

DAIR . 200

* 四日也

is E.R Model:

. The Entity-Relationship (ER) Model is a high-level what designing database by entities, attributes and the relationships between them. - Sent the structure of a database . It helps in Conceptual data model used to visually repre-

Components in ER Model:

* Relationship:

* Attributes:

1. Entity:

- · Represents a real-world object (or) Concept
- · Can be physical (ar) Conceptual.
- Denoted by Rectangle.

Attributes:

- · Properties (or) Destails of an entity.
- (or) multivalued. · Can be simple , composite, calculated (derived)
- · Denoted by ovals" Connected to entities.

3. Entity Set:

- · A Collection of Similar types of entities.
- · For example , all students on a eniversity,

- Describes how entities are related to each other-
- · For example, a student envolls in a Course

* Weak Entity:

a multivalued

Attributes-

+ Derived Attribute:

Denoted by diamond shape.

· A Collection of similar types of relationships

6. Cardinality:

· Specifies the number of instances of one entity velated to another.

Types: one-to-one (dsd.) one-to-many (dsn.), Flory-to-

Evample of E.R. Model:

Many MIN.

· Entity: Student

· Attribute : Student ID , Name, ADC

· Relationship: Student envolts in coorse-

· Cardinality: one student Can envoll in many Courses.

+ Shapes that each in ER model:

· Rectangle = Entity

aval & Allibote

· Diamond = Pelationship

Doubel oval = Multivalued Attribute

Dashed oval = Derived Attributer

Double Rectangle = weak entity.

· Double Diamond = Identifying Relationship.

Advantages of ER Models

. Sample and intuitive

> Easy to understand and interpret, even for non-technical users.

· Graphical Representation.

-> uses diagrams which make database design elear and visual.

Clear Structure.

> Helps organize data systematically and defines relationships explicity.

· Good for Database Design.

-> serves as a blueprint for Crenting the actual database schema.

· Encourage Communication.

designers and Stakeholders.

* Disadvantages of ER Model:

4. Consisted to Conceptual Design:

. It doesn't handel physical database design details like

in dewes storage, (or) performance.

2. Complementy with large Databases:

· ER diagrams can become very Complex and difficult to

8. No standard Motabion:

different symbols (or) Conventions.











