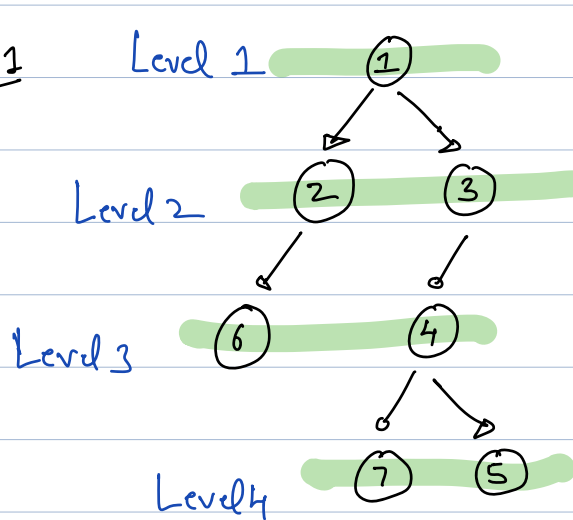


Level Order traversal [At the same level, traverse l-R]

Ex 1

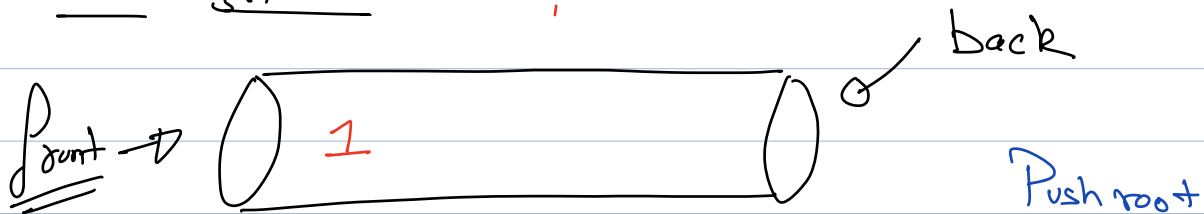


[[1],
[2, 3],
[6, 4],
[7, 5]]

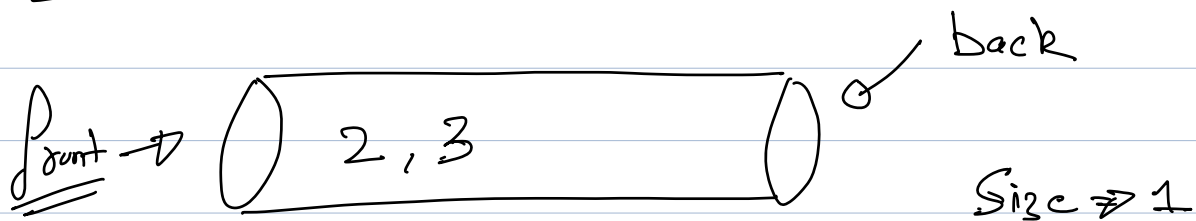
⇒ 1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 7, 5

1,

Initialization

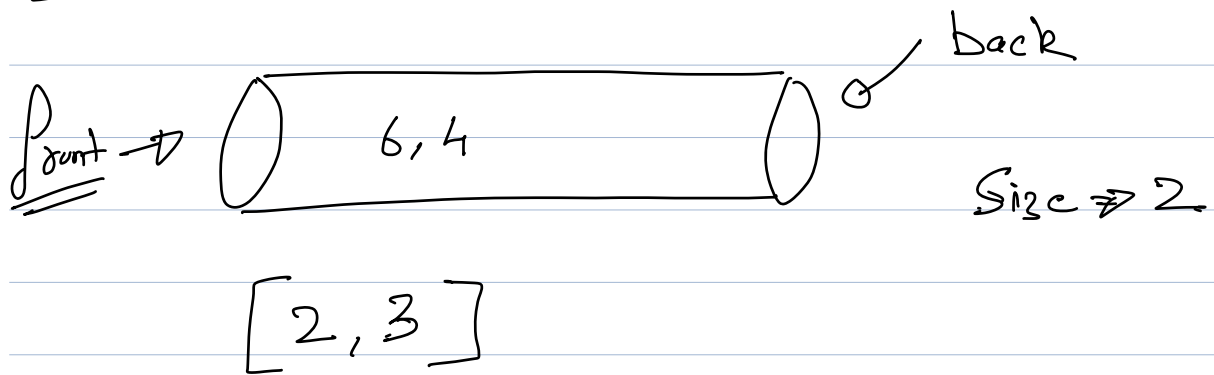


Level 1

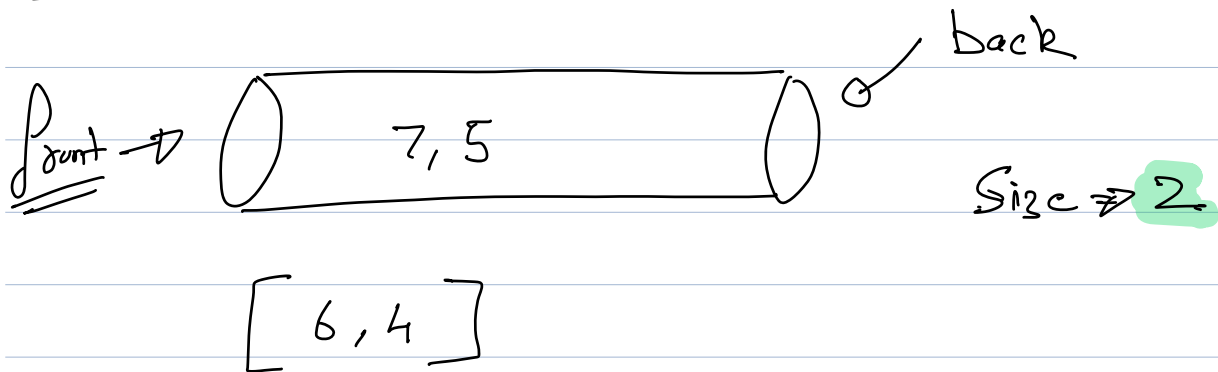


[1]

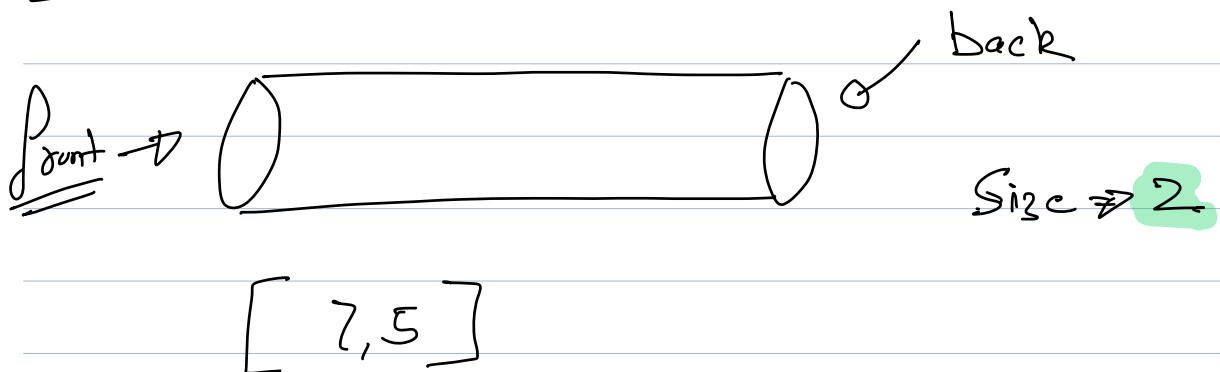
Level 2



Level 3



Level 4



Pseudo Code.

```
list < list < int > > ans;  
Queue < Node > q;  
q.push(root);
```

if (root == null)
return ans;

```
while (!q.empty()) {
```

```
    int size = q.size();  
    list < int > level-ans;
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {  
        Node n = q.front();
```

```
        q.pop();  
        level-ans.add(n.val);  
        if (n.left != null)  
            q.add(n.left);  
        if (n.right != null)  
            q.add(n.right);
```

TC: $O(n)$

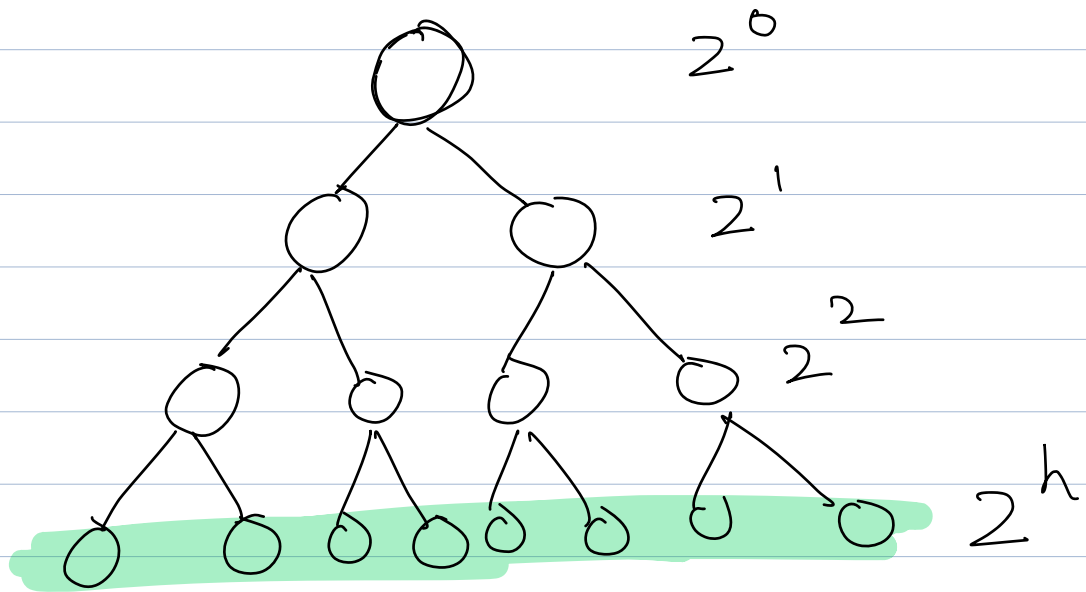
SC: $O(n)$

}

```
ans.add(level-ans);
```

return ans;

}



No of leaf nodes = 2^h

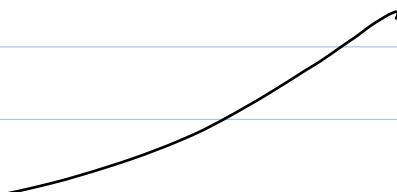
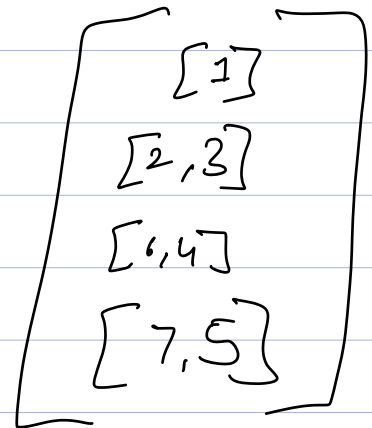
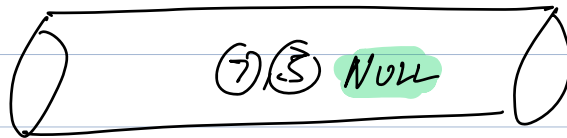
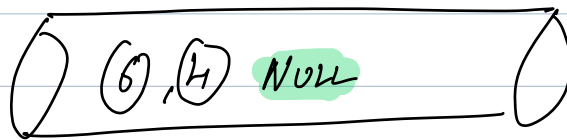
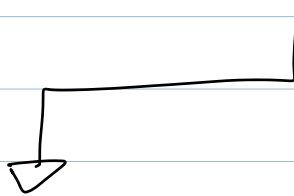
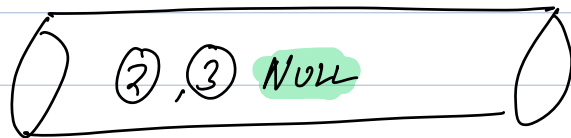
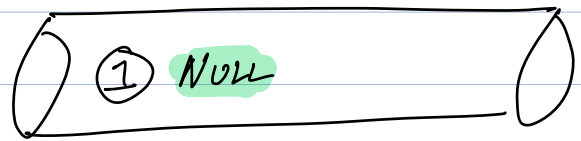
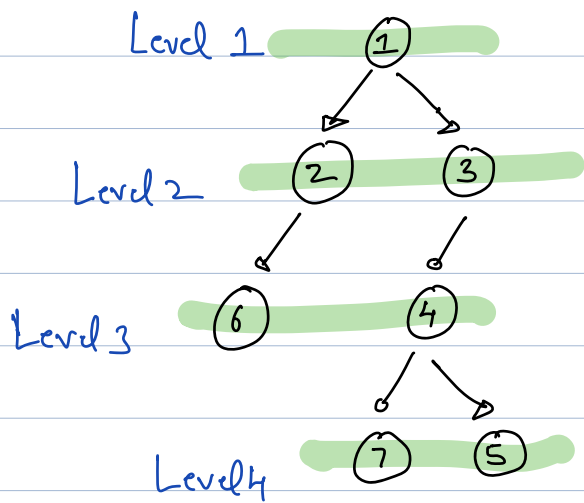
$$h \Rightarrow \log n.$$

$$h \Rightarrow \frac{\log n}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2^{\log_2 n}$$

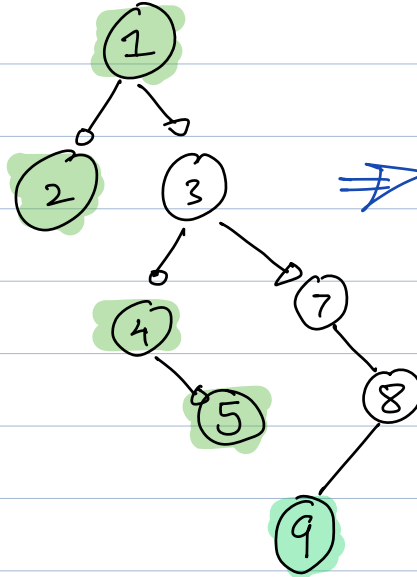
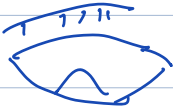
$$\Rightarrow (n)$$

$$2^{\log_2 n - 1} \Rightarrow \frac{2^{\log_2 n}}{2} \Rightarrow n/2$$



Q2 Print left view of a BT

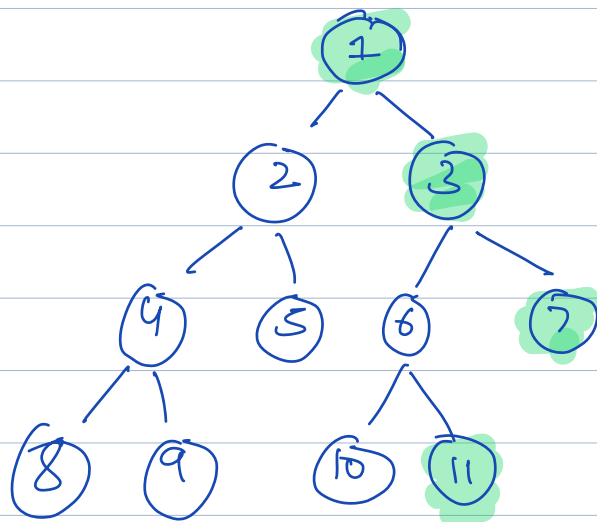
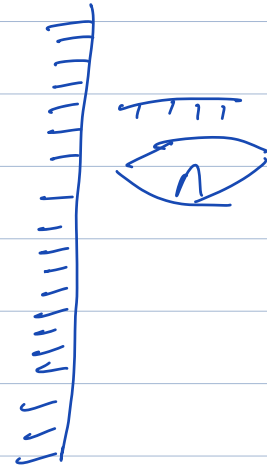
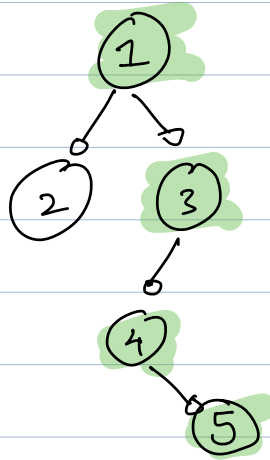
Ex



$\Rightarrow [1, 2, 4, 5, 9]$

Q2 Print right view of a BT

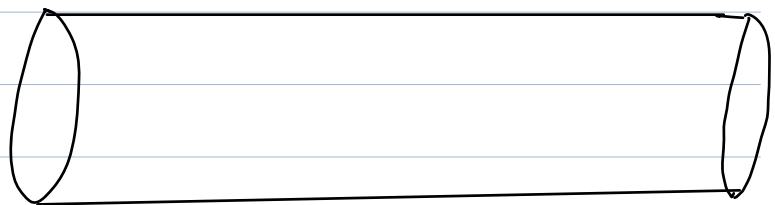
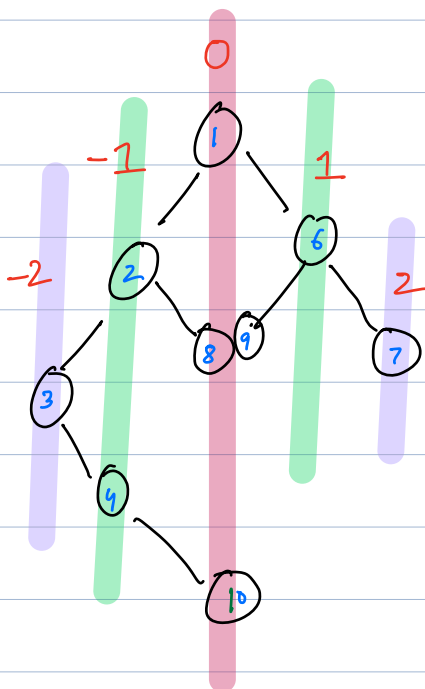
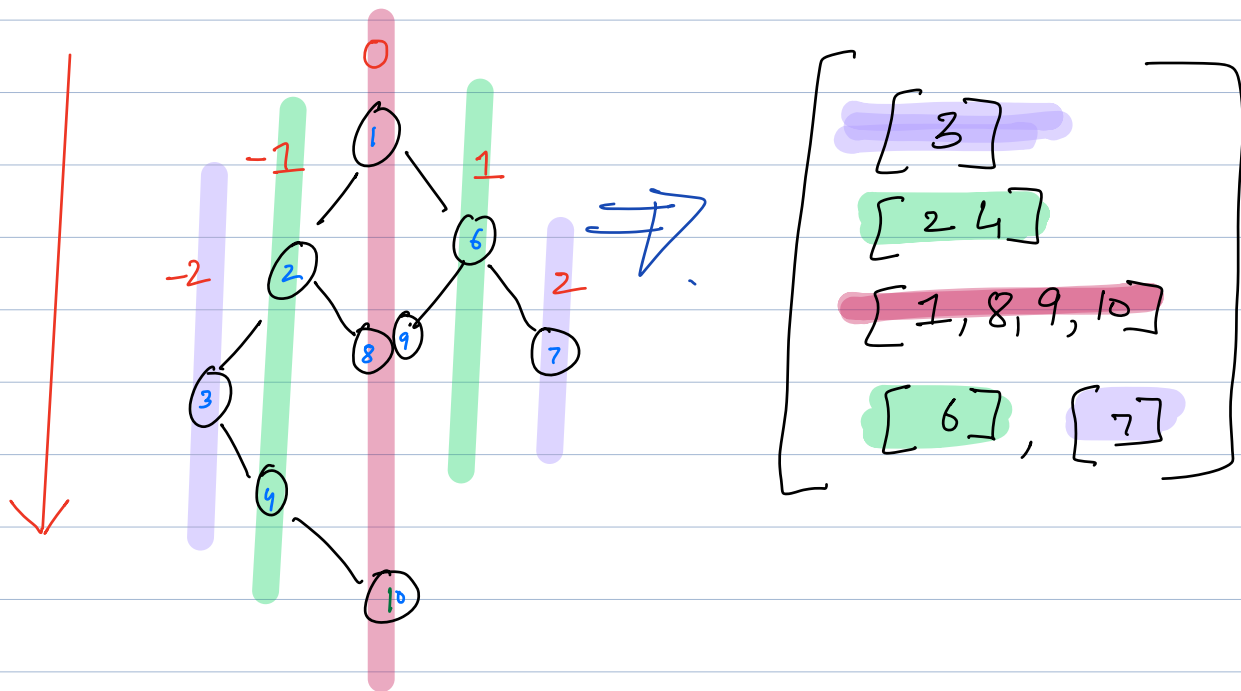
Ex



$\Rightarrow [1, 3, 7, 11]$

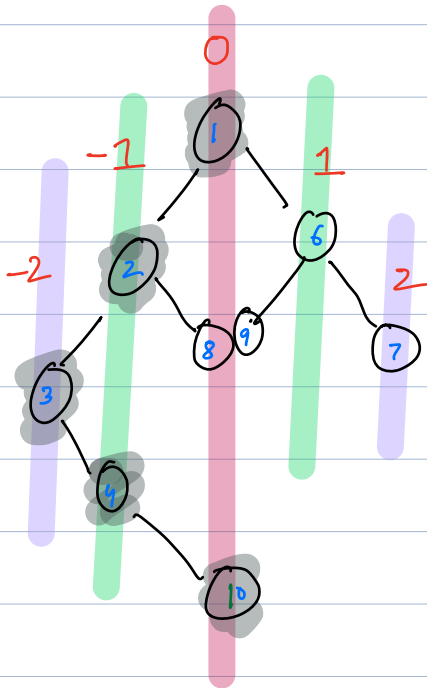
Level Order traversal (Right to left)

Vertical Order Traversal.



Preorder

$[0] \rightarrow [1, 8, 9, 10]$
 $[-1] \rightarrow [2, 4]$
 $[1] \rightarrow [6]$
 $[-2] \rightarrow [3]$
 $[2] \rightarrow [7]$



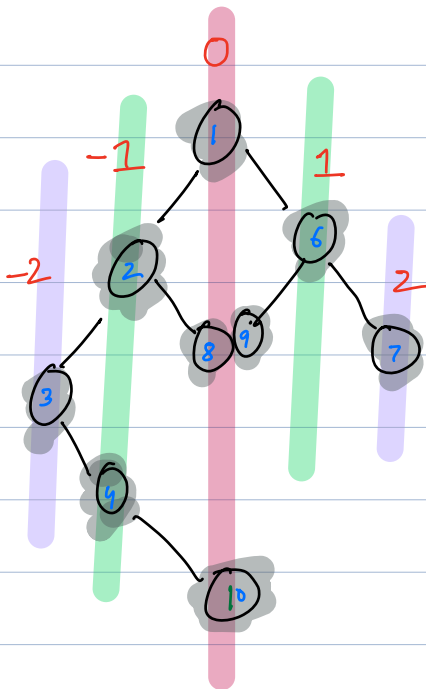
$0 \rightarrow 1, 10$

$-1 \rightarrow 2, 8$

$-2 \rightarrow 3$

Preorder doesn't
work !!

=====



Postorder

$\rightarrow 1, 9, 8, 10$

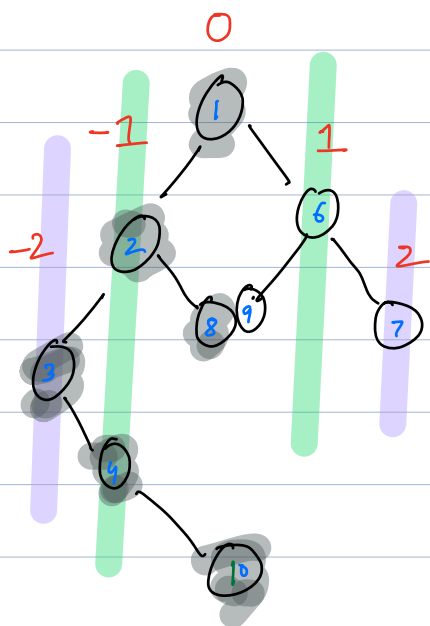
$0 \rightarrow 10, 8, 9, 1$

$-1 \rightarrow 4, 2$

$-2 \rightarrow 3$

$2 \rightarrow 7$

$1 \rightarrow 6$



\Rightarrow Left Root Right

$-2 \Rightarrow 3$

$-1 \Rightarrow 4, 2$

$0 \Rightarrow 10, 8 - 1$

Pseudo Code

list < list < int > > ans;

map < int, list < int > > mp; $\Rightarrow n$

Queue < pair < Node, int > > q; $\Rightarrow n$

q.push (root, 0);

int max-level \Rightarrow Integer.min;

int min-level \Rightarrow Integer.max;

while (!q.empty()) {

Pair p \Rightarrow q.front();

int level \Rightarrow p.second;

Node n \Rightarrow p.first;

q.pop();

if (mp.containsKey (level))

mp.get (level).add (n.val);

else

mp.insert (level, new list);

mp.get (level).add (n.val);

```
if (n.left != null) {  
    q.push (make_pair (n.left, level - 1));
```

```
}
```

```
if (n.right != null) {  
    q.push (make_pair (n.right, level + 1));
```

```
}
```

```
min_level  $\Rightarrow$  min (min_level, level);  
max_level  $\Rightarrow$  max (max_level, level);
```

```
}
```

```
for (int i = min_level; i  $\leq$  max_level; i++) {
```

```
    ans.add (mp.get(i));
```

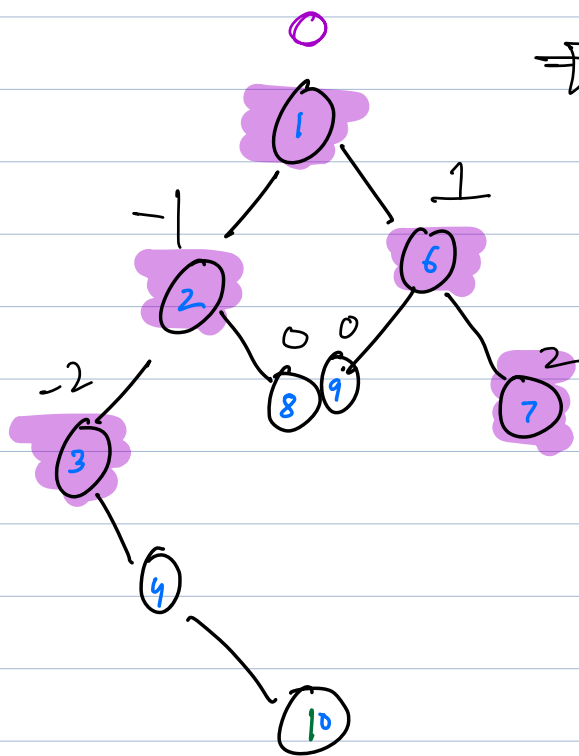
```
}
```

return ans;

Tc: $O(n)$

Sc: $O(n)$

Qy Point the top view of BT



$\Rightarrow [3, 2, 1, 6, 7]$