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Dracarys

Standard Code Library

 β version

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1 Simplex Algorithm

```
2 \max\{cx|Ax \leq b, x \geq 0\} if there is no solution or no bound, return a empty vect
  vector < double > simplex (vector < vector < double > > A, vector < d
      vector < double > c)
5
    int n = A. size(), m = A[0]. size() + 1, r = n, s = m - 1;
     vector < vector < double > D(n + 2, vector < double > (m + 1, 0)
     vector < int > ix(n + m);
    for (int i = 0; i < n + m; ++ i) ix[i] = i;
     for (int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) {
       for (int j = 0; j < m - 1; ++ j) D[i][j] = -A[i][j];
      D[i][m-1] = 1;
      D[i][m] = b[i];
       if (D[r][m] > D[i][m]) r = i;
     for (int j = 0; j < m - 1; ++ j) D[n][j] = c[j];
    D[n + 1][m - 1] = -1;
     for (double d; ; ) {
```

```
if (r < n) 
    int t = ix[s]; ix[s] = ix[r + m]; ix[r + m] = t;
   D[r][s] = 1.0 / D[r][s];
    vector < int > speedUp;
    for (int j = 0; j \le m; ++ j) if (j != s) {
     D[r][j] *= -D[r][s];
      if (D[r][j]) {
        speedUp.push_back(j);
    for (int i = 0; i \le n + 1; ++ i) if (i != r) {
      for (int j = 0; j < \text{speedUp.size}(); +++ j)
       D[i][speedUp[j]] += D[r][speedUp[j]] * D[i][s];
     D[i][s] *= D[r][s];
  r = -1; s = -1;
  for (int j = 0; j < m; ++ j) if (s < 0 | | ix[s] > ix[j]) {
    if (D[n+1][j] > EPS || (D[n+1][j] > -EPS \&\& D[n][j] > EPS))
        s = i;
  if (s < 0) break;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) if (D[i][s] < -EPS) {
   if (r < 0 | | (d = D[r][m] / D[r][s] - D[i][m] / D[i][s]) < -EPS
        | | (d < EPS \&\& ix[r + m] > ix[i + m]) |
      r = i;
  if (r < 0) return vector < double > (); // no bound
if (D[n + 1][m] < -EPS) return vector<double>(); // no solution
vector < double > x(m-1);
for (int i = m; i < n + m; ++ i) if (ix[i] < m - 1) x[ix[i]] = D[i]
   - m [m];
return x; // max answer is D[n]/m
```

2 Fast Fourier Transform

```
P = C * 2^k + 1
G is primitive root of P
const int N = ;
const int P = 786433;
const int G = 10;
int modPow(long long a, int b, int c)
  int ret = 1;
  for( ; b; b >>= 1) {
    if (b & 1)
       ret = (long long) ret * a % c;
    a = (long long)a * a % c;
  return ret;
void dft (int *x, int on, int n)
  int k, id, r, tmp, u, t;
  for (int i = 1, j = n >> 1; i < n - 1; ++ i)
    if (i < j) swap(x[i], x[j]);
    for (k = n >> 1; j >= k; j -= k, k >>= 1);
    j += k;
  for (int h = 2; h \le n; h \le 1) {
    r = \text{modPow}(G, (P - 1) / h, P);
    \mathbf{if} (on < 0) \mathbf{r} = \text{modPow}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{P} - 2, \mathbf{P});
    int p = h >> 1;
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j += h) {
       int w = 1;
       for (int k = j; k < j + p; k ++) {
```

```
u = x[k];
        id = k + p;
        t = (long long)w * x[id] % P;
        x[k] = (u + t) \% P;
        x[id] = (u - t + P) \% P;
        w = (long long)w * r \% P;
int xa[N], xb[N];
void dft (int *a, int lenA, int *b, int lenB, int *ans, int &lenAns)
  for (lenAns = 1; lenAns < lenA + lenB; lenAns <<= 1);
  for (int i = 0; i < len Ans; ++ i) {
    xa[i] = xb[i] = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < len A; ++ i) {
    xa[i] = a[i] \% P;
  for (int i = 0; i < lenB; ++ i) {
    xb[i] = b[i] \% P;
  dft(xa, 1, lenAns);
  dft(xb, 1, lenAns);
  for (int i = 0; i < lenAns; ++ i) {
    xa[i] = (long long)xa[i] * xb[i] % P;
  dft(xa, -1, lenAns);
  int tmp = modPow(lenAns, P - 2, P);
  for (int i = 0; i < len Ans; ++ i) {
    ans [i] = (long long) xa [i] * tmp \% P;
```

3 Geometry Extended

```
get a s->t plane satisfied ax + by + c \ge 0
return -1, 0, 1
int getHalfPlane(LD a, LD b, LD c, Point &s, Point &t)
  if (sign(a)) {
    s.y = 0;
    s.x = -c / a;
  \} else if (sign(b)) {
    s.x = 0;
    s.y = -c / b;
  } else {
    if (sign(c) < 0) return -1;
    return 1;
  t = s + Point(b, -a);
  return 0;
get a line s-t satisfied ax + by + c = 0, a^2 + b^2 \neq 0
void getLine(LD a, LD b, LD c, Point &s, Point &t)
  if (sign(a)) 
    s.y = 0;
    s.x = -c / a;
  } else {
    s.x = 0;
    s.y = -c / b;
  t = s + Point(b, -a);
```

4 Dominator Tree

```
edge ,n ,r , 1-based, realdom dominator tree father,
                                                          realdom
const int \max = 100000 + 10;
int n, m, r;
int parent[maxn], label[maxn], cnt, real[maxn];
vector < int > edge [maxn], succ [maxn], pred [maxn];
int semi[maxn], idom[maxn], ancestor[maxn], best[maxn];
vector < int > bucket [maxn];
int realdom[maxn];
void dfs(int u) {
  label[u] = ++cnt; real[cnt] = u;
  for (vector < int >:: iterator it = edge [u]. begin (); it != e
      (); ++it)
    int v = *it;
    if (v = parent[u] \mid | label[v] != -1) continue;
    parent[v] = u;
    dfs(v);
void link(int v, int w) {
  ancestor[w] = v;
void compress(int v) {
  int a = ancestor[v];
  if (ancestor[a] = 0) return;
  compress(a);
  if (\text{semi}[\text{best}[v]] > \text{semi}[\text{best}[a]]) best[v] = \text{best}[a];
  ancestor[v] = ancestor[a];
```

```
int eval(int v) {
  if (ancestor[v] = 0) return v;
  compress(v);
  return best [v];
void dominator() { // clear succ & pred & parent[r], let cnt = 0
    first
  cnt = 0;
  for(int i = 1; i \le n; ++ i)  {
    succ[i].clear();
    pred[i].clear();
  for (int i = 1; i \le n; ++i) label[i] = -1;
  parent[r] = -1;
  dfs(r); // r is root
  for (int u = 1; u \le n; ++u) {
    for (\text{vector} < \text{int} > :: \text{iterator it} = \text{edge}[u]. \text{begin}(); \text{ it } != \text{edge}[u].
        end(); ++it) {
      int v = *it;
      if (label [u] != -1 \&\& label [v] != -1) {
         succ[label[u]].push_back(label[v]);
        pred[label[v]].push_back(label[u]);
  for (int i = 1; i \le n; ++i) {
    semi[i] = best[i] = i;
    idom[i] = ancestor[i] = 0;
    bucket[i].clear();
  for (int w = cnt; w >= 2; --w) {
    int p = label[parent[real[w]]];
```

```
for (vector < int >:: iterator it = pred[w].begin(); it !=
     end(); ++it) {
    int v = *it;
    int u = eval(v);
    if (semi[w] > semi[u]) semi[w] = semi[u];
  bucket [semi [w]].push_back(w);
  link(p, w);
  for(int i = 0; i < bucket[p].size(); ++ i) {
    int v = bucket[p][i];
    int u = eval(v);
    idom[v] = (semi[u] 
  bucket [p]. clear();
for (int w = 2; w \ll cnt; ++w) {
  if (idom[w] != semi[w]) idom[w] = idom[idom[w]];
idom[1] = 0;
for(int i = 1; i \le n; ++ i) {
  realdom[i] = -1;
for (int i = 2; i <= cnt; ++i) {
  int u = real[idom[i]], v = real[i];
  // u is immediate dominator of v (i == 1?)
  realdom[v] = u;
```

5 vimrc

```
set nu ai ci si mouse=a ts=4 sts=4 sw=4

nmap<C-A> ggVG
vmap<C-C> "+y

nmap<F3>__: __vs__%<.in__<CR>
nmap<F4>__: __! gedit__%_<CR>
nmap<F5>__: __!./%<__<CR>
nmap<F8>__: __!./%<__<CR>
nmap<F9>__: __make__%<.in__<CR>
"nmap<F9>__: __make__%<_CR>
"autocmd__BufNewFile__*.cpp__0r__~/temp.cpp
"set hlsearch incseach

"syntax_on
"filetype plugin indent on
```