

COS 301 ASSIGNMENT

GROUP 2 B

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- 1 Introduction**
- 2 Architecture Requirements**
 - 2.1 Architectural Scope**
 - 2.2 Quality Requirements**
 - 2.3 Integration and access channel requirements**
 - 2.4 Architectural Constraints**
- 3 Architectural patterns or styles**
- 4 Architectural tactics or strategies**
- 5 Use of reference architectures and frameworks**
- 6 Access and integration channels**
 - 6.1 Integration Channel Used**
 - 6.1.1 REST - Representational State Transfer**
 - Uses standard HTTP and thus simpler to use.
 - Allows different data formats where as SOAP only allows XML.
 - Has JSON support
 - faster parsing.
 - Better performance and scalability with the ability to cache reads.
 - Protocol Independent, can use any protocol which has a standardised URI scheme.

6.2 Protocols

6.2.1 HTTP - Hypertext Transfer Protocol

- Standard web language.
- Easy to write pages.

6.2.2 PHP

- Allows dynamic pages to be built.
- Easy integration of JavaScript and HTML with PHP functions.

6.2.3 IP - Internet Protocol

- Allows Communications between users.
- In charge of sending, receiving and addressing data packets.

6.2.4 SMTP - Simple Mail Transfer Protocol

- Sends emails.
- MIME (Multi-purpose Internet Mail Extensions) which allows SMTP to send multimedia files.

6.2.5 TSL - Transport Layer Security

- Alternative to SSL
- Newer and more secure version of SSL.

7 Technologies