#create the test set
wine_test_set <- clean(test$description)
wine_test_set <- DocumentTermMatrix(wine_test_set, control = list(dictionary
= Terms(train_dtm_tfidf) ,weighting = weightTfIdf, tokenize=NLP_tokenizer))

#create matrix for training
wine_train_set <- as.matrix(train_dtm_tfidf)
wine_test_set <- as.matrix(wine_test_set)
wine_test_set <- wine_test_set[,Terms(train_dtm_tfidf)]
#create the test result
wine_testing_result <- test$quality

wine_train_set[1,]
train_svmLinear_model <- train(x= wine_train_set, y=train$quality , method =
'svmLinear3')

model_svmLinear_result <- predict(train_svmLinear_model, newdata = wine_test_
set)
conf_svmLinear_train <- table(model_svmLinear_result, wine_testing_result)
names(dimnames(conf_svmLinear_train)) <- c("Predicted class", "Actual class")
train_svmLinear_model
confusionMatrix(conf_svmLinear_train)
NLP_tokenizer <- function(x) {
  unlist(lapply(ngrams(words(x), 1:2), paste, collapse = "_"), use.names = FA
LSE)
}

wine_train_set <- clean(train$description)

train_dtm_tfidf <- DocumentTermMatrix(wine_train_set, control = list(weightin
g = weightTfIdf, tokenize=NLP_tokenizer))
train_dtm_tfidf <- removeSparseTerms(train_dtm_tfidf, 0.99)

#create the test set
wine_test_set <- clean(test$description)
wine_test_set <- DocumentTermMatrix(wine_test_set, control = list(dictionary
= Terms(train_dtm_tfidf) ,weighting = weightTfIdf, tokenize=NLP_tokenizer))

```

```

#create matrix for training
wine_train_set_ngram <- as.matrix(train_dtm_tfidf)
wine_test_set <- as.matrix(wine_test_set)
wine_test_set_ngram <- wine_test_set[,Terms(train_dtm_tfidf)]
#create the test result
wine_testing_result_ngram <- test$quality

wine_train_set_ngram[1,]
train_svmLinear_model <- train(x= wine_train_set_ngram, y=train$quality , method = 'svmLinear3')

model_svmLinear_result <- predict(train_svmLinear_model, newdata = wine_test_set_ngram)

conf_svmLinear_train <- table(model_svmLinear_result, wine_testing_result_ngram)
names(dimnames(conf_svmLinear_train)) <- c("Predicted class", "Actual class")

train_svmLinear_model
confusionMatrix(conf_svmLinear_train)
#tagPos
tagPOS <- function(x, ...) {
  s <- as.String(x)
  word_token_annotator <- Maxent_Word-Token_Annotator()
  a2 <- Annotation(1L, "sentence", 1L, nchar(s))
  a2 <- NLP::annotate(s, word_token_annotator, a2)
  a3 <- NLP::annotate(s, Maxent_POS_Tag_Annotator(), a2)
  a3w <- a3[a3$type == "word"]
  POStags <- unlist(lapply(a3w$features, `[`, "POS"))
  POSTagged <- paste(sprintf("%s/%s", s[a3w], POSTags), collapse = " ")
  list(POSTagged = POSTagged, POSTags = POSTags)
}
wine_train_set <- clean(train$description)

train_dtm_tfidf <- DocumentTermMatrix(wine_train_set, control = list(weighting = weightTfIdf))
train_dtm_tfidf <- removeSparseTerms(train_dtm_tfidf, 0.99)

#create the test set
wine_test_set <- clean(test$description)
wine_test_set <- DocumentTermMatrix(wine_test_set, control = list(dictionary = Terms(train_dtm_tfidf) ,weighting = weightTfIdf))

#create matrix for training
wine_train_set <- as.matrix(train_dtm_tfidf)
wine_test_set <- as.matrix(wine_test_set)
wine_test_set <- wine_test_set[,Terms(train_dtm_tfidf)]
#create the test result

```

```

wine_testing_result <- test$quality

#extract nouns and adj
tag <- tagPOS(Terms(train_dtm_tfidf))
tag <- tag$POSTags
noun_id <- which( tag=="NN")
nouns <- colnames(wine_train_set)[noun_id]
adj_id <- which( tag=="JJ")
adj <- colnames(wine_train_set)[adj_id]

nouns

column_id <- c()

#multify for noun
for (i in 1:dim(wine_train_set)[2]) {
  check <- colnames(wine_train_set)[i] %in% nouns
  if(check)
  {
    column_id <- c(column_id, i)
  }
}

wine_train_set[,column_id] <- wine_train_set[,column_id]*2
wine_test_set[,column_id] <- wine_test_set[,column_id]*2

wine_train_set[1,]
train_svmLinear_model <- train(x= wine_train_set, y=train$quality , method =
'svmLinear3')

model_svmLinear_result <- predict(train_svmLinear_model, newdata = wine_test_
set)
conf_svmLinear_train <- table(model_svmLinear_result, wine_testing_result)
names(dimnames(conf_svmLinear_train)) <- c("Predicted class", "Actual class")

train_svmLinear_model
confusionMatrix(conf_svmLinear_train)
adj

#remove double point for nouns
wine_train_set[,column_id] <- wine_train_set[,column_id]/2
wine_test_set[,column_id] <- wine_test_set[,column_id]/2

#multify for adj
column_id <- c()
for (i in 1:dim(wine_train_set)[2]) {
  check <- colnames(wine_train_set)[i] %in% adj
  if(check)
  {

```



```

        column_id <- c(column_id, i)
    }
}

wine_train_set[,column_id] <- wine_train_set[,column_id]*2
wine_test_set[,column_id] <- wine_test_set[,column_id]*2

train_svmLinear_model <- train(x= wine_train_set, y=train$quality , method =
'svmLinear3')

model_svmLinear_result <- predict(train_svmLinear_model, newdata = wine_test_
set)
conf_svmLinear_train <- table(model_svmLinear_result, wine_testing_result)
names(dimnames(conf_svmLinear_train)) <- c("Predicted class", "Actual class")

train_svmLinear_model
confusionMatrix(conf_svmLinear_train)
ggplot(subset(wine, price <= 100),
  aes(x = price, y = points)) +
  geom_point(alpha = 0.3, position = position_jitter()) +
  stat_smooth(method = "lm", size =2) +
  labs(title = 'Price vs Point for Wines 100$ and under') +
  theme_bw()
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
boxplot(wine$price, main = "Box plot of the price")
boxplot(log(wine$price), main = " Box plot of log(price)")
boxplot(wine$value, main = "Value of the price")
good<- which(train$quality=="good")
good <- wine_train_set_ngram[good,]
good = data.frame(sort(colSums(good), decreasing=TRUE))
excellent<- which(train$quality=="excellent")
excellent <- wine_train_set_ngram[excellent,]
excellent = data.frame(sort(colSums(excellent), decreasing=TRUE))

wordcloud(rownames(excellent), excellent[,1], max.words=100, colors=brewer.pa
l(8, "Dark2"), scale=c(4,.5))

wordcloud(rownames(good), good[,1], max.words=100, colors=brewer.pal(8, "Dark
2"), scale=c(4,.5))
#remove double points for adj
wine_train_set[,column_id] <- wine_train_set[,column_id]/2
wine_test_set[,column_id] <- wine_test_set[,column_id]/2

high<- which(train$benefit=="high")
high <- wine_train_set[high,]
medium<- which(train$benefit=="medium")
medium <- wine_train_set[medium,]

high = data.frame(sort(colSums(high), decreasing=TRUE))

```

```
medium = data.frame(sort(colSums(medium), decreasing=TRUE))

wordcloud(rownames(high), high[,1], max.words=100, colors=brewer.pal(8, "Dark2"), scale=c(4,.5))

wordcloud(rownames(medium), medium[,1], max.words=100, colors=brewer.pal(8, "Dark2"), scale=c(4,.5))
```