

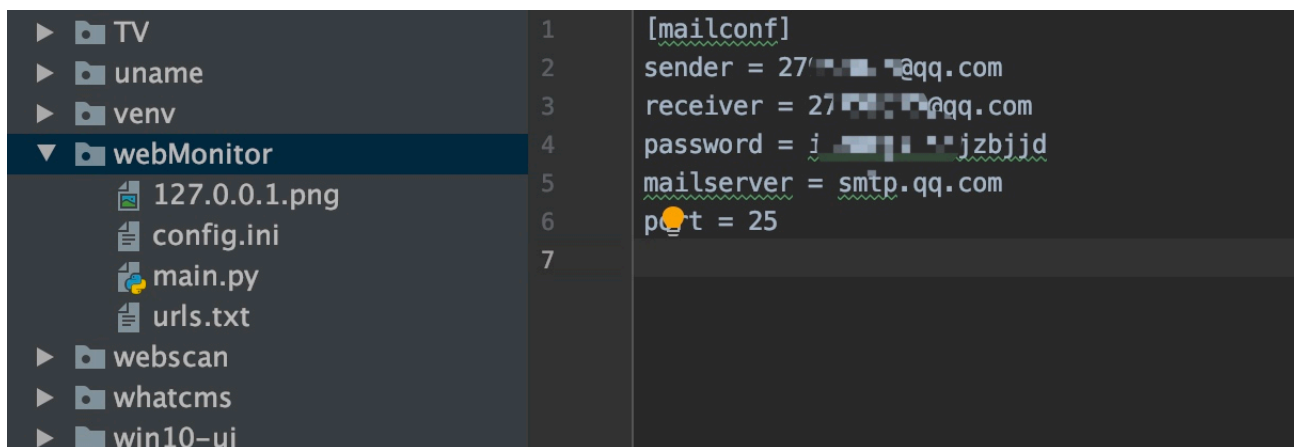
# 网站监控脚本使用说明

实现原理：

对比页面返回hash值

## step1 邮件服务配置

在程序同级目录下的config.ini里修改配置。



值得一提的是这个密码并非qq密码，详情参考：

<https://jingyan.baidu.com/article/425e69e61e9178be15fc168a.html>

## step2 修改监测频率

打开脚本main.py,修改第152行中的sleep的值,这里的时间单位是秒,如300即为每5分钟检查一遍。

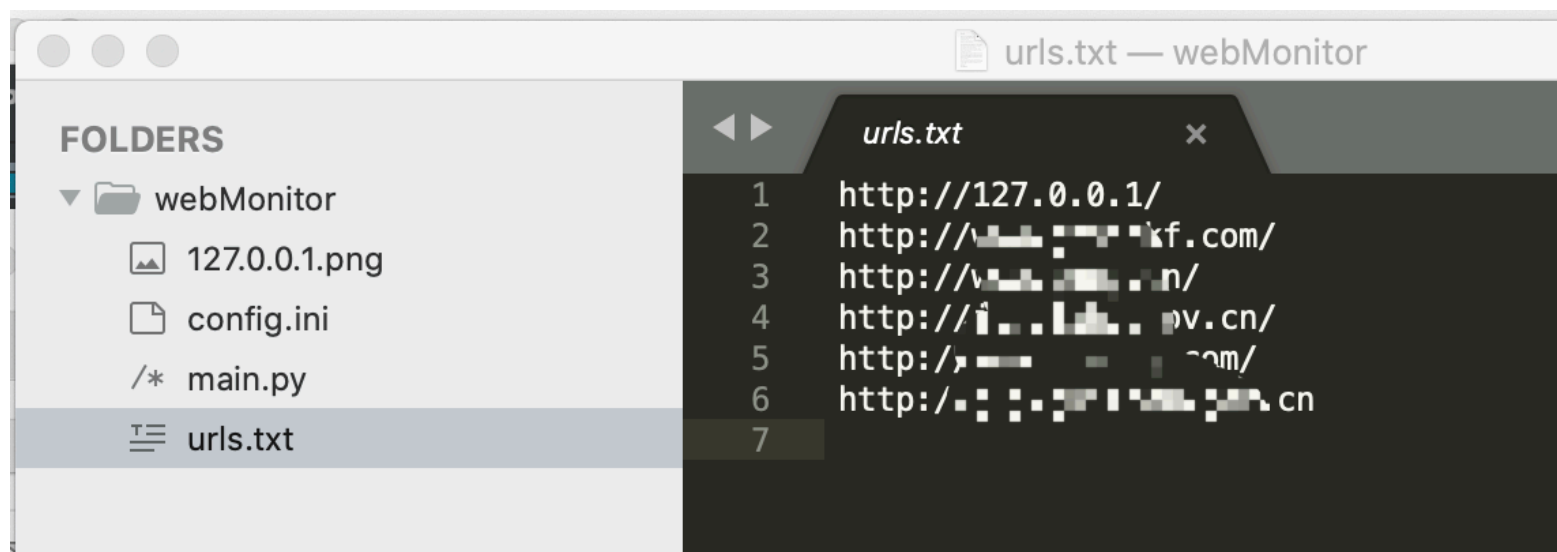
```
100     return initHash.nextdigest()
101
102
103 if __name__ == '__main__':
104     hashDict = {}
105
106     for url in open('urls.txt'):
107         url = url.replace('\n', '').replace('\r', '')
108         # print(url)
109         initHash = init(url)
110         # print('[+] %a init hash is %s ' % url % initHash)
111
112         print(time.strftime('%H:%M:%S') + ' {} init hash is {}'.format(url, initHash))
113
114         hashDict[url] = initHash
115
116     # print(hashDict)
117
118     conf = configparser.ConfigParser()
119
120     try:
121
122         conf.read("config.ini")
123         sender = conf.get("mailconf", "sender")
124         receiver = conf.get("mailconf", "receiver")
125         password = conf.get("mailconf", "password")
126         mailserver = conf.get("mailconf", "mailserver")
127         port = int(conf.get("mailconf", "port"))
128
129         print(time.strftime('%H:%M:%S') + " Config file load success...")
130     except:
131         print(time.strftime('%H:%M:%S') + " Config file load error...")
132
133     testMail = input('[+]send a test email? (y/n):')
134     if testMail == 'y':
135         sub = '测试邮件-已开始监控 %s 等站点的内容' % url
136         sendMail(sender, receiver, password, mailserver, port, url, sub)
137
138     print(time.strftime('%H:%M:%S') + ' script is running...')
139
140     while True:
141         for url in open('urls.txt'):
142             url = url.replace('\n', '').replace('\r', '')
143             lastHash = getLastHash(url)
144             initHash = hashDict[url]
145             if lastHash != initHash:
146                 print(time.strftime('%H:%M:%S') + ' Webpage was modified')
147                 sub = '站点 %s 的内容已被修改.' % url
148                 print(sub)
149                 sendMail(sender, receiver, password, mailserver, port, url, sub)
150                 time.sleep(3)
151                 # lastHash = getLastHash(url)
152                 # if lastHash != initHash:
153                 #     print('[!]Webpage was modified')
154                 #     sub = '站点 %s 的内容已被修改.' % url
155                 #     sendMail(sender, receiver, password, mailserver, port, url, sub)
156                 #     time.sleep(5)
```

### step3 导入站点

打开urls.txt,并严格按照如下格式粘贴站点列表。

```
http://test.com/  
https://127.0.0.1/
```

如:

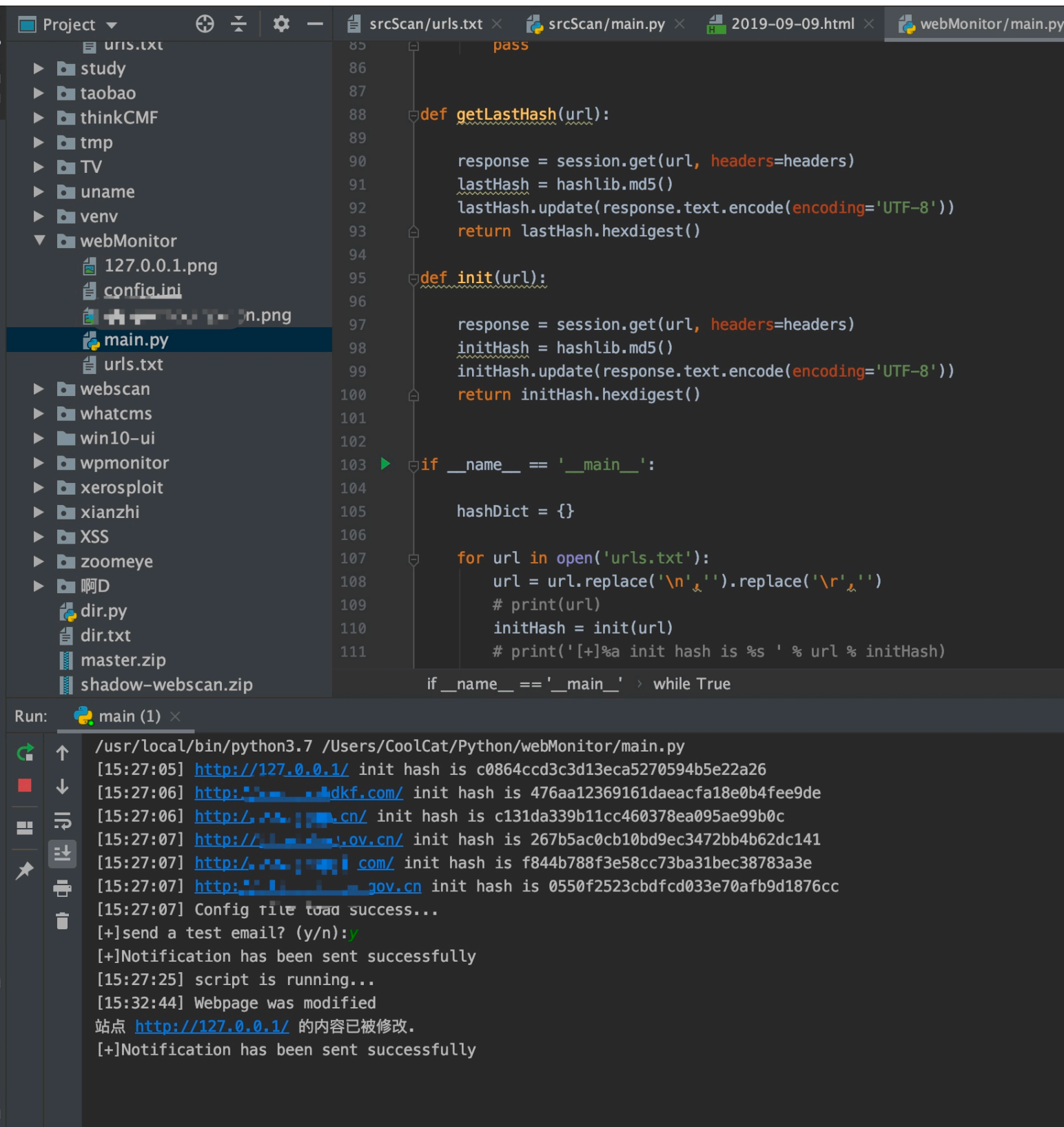


## step4 运行脚本

命令:

```
python3 main.py
```

效果:



« 返回 回复 回复全部 转发 删除 彻底删除 举报 拒收 标记为... 移动到...

上一封 下一封

站点 <http://127.0.0.1/> 的内容已被修改. ☆

发件人: 新闻联播 <[REDACTED]75@qq.com> 

时间: 2019年9月9日(星期一) 下午3:32

收件人: 新闻联播 <[REDACTED]75@qq.com>

纯文本 |   

监测到站点内容已被修改, 请人工核查是否为非法篡改, 截图如下:

```
<?php
error_reporting(0);
class [REDACTED]
{
    protected [REDACTED]
    function [REDACTED]([REDACTED])
    {
        $this->[REDACTED]([REDACTED]);
    }

    function __toString()
    {
        return [REDACTED]([REDACTED]);
    }

    function [REDACTED]([REDACTED])
    {
        echo $this;
    }
}

[REDACTED]([REDACTED])
[REDACTED]([REDACTED])
```