• **Input:** Two *m*-tuples of inhomogeneous multivariate polynomials of degree 2

$$f = (f^{(1)}, \dots, f^{(m)}), \qquad p = (p^{(1)}, \dots, p^{(m)}) \in \mathbb{F}_q[x_1, \dots, x_n]^m.$$

- Question: Find if any  $S \in GL_n(\mathbb{F}_q)$  and  $T \in GL_m(\mathbb{F}_q)$  such that  $p = T \circ f \circ S$
- 1. The decision version of this problem is easy? Or not. I don't know yet.

## 1 Modelling

$$\begin{bmatrix} p^{1}(x) \\ p^{2}(x) \\ \vdots \\ p^{m}(x) \end{bmatrix} = T \begin{bmatrix} f^{1}(Sx) \\ f^{2}(Sx) \\ \vdots \\ f^{m}(Sx) \end{bmatrix}$$
(1)

giving

$$p^{i}(x) = \sum_{i=1}^{m} t_{ij} f^{j}(Sx) = \sum_{i=1}^{m} t_{ij} (x^{T} S^{T} A Sx + B Sx + C)$$
 (2)