

Started on Wednesday, 5 April 2017, 11:00 AM**State** Finished**Completed on** Wednesday, 5 April 2017, 11:50 AM**Time taken** 49 mins 49 secs**Grade** 93.33 out of 100.00**Question 1**

Correct

Mark 5.00 out of 5.00

Q1d

Find the Laplace Transform of $\left\{ \frac{d}{dt} [e^{-at} \cos(\omega t)] \right\} \Leftrightarrow$

Select one:

- ☐ a. $\frac{-s^2}{(s+a)^2 + \omega^2}$
- ☐ b. $\frac{\omega^2}{(s+a)^2 + \omega^2}$
- ☐ c. $\frac{s(s+a)^2}{(s+a)^2 + \omega^2}$
- ☒ d. $-\frac{a(s+a) + \omega^2}{(s+a)^2 + \omega^2}$ ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 5.00/5.00.

Question 2

Correct

Mark 15.00 out of 15.00

Q2b

Given $F(s) = \frac{10(s^2+40)}{(s+8)(s^2+12s+136)} = \frac{10(s^2+40)}{(s+8)(s+6-j10)(s+6+j10)}$

Find the partial fraction expansion of F(s) and then use the Laplace transform tables to find f(t).

$$f(t) = [10 \checkmark e^{-8 \checkmark t} + 12 \checkmark e^{-6 \checkmark t} \cos(10 \checkmark t + 90 \checkmark^\circ)] u(t)$$

Correct

Marks for this submission: 15.00/15.00.

Question 3

Correct

Mark 10.00 out of 10.00

Q3a

Given: $F(s) = \frac{7s^2+63s+134}{(s+3)(s+4)(s+5)}$ which has an inverse transform f(t).

a) Find the initial value of f(t=0).

$$f(t=0) = 7 \checkmark$$

b) Find the final value of f(t → ∞)

$$f(t \rightarrow \infty) = 0 \checkmark$$

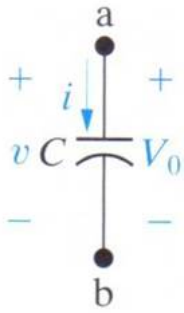
Correct

Marks for this submission: 10.00/10.00.

Question 4

Correct

Mark 3.33 out of 10.00



Q4a

Given: This capacitor has a value of $1\ \mu\text{F}$ (micro F) and has an initial voltage of $15\ \text{V}$ at $t = 0^-$.

Identify the Frequency Domain parallel form of the capacitor

Select one:

- ☐ a. $V = \frac{1}{s(1 \times 10^{-3})} + \frac{15}{s}$
- ☒ b. $I = s(1 \times 10^{-6})V - 15 \times 10^{-6}$ ✓
- ☐ c. $V = \frac{1}{s(1 \times 10^{-6})} + \frac{15}{s}$
- ☐ d. $I = s(1 \times 10^{-3})V - 15 \times 10^{-3}$

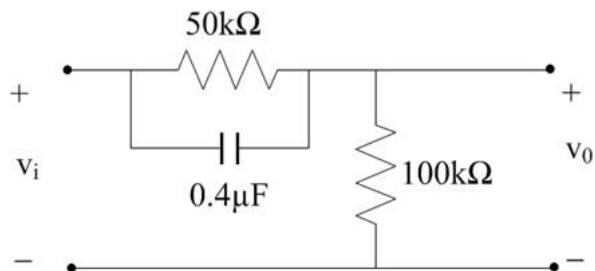
Correct

Marks for this submission: 10.00/10.00. Accounting for previous tries, this gives **3.33/10.00**.

Question 5

Correct

Mark 15.00 out of 15.00



Q5d

Find the s domain transfer function $H(s) = V_o/V_i$ for this circuit.

$$H(s) = (s + \boxed{50} \checkmark) / (s + \boxed{75} \checkmark)$$

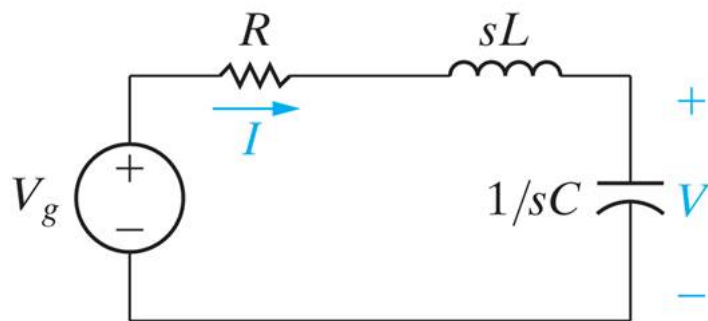
Correct

Marks for this submission: 15.00/15.00.

Question 6

Correct

Mark 15.00 out of 15.00



Q6c

Given: There is no energy stored in this circuit prior to $t = 0$.The voltage source $V_g = 10\text{V}$ for $t \geq 0^+$. $R = 125\ \Omega$ (Ohm) $L = 1\text{ H}$ $C = 1\text{ mF}$ (milli F)Find the defined current I in the s domain.

$$I(s) = \boxed{10} \checkmark / (s^2 + \boxed{125} \checkmark s + \boxed{1000} \checkmark)$$

Correct

Marks for this submission: 15.00/15.00.

Question 7

Correct

Mark 15.00 out of 15.00

Q7a

Given: $F(s) = \frac{6(3s+11)}{(s+1)(s+2)}$

Find the partial fraction expansion of this transfer function.

$$F(s) = \boxed{48} \checkmark / (s+1) + \boxed{-30} \checkmark / (s+2)$$

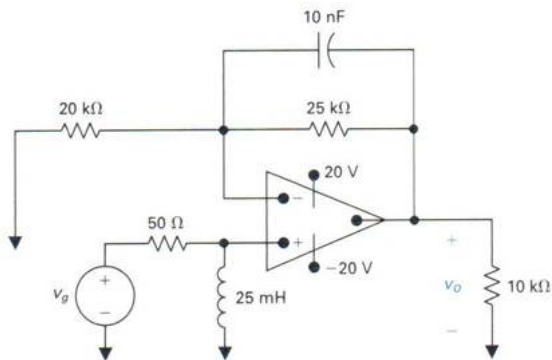
Correct

Marks for this submission: 15.00/15.00.

Question 8

Correct

Mark 15.00 out of 15.00



Q8b

Given: The opamp is ideal.

$$H(s) = \frac{V_o}{V_g} = \frac{s(s+9,000)}{(s+2,000)(s+4,000)}$$

Find the steady-state response when the input $v_g(t) = 18 \cos(30,000 t)\text{ V}$.

$$v_o(t)_{\text{steady-state}} = \boxed{18.8} \checkmark \cos(\boxed{30000} \checkmark t + \boxed{-5.29} \checkmark^\circ) u(t)\text{ V}$$

Correct

Marks for this submission: 15.00/15.00.