

**Started on** Wednesday, 5 April 2017, 11:00 AM

**State** Finished

**Completed on** Wednesday, 5 April 2017, 11:48 AM

**Time taken** 48 mins 25 secs

**Grade** 100.00 out of 100.00

### Question 1

Correct

Mark 5.00 out of 5.00

Q1d

Find the Laplace Transform of  $\left\{ \frac{d}{dt} [e^{-at} \cos(\omega t)] \right\} \Leftrightarrow$

Select one:

- ☒ a.  $-\frac{a(s+a)+\omega^2}{(s+a)^2+\omega^2}$  ✓
- ☐ b.  $\frac{s(s+a)^2}{(s+a)^2+\omega^2}$
- ☐ c.  $\frac{-s^2}{(s+a)^2+\omega^2}$
- ☐ d.  $\frac{\omega^2}{(s+a)^2+\omega^2}$

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 5.00/5.00.

### Question 2

Correct

Mark 15.00 out of 15.00

Q2a

Given  $F(s) = \frac{100(s^2+69)}{(s+10)(s^2+10s+169)} = \frac{100(s^2+69)}{(s+10)(s+5-j12)(s+5+j12)}$

Find the partial fraction expansion of F(s) and then use the Laplace transform tables to find f(t).

f(t) = [ 100 ✓ e<sup>-10</sup> ✓ t + 83.33 ✓ e<sup>-5</sup> ✓ t cos( 12 ✓ t + 90 ✓ ° ) u(t)

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 15.00/15.00.

**Question 3**

Correct

Mark 10.00 out of 10.00

Q3b

Given:  $F(s) = \frac{10(s^2 + 40)}{(s+8)(s^2 + 12s + 136)}$  which has an inverse transform  $f(t)$ .

a) Find the initial value of  $f(t=0)$ .

$$f(t=0) = 10 \quad \checkmark$$

b) Find the final value of  $f(t \rightarrow \infty)$

$$f(t \rightarrow \infty) = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

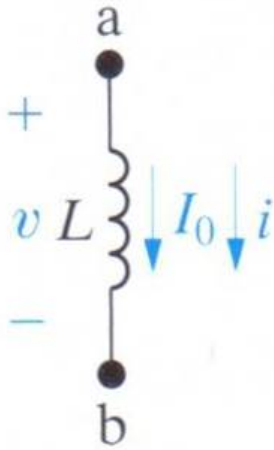
**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 10.00/10.00.

**Question 4**

Correct

Mark 10.00 out of 10.00



Q4c

Given: This inductor has a value of 10 mH (milli H) and has an initial current of 10 A at  $t = 0^-$ .

Identify the Frequency Domain parallel form of the inductor.

Select one:

- ☒ a.  $I = \frac{V}{s(10 \times 10^{-3})} + \frac{10}{s} \quad \checkmark$
- ☐ b.  $V = s(1 \times 10^{-3})(10) - 0.01$
- ☐ c.  $I = \frac{V}{s(10 \times 10^{-6})} + \frac{10}{s}$
- ☐ d.  $V = s(1 \times 10^{-6})(10) - 0.0001$

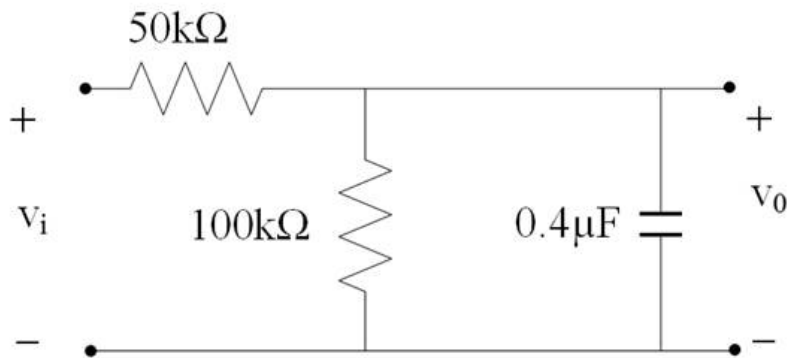
**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 10.00/10.00.

### Question 5

Correct

Mark 15.00 out of 15.00



Q5a

Find the s domain transfer function  $H(s) = V_0/V_i$  for this circuit.

$$H(s) = \boxed{50} \checkmark / (s + \boxed{75} \checkmark)$$

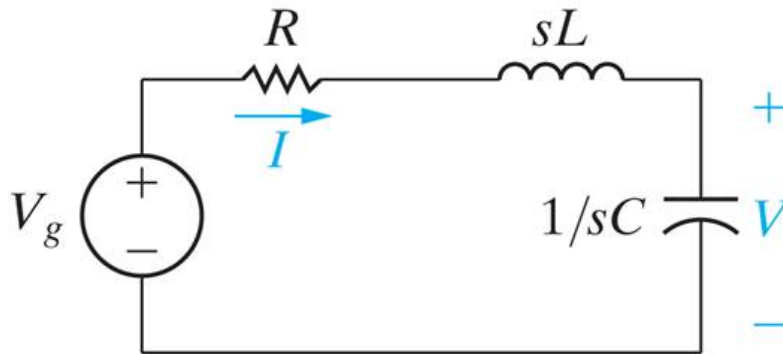
Correct

Marks for this submission: 15.00/15.00.

### Question 6

Correct

Mark 15.00 out of 15.00



Q6a

Given: There is no energy stored in this circuit prior to  $t = 0$ .

The voltage source  $V_g = 10V$  for  $t \geq 0^+$ .

$R = 125 \Omega$  (Ohm)

$L = 1 H$

$C = 1 mF$  (milli F)

Find defined voltage  $V$  in the s domain.

$$V(s) = \boxed{10000} \checkmark / [s(s^2 + \boxed{125} \checkmark s + \boxed{1000} \checkmark)]$$

Correct

Marks for this submission: 15.00/15.00.

### Question 7

Correct

Mark 15.00 out of 15.00

Q7c

Given:  $F(s) = \frac{25s+40}{s(s+10)}$

Find the partial fraction expansion of this transfer function.

$$F(s) = \boxed{4} \checkmark / s + \boxed{21} \checkmark / (s + 10)$$

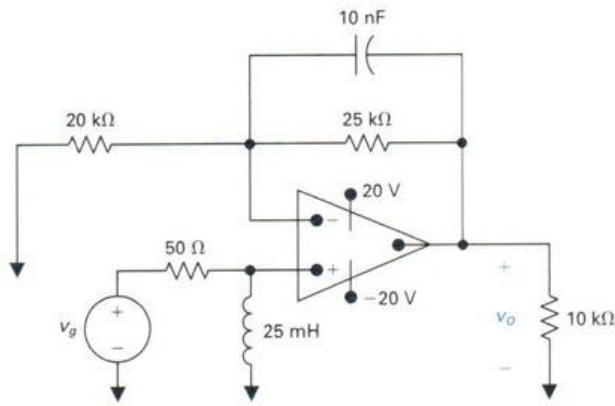
Correct

Marks for this submission: 15.00/15.00.

### Question 8

Correct

Mark 15.00 out of 15.00



Q8b

Given: The opamp is ideal.

$$H(s) = \frac{V_o}{V_g} = \frac{s(s+9,000)}{(s+2,000)(s+4,000)}$$

Find the steady-state response when the input  $v_g(t) = 18 \cos(30,000 t)$  V.

$$v_o(t)_{\text{steady-state}} = [18.585 \checkmark \cos(30000 \checkmark t + -5.2902 \checkmark^\circ)] u(t) \text{ V}$$

Correct

Marks for this submission: 15.00/15.00.