Other ways of talking about the future

A

- be about to + infinitive
- be on the verge of ... / brink of ... / point of ... (+ -ing) or NOUN
 - People **are on the verge of** starvation as the drought continues.
- be due to (+ infinitive)
- be sure / bound to (+ infinitive)
 - The company's chief executive **is due to** retire next year, but following today's announcement of further losses she **is sure to** be asked to leave sooner.
- be set to (+ infinitive)
 - Her new film **is set to** be a great success.

B

- some verbs + to-infinitive
 - We **guarantee to refund** your money if you are dissatisfied with the computer.
- present simple + to-infinitive or present continuous + to-infinitive
 - I aim to get to Bangkok by the end of June.
 - I*'m aiming to get* to Bangkok by the end of June.

(aim, agree, expect, hope, intend, mean, plan, promise, propose, resolve, undertake, want)

- be looking + to-infinitive
 - We*'re looking to create* 3,000 jobs in the city over the nex year.

C

- verbs in A and B are used with past tense forms
 - The new management had been looking to create 20 new jobs.

D

- shall (I, we), shan't
- will, won't

The future seen from the (future in the past)

TODO

Can, could, be able to and be allowed to

\mathbf{B}

- · can, could, be able to
 - If we talk about a single achivement, rather than a general ability in the past, we usually use **be able to** rather then **could**
 - Sophie **could** play the flute quite well.
 - She swam strongly and **was able to** cross the river easily, even though it was swollen by the heavy rain.
 - could is more natural than be able to
 - in negative sentences
 - with verbs of senses: feel, hear, see, smell, taste.
 - with verbs of'thinking': believe, decide, remember, understand

C

- Can and could: possibility
 - theoretircal possibility ⇒ could
 - ∘ if sonething is possible and actually happens ⇒ can
 - It could/can be expensive to keep a cat.
 - if something is theoretically or actually impossible ⇒ can't (not couldn't)
 - The doctor can't see you this morning.

D

- can == very real possibility
- could == is less likely

E

- to talk about permission for one particular past action, we use was / were allowed to, but not could
 - Anyone could fish in the lake.
 - · Although he didn't have a ticket, Ned was allowed to come in.
- In negative we can use couldn't or wasn't / weren't allowed to

Verbs types

- Main verb
- Axilary verb
- Linking verb