

Multiple Regression

Lecture 11

STA 371G

How do you know how much to pay for a house?

How do you know how much to pay for a house? Zillow? How do they know?



How do you know how much to pay for a house? Zillow? How do they know?



- Square feet
- Year built
- # of rooms

- Distance to downtown
- Crime rate
- ...



Boston house price data (by census tract, 1970)



- MEDV: Median Price (response)
- LON: Longitude
- LAT: Latitude
- CRIME: Per capita crime rate
- ZONE: Proportion of large lots
- INDUS: Proportion of non-retail business acres
- NOX: Nitrogen Oxide concentration

- ROOM: Average # of rooms
- AGE: Proportion of built before 1940
- DIST: Distance to employment centers
- RADIAL: Accessibility to highways
- TAX: Tax rate (per \$10K)
- PTRATIO: Pupil-to-teacher ratio
- LSTAT: Proportion of "lower status"

F

Can you guess the top three factors?

Distribution of house prices (MEDV)

```
> hist(boston$MEDV, col='green',
+ main='', xlab='Census Tract Median House Price')
```



Census Tract Median House Price



Multiple Regression Model

We model the median price in a census tract (y_i = median price in ith tract) as a linear function of multiple predictors, plus some error.

$$y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{i1} + \beta_2 x_{i2} + \ldots + \beta_{13} x_{i13} + \epsilon_i$$

	eta_0	β_1	β_2	•••	$oldsymbol{eta}_{13}$	
		LAT	LON	•••	LSTAT	error
<i>y</i> ₁	1	X _{1,1}	X _{1,2}	•••	X _{1,13}	ϵ_1
y ₂	1	X _{2,1}	x _{2,2}	•••	X _{2,13}	ϵ_2
				•••		

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		LAT	LON		LSTAT	error
У1	1	X _{1,1}	X _{1,2}		X _{1,13}	ϵ_1
y ₂	1	X _{2,1}	X _{2,2}		X _{2,13}	ϵ_2
	•••					

We find $\hat{\beta}_0, \ldots, \hat{\beta}_{13}$ to minimize the residuals $(y_i - \hat{y}_i)$

```
> model <- lm(MEDV ~ LON+LAT+CRIME+ZONE+INDUS+NOX+ROOM+AGE+DIST
                   +RADIAL+TAX+PTRATIO+LSTAT, data=boston)
> summary(model$residuals)
   Min. 1st Ou. Median
                          Mean 3rd Qu.
                                          Max.
-258100 -57340 -13640
                             0 39610 531300
> summary(model)$r.squared
[1] 0.7305487
> summary(model)$adj.r.squared
[1] 0.7234291
```

This is a high R^2 compared to the prior examples!

Keep an eye on the Adjusted-R²...

Here is how the predictors contribute to the estimation:

```
> round(summary(model)$coefficients,3)
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
           -10815106.841 6202196.194
                                     -1.744
                                              0.082
LON
             -100538.327
                          68540.103 -1.467
                                              0.143
LAT
              105813.832
                         75439.531 1.403
                                              0.161
CRIME
               -2497.915
                            665.762 -3.752
                                              0.000
ZONE
                                              0.001
                 920.725
                            282.649
                                     3.257
INDUS
                 447.859
                           1267.151
                                     0.353
                                              0.724
NOX
             -320021.023
                          82010.164 -3.902
                                              0.000
ROOM.
               72906.394
                           8529.875
                                     8.547
                                              0.000
AGE
                 167.225
                            273.353 0.612
                                              0.541
DIST
                                              0.000
              -27489.610
                           4295.791
                                     -6.399
RADIAL
               6274.465
                           1362.945 4.604
                                              0.000
TAX
                -286.853
                             76.087 -3.770
                                              0.000
PTRATIO
              -18304.240
                           2801.930 -6.533
                                              0.000
LSTAT
              -11416.450
                           1022.127 -11.169
                                              0.000
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                                             0.000
ISTAT
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                          1022.127 -11.169
                                             0.000
```

Intercept, INDUS, AGE, LAT and LON seem to be statistically insignificant. Should we omit them altogether?

A *p*-value of predictor *i* tests the null hypothesis that $\beta_i = 0$; i.e., that predictor *i* has no contribution to predicting Y independent above and beyond the other predictors

Omitting other predictors might increase the significance (decrease the *p*-value) of a statistically insignificant predictor.

```
> model red <- lm(MEDV ~ LON+LAT+INDUS+AGE, data=boston)</pre>
> round(summary(model red)$coefficients,3)
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -54327833.818 8559058.342 -6.347
                                              0.000
LON
             -709317.003 92858.638 -7.639 0.000
LAT
             107180.101 111629.613 0.960 0.337
INDUS
             -11817.533
                           1305.467 -9.052 0.000
AGE
                -235.769 324.422 -0.727 0.468
> summary(model red)$r.squared
[1] 0.3203884
```

LON and INDUS look like a big deal now, although they do not explain as much with $R^2 = 0.32$.

Let's start omiting one by one.

INDUS has been omitted.

 R^2 has not changed too much, Adjusted- R^2 has increased a bit.

```
> round(summary(model)$coefficients,3)
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -11078358.838 6151842.621 -1.801
                                               0.072
LON
             -104687.251
                           67467.423 -1.552
                                               0.121
LAT
              104977.262
                          75335.440 1.393
                                               0.164
CRIME
               -2504.206
                             664.933 -3.766
                                               0.000
ZONE
                                      3.242
                                               0.001
                 907.905
                             280.062
NOX
             -311362.657
                           78196.317 -3.982
                                               0.000
R00M
               72586.523
                            8474.196
                                      8.566
                                               0.000
AGE
                 170.953
                             272.907
                                      0.626
                                               0.531
DIST
              -27725.142
                            4240.019
                                      -6.539
                                               0.000
RADIAL
                6136.632
                            1304.802
                                      4.703
                                               0.000
TAX
                -275.379
                              68.753 -4.005
                                               0.000
PTRATIO
              -18137.431
                            2759.443 -6.573
                                               0.000
LSTAT
                            1018.762 -11.182
                                               0.000
              -11391.407
```

AGE still seems insignificant.

AGE has been omitted.

R² is again about the same, and Adjusted-R² has increased a bit.


```
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -10647181.257 6109452.440
                                     -1.743
                                              0.082
LON
              -97363.810
                          66405.890 -1.466
                                              0.143
LAT
              107052.256 75216.281 1.423
                                              0.155
CRTMF
                                              0.000
               -2512.856
                            664.380 -3.782
ZONE
                 891.239
                            278.624 3.199
                                              0.001
NOX
             -300532.234
                         76214.057 -3.943
                                              0.000
ROOM
               73744.325
                           8265.087 8.922
                                              0.000
DTST
                                              0.000
              -28594.368
                           4004.063 -7.141
RADIAL
                6088.931
                           1301.777 4.677
                                              0.000
TAX
                -273.672
                             68.657 -3.986
                                              0.000
PTRATTO
              -18104.114
                           2757.233 -6.566
                                              0.000
LSTAT
              -11177.763
                            959.387 -11.651
                                              0.000
```

LAT is next.

LAT has been omitted.

Both \mathbb{R}^2 and Adjusted- \mathbb{R}^2 have reduced. But still not too bad.

```
> round(summary(model)$coefficients,3)
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
           -5072210.579 4693368.926
                                   -1.081
                                              0.280
LON
                         65675.201
             -82749.985
                                   -1.260
                                              0.208
CRTMF
              -2507.401
                           665.057 -3.770
                                              0.000
ZONE
                                              0.002
                874.164
                           278.654 3.137
NOX
            -318434.670
                          75246.742
                                   -4.232
                                              0.000
ROOM
              73594.882
                          8272.978 8.896
                                              0.000
DIST
                                              0.000
             -29692.314
                          3933.116
                                   -7.549
RADIAL
                          1292.603 4.529
                                              0.000
               5853.970
TAX
               -271.753
                            68.714 -3.955
                                              0.000
PTRATTO
             -18211.873
                          2759.048
                                   -6.601
                                              0.000
LSTAT
             -11062.388
                                              0.000
                           956.946 -11.560
```

Bye LON...

LON has been omitted.

Both R^2 and Adjusted- R^2 have reduced. But that's OK.

```
> round(summary(model)$coefficients,3)
             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                      99001.032
(Intercept)
           840065.150
                                 8.485
                                          0.000
CRIME
            -2566.084
                        663.817 -3.866
                                          0.000
70NF
              921.998
                        276.220 3.338
                                          0.001
NOX
           -346925.672
                      71811.323 -4.831
                                          0.000
ROOM.
            74242.520
                      8261.884 8.986
                                          0.000
DIST
            -31049.529 3784.980 -8.203
                                          0.000
RADTAI
             6000.243 1288.142 4.658
                                          0.000
TAX
             -265.331
                         68.566 -3.870
                                          0.000
PTRATIO
           -19279.752 2627.204 -7.339
                                          0.000
LSTAT
            -11071.731
                                          0.000
                        957.483 -11.563
```

Notice what happened to the intercept. LON (and perhaps the others) was acting like an intercept!

When to omit, when to keep?

It is usually good to omit statistically insignificant variables, because:

- The model gets simpler
- Insignificant variables may lead to incorrect interpretations (as in LON)
- When the data set is small, we can read too much into the impact of insignificant variables

When to omit, when to keep?

We keep a variable in the model, even if it is statistically insignificant, when:

- We are testing a hypothesis on the variable
- The variable has a big effect, although it is statistically insignificant
- It is an expected control variable (e.g. age in medical studies, race in sociological studies etc.)
- It is included in a higher order term (more on this later)

How to identify which predictors have "more significant" effect on the response?

Parameter estimate?

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Parameter estimate?

p-value?

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Parameter estimate?

p-value?

t score?

How to identify which predictors have "more significant" effect on the response?

Parameter estimate?

p-value?

t score? √

Which ones seem to be the most important?

> round(summary(model)\$coefficients,3)

```
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
            840065.150
                       99001.032
                                   8.485
                                           0.000
CRIME
             -2566.084
                         663.817 -3.866
                                           0.000
ZONE
               921.998
                         276.220 3.338
                                           0.001
NOX
           -346925.672
                       71811.323
                                 -4.831
                                           0.000
R00M
             74242.520
                        8261.884 8.986
                                           0.000
DTST
            -31049.529
                        3784.980 -8.203
                                           0.000
RADIAL
              6000.243
                        1288.142 4.658
                                           0.000
TAX
              -265.331
                          68.566 -3.870
                                           0.000
PTRATTO
            -19279.752
                        2627.204
                                 -7.339
                                           0.000
ISTAT
            -11071.731
                         957.483 -11.563
                                           0.000
```

