SENECA COLLEGE OF APPLIED ARTS AND TECHNOLOGY

SCHOOL OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY - SY

Test #1 EXAMINATION (A)

SEMESTER	SUBJECT NAME	SUBJECT CODE		
Summer 2019	Introduction to Programming Using C		IPC144	
	NAME:			
	STUDENT NUMBER:			
	SECTION:			
TIME ALLOWED:	1.0 Hour (60 min.)			
QUESTIONS:				
Part A	Explain Concepts	9	Marks	
Part B	Complete the Code	21	Marks	
Part C	Walkthrough	10	Marks	
	TOTAL MARKS	40		
PROFESSOR:	Shi, Yue (Sunny)			

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. A reference sheet is permitted and must be submitted with the test, $1-8 \frac{1}{2} \times 11$, white, 2 sided, printed from a computer-generated document, name and student ID on both sides
- 2. Write your answers in the spaces provided
- 3. A non-scientific calculator, you are not permitted to use your cell phone

This test includes a *cover page*, plus 4 pages of *questions*.

SENECA'S ACADEMIC INTEGRITY POLICY

As a Seneca student, you must conduct yourself in an honest and trustworthy manner in all aspects of your academic career. A dishonest attempt to obtain an academic advantage is considered an offense, and will not be tolerated by the College.

Part A	A: Ex	plain	Concep	ts [9	marks
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(1)	Briefly describe the differences between all three iteration constructs.	[3 marks]
(2)	What is an array data structure?	[2 marks]
(3)	What is a <i>structure</i> type?	[2 marks]
(4)	Briefly explain why you may use the #define directive (e.g., #define SIZE 4).	[2 marks]

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Part B: Complete the code, referring to the comments and the sample run [21 marks]

```
//structCar.h
struct Car
{
       int year;
       double mile;
       char name[20];
};
//midterm struct.c
#define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
#include <stdio.h>
// including the above header file: structCar.h [1 mark]
#include "structCar.h"
#define SIZE 3
int main(void)
       int i, newCarNum, newCarYear, mostMileNum;
       double mostMile;
       struct Car carList[SIZE] = { {0,0.0, ""} };
       // set the year for car 1 as 2009
       carList[0].year = 2009;
       // set the mile for car 1 as 100000.5
       carList[0].mile = 100000.5;
       /* ask user to input the information for the rest cars, i.e., car 2 till car SIZE
(cars are counted from 1) */
       for (i = 1; i < SIZE; i++)</pre>
       {
              printf("Enter the year for car %d: ", i+1);
              scanf("%d", &carList[i].year);
              printf("Enter the mileage for car %d: ", i+1);
              scanf("%lf", &carList[i].mile);
       /* report the number of the newest car and the car with the most mileage (cars are
counted from 1). Refer to the sample run below. */
       newCarNum = 0;
       mostMileNum = 0;
       newCarYear = carList[0].year;
      mostMile = carList[0].mile;
       for (i = 0; i < SIZE; i++)
              if (carList[i].year > newCarYear && flag ==0)
                     newCarYear = carList[i].year;
                     newCarNum = i;
                     break;
                    // i = SIZE;
                    // flag =1;
             if (carList[i].mile > mostMile)
                     mostMile = carList[i].mile;
                     mostMileNum = i;
       } // for loop
       // referring to the sample run, display the newest car information
       printf("The newest car is car %d , year: %d.\n", newCarNum+1, newCarYear);
       // referring to the sample run, display the car with the most mileage, mileage in
2 decimals.
```

```
printf("The car with the most mileage is car %d , mileage: %.2lf km.\n",
mostMileNum+1, mostMile);

return 0;
}
```

Sample run:

Enter the year for car 2: 2008

Enter the mileage (km) for car 2: 300000.5

Enter the year for car 3: 2019

Enter the mileage (km) for car 3: 2308.3

The newest car is car 3, year: 2019.

The car with the most mileage is car 2, mileage: 300000.50 km.

Part C: Walkthrough [10 marks]

```
What is the output (printed to the screen) of the following code? Show your rough work.
//midterm_walkthrough.c
#include <stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
       int a;
       double b, c;
       a = 6;
       b = 0.7;
       int flag=0
       while (a < 10 && b < 3.0 && flag==0) {
               if (a < 8 ) {
                       a = a + 1;
                      b = b * 2;
c = a - b;
                       flag = 1;
               }
else {
                       a = a - 2;
                       b = b + 0.8;
               c = a - b;
               printf("%.21f-%d-%.21f\n", c, a, b);
       }
}
Output:
5.60-7-1.40
5.20-8-2.80
2.40-6-3.60
```