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**State** Finished

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**Time taken** 8 mins 28 secs

**Grade** 70.00 out of 100.00

**Question 1**

Correct

Mark 10.00 out of 10.00

AP9.01\_9ed

Find the phasor (based on cosine) transform of each trigonometric function:

a)  $v = 170 \cos(377t - 40^\circ)$  Volts

$V_{\text{phasor}}$  Magnitude =  ✓ V

Angle =  ✓ ° (Degrees)

b)  $i = 10 \sin(1,000t + 20^\circ)$  Amps

$I_{\text{phasor}}$  Magnitude =  ✓ V

Angle =  ✓ ° (Degrees)

c)  $i = 5 \cos(\omega t + 36.87^\circ) + 10 \cos(\omega t - 53.13^\circ)$  Amps

$I_{\text{phasor}}$  Magnitude =  ✓ V

Angle =  ✓ ° (Degrees)

d)  $v = 300 \cos(20,000\pi t + 45^\circ) - 100 \sin(20,000\pi t + 30^\circ)$  mV

$V_{\text{phasor}}$  Magnitude =  ✓ mV

Angle =  ✓ ° (Degrees)

**Numeric Answer**

a)  $V_{\text{phasor}} = 170$  at angle  $-40^\circ$  Volts

b)  $I_{\text{phasor}} = 10$  at angle  $-70^\circ$  Amps

c)  $I_{\text{phasor}} = 11.18$  at angle  $-26.56^\circ$  Amps

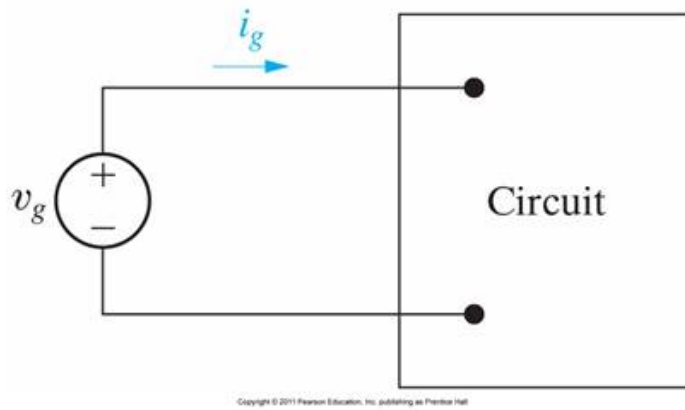
d)  $V_{\text{phasor}} = 339.9$  at angle  $61.51^\circ$  Volts

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 10.00/10.00.

**Question 2**

Correct

Mark 10.00 out of  
10.00

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P9.12\_9ed

The expressions for the steady-state voltage and current at the terminals of the circuit are

$$v_g = 300 \cos(5,000 \pi t + 78^\circ) \text{ V}$$

$$i_g = 6 \sin(5,000 \pi t + 123^\circ) \text{ A}$$

a) What is the impedance seen by the source? Write in rectangular form.

$$Z = \boxed{35.63} \checkmark + j \boxed{35.63} \checkmark \Omega \text{ (Ohm)}$$

b) By how much time  $t$  in microseconds is the current out of phase with the voltage?

$$i_g \text{ lags } v_g \text{ by } \boxed{50} \checkmark \mu\text{s (micro sec)}$$

**Numeric Answer**

$$\text{a) } Z = 35.355 + j 35.355 \Omega$$

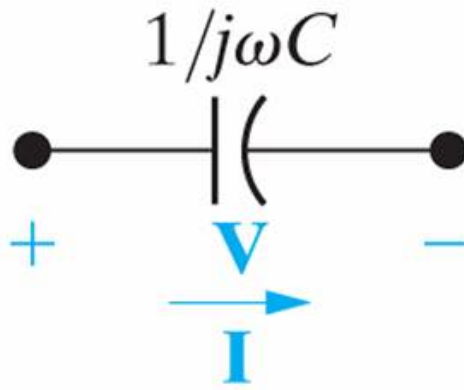
$$\text{b) } t_{\text{lag}} = 50 \mu\text{s}$$

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 10.00/10.00.

**Question 3**

Correct

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10.00

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AP9.04\_9ed

The voltage across the terminals of the 5  $\mu\text{F}$  (micro F) capacitor is  $30 \cos(4,000 t + 25^\circ)$  V.

a) Calculate the capacitive reactance.

$$X_C = \boxed{-50} \checkmark \text{ Ohms}$$

b) Calculate the impedance of the capacitor.

$$Z_C = j \boxed{-50} \checkmark \text{ Ohms}$$

c) Calculate the phasor current  $\mathbf{I}$ .

$$\mathbf{I} = \text{Magnitude } \boxed{.6} \checkmark \text{ with Angle } \boxed{115} \checkmark \text{ Degrees Amps}$$

d) Write the steady-state expression for  $i(t)$ .

$$i(t) = \boxed{.6} \checkmark \cos(\boxed{4000} \checkmark t + \boxed{115} \checkmark^\circ) \text{ Amps}$$

**Numeric Answer**

a)  $X_C = -50 \, \Omega$  (Ohm)

b)  $Z_C = -j50 \, \Omega$  (Ohm)

c)  $\mathbf{I} = 0.6 \angle 115^\circ$  Volts

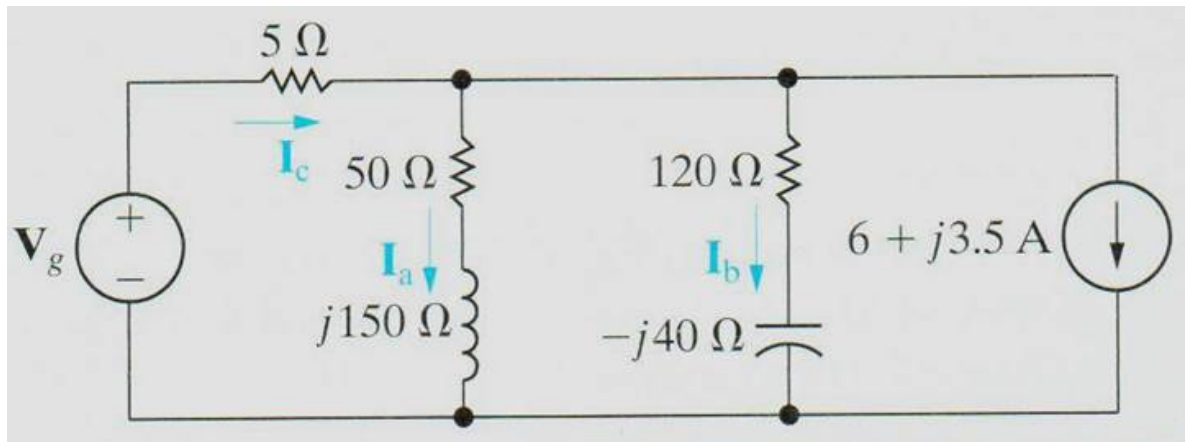
d)  $i(t) = 0.6 \cos(4,000t + 115^\circ)$  Volts

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 10.00/10.00.

**Question 4**

Not answered

Mark 0.00 out of  
10.00

P9.40\_7ed

Given the phasor current  $\mathbf{I}_a = 2$  at angle  $0^\circ$  A (magnitude 2 with angle 0 degrees Amps).

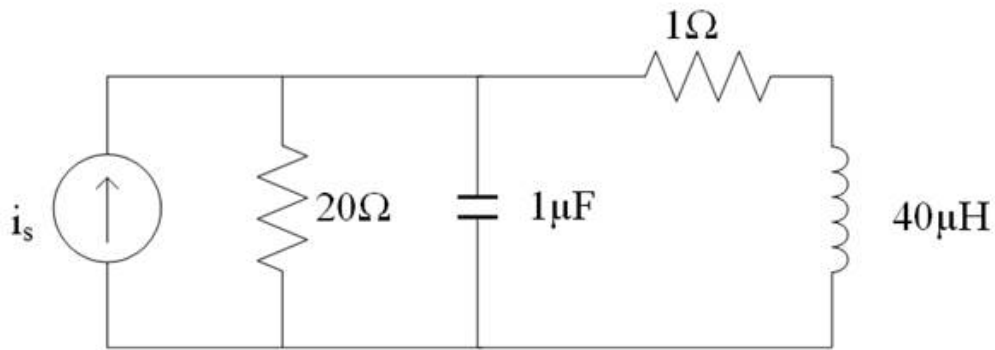
Find the following phasor values:

 $\mathbf{I}_b$  = Magnitude   $\times$  with Angle   $\times^\circ$  (Degrees) Amps $\mathbf{I}_c$  = Magnitude   $\times$  with Angle   $\times^\circ$  (Degrees) Amps $\mathbf{V}_g$  = Magnitude   $\times$  with Angle   $\times^\circ$  (Degrees) Volts**Numeric Answer** $\mathbf{I}_b = 2.5$  at angle  $90^\circ$  A $\mathbf{I}_c = 10.0$  at angle  $36.87^\circ$  A $\mathbf{V}_g = 358.469$  at angle  $67.01^\circ$  V

**Question 5**

Correct

Mark 10.00 out of 10.00



P9.09\_6ed

Given:  $i_s = 20 \cos(50,000t - 20^\circ) \text{ A}$ .Find the time domain voltage across the  $20 \Omega$  (Ohm) resistor.

$$v_{20\Omega}(t) = \boxed{46.5} \checkmark \cos(50,000 t + \boxed{34.46} \checkmark^\circ) \text{ V}$$

**Numeric Answer**

$$v_{20\Omega}(t) = 46.5 \cos(50,000 t + 34.46^\circ) \text{ Volts}$$

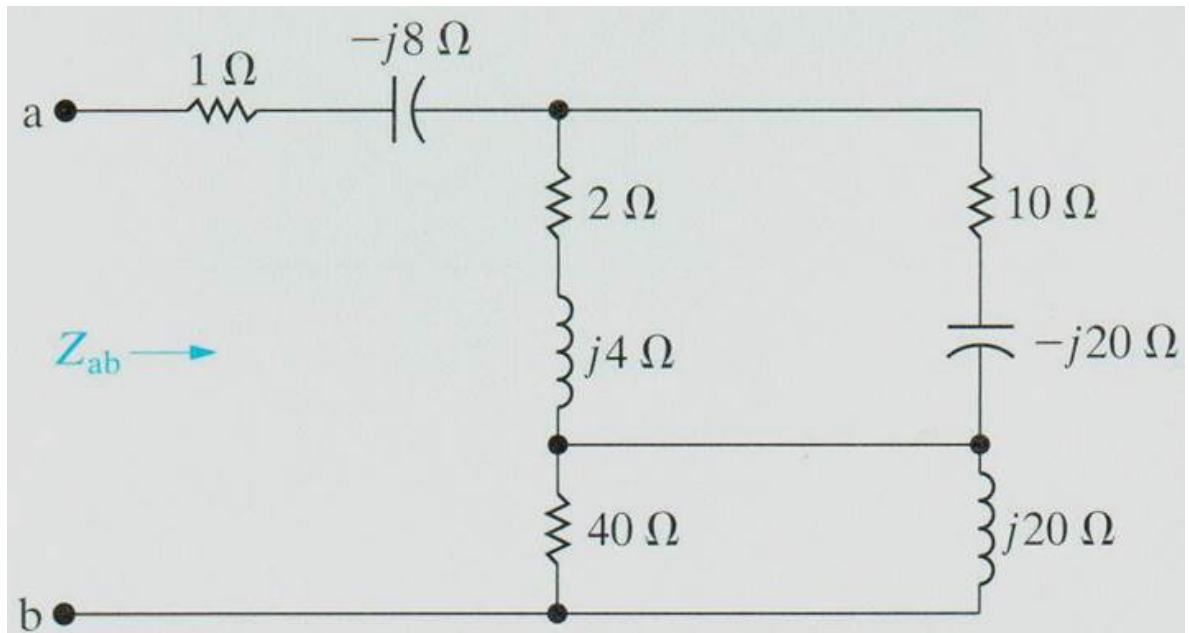
**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 10.00/10.00.

**Question 6**

Not answered

Mark 0.00 out of 10.00



P9.33\_7ed

Find the equivalent impedance  $Z_{ab}$  at the terminals a,b.

$$Z_{ab} = \boxed{\phantom{000}} \times + j \boxed{\phantom{000}} \times \Omega \text{ (Ohm)}$$

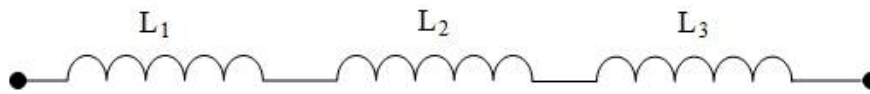
**Numeric Answer**

$$Z_{ab} = 12.0 + j 12.0 \Omega \text{ (Ohm)}$$

**Question 7**

Correct

Mark 10.00 out of 10.00



Given:

$$L_1 = 9.4 \text{ mH (milli H)} \quad L_2 = 6.8 \text{ mH (milli H)} \quad L_3 = 19.8 \text{ mH (milli H)}$$

The radian frequency of the driving source is 122615 rad/sec

Find the equivalent impedance of this series combination.

$$Z_{Leq} = j \text{ ?? } \Omega \text{ (Ohms)}$$

Answer: 4414.14

**Calculated Question**

The correct answer is: 4414.140

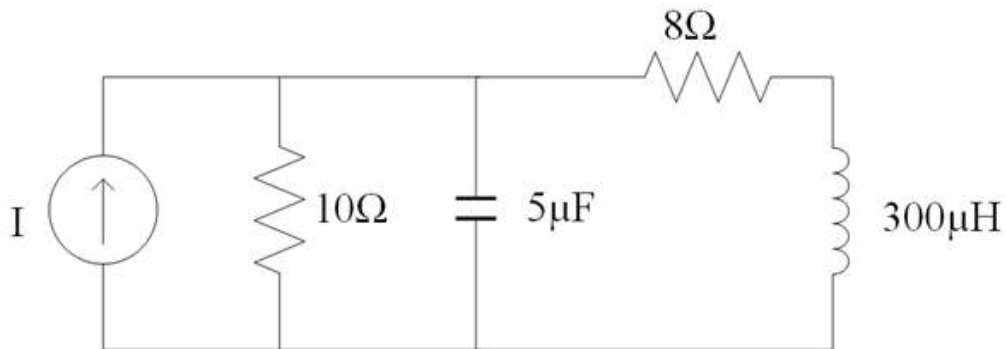
**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 10.00/10.00.

**Question 8**

Correct

Mark 10.00 out of 10.00



P9.16\_9ed

$$\text{Given: } I = 922 \cos(20,000 t + 30^\circ) \text{ A.}$$

What is the phasor voltage in polar form across the current source? Use the polarity of “top” equals positive voltage and “bottom” equals the reference node.

$$|V| = 5000.25 \text{ V}$$



$$\text{Angle} = 17.47^\circ \text{ (Degrees)}$$

**Numeric Answer**

$$|V| = 5,000.25 \text{ V}$$

$$\text{Angle} = 17.47 \text{ Degrees}$$

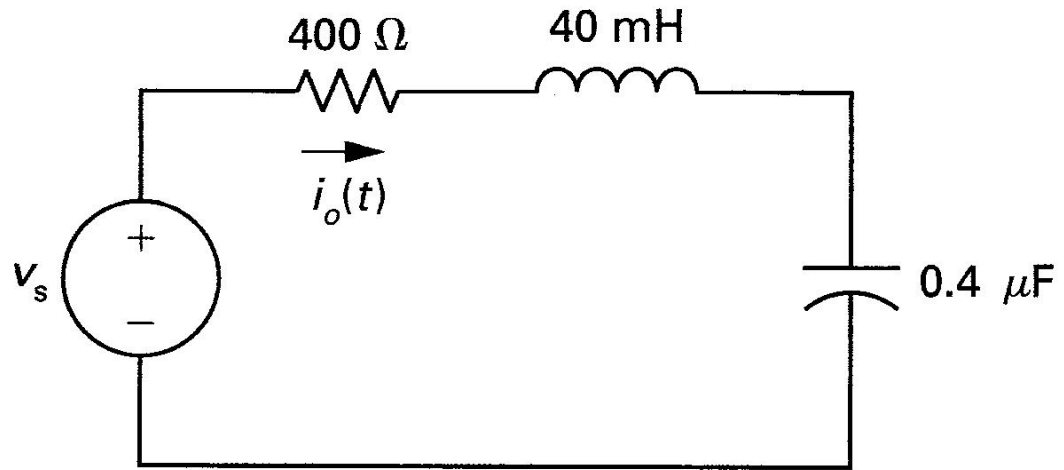
**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 10.00/10.00.

**Question 9**

Correct

Mark 10.00 out of 10.00



P9.14\_6ed

Given:  $v_s = 750 \cos(5,000 t)$  V.Find the time domain current  $i_o(t)$ .

$$i_o(t) = 1.5 \checkmark \cos(5,000 t + 36.87 \checkmark^\circ) \text{ A}$$

**Numeric Answer**

$$i_o(t) = 1.5 \cos(5,000 t + 36.87^\circ) \text{ A}$$

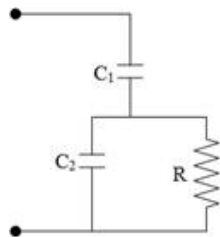
Correct

Marks for this submission: 10.00/10.00.

**Question 10**

Not answered

Mark 0.00 out of 10.00



Given:

$$C_1 = 2.5 \text{ } \mu\text{F (micro F)} \quad C_2 = 14.2 \text{ } \mu\text{F (micro F)} \quad R = 12.4 \text{ } \Omega \text{ (Ohms)}$$

The radian frequency of the driving source is 3,000 rad/sec

Find the equivalent impedance of this circuit.

$$Z_{\text{Eq}} = \text{[ ]} \times + j \text{[ ]} \times \Omega \text{ (Ohms)}$$

**Numeric Answer**

$$\text{Real}\{Z_{\text{Eq}}\} = 9.6948 \text{ } \Omega \text{ (Ohms)}$$

$$\text{Imag}\{Z_{\text{Eq}}\} = -j 138.4545 \text{ } \Omega \text{ (Ohms)}$$