Question 1 of 10

10.0/ 10.0 Points

A 9V battery supplies 57 mA to a portable music system.

How much energy does the battery deliver in 23 minutes?

Energy w = v -707.94 Joules

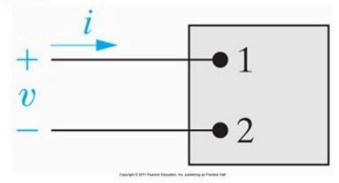
"+" = absorbed "-" = delivered

Answer Key: -707.94

Feedback: Calculated Question

Question 2 of 10

10.0/ 10.0 Points



The voltage and current at the terminals of this circuit are zero for $t \le 0$.

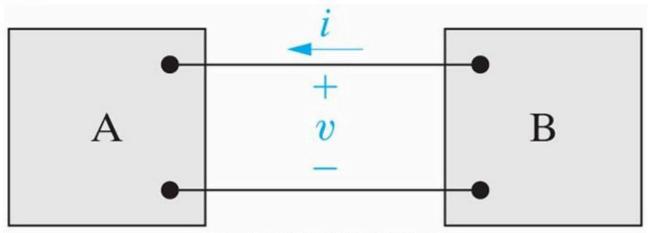
For
$$t \ge 0$$
 $v = 50 e^{-1660t}$ Volts $i = 5.5e^{-1660t}$ Amps

a) Find the power at t = 500 µs (micro seconds).

b) How much energy is delivered to the circuit element between zero and 500 µs (micro seconds)?

$$w = \sqrt{67.08} \text{ mJ (milli Joule)}$$

Question 3 of 10



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Accepted characters: numbers, decimal point markers (period or comma), sign indicators (-), spaces (e.g., as thousands separator, 5 000), "E" or "e" (used in scientific notation). NOTE: For scientific notation, a period MUST be used as the decimal point marker.

Complex numbers should be in the form (a + bi) where "a" and "b" need to have explicitly stated values.

For example: {1+1i} is valid whereas {1+i} is not. {0+9i} is valid whereas {9i} is not.

Given: v = 57.1 Volts i = -15.6 Amps

Find the power absorbed/delivered by element B.

P_B = ✓ <u>890.76</u> Watts

"+" = absorbed and "-" = delivered

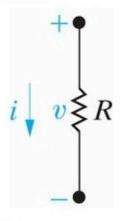
Answer Key: 872.945|908.575

Feedback:

Numeric Answer

P_B = -890.760 Watts

Question 4 of 10



Given:

A student has measured the following voltage and current for the resistor shown.

The instructor verified that the voltage was measured correctly.

a) Was the current measured correctly?

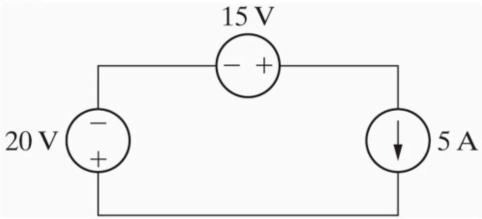
Correct? =
$$\checkmark 0$$
 where No = 0 and Yes = 1

b) Find the power absorbed/delivered by the resistor.

Answer Key: 0,81.4

Feedback: Calculated Question

Question 5 of 10



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Complex numbers should be in the form (a + bi) where "a" and "b" need to have explicitly stated values.

For example: {1+1i} is valid whereas {1+i} is not. {0+9i} is valid whereas {9i} is not.

Calculate the power in each circuit element.

P_{20V} = **√** 100 Watts

P_{15V} = v -75 Watts

P5A = <u>√-25</u> Watts

"+" = absorbed and "-" = delivered

Answer Key: 98.0|102.0, -76.50|-73.50, -25.50|-24.50

Feedback:

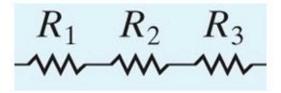
Numeric Answer

 $P_{20V} = +100W$

 $P_{15V} = -75W$

P5A = -25W

10.0/ 10.0 Points Question 6 of 10



Given:

 $R_1 = 188257 \Omega \text{ (Ohms)}$ $R_2 = 379456 \Omega \text{ (Ohms)}$

 $R_3 = 30395 \Omega \text{ (Ohms)}$

Find the equivalent resistance R_{Eq}.

 $R_{Eq} = \sqrt{598108} \Omega \text{ (Ohms)}$

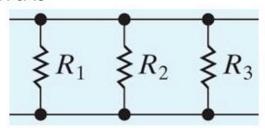
Answer Key: 598108

Feedback:

Calculated Question

Question 7 of 10

10.0/ 10.0 Points



Given:

 $R_1 = 181202\Omega$ (Ohms) $R_2 = 154874 \Omega$ (Ohms)

 $R_3 = 42911 \Omega \text{ (Ohms)}$

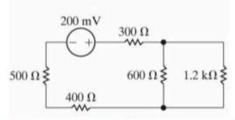
Find the equivalent resistance R_{Eq}.

 $R_{Eq} = \sqrt{28344.98} \Omega \text{ (Ohms)}$

Answer Key: 28344.982

Feedback:

Question 8 of 10



Accepted characters: numbers, decimal point markers (period or comma), sign indicators (-), spaces (e.g., as thousands separator, 5 000), "E" or "e" (used in scientific notation). NOTE: For scientific notation, a period MUST be used as the decimal point marker.

Complex numbers should be in the form (a + bi) where "a" and "b" need to have explicitly stated values.

For example: {1+1i} is valid whereas {1+i} is not. {0+9i} is valid whereas {9i} is not.

Find the equivalent resistance of this circuit.

R_{Eq} = 1600 Ohms

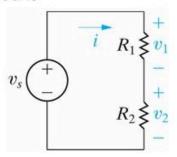
Answer Key: 1568.0|1632.0

Feedback:

Numeric Answer:

R_{Eq} = 1,600 Ohms

Question 9 of 10 10.0/ 10.0 Points



Given:

 v_s = 257 Volts R_1 = 947 Ω (Ohms) R_2 = 520 Ω (Ohms)

v₂ = ✓ 91.10 Volts

a) Find the voltage v_1 . $v_1 = \sqrt{165.90}$ Volts

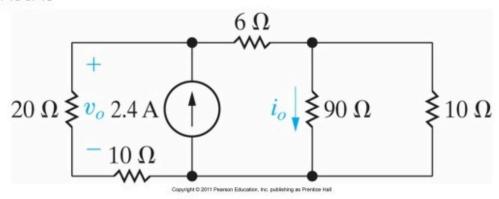
c) Find the current i. $i = \sqrt{0.175}$ Amps

Answer Key: 165.902,91.098,0.175

Feedback:

b) Find the voltage v₂.

Question 10 of 10 10.0/ 10.0 Points



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Complex numbers should be in the form (a + bi) where "a" and "b" need to have explicitly stated values.

For example: {1+1i} is valid whereas {1+i} is not. {0+9i} is valid whereas {9i} is not.

Find the current through the 10 Ω resistor on the far right side of the circuit.

 $i_{10\Omega} = \sqrt{1.44} A$

Answer Key: 1.411|1.469

Feedback:

Numeric Answer:

 $i_{10\Omega} = 1.440A$