

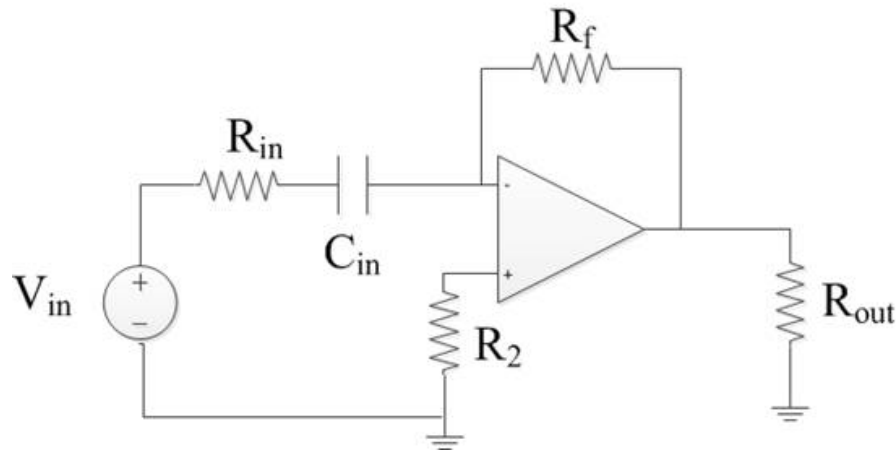
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Started on	Wednesday, 26 April 2017, 5:25 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Wednesday, 26 April 2017, 6:30 PM
Time taken	1 hour 4 mins
Overdue	4 mins 9 secs
Grade	100.00 out of 100.00

Question 1

Correct

Mark 100.00 out of 100.00



Quiz 10c

Given: $R_{in} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ (kilo Ohm) $C_{in} = 0.05 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$ (micro F) $R_f = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ (kilo Ohm) $R_2 = 10 \text{ }\Omega$ (Ohm) $R_{out} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ (kilo Ohm) $V_{in} = 20 \cos(\omega t)$ Volts

You can assume the opamp is ideal and has power input rails at +20V and -20V.

In your answers below, report the magnitude as positive and the angle between $-180^\circ \leq \theta \leq 0^\circ$.a) Calculate the phasor voltage across resistor R_{out} when the input voltage frequency $\omega = \text{zero}$ rad/sec.

$$V_{R_{out}}(\omega = 0) = 0 \checkmark$$

at angle -90° (Degrees) Volts \checkmark b) Calculate the phasor voltage across resistor R_{out} when the input voltage frequency $\omega = 50$ rad/sec.

$$V_{R_{out}}(\omega = 50) = 0.5 \checkmark$$

at angle -91.43° (Degrees) Volts \checkmark c) Calculate the phasor voltage across resistor R_{out} when the input voltage frequency $\omega = 1,000$ rad/sec.

$$V_{R_{out}}(\omega = 1,000) = 8.9 \checkmark$$

at angle -116° (Degrees) Volts \checkmark d) Calculate the phasor voltage across resistor R_{out} when the input voltage frequency $\omega = 5,000$ rad/sec.

$$V_{R_{out}}(\omega = 5,000) = 18.6 \checkmark$$

at angle -158.2° (Degrees) Volts \checkmark **Numeric Answer**a) $V_{R_{out}}(\omega = 0) = 0$ at angle -90° Vb) $V_{R_{out}}(\omega = 50) = 0.4998$ at angle -91.43° Vc) $V_{R_{out}}(\omega = 1,000) = 8.9443$ at angle -116.57° Vd) $V_{R_{out}}(\omega = 5,000) = 18.5695$ at angle -158.20° V

Correct

Marks for this submission: 100.00/100.00.