# Dracarys

# Standard Code Library

 $\beta$  version

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### 1 Simplex Algorithm

```
\max\{cx|Ax \le b, x \ge 0\}
        if there is no solution or no bound, return a empty vector
        vector < double > simplex (vector < vector < double > A, vector < double > b, vector < double > c)
 2
 3
                  int n = A. size(), m = A[0]. size() + 1, r = n, s = m - 1;
                  vector < vector < double > D(n + 2, vector < double > (m + 1, 0));
 4
 5
                  vector < int > ix(n + m);
 6
                  for (int i = 0; i < n + m; ++ i) ix[i] = i;
                  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) {
 7
 8
                            for (int j = 0; j < m - 1; ++ j) D[i][j] = -A[i][j];
 9
                           D[i][m-1] = 1;
                           D[i][m] = b[i];
10
                            if (D[r][m] > D[i][m]) r = i;
11
12
13
                  for (int j = 0; j < m - 1; ++ j) D[n][j] = c[j];
14
                 D[n + 1][m - 1] = -1;
                  for (double d; ; ) {
15
16
                            if (r < n) 
                                      {\bf int}\ t\ =\ ix\,[\,s\,]\,;\ ix\,[\,s\,]\ =\ ix\,[\,r\ +m]\,;\ ix\,[\,r\ +m]\ =\ t\,;
17
                                     D[r][s] = 1.0 / D[r][s];
18
19
                                      vector<int> speedUp;
20
                                      for (int j = 0; j \le m; ++ j) if (j != s) {
                                               D[r][j] *= -D[r][s];
21
22
                                               if (D[r][j]) {
23
                                                         speedUp.push_back(j);
24
                                                }
25
                                      for (int i = 0; i \le n + 1; ++ i) if (i != r) {
26
                                                for(int j = 0; j < speedUp.size(); ++ j)
27
                                                         D[i][speedUp[j]] \ += D[r][speedUp[j]] \ * D[i][s];
28
29
                                               D[i][s] *= D[r][s];
                                      }
30
                            }
31
32
                            r = -1; s = -1;
33
                            for (int j = 0; j < m; ++ j) if (s < 0 | | ix[s] > ix[j]) {
                                      if (D[n + 1][j] > EPS || (D[n + 1][j] > -EPS \&\& D[n][j] > EPS)) s = j;
34
35
36
                            if (s < 0) break;
                            for (int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) if (D[i][s] < -EPS) {
37
38
                                      if (r < 0 | | (d = D[r][m] / D[r][s] - D[i][m] / D[i][s]) < -EPS | (d < 0) | (d < 0)
                                             EPS && ix[r + m] > ix[i + m])
39
                                               r = i;
40
                            if (r < 0) return vector < double > (); // no bound
41
42
                  if (D[n + 1][m] < -EPS) return vector < double > (); // no solution
43
44
                  vector < double > x(m - 1);
```

### 2 Fast Fourier Transform

```
P = C * 2^k + 1
    G is primitive root of P
   const int N = ;
   const int P = 786433;
   const int G = 10;
 4
 5
    int modPow(long long a, int b, int c)
 6
    {
 7
         int ret = 1;
 8
         for( ; b; b >>= 1) {
 9
             if (b & 1)
                  ret = (long long) ret * a % c;
10
             a = (long long)a * a % c;
11
12
13
         return ret;
14
    }
15
16
   void dft(int *x, int on, int n)
17
18
         int k, id, r, tmp, u, t;
         for (int i = 1, j = n >> 1; i < n - 1; ++ i) {
19
20
              if (i < j) swap(x[i], x[j]);
21
             \mbox{for} \, (\, k \, = \, n \, >> \, 1 \, ; \  \, j \, >= \, k \, ; \  \, j \, -\!\!\! = \, k \, , \  \, k \, >\!\!\! >= \, 1 \, ) \, ;
22
             j += k;
23
24
         for (int h = 2; h \le n; h \le 1) {
25
             r = modPow(G, (P - 1) / h, P);
26
             if (on < 0) r = modPow(r, P - 2, P);
27
             int p = h \gg 1;
28
             for(int j = 0; j < n; j += h)  {
                  int w = 1;
29
30
                  for(int k = j; k < j + p; k ++) {
31
                       u = x[k];
32
                       id = k + p;
                       t = (long long)w * x[id] \% P;
33
34
                       x[k] = (u + t) \% P;
                       x[id] = (u - t + P) \% P;
35
36
                       w = (long long)w * r \% P;
37
                  }
38
             }
39
         }
40
41
    int xa[N], xb[N];
42
43
   void dft(int *a, int lenA, int *b, int lenB, int *ans, int &lenAns)
44
45
   {
```

```
46
        for(lenAns = 1; lenAns < lenA + lenB; lenAns <<= 1);
        for(int i = 0; i < lenAns; ++ i) {
47
48
             xa[i] = xb[i] = 0;
49
50
        for(int i = 0; i < lenA; ++ i) {
            xa[i] = a[i] \% P;
51
52
        for(int i = 0; i < lenB; ++ i)
53
54
             xb[i] = b[i] \% P;
55
56
57
        dft(xa, 1, lenAns);
        dft(xb, 1, lenAns);
58
        for(int i = 0; i < lenAns; ++ i) {
    xa[i] = (long long)xa[i] * xb[i] % P;</pre>
59
60
61
62
        dft(xa, -1, lenAns);
63
        int tmp = modPow(lenAns, P - 2, P);
64
        for(int i = 0; i < lenAns; ++ i) {
             ans [i] = (long long) xa [i]^* tmp % P;
65
66
67 }
```

## 3 Geometry Extended

```
get a s->t plane satisfied ax + by + c \ge 0
   return -1, 0, 1
   int getHalfPlane(LD a, LD b, LD c, Point &s, Point &t)
2
3
        if (sign(a)) {
4
             s.y = 0;
5
             s.x = -c / a;
6
        \} else if (sign(b)) {
7
             s.x = 0;
8
             s.y = -c / b;
9
        } else {}
10
             if (sign(c) < 0) return -1;
11
             return 1;
12
        t = s + Point(b, -a);
13
14
        return 0;
15
   get a line s-t satisfied ax + by + c = 0, a^2 + b^2 \neq 0
   void getLine(LD a, LD b, LD c, Point &s, Point &t)
2
    {
3
        if (sign(a)) {
4
             s.y = 0;
5
             s.x = -c / a;
6
        } else {
7
             s.x = 0;
8
             s.y = -c / b;
9
        \dot{t} = s + Point(b, -a);
10
11
```

#### 4 Dominator Tree

```
edge ,n ,r , 1-based,realdom dominator tree father,
                                                           realdom -1
   const int \max = 100000 + 10;
2
3
   int n, m, r;
   int parent[maxn], label[maxn], cnt, real[maxn];
   vector<int> edge[maxn], succ[maxn], pred[maxn];
   int semi[maxn], idom[maxn], ancestor[maxn], best[maxn];
7
   vector < int > bucket [maxn];
8
9
   int realdom[maxn];
10
11
   void dfs(int u) {
        12
        for (vector < int >:: iterator it = edge[u].begin(); it != edge[u].end(); ++it) {
13
14
            int v = *it;
15
            if (v = parent[u] | | label[v] != -1) continue;
            parent[v] = u;
16
17
            dfs(v);
18
        }
19
   }
20
21
   void link(int v, int w) {
22
        ancestor[w] = v;
23
   }
24
25
   void compress(int v) {
26
        int a = ancestor[v];
27
        if (ancestor[a] == 0) return;
28
        compress(a);
        if (semi[best[v]] > semi[best[a]]) best[v] = best[a];
29
        \verb"ancestor" [v] = \verb"ancestor" [a];
30
31
   }
32
33
   int eval(int v) {
34
        if (ancestor[v] = 0) return v;
35
        compress(v);
36
        return best[v];
   }
37
38
   void dominator() { // clear succ & pred & parent[r], let cnt = 0 first
39
40
        cnt = 0;
41
        for(int i = 1; i \le n; ++ i) {
            succ[i].clear();
42
            pred[i].clear();
43
44
        for (int i = 1; i \le n; ++i) label[i] = -1;
45
46
        parent[r] = -1;
```

```
47
        dfs(r); // r is root
48
        for (int u = 1; u \le n; ++u) {
49
             for (\text{vector} < \text{int} > :: \text{iterator it} = \text{edge}[u]. \text{begin}(); \text{ it } != \text{edge}[u]. \text{end}(); ++\text{it})
                  \mathbf{int}\ v\ =\ ^*\mathrm{it}\ ;
50
                  if (label[u] != -1 \&\& label[v] != -1) {
51
                       succ[label[u]].push_back(label[v]);
pred[label[v]].push_back(label[u]);
52
53
54
                  }
             }
55
56
        for (int i = 1; i \le n; ++i) {
57
             semi[i] = best[i] = i;
58
             idom[i] = ancestor[i] = 0;
59
             bucket[i].clear();
60
61
        for (int w = cnt; w >= 2; --w) {
62
             int p = label[parent[real[w]]];
63
64
             for (vector < int > :: iterator it = pred[w].begin(); it != pred[w].end(); ++it) {
                  int v = *it;
65
                  int u = eval(v);
66
                  if (semi[w] > semi[u]) semi[w] = semi[u];
67
68
69
             bucket [semi[w]].push_back(w);
70
             link(p, w);
             for(int i = 0; i < bucket[p].size(); ++ i) {
71
                  int v = bucket[p][i];
72
73
                  int u = eval(v);
74
                  idom[v] = (semi[u] 
75
             bucket[p].clear();
76
77
78
        for (int w = 2; w \leftarrow cnt; ++w) {
79
             if (idom[w] != semi[w]) idom[w] = idom[idom[w]];
80
        idom[1] = 0;
81
        for(int i = 1; i \le n; ++ i) {
82
             realdom[i] = -1;
83
84
        for (int i = 2; i \leftarrow cnt; ++i) {
85
             int u = real[idom[i]], v = real[i];
86
87
             // u is immediate dominator of v (i == 1?)
88
             realdom[v] = u;
89
        }
90
   }
```

### 5 vimrc

```
1
     set nu ai ci si mouse=a ts=4 sts=4 sw=4
 2
 3 \text{ nmap} < C-A > ggVG
 4 \quad \text{vmap} < \!\! \text{C--C} \!\! \text{C--} y
 5
 6 nmap<F3>_{\square}: _{\square}vs _{\square}%<.in _{\square}<CR>
 7
     nmap<F4>_{\sqcup}! gedit_{\sqcup}%_{\sqcup}<CR>
     nmap<F5>_{\square}: _{\square}!./\%<_{\square}<CR>
 8
 9
     nmap < F8 >_{\sqcup} :_{\sqcup}!./\% <_{\sqcup} <_{\sqcup}\% <.in_{\sqcup} < CR >
10 \quad nmap \!\!<\!\! F9 \!\!>_{\sqcup} : _{\sqcup} make _{\sqcup} \!\! \% \!\!<_{\sqcup} \!\! <\!\! CR \!\!>
11
     "nmap<F9> :! export CXXFLAGS=-Wall && make %< <CR>
12
13 "autocmd_{\square}BufNewFile_{\square}*.cpp_{\square}0r_{\square}~/temp.cpp
     "set hlsearch incseach
14
15
16
     "syntax_{\perp}on
17 "filetype plugin indent on
```