

# ASSIGNMENT-2

JAVA PROGRAMMING

CSA0914

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### 1) Aim:

To write java program for reversing a numbers

### Pseudo code:

- 1) initialize the variables and get the numbers from the user
- 2) using the while loop perform:
- 3) get the last digit from the number
- 4) add it with sum and multiply with 10
- 5) remove the last digit from the numbers
- 6) display the result.

### Program

```
import java.util.Scanner;  
  
public class reverse {  
    public static void main (String[] args) {  
        Scanner input = new Scanner (System.in);  
        System.out.print ("enter the number");  
        int num = Scanner.nextInt();  
        int rev = 0, temp;  
        while (num > 0)  
        {  
            temp = num % 10;  
            rev = rev * 10 + temp;  
            num = num / 10;  
        }  
        System.out.print ("reversed number = " + rev);  
    }  
}
```

```
gcd=1;
```

```
}  
}
```

```
system.out.print("gcd" + gcd);
```

```
}  
}
```

Sample output

enter two numbers : 6 90

gcd = 6

Ans:

To write java program for merging two sorted array arrays into a single sorted array

Pseudo code:

- 1) initialize the variables and get the input strings from the user
- 2) merge the both strings and then sort the array and store it in new array
- 3) Convert the array into string and display the single merged array

Program:

```
int [] a = {1, 4, 7, 9};
```

```
int [] b = {3, 6, 11};
```

```
int [] c = new int[a.length + b.length];
```

```
for(int i=0; i<a.length; i++)
```

```
    c[i] = a[i];
```

```
for (i=0; i < b.length; i++)
```

```
c[i + a.length] = b[i];
```

```
Array.sort(c);
```

```
System.out.print (Arrays.toString(c));
```

```
}
```

Sample output:

Sorted array: [1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, 11]

Aim:

To write java program for find the frequency of each char in a string

Pseudo code:

- 1) initialize the variables and get the input string from the user
- 2) An array of size 256 is used to store the frequency of each ASCII character
- 3) Iterate the loop over each char of the string and update the frequency count
- 4) display the output

Program:

```
String input = "hello";
```

```
int[] frequency = new int[256];
```

```
for (int i=0; i < input.length; i++) {
```

```
else  
system.out.print("Not Armstrong");
```

```
}
```

Sample Output

enter the number : 153

Armstrong

Aim:

To write java program for finding the gcd of two numbers

Pseudo Code:

1). To initialize the variables and get the numbers a & b

from the user

2). Using the for loop find a number which is less than a & b  
and also the number should be divisible by both a and b

3). If <sup>you</sup> get multiple numbers then choose the largest one

Program:

```
System.out.print("enter two number :");
```

```
int a = input.nextInt();
```

```
int b = input.nextInt();
```

```
int i, gcd = 1;
```

```
for (i = 1; i <= a && i <= b; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
    if (a % i == 0 && b % i == 0)
```



### Sample output

enter the number: 2435

reversed number: 5342

### 2. Aim:

To write java program for checking whether a number is Armstrong or not

### Pseudo code:

- 1) initialize the variables and get the input number from the user
- 2) using while loop get the last digit from the number.
- 3) find the cube and add it with sum variable. Then remove the last digit. Continue until the number is greater than zero
- 4) display the output

### Program:

```
System.out.print("enter the number");
```

```
int n = input.nextInt();
```

```
int temp = n, b, sum = 0;
```

```
while (n > 0)
```

```
    b = n % 10;
```

```
    sum += b * b * b;
```

```
    n = n / 10;
```

```
    if (sum == temp)
```

```
    {
        System.out.print("Armstrong");
    }
```

```
char ch = input.charAt(i);
```

```
frequency[ch]++;
```

```
}
```

```
for (i=0; i < frequency.length; i++) {
```

```
    if (frequency[i] > 0) {
```

```
        System.out.print((char)i + ":" + frequency[i]);
```

```
}
```

Sample output:

e : 1

h : 1

l : 2

o : 1