

# MixColumns Transformation in AES

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# Introduction

- ▶ AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) uses a MixColumns transformation.
- ▶ Operates in  $GF(2^8)$  using the irreducible polynomial  $x^8 + x^4 + x^3 + x + 1$ .
- ▶ Strengthens diffusion in AES encryption.

# Given Matrices in AES

**MixColumns Matrix  $M$ :**

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

**Inverse MixColumns Matrix  $M^{-1}$ :**

$$M^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 14 & 11 & 13 & 9 \\ 9 & 14 & 11 & 13 \\ 13 & 9 & 14 & 11 \\ 11 & 13 & 9 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Polynomial Representation in $GF(2^8)$

## Element Representation in $GF(2^8)$ :

- ▶  $1 = 00000001_2 \rightarrow x^0$ ;
- ▶  $2 = 00000010_2 \rightarrow x$
- ▶  $3 = 00000011_2 \rightarrow x + 1$ ;
- ▶  $9 = 00001001_2 \rightarrow x^3 + 1$
- ▶  $11 = 00001011_2 \rightarrow x^3 + x + 1$
- ▶  $13 = 00001101_2 \rightarrow x^3 + x^2 + 1$
- ▶  $14 = 00001110_2 \rightarrow x^3 + x^2 + x$

**MixColumns Matrix  $M$  in Polynomial Form:**

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} x & x+1 & x^0 & x^0 \\ x^0 & x & x+1 & x^0 \\ x^0 & x^0 & x & x+1 \\ x+1 & x^0 & x^0 & x \end{bmatrix}$$

**Inverse MixColumns Matrix  $M^{-1}$  in Polynomial Form:**

$$M^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} x^3 + x^2 + x & x^3 + x + 1 & x^3 + x^2 + 1 & x^3 + 1 \\ x^3 + 1 & x^3 + x^2 + x & x^3 + x + 1 & x^3 + x^2 + 1 \\ x^3 + x^2 + 1 & x^3 + 1 & x^3 + x^2 + x & x^3 + x + 1 \\ x^3 + x + 1 & x^3 + x^2 + 1 & x^3 + 1 & x^3 + x^2 + x \end{bmatrix}$$

In  $GF(2^8)$ , calculations follow modular arithmetic using  $x^8 + x^4 + x^3 + x + 1$ .

Verification:  $M \cdot M^{-1}$

**Matrix Multiplication in  $GF(2^8)$ :**

$$(M \cdot M^{-1})_{ij} = \sum_{k=0}^3 M_{ik} \cdot M_{kj}^{-1} \mod (x^8 + x^4 + x^3 + x + 1)$$

Performing computations in  $GF(2^8)$ , we obtain:

$$M \cdot M^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

This confirms that  $M^{-1}$  is indeed the correct inverse of  $M$ .

# Conclusion

- ▶ MixColumns and its inverse enhance AES security through diffusion.
- ▶ Operations occur in  $GF(2^8)$  with modular arithmetic.
- ▶ Essential for both encryption and decryption phases.