Started on	Friday, October 11, 2024, 4:52 PM
State	Finished
	Friday, October 11, 2024, 4:57 PM
	4 mins 54 secs
Grade	90.00 out of 100.00
Question 1	
Correct	
10.00 points out of 10.00	
LVA/D:	
LWP is	
Select one:	
a. placed bet	ween system and kernel threads
b. short for lig	ghtweight processor
c. placed bet	ween user and kernel threads ✔
•	n systems implementing one-to-one multithreading models
d. common i	in systems implementing one to one maintineading models
Your answer is corre	ect.
The correct answer	is: placed between user and kernel threads
Question 2	
Correct 10.00 points out of 10.00	
10.00 points out of 10.00	
The model ma	ps many user-level threads to one kernel thread.
Select one:	
a. many-to-o	ne ✔
◯ b. many-to-m	nany
c. one-to-one	
d. two-level	
u. two-ievei	
Your answer is corre	ect.
The correct answer	is: many-to-one

1/24, 7:30 PM	Quiz-Ch04: Attempt review Moodle
Question 3	
Correct	
10.00 points out of 10.00	
is not considered a challenge when designing applications for	or multicore systems.
Select one:	
a. Identifying data dependencies between tasks	
 b. Determining if data can be separated so that it is accessed 	d on separate cores
lacksquare c. Ensuring there is a sufficient number of cores $lacksquare$	
 d. Deciding which activities can be run in parallel 	
Your answer is correct.	
The correct answer is: Ensuring there is a sufficient number of cor	es
Question 4	
Correct	
10.00 points out of 10.00	
Windows uses the	
Select one:	
a. one-to many-model	
b. one-to-one model ✓	
c. many-to-one model	
od. many-to-many model	
Your answer is correct.	

The correct answer is: one-to-one model

PM Quiz-Ch04: Attempt review Moodle	
out of 10.00	
f the following statements regarding threads is false?	
ne:	
The start() method actually creates a thread in the Java virtual machine.	
Both Pthreads and Win32 threads share global data.	
The Java method join() provides similar functionality as the WaitForSingleObject in Win32	
Sharing is automatically provided in Java threads. ✔	
swer is correct.	
rect answer is: Sharing is automatically provided in Java threads.	
out of 10.00	
ation points are associated with cancellation.	
ne:	
deferred ✓	
synchronous	
asynchronous	
non-deferred	
swer is correct.	
rect answer is: deferred	
	of the following statements regarding threads is false? one: The start() method actually creates a thread in the Java virtual machine. Both Pthreads and Win32 threads share global data. The Java method join() provides similar functionality as the WaitForSingleObject in Win32 Sharing is automatically provided in Java threads. swer is correct. rect answer is: Sharing is automatically provided in Java threads. sout of 10.00 ation points are associated with cancellation. one: deferred synchronous asynchronous non-deferred swer is correct.

11/24, 7:30 P	M Quiz-Ch04: Attempt review Moodle
Question 7	
Correct	
10.00 points or	ut of 10.00
Thread-lo	cal storage is data that
Select one	r.
○ a. is	not associated with any process
Ob. is	generated by the thread independent of the thread's process
c. i	s unique to each thread 🗸
O d. h	as been modified by the thread, but not yet updated to the parent process
Your answ	er is correct.
	ct answer is: is unique to each thread
THE COITE	at answer is. Is an ique to each affect
Question 8 Correct	
10.00 points or	rt of 10.00
10.00 points of	
According cores?	to Amdahl's Law, what is the speedup gain for an application that is 60% parallel and we run it on a machine with 4 processing
Select one	
○ a5	55
O b7	
O c. 1	43
d. 1	82 🗸

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 1.82

Question 9
Incorrect
0.00 points out of 10.00
Each thread has its own register set and stack.
Select one:
○ True
□ False ★
The correct answer is 'True'.
Question 10
Correct
10.00 points out of 10.00
The single benefit of a thread pool is to control the number of threads.
Select one:
○ True
□ False ✓
The correct answer is 'False'.
■ Lab-C2
Jump to

Slides-Ch07 ►