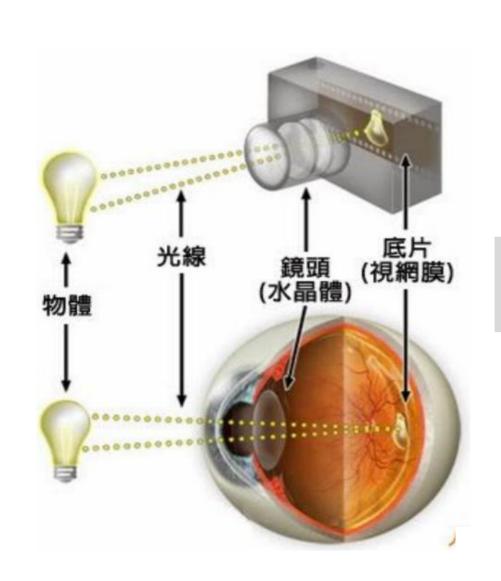
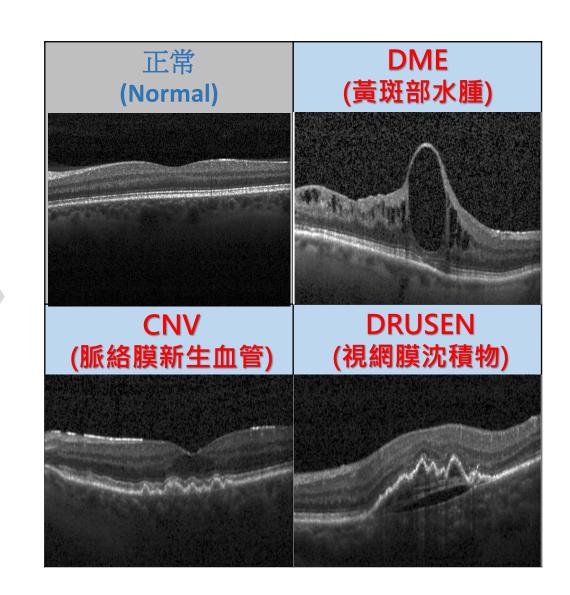


Detecting Retina Symptom 視網膜症狀檢測

視網膜介紹與症狀





視網膜檢測時有以下問題:



解題過程





- ✓ 分類
- ✓ 物件偵測
- ✓ Segmentation

7.結案報告

視網膜檢測攻堅思維

有沒有症狀?

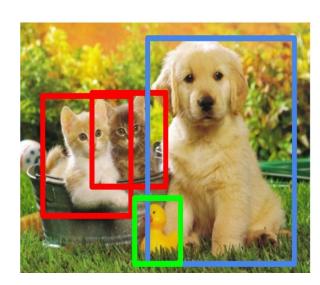
什麼症狀?

發生在那/多大?

物件歸類 Classification



物件偵測 Object Detection



語意分析 Instance Segmentation



本專案以電腦視覺三大方法做為主要攻堅計劃

執行AI專案注意事項

Tips:

- ✓ 資料拆成 Training / Dev / Test
- ✓ 注意 High Bias and High Variance
- ✓ 注意 Dev set and Test Set same distribution
- ✓ Error Analysis

✓ 資料拆成 TRAINING / DEV / TEST

Idea #1: Choose hyperparameters that work best on the data

train

BAD: Easy works perfectly on training data

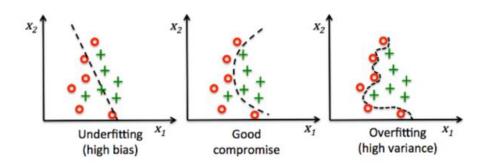
test

| Your Dataset | | | |
|---|------|--------------------------------|--|
| Idea #2: Split data into train and test, choose hyperparameters that work best on test data | | idea how algo rm on new dat | |
| train | | test | |
| Idea #3: Split data into train, val, and test; choose hyperparameters on val and evaluate on test | Bett | er! | |

validation

✓ 注意 HIGH BIAS AND HIGH VARIANCE

> 何謂 High Bias , High Variance



> Action of High Bias , High Variance Problems

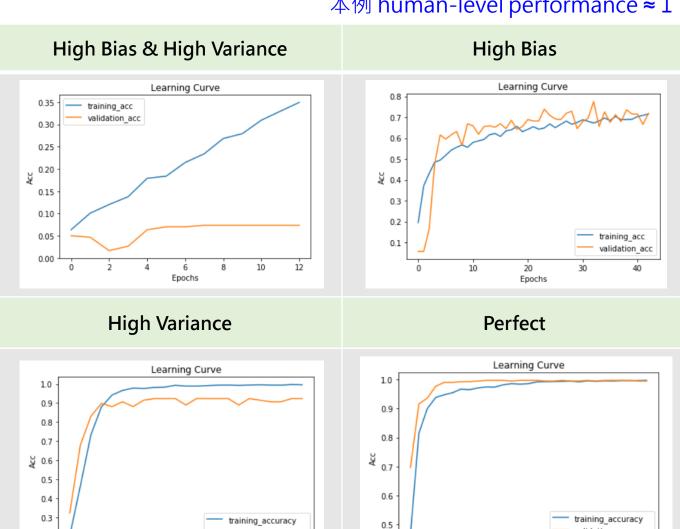
| High Bias | High Variance |
|--|---|
| 1. Train bigger model | 1. More data |
| 2. Train longer/better optimization algorithms3. NN architecture / hyperparameters search | 2. Regularization3. NN architecture / hyperparameters search |

參考資料: Coursera, Deep Learning, Structuring Machine Learning Projects, Andrew Ng

本例 human-level performance ≈ 1

validation accuracy

Epochs



validation accuracy

Epochs

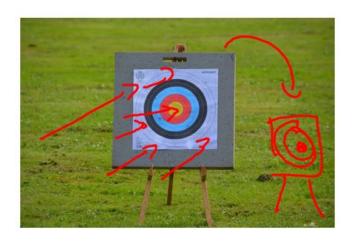
20

✓ 注意 DEV SET AND TEST SET SAME DISTRIBUTION

Regions:

- US
- UK
- Other Europe
- South America
- India
- China
- Other Asia
- Australia





Guideline:

Choose a <u>dev set</u> and <u>test set</u> to reflect data you expect to get in the future and consider important to do well on.

Same Distribution

✓ ERROR ANALYSIS

➤ 製作表格,針對分類錯誤的 Image 下 Comments

| Image | Dog | Great Cat | Blurry | Incorrectly labeled | Comments |
|-------|-----|-----------|--------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | | | | \checkmark | Labeler missed cat in background |
| 2 | | ✓ | | | |
| 3 | | | | \checkmark | Drawing of a cat; Not a real cat. |
| ••• | | | | | |



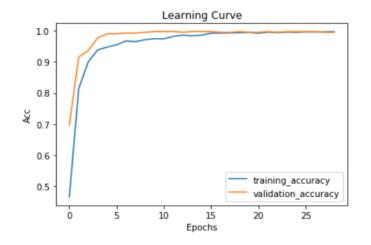
✓ 有了 Al Project Knowledge 後,開始實作

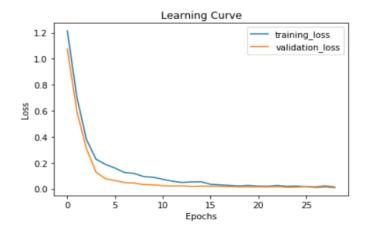
攻堅計劃一:影像分類判定症狀

Basic Information

| Method | | Transfer Learning | |
|--------------------|--------|---|--|
| Model | | Xception | |
| Llunarnaramatar | | Adam(lr=10e-6) | |
| Hyperparameter | epochs | 100 | |
| ImageDataGenerator | | rotation_range=10, width_shift_range=0.1, height_shift_range=0.1, shear_range=0.1, zoom_range=0.1, horizontal_flip=True, fill_mode='nearest') | |
| Earlystop | | val_loss 連續 5 epoch 無下降 | |
| Data | | CNV 605 DME 501 DRUSEN 580 Normal 517 | |
| Train_Test_Split | | 0.8/0.2 | |
| | | | |

Training/Validation Accuracy/Loss-Model 無 bias , variance 問題





錯誤分析: 模型預測 Validation Set 結果
 正常照片 recall 0.99/異常照片 recall 1
 => Model 無漏篩問題

| predict | CNV | DIVIE | DRUSEN | NORMAL |
|---------|-----|-------|--------|--------|
| label | | | | |
| CNV | 117 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| DME | 0 | 87 | 0 | 0 |
| DRUSEN | 0 | 0 | 112 | 0 |
| NORMAL | 0 | 0 | 1 | 124 |

Validation loss: 0.011931998532713135

Validation accuracy: 0.9977324

| | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|---|
| CNV DME DRUSEN NORMAL | 1.00 1.00 0.99 1.00 | 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.99 | 1.00 1.00 1.00 | [rindex=139, 'label=NORMAL', 'predict=DRUSEN'] 50 100 100 200 |
| accuracy macro avg weighted avg | 1.00 1.00 | 1.00 1.00 | 1.00 1.00 1.00 | 441 441 441 |

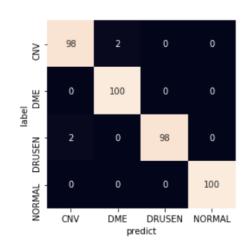
攻堅計劃一:影像分類成效驗證

新資料預測 (每類各 100 張)

正常照片 recall 為 1 (100/100) 異常照片 recall 為 0.987 (4/300)

=> Model 無漏篩問題

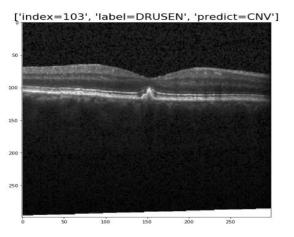
| label | | | | |
|--------|----|-----|----|-----|
| CNV | 98 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| DME | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| DRUSEN | 2 | 0 | 98 | 0 |
| NORMAL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 |

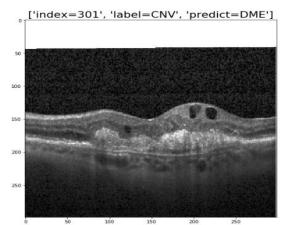


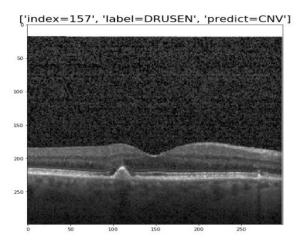
| | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| CNV | 0.98 | 0.98 | 0.98 | 100 |
| DME | 0.98 | 1.00 | 0.99 | 100 |
| DRUSEN | 1.00 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 100 |
| NORMAL | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 100 |
| accuracy | | | 0.99 | 400 |
| macro avg | 0.99 | 0.99 | 0.99 | 400 |
| weighted avg | 0.99 | 0.99 | 0.99 | 400 |

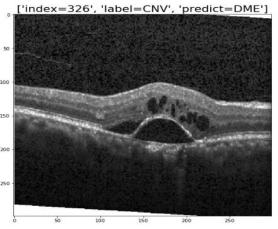
● 失效影像驗證:

複合型異常,導致分類錯誤。解法: Object Detection





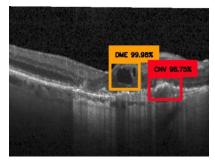


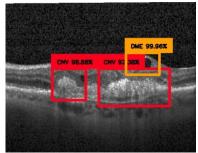


攻堅計劃二:物件偵測解決複合型異常

Basic Information

| Method | | YOLOv3 |
|-----------------|--------|----------------------------------|
| Hyperparameter | epochs | 30 |
| Number of label | | CNV 252 DME 146 DRUSEN 183 |





準確度

CNV: 0.9020

DME: 0.9540

DRUSEN: 0.9279

mAP: 0.9280

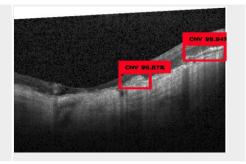
結果: mAP: 0.928

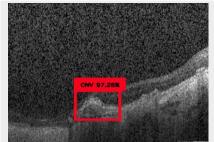
平均準確度

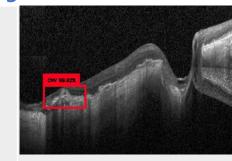
● 成效驗證:平均準確度mAP達92.8%

後續問題: 偵測的 Box 集中不美觀。解法: Segmentation

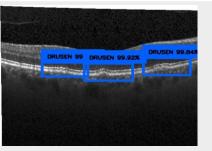
CNV

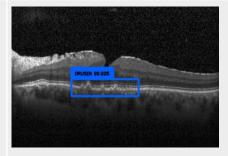


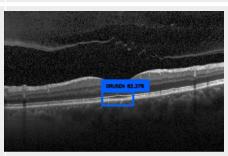




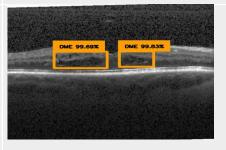


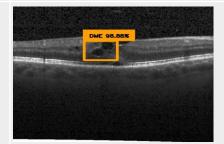


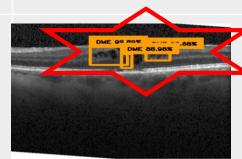




DME



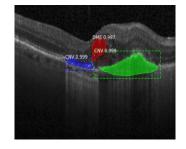


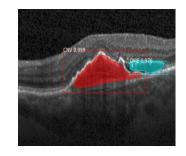


攻堅計劃三:語意分析解決偵測BOC集中問題

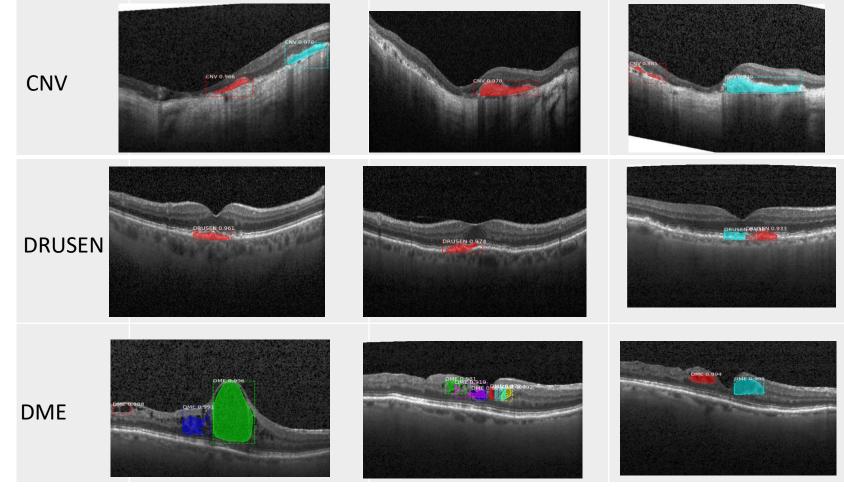
Basic Information

| Method | | Mask R-CNN |
|--------------------------|--------|------------|
| Hyperparameter | epochs | 10 |
| STEPS_PER_EPOCH | | 100 |
| Detection min confidence | | 0.9 |
| | | CNV 30 |
| Number of label | | DME 30 |
| | | DRUSEN 30 |



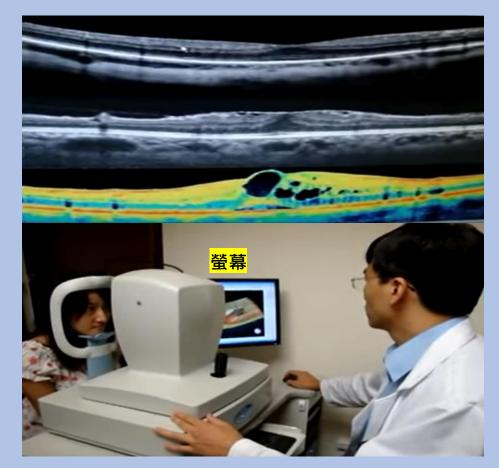


● 成效驗證:有效解決物件偵測BOS 集中,不美觀問題 並與物件偵測手法比較



AI導入前

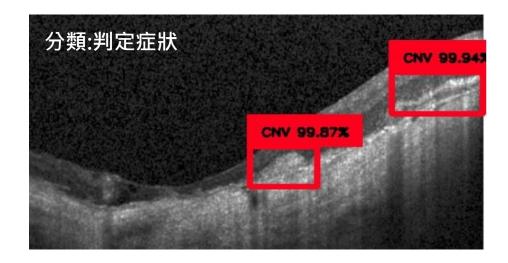
醫生盯著螢幕看症狀

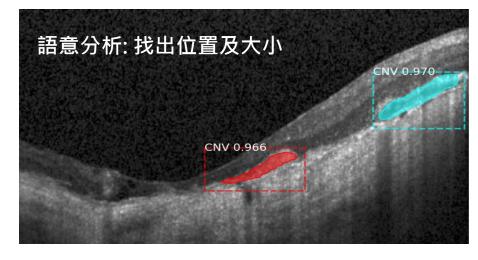


資料來源: 高雄榮總台南分院眼科李尹暘醫師

AI 導入後

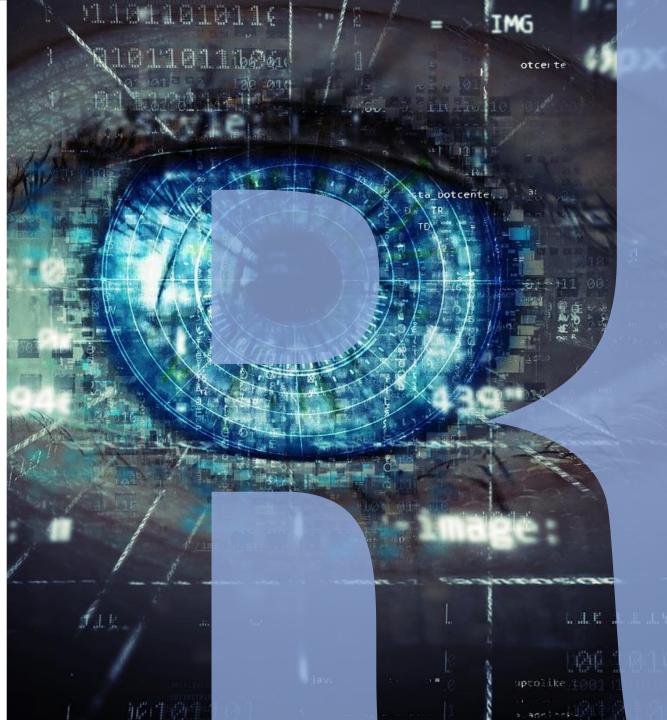
分類與偵測顯示螢幕輔助判斷





對企業/產業的IMPACT





本報告 Demo

異常檢測的 AI 專案應有的流程與技術,供各企業參考!!

參考資料

- Coursera, Deep Learning, Structuring Machine Learning Projects, Andrew Ng
- Stanford University CS231n
- AI 學校技術班 YOLOv3 教材
- ORAI Mask R-CNN
- 高雄榮總台南分院眼科李尹暘醫師:視網膜眼斷層掃描 Retina OCT https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T2kuA5ZfKL4