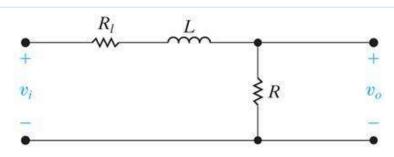
Home ► My courses ► EEE117-2017S-Tatro ► Homework ► Homework 11 - Chapter 14

Started on	Sunday, 16 April 2017, 9:15 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Sunday, 16 April 2017, 9:15 PM
Time taken	8 secs
	400.00

**Grade 100.00** out of 100.00

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00



P14.3\_9ed

A resistor R<sub>1</sub> is added in series with the inductor in this circuit.

Given:  $R_1 = 75 \Omega$  (Ohm) L = 10 mH (mill H)  $R = 127 \Omega$  (Ohm)

a) Find the s domain transfer function  $H(s) = V_0/V_i$ .

$$H(s) = 12700$$
  $\sqrt{(s + 20200)}$ 

b) At what frequency will the magnitude of H(jw) be maximum?

$$W_{H,max} = \boxed{0}$$
 rad/sec

c) What is maximum value of the magnitude of H(jw)?

$$H(jw)_{max} = \boxed{.63}$$

d) At what frequency will the magnitude of H(jw) equal its maximum value divided by square root of 2?

$$w_{H,max,sqrt(2)} = 20200$$
  $\checkmark$  rad/sec

e) Find w<sub>c</sub> (omega<sub>c</sub>)

$$w_c = 20200$$
  $\checkmark$  rad/sec

Now examine the transfer function magnitude and phase as the frequency varies.

f) Find H(jw = 0) in polar form..

$$H(jw = 0) = Mag$$
 .63  $\checkmark$  at angle 0  $\checkmark$  ° (Degrees)

g) Find  $H(jw = 0.3w_c)$  in polar form.

h) Find  $H(jw = w_c)$  in polar form.

i) Find  $H(jw = 3w_c)$  in polar form.

$$H(jw = 3w_c) = Mag$$
 2 at angle  $-71.6$   $\checkmark$  ° (Degrees)

## **Numeric Answer**

a) 
$$\frac{V_0}{V_i} = \frac{12,700}{s+20,200}$$

b) 
$$\omega_{H,max} = 0 \text{ rad/sec}$$

c) 
$$H(j\omega)_{max} = 0.6287$$

d) 
$$\omega_{H,max,sqrt(2)}$$
 = 20,200 rad/sec

e) 
$$\omega_c = 20,200 \text{ rad/sec}$$

f) 
$$H(j\omega = 0) = 0.6287$$

g) 
$$H(j\omega = 0.3\omega_c) = 0.6022$$
  $< -16.70^\circ$ 

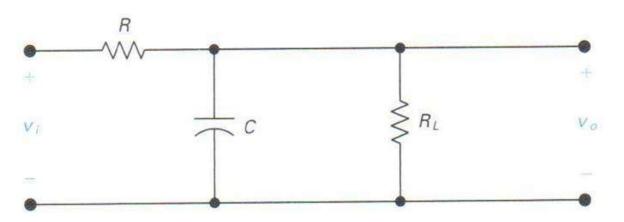
h) 
$$H(j_{\omega} = \omega_{c}) = 0.4446$$
  $\checkmark -45^{\circ}$ 

i) 
$$H(j_{\omega} = 3\omega_{c}) = 0.1988$$
  $\checkmark$  -71.57°

### Correct

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00



P14.3 6ed

A resistor  $R_L$  is connected in parallel with the capacitor in this circuit. The circuit thus becomes a loaded low-pass filter.

Given:  $R = 20 \text{ k}\Omega$  (kilo Ohm) C = 4 nF  $R_T = 300 \text{ k}\Omega$  (kilo Ohm)

a) Find the s domain transfer function  $H(s) = V_0/V_1$ .

$$H(s) = 12500$$
  $\checkmark / (s + 13373.33)$   $\checkmark )$ 

b) Find w<sub>c</sub> (omega<sub>c</sub>)

$$w_c = \boxed{13333.3}$$
 rad/sec

Now examine the transfer function magnitude and phase as the frequency varies.

c) Find H(j0)

$$H(j0) = \boxed{.94}$$

d) Find  $H(jw_c)$  i.e. evaluate H(jw) at  $w = w_c$ 

$$H(jw_c) = Mag$$
 .66 Angle -45

e) Find  $H(j0.2w_c)$  i.e. evaluate H(jw) at  $w = 0.2 w_c$ 

$$H(j0.2w_c) = Mag$$
 .92 Angle -11.31

f) Find  $H(j8w_c)$  i.e. evaluate H(jw) at  $w = 8w_c$ 

$$H(j8w_c) = Mag$$
 .116  $\checkmark$  Angle -82.9

## **Numeric Answer**

a) 
$$f = 50 Hz$$

b) 
$$\omega_c = 13,333.3 \text{ rad/sec}$$

c) 
$$H(j0) = 0.9375$$

d) 
$$H(j\omega_c) = 0.6629$$
  $\checkmark -45^\circ$ 

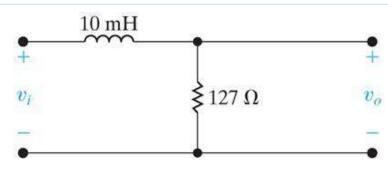
e) H(j0.2
$$\omega_c$$
) = 0.9193  $< \sim$  -11.31 $^{\circ}$  This is an exact answer to the passband region.

f) H(j8
$$\omega_c$$
) = 0.1163  $\checkmark$  -82.87 $^{\circ}$  This is an exact answer to the stopband region.

#### Correct

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00



# P14.1 9ed

a) Find the cutoff frequency in hertz.

b) Find  $H(j\omega = 0)$  in polar form.

Now examine the output magnitude and phase as the input frequency varies.

c) Find H(jw =  $0.2\omega_c$ ) in polar form..

d) Find  $H(j\omega = \omega_c)$  in polar form.

e) Find  $H(j\omega = 5\omega_c)$  in polar form.

$$H(jw = 5\omega_c) = Mag$$
 .196  $\checkmark$  at angle -78.69  $\checkmark$  ° (Degrees)

Now given  $v_i(t) = 10 \cos(\omega t) \text{ V}$ . Write the steady-state expression for  $v_0$  for:

f)  $\omega = 0.2\omega_c$ 

$$v_0(t) = 9.81$$
  $\sqrt{\cos(2540)}$   $t + -11.31$   $\sqrt{\circ}$  Volts

g)  $\omega = \omega_{\alpha}$ 

$$v_0(t) = \boxed{7.07}$$
  $\checkmark$   $cos(\boxed{12700}$   $\checkmark$   $t + \boxed{-45}$   $\checkmark$  °) Volts

h)  $\omega = 5\omega_{c}$ 

$$v_0(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 1.96 & \checkmark & \cos(63500 & \checkmark & t + \begin{bmatrix} -78.69 & \checkmark & \circ \end{bmatrix}) \text{ Volts}$$

a) 
$$f_c = 2021.27 \text{ Hz}$$

b) 
$$H(j\omega = 0) = 1 \angle 0^{\circ}$$

c) 
$$H(j_{\omega} = 0.2\omega_c) = 0.981$$
  $\checkmark$  -11.31°

d) 
$$H(j_{\omega} = \omega_c) = 0.707$$
  $\checkmark$  -45°

e) 
$$H(j_{\omega} = 5\omega_{c}) = 0.196$$
  $\checkmark$  -78.69°

f) For 
$$\omega$$
 = 0.2 $\omega_{\rm c}$ , v<sub>0</sub>(t) = 9.81 cos(2,540 t  $-$  11.31°) Volts

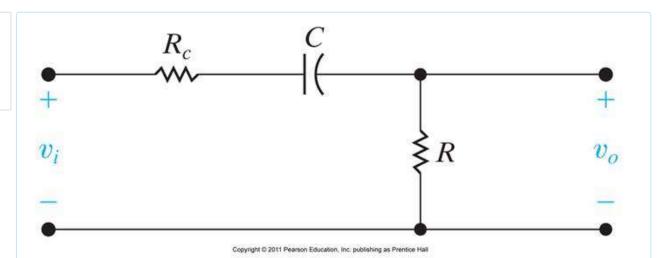
g) For 
$$\omega = \omega_c$$
,  $v_0(t) = 7.07 \cos(12,700 \text{ t} - 45^\circ) \text{ Volts}$ 

h) For 
$$\omega$$
 =  $5\omega_c$ ,  $v_0(t)$  = 1.96 cos(63,500 t  $-$  78.69°) Volts

#### Correct

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00



# P14.11 9ed

Given:  $R_c = 12.5 \text{ k}\Omega$  (kilo Ohm) C = 5 nF  $R = 50 \text{ k}\Omega$  (kilo Ohm)

a) Find the cutoff frequency  $f_{\rm c}$  for this high-pass filter.

$$f_c = 509.3$$
  $\checkmark$  Hz

b) Find the H(jw) for

$$H(jw = w_c) = \boxed{.57}$$
 at angle  $\boxed{45}$  ° (degrees)  
 $H(jw = 0.2w_c) = \boxed{.16}$  at angle  $\boxed{78.69}$  °  $\boxed{}$  H(jw = 5w<sub>c</sub>) =  $\boxed{.78}$  at angle  $\boxed{11.31}$  °

c) If  $v_i(t) = 500 \cos(\omega t)$  mV (milli V), write the steady-state output voltage  $v_0(t)$  for

For 
$$\omega = \omega_c$$
,  $v_o(t) = 282.85$   $\cos(wt + 45)$  °) mV (milli V)  
For  $\omega = 0.2\omega_c$ ,  $v_o(t) = 78.45$   $\cos(wt + 78.69)$  °) mV (milli V)  
For  $\omega = 5\omega_c$ ,  $v_o(t) = 392.25$   $\cos(wt + 11.31)$  °) mV (milli V)

- a)  $f_c = 509.2958 \text{ Hz}$
- b) Find the  $H(j\omega)$  for

$$H(j\omega = \omega_c) = 0.5657$$
 at angle  $45^\circ$ 

$$H(j\omega = 0.2\omega_c) = 0.1569$$
 at angle  $78.69^\circ$ 

$$H(j\omega = 5\omega_c) = 0.7845$$
 at angle 11.31°

c) If  $v_i(t) = 500 \cos(\omega t)$ , write the steady-state output voltage  $v_o(t)$  for

For 
$$\omega = \omega_c$$
,  $v_o(t) = 282.850 \cos(\omega t + 45^\circ) \text{ mV}$ 

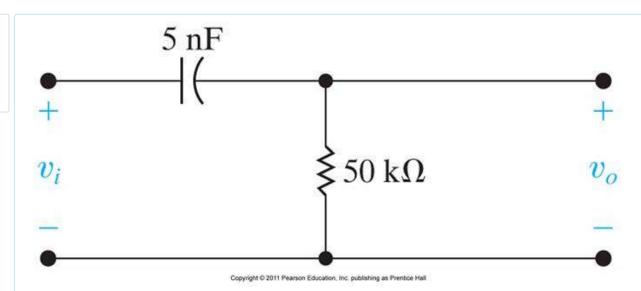
For 
$$\omega = 0.2\omega_c$$
,  $v_o(t) = 78.450 \cos(\omega t + 78.69^\circ) \text{ mV}$ 

For 
$$\omega = 5\omega_c$$
,  $v_o(t) = 392.250 \cos(\omega t + 11.31^\circ) \text{ mV}$ 

#### Correct

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00



# P14.10 9ed

a) Find the cutoff frequency  $f_c$  for this high-pass filter.

$$f_c = 636.62$$
  $\checkmark$  Hz

b) Find the H(jw) for

$$H(jw = w_c) = \boxed{.71} \qquad \text{at angle } \boxed{45} \qquad \circ \text{ (degrees)}$$

$$H(jw = 0.2w_c) = \boxed{.2} \qquad \text{at angle } \boxed{78.69} \qquad \circ$$

$$H(jw = 5w_c) = \boxed{.98} \qquad \text{at angle } \boxed{11.31} \qquad \circ$$

c) If  $v_i(t) = 500 \cos(\omega t)$  mV (milli V), write the steady-state output voltage  $v_0(t)$  for

For 
$$\omega = \omega_c$$
,  $v_o(t) = 353.55$   $< cos(wt + 45) < cos(wt + 45) < cos(wt + 45) < cos(wt + 45) < cos(wt + 78.7) < cos(wt + 78$ 

- a)  $f_c = 636.6198 \text{ Hz}$
- b) Find the  $H(j\omega)$  for

$$H(j\omega = \omega_c) = 0.7071$$
 at angle  $45^\circ$ 

$$H(j\omega = 0.2\omega_c) = 0.1961$$
 at angle  $78.69^\circ$ 

$$H(j\omega = 5\omega_c) = 0.9806$$
 at angle 11.31°

c) If  $v_i(t) = 500 \cos(\omega t)$ , write the steady-state output voltage  $v_0(t)$  for

For 
$$\omega = \omega_c$$
,  $v_o(t) = 353.550 \cos(\omega t + 45^\circ) \text{ mV}$ 

For 
$$\omega = 0.2\omega_c$$
,  $v_o(t) = 98.050 \cos(\omega t + 78.69^\circ) \text{ mV}$ 

For 
$$\omega = 5\omega_c$$
,  $v_0(t) = 490.30 \cos(\omega t + 11.31^\circ) \text{ mV}$ 

### Correct