Home ► My courses ► EEE117-2017S-Tatro ► Homework ► Homework 10 - Bode Diagrams

Started on Monday, 10 April 2017, 12:08 AM

State Finished

Completed on Monday, 10 April 2017, 12:09 AM

Time taken 26 secs

Grade 96.60 out of 100.00

# Question 1

Correct

Mark 15.00 out of 15.00

$$H(j\omega) = \frac{110(j\omega)}{(j\omega+10)(j\omega+100)}$$

E.1a\_9ed

a) What is the zero of this function?

$$z_1 = \boxed{0}$$

b) What are the two poles of this function?

$$p_1 = \boxed{10}$$

(lower frequency)

$$p_2 = \boxed{100}$$

(higher frequency)

c) What is the gain K after putting this function in Standard Form?

a) 
$$z_1 = 0$$

b) 
$$p_1 = 10$$
  $p_2 = 100$ 

c) 
$$K = 0.110$$

#### Correct

Partially correct

Mark 13.60 out of 17.00

P14.33d\_6ed

Given

$$H(s) = \frac{3,000}{s+3,000}$$

Create the straight-line amplitude and phase Bode plot.

What is the amplitude corner frequency and the value of  $A_{dB}$  at 1 rad/sec?

$$\omega_c = \boxed{3000}$$

rad/sec

$$A_{dB}$$
 at 1 rad/sec =  $\begin{bmatrix} -69.55 \end{bmatrix}$ 

dB

What are the three phase inflection frequencies?

$$0^{\circ}$$
 for  $\omega \leq \boxed{300}$ 

rad/sec

-45° for 
$$\omega = \boxed{3000}$$

rad/sec

$$-90^{\circ}$$
 for  $\omega \ge |30000|$ 

rad/sec

$$?_c$$
 = 3,000 rad/sec  $A_{dB}$  at 1 rad/sec = -69.5454 dB

90° for ? ≤ 300 rad/sec

45° for ? = 3,000 rad/sec

 $0^{\circ}$  for ? = 30,000 rad/sec

### **Partially correct**

Correct

Mark 17.00 out of 17.00

P14.33e\_6ed

Given

$$H(s) = \frac{100}{s+125}$$

Create the straight-line amplitude and phase Bode plot.

What is the amplitude corner frequency and the value of  $A_{dB}$  at 1 rad/sec?

$$\omega_{\rm c} = \boxed{125}$$

rad/sec

$$A_{dB}$$
 at 1 rad/sec =  $\boxed{-1.94}$ 

dB

What are the three phase inflection frequencies?

$$0^{\circ}$$
 for  $\omega \leq \left[12.5\right]$ 

rad/sec

$$-45^{\circ}$$
 for  $\omega = \begin{bmatrix} 125 \end{bmatrix}$ 

rad/sec

$$-90^{\circ}$$
 for  $\omega \ge 1250$ 

rad/sec

$$\omega_{\rm c}$$
 = 125 rad/sec  $A_{\rm dB}$  at 1 rad/sec = -1.9382 dB

0° for ? ≤ 12.5 rad/sec

-45° for ? = 125 rad/sec

 $-90^{\circ}$  for ? = 1,250 rad/sec

#### Correct

Correct

Mark 17.00 out of 17.00

P14.33b\_6ed

Given

$$H(s) = \frac{s}{s+50}$$

Create the straight-line amplitude and phase Bode plot.

What is the amplitude corner frequency and the value of  $A_{dB}$  at 1 rad/sec?

$$\omega_{c} = \boxed{50}$$

rad/sec

$$A_{dB}$$
 at 1 rad/sec =  $\begin{bmatrix} -33.98 \end{bmatrix}$ 

dB

What are the three phase inflection frequencies?

$$90^{\circ}$$
 for  $\omega \leq \boxed{5}$ 

rad/sec

$$45^{\circ}$$
 for  $\omega = 50$ 

rad/sec

$$0^{\circ}$$
 for  $\omega \geq \boxed{500}$ 

rad/sec

$$\omega_{\rm c}$$
 = 50 rad/sec  $A_{\rm dB}$  at 1 rad/sec = -33.979 dB

90° for  $\omega$  ≤ 5 rad/sec

 $45^{\circ}$  for  $\omega = 50$  rad/sec

 $0^{\circ}$  for  $\omega \geq 500$  rad/sec

#### Correct

Correct

Mark 17.00 out of 17.00

P14.33a\_6ed

Given

$$H(s) = \frac{50}{s+50}$$

Create the straight-line amplitude and phase Bode plot.

What is the amplitude corner frequency?

$$\omega_{\rm c} = \boxed{50}$$

rad/sec`

What are the three phase inflection frequencies?

$$0^{\circ}$$
 for  $\omega \leq \boxed{5}$ 

rad/sec

$$-45^{\circ}$$
 for  $\omega = \int 50$ 

rad/sec

$$-90^{\circ}$$
 for  $\omega \ge \boxed{500}$ 

rad/sec

0° for ? ≤ 5 rad/sec

-45° for ? = 50 rad/sec

-90° for ? = 500 rad/sec

### Correct

Correct

Mark 17.00 out of 17.00

P14.33c\_6ed

Given

$$H(s) = \frac{s}{s+3,000}$$

Create the straight-line amplitude and phase Bode plot.

What is the amplitude corner frequency and the value of  $A_{dB}$  at 1 rad/sec?

$$\omega_{\rm c} = \boxed{3000}$$

rad/sec

$$A_{dB}$$
 at 1 rad/sec =  $\boxed{-69.55}$ 

dΒ

What are the three phase inflection frequencies?

90° for 
$$\omega \le \boxed{300}$$

rad/sec

$$45^{\circ}$$
 for  $\omega = \begin{bmatrix} 3000 \end{bmatrix}$ 

rad/sec

$$0^{\circ}$$
 for  $\omega \geq \boxed{30000}$ 

rad/sec

$$\omega_c$$
 = 3,000 rad/sec A<sub>dB</sub> at 1 rad/sec = -69.5454 dB

90° for ω ≤ 300 rad/sec

 $45^{\circ}$  for  $\omega = 3,000$  rad/sec

 $0^{\circ}$  for  $\omega \ge 30,000$  rad/sec

#### Correct