

Lab 3 – Routing and switching

Objective:

The goal of this lab is to set up a network between different machines and learn how to perform the necessary network configurations.

We will focus on the following:

- IP addressing configuration on Linux and Windows machines;
- Discovering network commands and configuration files;
- Learning about ARP and ICMP protocols;
- Using Linux sniffer tools like tcpdump and Wireshark.

Instructions:

- No need for report for this lab.

Exercise 1

Having acquired the following IPv4 address range: **208.10.3.0/24**, a web hosting company wants to create **data centers of 25 servers each**.

- (a) How many subnets will result?
- (b) What is the new prefix and subnet mask?
- (c) What are the IP addresses of the first and last subnets?

Exercise 2

A multinational company plans to create **120 subnets around the world** using the following IP address range: **172.32.0.0/20**.

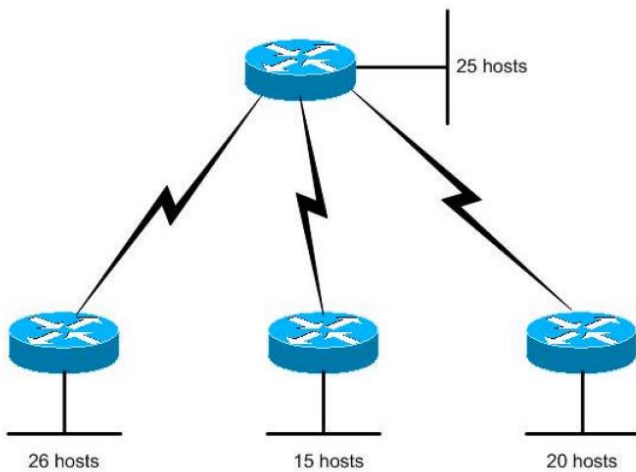
- (a) How many hosts can each subnet have?
- (b) Calculate the addresses of the first three subnets.
- (c) Calculate the broadcast addresses of the first three subnets.
- (d) Give the range of IP addresses that can be assigned to hosts in the first three subnets.

Exercise 3

- (a) A router interface has the IP address **172.16.192.166** with subnet mask **255.255.255.248**. To which subnet does this IP address belong?
- (b) What is the network address of the host **172.25.67.99 /23**?

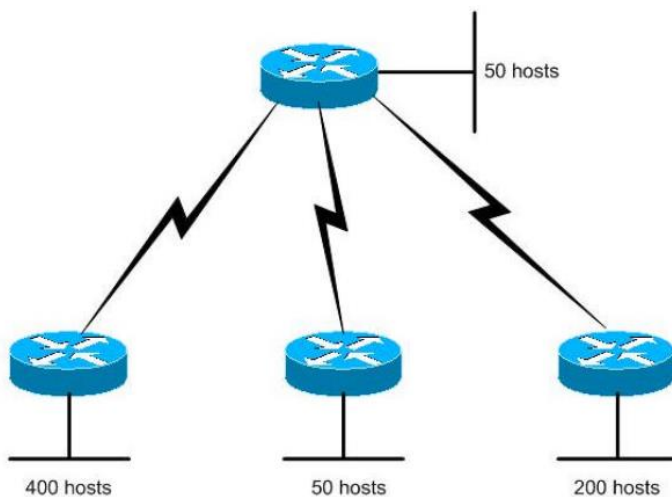
Exercise 4

The address **192.168.15.0 /24** is assigned and must support the network shown in the diagram. Create an addressing scheme that meets the requirements of the diagram



Exercise 5

The address **192.168.24.0 /22** is assigned and must support the network shown in the diagram. Create an addressing scheme that meets the requirements of the diagram.



- Lab 1 : Routing and switching
- Lecturer : Prof. Oumaima FADI
- T.A: Prof. Abdoulghaniyu HARAZEEM