Home ▶ Electrical Engineering ▶ Engr 17 F16 Tatro ▶ Homework ▶ Homework 5 - Matlab

Started on Sunday, 2 October 2016, 11:52 PM

State Finished

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Time taken 5 hours 22 mins

Grade 65.00 out of 100.00

Question 1

Correct

Mark 10.00 out of 10.00

A1.05_9ed

Given this set of equations:

$$v_1 \left(\frac{1}{60\Omega} + \frac{1}{15\Omega} + \frac{1}{5\Omega} \right) + v_2 \left(\frac{-1}{5\Omega} \right) = 15A$$

$$\boldsymbol{v}_1\!\left(\tfrac{-1}{5\varOmega}\right)\!+\!\boldsymbol{v}_2\!\left(\tfrac{1}{5\varOmega}\!+\!\tfrac{1}{2\varOmega}\right)\!=\!-5A$$

Find the two voltages.

$$v_1 = \boxed{60}$$

$$v_2 = \boxed{10}$$

Numeric Answers

$$v_1 = 60.0 \text{ V}$$

$$v_2 = 10.0 \text{ V}$$

Correct

Correct

Mark 10.00 out of 10.00

A1.04_9ed

Given the following set of equations:

21
$$i_1 - 9 i_2 - 12 i_3 = -33$$

$$-3i_1 + 6i_2 - 2i_3 = 3$$

$$-8 i_1 - 4 i_2 + 22 i_3 = 50$$

Find the three currents.

Numeric Answers

$$i_1 = 1.0 A$$

$$i_2 = 2.0 \text{ A}$$

$$i_3 = 3.0 \text{ A}$$

Correct

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of 10.00

A1.09_6ed

Given this set of equations:

$$V_{1}\left(\frac{1}{j40\Omega} + \frac{1}{40\Omega} + \frac{1}{60\Omega}\right) + V_{0}\left(\frac{-1}{60\Omega}\right) = \frac{100 < 0^{\circ}}{j40\Omega}$$

$$V_{1}\left(\frac{-1}{60\Omega}\right) + V_{0}\left(\frac{1}{60\Omega} + \frac{1}{j20\Omega}\right) = 0$$

Find the two voltages.

$$V0 = \boxed{0} \times + j \boxed{0.075} \times V$$

Numeric Answers

$$V_1 = 30 - j \ 40 \ V$$

$$V_0 = 15.0 + j 5.0 V$$

Incorrect

Not answered

Mark 0.00 out of 10.00

A1.03_9ed

Given the following set of equations:

$$I_1 (13 - j 14) + I_2 (-12 + j 16) + I_x (0) = 150$$

$$I_1 (-12 + j 16) + I_2 (13 - j 13) + I_x (39) = 0$$

$$I_1(-1) + I_2(1) + I_x(1) = 0$$

Find the three phasor currents.

$$I_2 = \times + j \times A$$

$$I_x = \times + j$$

Numeric Answers

$$I_1 = -26 - j 52 A$$

$$I_2 = -24 - j 58 A$$

$$I_x = -2 + j 6 A$$

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of 10.00

A1.08_9ed

Given this set of equations:

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{v_0 - 10V}{10\Omega} + \frac{v_0}{40\Omega} + \frac{v_0 - (-20i_{\Delta})}{20\Omega} = 0 \\ v_0 \Big(-\frac{1}{10\Omega} \Big) + i_{\Delta} \Big(-\frac{1}{3} \Big) = -1.333 \end{array}$$

Find the voltage and current.

$$v_0 = \boxed{1}$$

$$i_{\Delta} = \boxed{0}$$

Numeric Answers

$$v_1 = 24.0 \text{ V}$$

$$i_D = -3.2 \text{ A}$$

Incorrect

Correct

Mark 10.00 out of 10.00

A1.06_9ed

Given this set of equations:

$$\begin{split} &V_1\!\left(\frac{1}{1\varOmega}\!+\!\frac{1}{8\varOmega}\right)\!+\!V_2\!\left(\frac{-1}{8\varOmega}\right)\!=4.5A\\ &V_1\!\left(\frac{-1}{8\varOmega}\right)\!+\!V_2\!\left(\frac{1}{8\varOmega}\!+\!\frac{1}{12\varOmega}\!+\!\frac{1}{4\varOmega}\right)\!=\!\frac{30V}{4\varOmega} \end{split}$$

Find the two voltages.

$$v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 18 \end{bmatrix} \checkmark V$$

Numeric Answers

$$v_1 = 6.0 \text{ V}$$

$$v_2 = 18.0 \text{ V}$$

Correct

Partially correct

Mark 6.67 out of 10.00

A1.07_9ed

Given this set of equations:

$$\begin{split} &V_{1}\!\left(\frac{1}{6\Omega}\right) \!+\! V_{2}(0) \!+\! i_{1}(1) \!=\! 8.333A \\ &V_{1}\!\left(\frac{1}{6\Omega} \!+\! \frac{1}{8\Omega} \!+\! \frac{1}{2\Omega}\right) \!+\! V_{2}\!\left(\frac{-1}{2\Omega}\right) \!-\! 3i_{1} \!=\! \frac{50V}{6\Omega} \\ &V_{1}\!\left(\frac{-1}{2\Omega}\right) \!+\! V_{2}\!\left(\frac{1}{4\Omega} \!+\! \frac{1}{2\Omega}\right) \!+\! i_{1}(3) \!=\! 5A \end{split}$$

Find the two voltages and the one current.

$$v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 31.98 \end{bmatrix} \checkmark V$$

$$i_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & & \\ & & \end{bmatrix} \checkmark A$$

Numeric Answers

$$v_1 = 32.0 \text{ V}$$

$$v_2 = 16.0 \text{ V}$$

Partially correct

Marks for this submission: 6.67/10.00. Accounting for previous tries, this gives **6.67/10.00**.

Correct

Mark 10.00 out of 10.00

A1.01_9ed

Given the following set of equations:

$$1.7 \text{ v}_1 - 0.5 \text{ v}_2 = 10$$

$$-0.5 \text{ v}_1 + 0.6 \text{ v}_2 = 2$$

Find the two voltages.

$$v_1 = 9.09$$

Numeric Answers

$$v_1 = 9.0909 V$$

Correct

Correct

Mark 10.00 out of 10.00

A1.02_9ed

Given the following set of equations:

$$25 i_1 - 5 i_2 - 20 i_3 = 50$$

$$-5 i_1 + 10 i_2 - 4 i_3 = 0$$

$$-5 i_1 - 4 i_2 + 9 i_3 = 0$$

Find the three currents.

$$i_2 = 26$$

Numeric Answers

$$i_1 = 29.60 A$$

$$i_2 = 26.0 \text{ A}$$

$$i_3 = 28.0 A$$

Correct

Partially correct

Mark 8.33 out of 10.00

A1.10_6ed

Given this set of equations:

$$\begin{array}{l} i_a(5)\!+\!i_b(-5)\!+\!i_c(j3)\!=\!0 \\ i_a(-5)\!+\!i_b(5\!+\!j2)\!+\!i_c(-j2)\!=\!j5 \\ i_a(0)\!+\!i_b(0)\!+\!i_c(1)\!=\!5 \end{array}$$

Find the three currents.

$$i_{a} = \boxed{0} \qquad \checkmark + j \boxed{6} \qquad \times A$$

$$i_{b} = \boxed{0} \qquad \checkmark + j \boxed{0} \qquad \checkmark \{-0.1|0.1\} A$$

$$i_{c} = \boxed{5} \qquad \checkmark + j \boxed{0} \qquad \checkmark A$$

Numeric Answers

$$i_a = 0 - j 3 A$$

$$i_{h} = 0 + j 0 A$$

$$i_{c} = 5 + j 0 A$$

Partially correct

Marks for this submission: 8.33/10.00. Accounting for previous tries, this gives **8.33/10.00**.