

Maintenance

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List of procedures

frmAdmin

Private Sub btnAlgorithm_Click

This is a subroutine that calls "thesortingAlgorithm()", which is a subroutine that generates the appointments. This is triggered by the user clicking on btnAlgorithm.

It is used to generate appointments

```
Private Sub btnAlgorithm_Click(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles btnAlgorithm.Click
    'calls the sorting algorithm which is stored in mod1
    Call TheSortingAlgorithm()
End Sub
```

Private Sub btnBack_Click

This is a subroutine that is triggered by clicking on btnBack and it closes the current form and opens frmStart

This is used to leave the form and go back to the prior one.

```
Private Sub btnBack_Click(sender As System.Object, e As System.EventArgs) Handles btnBack.Click
    'opens form start and close the admin form
    frmStart.Show()
    Me.Close()
End Sub
```

Private Sub btnDay_Click

This is a subroutine that is triggered by clicking on btnDay and it opens frmdaysettings

This is used to go to the day settings form

```
Private Sub btnDay_Click(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles btnDay.Click
    'opnes frm daysettings
    frmDaySettings.Show()
End Sub
```

Private Sub btnImport_Click

This is a subroutine that is triggered by clicking btnImport and it tries to call the 4 different import subroutines stored in mod1.

If any fail due to problems with the csv then it will report an error message and end the subroutine. If it fails due to an error with the data then it will be handled by the having passed back stopimport as true at which point the subroutine will end.

This is used to import student staff and lesson information from csv's to dat

```
Private Sub btnImport_Click(sender As System.Object, e As System.EventArgs) Handles btnImport.Click
    'tries to inport staff. if it failes then due to safeguards in Importstaff()
    it must be that there is an error
```

```

'with the csv so it reports that and quits the subroutine
Try
    Call ImportStaff()
Catch
    MsgBox("system cannot find staff.csv", , "Error")
    Exit Sub
End Try
'if there was no problems with the staff csv but there were issues with the
data then an error message will have been sent
'and the varialbe stopimport will be set to true meaning that the subroutine
should stop.
If stopimport = True Then
    stopimport = False
    Exit Sub
End If
'tries to inport students. if it failes then due to safeguards in
Importstudents() it must be that there is an error
'with the csv so it reports that and quits the subroutine
Try
    Call ImportStudents()
Catch
    MsgBox("system cannot find student.csv", , "Error")
    Exit Sub
End Try
'if there was no problems with the student csv but there were issues with the
data then an error message will have been sent
'and the varialbe stopimport will be set to true meaning that the subroutine
should stop.
If stopimport = True Then
    stopimport = False
    Exit Sub
End If
'tries to inport student lesson information. if it failes then due to
safeguards in ImportLessonsStudent() it must be that there is an error
'with the csv so it reports that and quits the subroutine
Try
    Call importLessonsStudent()
Catch
    MsgBox("system cannot find studentclasses.csv", , "Error")
    Exit Sub
End Try
'if there was no problems with the studentclass csv but there were issues
with the data then an error message will have been sent
'and the varialbe stopimport will be set to true meaning that the subroutine
should stop.
If stopimport = True Then
    stopimport = False
    Exit Sub
End If
'tries to inport staff lesson information. if it failes then due to
safeguards in ImportLessonStaff() it must be that there is an error
'with the csv so it reports that and quits the subroutine
Try
    Call importLessonStaff()
Catch
    MsgBox("system cannot find classslots.csv", , "Error")
    Exit Sub
End Try
'if there was no problems with the classslots csv but there were issues with
the data then an error message will have been sent
'and the varialbe stopimport will be set to true meaning that the subroutine
should stop.
If stopimport = True Then
    stopimport = False
    Exit Sub
End If
End Sub

```

Private Sub btnResent_Click

This is a subroutine that is triggered by the clicking of btnresent which is a typo and should have been btnreset. It using a loop from 0 to the number of records stored in each dat file overwrites every field and record with nothing.

This is used to reset the dat files between parents evenings

```
Private Sub btnResent_Click(sender As System.Object, e As System.EventArgs)
Handles btnResent.Click
    ' for each dat file it goes through and writes over every record wiht empty
space

    'overwrites staff.dat
    For counter As Integer = 1 To Nstaff
        Staff = Nothing
        PutStaff(Staff, counter)
    Next

    'overwrites staffav.dat
    For counter As Integer = 1 To NStaffAv
        StaffAv = Nothing
        PutStaffAv(StaffAv, counter)
    Next

    'overwrites student.dat
    For counter As Integer = 1 To Nstudents
        student = Nothing
        PutStudent(student, counter)
    Next

    'overwrites studentav.dat
    For counter As Integer = 1 To NStudAv
        StudAv = Nothing
        PutStudAv(StudAv, counter)
    Next

    'overwrites day.dat
    For counter As Integer = 1 To NDay
        Day = Nothing
        Putday(Day, counter)
    Next

    'overwrites lesson.dat
    For counter As Integer = 1 To Nlesson
        Lesson = Nothing
        Putlesson(Lesson, counter)
    Next

    'overwrites appointment.dat
    For counter As Integer = 1 To NAppointment
        Appointment = Nothing
        Putappointment(Appointment, counter)
    Next
End Sub
```

frmAvailability

Private Sub btnExit_Click

This subroutine is triggered by clicking on btnexit and it closes the current form and opens frmstart

This is used to leave the availability form and go back to the last form

```
Private Sub btnExit_Click(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As
System.EventArgs) Handles btnExit.Click
    'closes the availability form and opens the start form
    frmStart.Show()
    Me.Close()
End Sub
```

Private Sub chklst_ItemCheck

This subroutine is triggered by the user checking the checkbox on the side of an item in the list. It checks whether the user is a student or a staff member and whether it has been checked or not. It then works out the time as a value from 0 to 277. It then finds the record and sets/corrects the block and availability.

This is used to handle the changing of availability of blocks by students and teachers

```
Private Sub chklst_ItemCheck(ByVal sender As Object, ByVal e As
System.Windows.Forms.ItemCheckEventArgs) Handles chklstavailability.ItemCheck
    'handles the changing of availability for a block
    Dim parts() As String = Split(chklstavailability.SelectedItem, " ")
    'checks if the availability is turned on or off
    If chklstavailability.GetItemChecked(chklstavailability.SelectedIndex) =
False Then
        'availability turned on
        If usertype = 1 Then
            'student
            If Appointmentlength = 5 Then
                'appointment length 5
                For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
\ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 5)
                    'finds relevant stud av records that are in the first half
                    hour of the block
                    For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStudAv
                        GetStudAV(counter1)
                        If StudAv.StudNo = student.StudNO And
StudAv.Appointment = counter And StudAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
                            Exit For
                        End If
                    Next
                    'sets them to available and adds 1 to their block number
                    StudAv.available = True
                    StudAv.Block += 1
                    PutStudAv(StudAv, StudAv.studAVNO)
                Next
                For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 6 To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(3)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 11)
                    'finds relevant stud av records that are in the second half
                    hour of the block
                    For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStudAv
                        GetStudAV(counter1)
                        If StudAv.StudNo = student.StudNO And
StudAv.Appointment = counter And StudAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
                            Exit For
                        End If
                    Next
                    'sets them to available and adds 2 to their block number
                    StudAv.available = True
                    StudAv.Block += 2
```

```

        PutStudAv(StudAv, StudAv.studAVNO)
    Next
Else
    'appointment length 10

    For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
    (((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
    \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 4) Step 2
        'finds relevant stud av records that are in the first third
of the block

        For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStudAv
            GetStudAV(counter1)
            If StudAv.StudNo = student.StudNO And
StudAv.Appointment = counter And StudAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
                Exit For
            End If
        Next
        'sets them to available and addes 1 to their block number
        StudAv.available = True
        StudAv.Block += 1
        PutStudAv(StudAv, StudAv.studAVNO)
    Next
    For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
    (((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 6 To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
    (((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 10) Step 2
        'finds relevant stud av records that are in the second
third of the block

        For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStudAv
            GetStudAV(counter1)
            If StudAv.StudNo = student.StudNO And
StudAv.Appointment = counter And StudAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
                Exit For
            End If
        Next
        'sets them to available and addes 2 to their block number
        StudAv.available = True
        StudAv.Block += 2
        PutStudAv(StudAv, StudAv.studAVNO)
    Next
    For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
    (((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 12 To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
    (((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 16) Step 2
        'finds relevant stud av records that are in the last third
of the block

        For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStudAv
            GetStudAV(counter1)
            If StudAv.StudNo = student.StudNO And
StudAv.Appointment = counter And StudAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
                Exit For
            End If
        Next
        'sets them to available and addes 4 to their block number
        StudAv.available = True
        StudAv.Block += 4
        PutStudAv(StudAv, StudAv.studAVNO)
    Next
End If
Else
    'staff
    'appointment length 5
    If Appointmentlength = 5 Then
        For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
    (((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
    \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 5)
            'finds relevant stud av records that are in the first half
hour of the block

            For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStaffAv
                GetStaffAV(counter1)
            Next
        Next
    End If
End If

```

```

        If StaffAv.StaffNO = Staff.StaffNO And
StaffAv.Appointment = counter And StaffAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
            Exit For
        End If
    Next
    'sets them to available and addes 1 to their block number
    StaffAv.Available = True
    StaffAv.Block += 1
    PutStaffAv(StaffAv, StaffAv.staffAVNO)
Next
For counter As Integer = ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 6) To (((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(3)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 11))
    'finds relevant stud av records that are in the second half
hour of the block
    For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStaffAv
        GetStaffAV(counter1)
        If StaffAv.StaffNO = Staff.StaffNO And
StaffAv.Appointment = counter And StaffAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
            Exit For
        End If
    Next
    'sets them to available and addes 2 to their block number
    StaffAv.Available = True
    StaffAv.Block += 2
    PutStaffAv(StaffAv, StaffAv.staffAVNO)
Next
Else
    'appointment length 10
    For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) - (((parts(2))
\ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 4) Step 2
        'finds relevant stud av records that are in the first half
hour of the block
        For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStaffAv
            GetStaffAV(counter1)
            If StaffAv.StaffNO = Staff.StaffNO And
StaffAv.Appointment = counter And StaffAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
                Exit For
            End If
        Next
        'sets them to available and addes 1 to their block number
        StaffAv.Available = True
        StaffAv.Block += 1
        PutStaffAv(StaffAv, StaffAv.staffAVNO)
    Next
    For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 6 To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 10) Step 2
        'finds relevant stud av records that are in the second half
hour of the block
        For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStaffAv
            GetStaffAV(counter1)
            If StaffAv.StaffNO = Staff.StaffNO And
StaffAv.Appointment = counter And StaffAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
                Exit For
            End If
        Next
        'sets them to available and addes 2 to their block number
        StaffAv.Available = True
        StaffAv.Block += 2
        PutStaffAv(StaffAv, StaffAv.staffAVNO)
    Next
    For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 12 To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 16) Step 2

```



```

'finds relevant stud av records that are in the third half
hour of the block
For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStaffAv
    GetStaffAv(counter1)
    If StaffAv.StaffNO = Staff.StaffNO And
StaffAv.Appointment = counter And StaffAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
        Exit For
    End If
Next
'sets them to available and addes 4 to their block number
StaffAv.Available = True
StaffAv.Block += 4
PutStaffAv(StaffAv, StaffAv.staffAVNO)
Next
End If
End If
Else
    'box is unchecked
    If usertype = 1 Then
        'student
        If Appointmentlength = 5 Then
            'appointment lenght 5
            For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) - ((parts(2))
\ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 5)
                'finds relevant stud av records that are in the first half
hour of the block
                For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStudAv
                    GetStudAv(counter1)
                    If StudAv.StudNo = student.StudNO And
StudAv.Appointment = counter And StudAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
                        Exit For
                    End If
                Next
                'sets there availability to false if block number is 0
after decreasing it by 1
                StudAv.Block -= 1
                If StudAv.Block = 0 Then
                    StudAv.available = False
                End If
                PutStudAv(StudAv, StudAv.studAVNO)
            Next
            For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 6 To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(3)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 11)
                'finds relevant stud av records that are in the second half
hour of the block
                For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStudAv
                    GetStudAv(counter1)
                    If StudAv.StudNo = student.StudNO And
StudAv.Appointment = counter And StudAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
                        Exit For
                    End If
                Next
                'sets there availability to false if block number is 0
after decreasing it by 2
                StudAv.Block -= 2
                If StudAv.Block = 0 Then
                    StudAv.available = False
                End If
                PutStudAv(StudAv, StudAv.studAVNO)
            Next
        Else
            'appointment length 10
            For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) - ((parts(2))
\ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 4) Step 2

```

```

'finds relevant stud av records that are in the first half
hour of the block
For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStudAv
    GetStudAV(counter1)
    If StudAv.StudNo = student.StudNO And
StudAv.Appointment = counter And StudAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
        Exit For
    End If
Next
'sets there availability to false if block number is 0
after decreasing it by 1
StudAv.Block -= 1
If StudAv.Block = 0 Then
    StudAv.available = False
End If
PutStudAv(StudAv, StudAv.studAVNO)
Next
For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 6 To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 10) Step 2
    'finds relevant stud av records that are in the second half
hour of the block
For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStudAv
    GetStudAV(counter1)
    If StudAv.StudNo = student.StudNO And
StudAv.Appointment = counter And StudAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
        Exit For
    End If
Next
'sets there availability to false if block number is 0
after decreasing it by 2
StudAv.Block -= 2
If StudAv.Block = 0 Then
    StudAv.available = False
End If
PutStudAv(StudAv, StudAv.studAVNO)
Next
For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 12 To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 16) Step 2
    'finds relevant stud av records that are in the third half
hour of the block
For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStudAv
    GetStudAV(counter1)
    If StudAv.StudNo = student.StudNO And
StudAv.Appointment = counter And StudAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
        Exit For
    End If
Next
'sets there availability to false if block number is 0
after decreasing it by 4
StudAv.Block -= 4
If StudAv.Block = 0 Then
    StudAv.available = False
End If
PutStudAv(StudAv, StudAv.studAVNO)
Next
End If
Else
    'staff
    If Appointmentlength = 5 Then
        'appointment length 5
        For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 5)
            'finds relevant stud av records that are in the first half
hour of the block
For counter1 As Integer = 1 To Nstaff

```

```

        GetStaffAV(counter1)
        If StaffAv.StaffNO = Staff.StaffNO And
StaffAv.Appointment = counter And StaffAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
            Exit For
        End If
    Next
    'sets there availability to false if block number is 0
after decreasing it by 1
    StaffAv.Block -= 1
    If StaffAv.Block = 0 Then
        StaffAv.Available = False
    End If
    PutStaffAv(StaffAv, StaffAv.staffAVNO)
Next
For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 6 To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(3)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 11)
    'finds relevant stud av records that are in the second half
hour of the block
    For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStaffAv
        GetStaffAV(counter1)
        If StaffAv.StaffNO = Staff.StaffNO And
StaffAv.Appointment = counter And StaffAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
            Exit For
        End If
    Next
    'sets there availability to false if block number is 0
after decreasing it by 2
    StaffAv.Block -= 2
    If StaffAv.Block = 0 Then
        StaffAv.Available = False
    End If
    PutStaffAv(StaffAv, StaffAv.staffAVNO)
Next
Else
    'appointment length 10
    For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 4) Step 2
        'finds relevant stud av records that are in the first half
hour of the block
        For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStaffAv
            GetStaffAV(counter1)
            If StaffAv.StaffNO = Staff.StaffNO And
StaffAv.Appointment = counter And StaffAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
                Exit For
            End If
        Next
        'sets there availability to false if block number is 0
after decreasing it by 1
        StaffAv.Block -= 1
        If StaffAv.Block = 0 Then
            StaffAv.Available = False
        End If
        PutStaffAv(StaffAv, StaffAv.staffAVNO)
    Next
    For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 6 To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 10) Step 2
        'finds relevant stud av records that are in the second half
hour of the block
        For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStaffAv
            GetStaffAV(counter1)
            If StaffAv.StaffNO = Staff.StaffNO And
StaffAv.Appointment = counter And StaffAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
                Exit For
            End If
        Next
    Next

```

```

'sets there availability to false if block number is 0
after decreasing it by 2
    StaffAv.Block -= 2
    If StaffAv.Block = 0 Then
        StaffAv.Available = False
    End If
    PutStaffAv(StaffAv, StaffAv.staffAVNO)
Next
For counter As Integer = (parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 12 To ((parts(2) \ 100) + (((parts(2)) -
(((parts(2)) \ 100) * 100)) / 5) + 16) Step 2
    'finds relevant stud av records that are in the first half
hour of the block
    For counter1 As Integer = 1 To NStaffAv
        GetStaffAV(counter1)
        If StaffAv.StaffNO = Staff.StaffNO And
StaffAv.Appointment = counter And StaffAv.DayNO = parts(1) Then
            Exit For
        End If
    Next
    'sets there availability to false if block number is 0
after decreasing it by 4
    StaffAv.Block -= 4
    If StaffAv.Block = 0 Then
        StaffAv.Available = False
    End If
    PutStaffAv(StaffAv, StaffAv.staffAVNO)
Next
End If
End If
End If
End Sub

```

Private Sub frmAvailability_Load

This is a subroutine that is triggered by frmavailability loading. It populates a label that greets the user and adds a personal touch. It then adds an item for each block to the checked list box. This is used to greet the user and set up the form

```

Private Sub frmAvailability_Load(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As
System.EventArgs) Handles MyBase.Load
    'hides the start form
    frmStart.Hide()
    'checks weather the user is a student and files in the name correctly
    If usertype = 1 Then
        lblname.Text = "welcome " + student.Forename.Trim + " " +
student.Surname.Trim
    ElseIf usertype = 2 Then
        lblname.Text = "welcome " + Staff.Forename.Trim + " " +
Staff.Surname.Trim
    End If
    'populates the checked list box containing appointment blocks

    If Appointmentlength = 5 Then
        'appointment length is 5 minuets
        For counter As Integer = 1 To NDay
            'start and finish times for each day are retrived
            Day = GetDay(counter)
            For counter2 As Integer = 0 To (Day.finish - Day.Start) \ 6 - 2
                'for each appintment an item is added contianing the appointment
                number changed into a 24 hour time
                chklstavailability.Items.Add("Day " + counter.ToString + " " +
militarytime(Day.Start + (counter2 * 6)) + " to " +
militarytime(Day.Start + 12 + (counter2 * 6)))
            Next
        Next
    End If
End Sub

```

```

        Next
    Else
        'appointment lent is 10 minuetes
        For counter As Integer = 1 To NDay
            'start and finish times for each day are retrived
            Day = GetDay(counter)
            For counter2 As Integer = 0 To (Day.finish - Day.Start) \ 6 - 4
                'for each appintment an item is added contianinng the appointment
                number changed into a 24 hour time
                chklstavailability.Items.Add("Day " + counter.ToString + " " +
                    militarytime(Day.Start + (counter2 * 6)) + " to " +
                    militarytime(Day.Start + 18 + (counter2 * 6)))
            Next
        Next
    End If
End Sub

```

frmDaySettings

Private Sub btnBack_Click

this is a subroutine that is triggered by clicking on btnback. it closes the currnet form
this is used to exit the form.

```

Private Sub btnBack_Click(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As
System.EventArgs) Handles btnBack.Click
    'closes the form
    Me.Close()
End Sub

```

Private Sub cmbDay_SelectedIndexChanged

This subroutine is triggerd by selecting a value in cmbday. It then calls populatestartenddaysettings.
This is used to trigger the effects of changing the day selected

```

Private Sub cmbDay_SelectedIndexChanged(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e
As System.EventArgs) Handles cmbDay.SelectedIndexChanged
    'calls the subroutine that will populate cmbstart and cmbend
    Call populateStartEndDaySettings()
End Sub

```

Private Sub cmbEnd_SelectedIndexChanged

This subroutine is triggerd by selecting a value in cmbend. It sets the time as the new end time for that day then clears the tiem cmb boxes and calls populatestartenddaysettings to repopulate them but updated. It then selects the current start and end times
This is used to inact any changes made to the end time of a day.

```

Private Sub cmbEnd_SelectedIndexChanged(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e
As System.EventArgs) Handles cmbEnd.SelectedIndexChanged
    Dim hours As Integer = (cmbEnd.SelectedItem) \ 100
    Dim minuets As Integer = ((cmbEnd.SelectedItem) - ((cmbEnd.SelectedItem) \
100) * 100) / 5
    'eliminates accidental loops
    If change1 = True Then

```

```

        change1 = False
    Exit Sub
End If
'sets the end time for the day selected
Day.finish = (hours * 12) + minuets
Day.DayNO = cmbDay.SelectedItem
Putday(Day, Day.DayNO)
'clears cmbend and cmbstart
cmbEnd.Items.Clear()
cmbStart.Items.Clear()
'calls the subroutine to populate cmbstart and cmbend
Call populateStartEndDaySettings()
change = True
'selcts the start time in cmbstart
cmbStart.SelectedIndex = Day.Start / 6
change1 = True
'selects the end time in cmbend
If Appointmentlength = 5 Then
    cmbEnd.SelectedIndex = (Day.finish - Day.Start) \ 6 - 2
Else
    cmbEnd.SelectedIndex = (Day.finish - Day.Start) \ 6 - 3
End If
End Sub

```

Private Sub cmbNdays_SelectedIndexChanged

This subroutine is triggered by changing the selected item in cmbNdays. It clears cmbstart end and day, then it resets the day.dat file then it calls secondhalf to populate the day altering comboboxes

It is used to populate generate the day records and incase it changed again it resets all the day information

```

Private Sub cmbNdays_SelectedIndexChanged(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e
As System.EventArgs) Handles cmbNdays.SelectedIndexChanged
    'records the number of dayz
    NDay = cmbNdays.SelectedItem

    'clears the secondary comboboxes
    cmbStart.Items.Clear()
    cmbEnd.Items.Clear()
    cmbDay.Items.Clear()
    'resets the day settings
    For counter As Integer = 1 To NDay
        Day.DayNO = counter
        Day.finish = 288
        Day.Start = 0
        Putday(Day, Day.DayNO)
    Next
    'calls the subroutine second half which decided weather to complete the
    other repacutions of changing the number of days
    Call secondhalf()

End Sub

```

Private Sub cmbStart_SelectedIndexChanged

This subroutine is triggerd by selecting a value in cmbstart. It sets the time as the new start time for that day then clears the tiem cmb boxes and calls populatestartenddaysettings to repopulate them but updated. It then selects the current start and end times This is used to inact any changes made to the start time of a day.

```

Private Sub cmbStart_SelectedIndexChanged(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal
e As System.EventArgs) Handles cmbStart.SelectedIndexChanged
    Dim hours As Integer = (cmbStart.SelectedItem) \ 100
    Dim minuets As Integer = ((cmbStart.SelectedItem) -
(((cmbStart.SelectedItem) \ 100) * 100)) / 5

    'eliminates any accidental loops
    If change = True Then
        change = False
        Exit Sub
    End If
    'sets the start time for the day selected
    Day.Start = (hours * 12) + minuets
    Day.DayNO = cmbDay.SelectedItem
    Putday(Day, Day.DayNO)
    'clears the cmbstart andc cmbend
    cmbEnd.Items.Clear()
    cmbStart.Items.Clear()
    'calls the subroutine to populate cmbstart and cmbend
    Call populateStartEndDaySettings()
    change = True
    'selects the start time in cmbstart
    cmbStart.SelectedIndex = Day.Start / 6
    change1 = True
    'selects the end time in cmbend
    If Appointmentlength = 5 Then
        cmbEnd.SelectedIndex = (Day.finish - Day.Start) \ 6 - 2
    Else
        cmbEnd.SelectedIndex = (Day.finish - Day.Start) \ 6 - 3
    End If
End Sub

```

Private Sub frmDaySettings_Load

This subroutine is triggerd by frmdaysettings loading. I then populates cmbndays with 1 to 255 days. It is used to set up the basic parts of frmday settings

```

Private Sub frmDaySettings_Load(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As
System.EventArgs) Handles MyBase.Load
    'populates the dropdown combobox with numbers 1 to 255
    For counter As Integer = 1 To 255
        cmbNdays.Items.Add(counter)
    Next
End Sub

```

Private Sub rad10min_CheckedChanged

This subroutine is triggered by checking the 10 min radio button. Incase it has been done once day information has been input it resets the day records and calls second half to start populatingthe day settings combo boxes that decide times. It is used to populate generate the day records and incase it changed again it resets all the day information

```

Private Sub rad10min_CheckedChanged(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As
System.EventArgs) Handles rad10min.CheckedChanged
    'records the new value of appintment length and checks if its ready to
start hte second half
    Appointmentlength = 10

    'clears the secondary comboboxes

```

```

cmbStart.Items.Clear()
cmbEnd.Items.Clear()
cmbDay.Items.Clear()
'resets the day settings
For counter As Integer = 1 To NDay
    Day.DayNO = counter
    Day.finish = 288
    Day.Start = 0
    Putday(Day, Day.DayNO)
Next
'calls the subroutine second half which decided weather to complete the
other repacutions of changing the appointment length
Call secondhalf()
End Sub

```

Private Sub rad5min_CheckedChanged

This subroutine is triggered by checking the 5 min radio button. Incase it has been done once day information has been input it resets the day records and calls second half to start populating the day settings combo boxes that decide times. It is used to populate generate the day records and incase it changed again it resets all the day information

```

Private Sub rad5min_CheckedChanged(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As
System.EventArgs) Handles rad5min.CheckedChanged
'resets the day settings
'checks if the the 5 min radio button is checked and if it is sets the
appointment length to 5 mins
'otherwise it sets the appointment length to 10 mins
If rad5min.Checked = True Then
    Appointmentlength = 5
Else
    Appointmentlength = 10
End If

'clears the secondary comboboxes
cmbStart.Items.Clear()
cmbEnd.Items.Clear()
cmbDay.Items.Clear()
'resets the day settings
For counter As Integer = 1 To NDay
    Day.DayNO = counter
    Day.finish = 288
    Day.Start = 0
    Putday(Day, Day.DayNO)
Next

'calls the subroutine second half which decided weather to complete the
other repacutions of changing the appointment length
Call secondhalf()
End Sub

```

Public Sub Secondhalf

This subroutine is triggered by changing the appointmentlength or the number of days. It checks if there is an appointment length set and if there is a number days set. If there is it generates the day records and makes the cmbday , cmbstart and cmbend combo boxes visible and populates cmbdy. It used to populate the day file and allow for the editing of the time for days.

```

Public Sub secondhalf()

```



```

        'sub to check if the appointment length and day numbers have been chosen.
if so it populates the
'day.dat file
If NDay <> -1 And Appointmentlength <> -1 Then
    For counter As Integer = 1 To NDay
        Day.DayNO = counter
        Day.Start = 0
        Day.finish = 288
        Putday(Day, counter)
    Next
Else
    Exit Sub
End If

cmbDay.Visible = True
cmbStart.Visible = True
cmbEnd.Visible = True

'populates the day selector combo box with each of the days
cmbDay.Items.Clear()
For counter = 1 To NDay
    cmbDay.Items.Add(counter)
Next
End Sub

```

frmStart

Private Sub btnadmin_Click

This subroutine is triggered by clicking btnadmin. It closes the current form and opens up frm admin
It is used to go to the admin form

```

Private Sub btnadmin_Click(sender As System.Object, e As System.EventArgs)
Handles btnadmin.Click
    'opens up the admin form and closes the start form
    frmAdmin.Show()
    Me.Hide()
End Sub

```

Private Sub btnAvailability_Click

This subroutine is triggered by clicking btnavailability. It checks If the users user type Is 1 or 2 if so it opesn up from availability.
It is used to go to the availability form

```

Private Sub btnAvailability_Click(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As
System.EventArgs) Handles btnAvailability.Click
    'though the button should only be vissible if hte user is in the system if
first checks if they are tne sends them to the availablility form
    If usertype = 1 Or usertype = 2 Then
        frmAvailability.Show()
    End If
End Sub

```

Private Sub btnExit_Click

This subroutine is triggered by clicking btnexit. It closes the current form.

It is used to close the start form and close the program.

```
Private Sub btnExit_Click(sender As System.Object, e As System.EventArgs)
Handles btnExit.Click
    'closes the form
    Me.Close()
End Sub
```

Private Sub frmStart_Load

This subroutine is triggered by the loading of frmstart. It retrieves the username and sets that to user. It then works out the number of each type of record. it checks the username against the staff and student records to find a match. If the user is a student their user type is set to 1 if it is staff it is set to 2. If there is no staff.dat file then if the user is in the format of a staff member they are sent to the admin form. If they did not match anything then they are told exactly that and advised to see an admin if it is wrong

It is used to set up the start form and work out who is logging on and give them the access they are permitted.

```
Private Sub frmStart_Load(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As
System.EventArgs) Handles MyBase.Load

    'splits up the user data to seperate out the users username
    Dim parts() As String = Split(My.User.Name, "\")
    user = parts(1)

    'finds the length of each dat file and if they dont exist sets it to -1
    Try
        Nstaff = FileLen("staff.dat") / Len(Staff)
    Catch
        Nstaff = -1
    End Try
    Try
        NstaffAv = FileLen("staffav.dat") / Len(StaffAv)
    Catch
        NstaffAv = -1
    End Try
    Try
        Nstudents = FileLen("student.dat") / Len(student)
    Catch
        Nstudents = -1
    End Try
    Try
        NstudAv = FileLen("studav.dat") / Len(StudAv)
    Catch
        NstudAv = -1
    End Try
    Try
        NAppointment = FileLen("appointments.dat") / Len(Appointment)
    Catch
        NAppointment = -1
    End Try
    Try
        NDay = FileLen("day.dat") / Len(Day)
    Catch
        NDay = -1
    End Try
```

```

Try
    Nlesson = FileLen("lesson.dat") / Len(Lesson)
Catch
    Nlesson = -1
End Try

'checks if the user is a student or a staff member
If Len(user) = 6 Then
    'user is in the form of a students so the list of students is checked
    For counter As Integer = 1 To Nstudents
        student = GetStudent(counter)
        'checks if the student has been found
        If user = student.StudID Then
            'records that the user is a student
            usertype = 1
            Exit For
        End If
    Next
Else
    'user is not in the form of a student so the list of staff is checked
    For counter As Integer = 1 To Nstaff
        Staff = GetStaff(counter)
        'checks if the user has been found
        If user.ToUpper = Staff.staffID.ToUpper Then
            'records that the user is a member of staff
            usertype = 2
            'checks if the user is an admin
            If Staff.admin = True Then
                'makes the admin button visible so that the admin form may
                be accessed
                btnAvailability.Text = "Your Availability"
                btnadmin.Visible = True
            End If
            Exit For
        End If
    Next
End If
'checks if the system doesnt have any staff. if so then there arnt any
admins and it checks if the user is in the format of a staff member
'if so then it sends the user to the admin file to set up the system

If FileLen("staff.dat") = 0 And IsNumeric(user) = False And Len(user) = 3
Then
    frmAdmin.Show()
    Me.Close()
End If

'if the user has been given a usertype of 0 then he is not in the system
so access to the other forms is blocked of by making the buttons
invisible and it then sends an error message saying they arent in the
system and advising them to check with an administrator if they
feel it is wrong
If usertype = 0 Then
    btnAvailability.Visible = False
    MsgBox("Your username is not recognised by the system. If this is an
error please contact the it technicians.", , "ERROR")

End If

End Sub

```

mod1

Public Function Getappointmentrec

This function is triggered by being called. It has the parameter `recNo` which is an integer and stores the record number that the user is looking for. The function `getappointmentrec` is in the structure of an appointments rec. it opens the `appioment.dat` file and goes along a the record number's worth of record lengths and reads in the record then.

This is used to retrieve an appointment record by record number

```
'retrieves a appointment record
Public Function Getappointmentrec(ByVal RecNo As Integer) As AppointmentsRec
    'function for getting data from Appointments dat file
    Dim Filenum As Integer = FreeFile()
    Getappointmentrec = Nothing
    'opens the appointments dat file
    FileOpen(Filenum, "Appointments.dat", OpenMode.Random, OpenAccess.Default,
OpenShare.Default, Len(Appointment))
    'gets data
    FileGet(Filenum, Getappointmentrec, RecNo)
    'closes file
    FileClose(Filenum)
End Function
```

Public Function GetDay

This function is triggered by being called. It has the parameter `recNo` which is an integer and stores the record number that the user is looking for. The function `getday` is in the structure of a day rec. it opens the `day.dat` file and goes along the record number's worth of record lengths and reads in the record then.

This is used to retrieve a day record by record number

```
'retrives a day record
Public Function GetDay(ByVal RecNo As Integer) As DayRec
    'function for getting data from day dat file
    Dim Filenum As Integer = FreeFile()
    GetDay = Nothing
    'opens the day dat file
    FileOpen(Filenum, "Day.dat", OpenMode.Random, OpenAccess.Default,
OpenShare.Default, Len(Day))
    'gets data
    FileGet(Filenum, GetDay, RecNo)
    'closes file
    FileClose(Filenum)
End Function
```

Public Function Getlesson

This function is triggered by being called. It has the parameter `recNo` which is an integer and stores the record number that the user is looking for. The function `getlesson` is in the structure of an lesson rec. it opens the `lesson.dat` file and goes along the record number's worth of record lengths and reads in the record then.

This is used to retrieve a lesson record by record number

```

'retrives a lesson record
Public Function GetLesson(ByVal RecNo As Integer) As LessonRec
    'function for getting data from lesson dat file
    Dim Filenum As Integer = FreeFile()
    GetLesson = Nothing
    'opens the lesson dat file
    FileOpen(Filenum, "Lesson.dat", OpenMode.Random, OpenAccess.Default,
OpenShare.Default, Len(Lesson))
    'gets data
    FileGet(Filenum, GetLesson, RecNo)
    'closes file
    FileClose(Filenum)
End Function

```

Public Function GetStaff

This function is triggered by being called. It has the parameter recNo which is an integer and stores the record number that the user is looking for. The function getstaff is in the structure of an staff rec. it opens the staff.dat file and goes along the record number's worth of record lengths and reads in the record then.

This is used to retrieve a staff record by record number

```

'retrives a staff record
Public Function GetStaff(ByVal RecNo As Integer) As StaffRec
    'function for getting data from staff dat file
    Dim Filenum As Integer = FreeFile()
    GetStaff = Nothing
    'opens the staff dat file
    FileOpen(Filenum, "Staff.dat", OpenMode.Random, OpenAccess.Default,
OpenShare.Default, Len(Staff))
    'gets data
    FileGet(Filenum, GetStaff, RecNo)
    'closes file
    FileClose(Filenum)
End Function

```

Public Function GetStaffAV

This function is triggered by being called. It has the parameter recNo which is an integer and stores the record number that the user is looking for. The function getstaffav is in the structure of an staffav rec. it opens the staffav.dat file and goes along the record number's worth of record lengths and reads in the record then.

This is used to retrieve a staffav record by record number

```

'retrives a staff avaiability record
Public Function GetStaffAV(ByVal RecNo As Integer) As StaffAvRec
    'function for getting data from staffav dat file
    Dim Filenum As Integer = FreeFile()
    GetStaffAV = Nothing
    'opens the staffav dat file
    FileOpen(Filenum, "StaffAV.dat", OpenMode.Random, OpenAccess.Default,
OpenShare.Default, Len(StaffAv))
    'gets data
    FileGet(Filenum, GetStaffAV, RecNo)
    'closes file
    FileClose(Filenum)
End Function

```

Public Function GetStudAV

This function is triggered by being called. It has the parameter `recNo` which is an integer and stores the record number that the user is looking for. The function `getstudav` is in the structure of an `studav` `rec`. it opens the `studav.dat` file and goes along the record number's worth of record lengths and reads in the record then.

This is used to retrieve a `studav` record by record number

```
'retrives a student availability record
Public Function GetStudAV(ByVal RecNo As Integer) As StudAvRec
    'function for getting data from studAV dat file
    Dim Filenum As Integer = FreeFile()
    GetStudAV = Nothing
    'opens the studav dat file
    FileOpen(Filenum, "StudAV.dat", OpenMode.Random, OpenAccess.Default,
OpenShare.Default, Len(StudAv))
    'gets data
    FileGet(Filenum, GetStudAV, RecNo)
    'closes file
    FileClose(Filenum)
End Function
```

Public Function GetStudent

This function is triggered by being called. It has the parameter `recNo` which is an integer and stores the record number that the user is looking for. The function `getstudent` is in the structure of an `student` `rec`. it opens the `student.dat` file and goes along the record number's worth of record lengths and reads in the record then.

This is used to retrieve a `student` record by record number

```
' retrives a student record
Public Function GetStudent(ByVal RecNo As Integer) As StudRec
    'function for getting data from student dat file
    Dim Filenum As Integer = FreeFile()
    GetStudent = Nothing
    'opens the student dat file
    FileOpen(Filenum, "Student.dat", OpenMode.Random, OpenAccess.Default,
OpenShare.Default, Len(student))
    'gets data
    FileGet(Filenum, GetStudent, RecNo)
    'closes file
    FileClose(Filenum)
End Function
```

Public Sub importLessonsStudent

this is a subroutine that is triggerd by being called. It opens up the visual basic text reader and reads in the csv one line at a time. It then splits up the line by the commas and puts it in to the array of strings current row. It then for each row creates a lesson record with the lesson number the current line the staff number the lesson code and the student number the `studno`.

It imports lesson information from csv to dat file witht eh staff information a lesson code.

```
Public Sub importLessonsStudent()
    'opens microsoft file reader and sets the file to be read as tutor.csv
```

```

        Dim TextFileReader As New
Microsoft.VisualBasic.FileIO.TextFieldParser("studentclass.csv")
        TextFileReader.TextFieldType = FileIO.FieldType.Delimited
        TextFileReader.SetDelimiters(",")

        Dim CurrentRow As String()
        Dim OnRec As Integer = 0
        Dim FileNum As Integer = FreeFile()

        'opens the file
        FileOpen(FileNum, "lesson.dat", OpenMode.Random, OpenAccess.Default,
OpenShare.Default, Len(Lesson))
        While Not TextFileReader.EndOfData
            Try
                CurrentRow = TextFileReader.ReadFields()
                If Not CurrentRow Is Nothing Then
                    OnRec = OnRec + 1
                    'puts data into file structure staff
                    With Lesson
                        Try
                            .LessonNO = OnRec
                            .StaffNO = CurrentRow(1)
                            .StudNO = CurrentRow(0)
                        Catch
                            'this is triggered if there was a problem with inputting
to the lesson structure
                            'it stops the importing and tells the user what has
happened
                            stopimport = True
                            MsgBox("error with studentclass.csv")
                            Exit Sub
                        End Try
                    End With
                    'puts data in the lesson file structure into the lesson dat
file
                    FilePut(FileNum, Lesson, OnRec)
                End If
            Catch ex As _
Microsoft.VisualBasic.FileIO.MalformedLineException
                'error in text sends error message and ends try
                MsgBox("Line " & ex.Message & "is not valid and will be skipped.")
            End Try
        End While
        Nlesson = OnRec
        'sends message box notifying admin that student part of lessons have been
imported and how many have been imported
        MsgBox("Student half imported")
        FileClose(FileNum)
        TextFileReader.Dispose()
    End Sub

```

Public Sub importLessonStaff

this is a subroutine that is triggered by being called. It opens up the visual basic text reader and reads in the csv one line at a time. It then splits up the line by the commas and puts it in to the array of strings current row. It then for each row finds an lesson records with a lesson code the same as that row and then replaces the records value with the staffNO. It reads a the classslots csv file and finds and inserts the teacher for each lesson.

```

Public Sub importLessonStaff()
    'opens microsoft file reader and sets the file to be read as classslots.csv

```

```

        Dim TextFileReader As New
Microsoft.VisualBasic.FileIO.TextFieldParser("classSlots.csv")
        TextFileReader.TextFieldType = FileIO.FieldType.Delimited
        TextFileReader.SetDelimiters(",")

        Dim lastlesson As Integer = -1
        Dim currentrow As String() = Nothing
        Dim onrec As Integer = 0

        OnRec = 0

        While Not TextFileReader.EndOfData
            Try
                currentrow = TextFileReader.ReadFields()
                If (Not currentrow Is Nothing) And (currentrow(0) <>
lastlesson.ToString) Then
                    onrec = onrec + 1
                    lastlesson = currentrow(0)
                    For counter As Integer = 1 To Nlesson
                        Getlesson(counter)
                        Try
                            If Lesson.StaffNO = currentrow(0) Then
                                Lesson.StaffNO = currentrow(3)
                            End If
                        Catch
                            'this is triggered if there was a problem with inputing
to the lesson structure
                            'it stops the importing and tells the user what has
happened

                                stopimport = True
                                MsgBox("error with classslots.csv")
                                Exit Sub
                            End Try
                                Putlesson(Lesson, Lesson.LessonNO)
                        Next
                    End If
                Catch ex As _
                    Microsoft.VisualBasic.FileIO.MalformedLineException
                    'error in text sends error message and ends try
                    MsgBox("Line " & ex.Message & "is not valid and will be skipped.")
                End Try
            End While
            'sends message box notifying admin that the staff side of lessons have been
imported
            MsgBox("staff half imported")
            TextFileReader.Dispose()

        End Sub

```

Public Sub ImportStaff

this is a subroutine that is triggered by being called. It opens up the visual basic text reader and reads in the tutorcsv one line at a time. It then splits up the line by the commas and puts it in to the array of strings current row. It then for each row creates a staff record with the staff number the current line and the staff id and other pieces of information is from one of the different parts of the row.

It imports staff information from csv to dat file.

```

'imports staff into thier dat file
Public Sub ImportStaff()
    'opens microsoft file reader and sets the file to be read as tutor.csv
    Dim TextFileReader As New
Microsoft.VisualBasic.FileIO.TextFieldParser("tutor.csv")

```



```

TextFileReader.TextFieldType = FileIO.FieldType.Delimited
TextFileReader.SetDelimiters(",")

Dim CurrentRow As String()
Dim OnRec As Integer = 0
Dim FileNum As Integer = FreeFile()

'opens the file
FileOpen(FileNum, "Staff.dat", OpenMode.Random, OpenAccess.Default,
OpenShare.Default, Len(Staff))
Dim parts() As String
While Not TextFileReader.EndOfData
    Try
        CurrentRow = TextFileReader.ReadFields()
        If Not CurrentRow Is Nothing Then
            OnRec = OnRec + 1
            'puts data into file structure staff
            With Staff
                Try
                    .StaffNO = CurrentRow(0)
                    'forename and surname are saved in the same field on
the parent file so need to be broken up
                    parts = Split(CurrentRow(1), " ")
                    .Surname = parts(1)
                    .Forename = parts(0)
                    .staffID = CurrentRow(2)
                    If CurrentRow(3) = 0 Then
                        .admin = False
                    Else : .admin = True
                    End If
                Catch
                    'this is triggered if there was a problem with inputting
to the staff structure
                    'it stops the importing and tells the user what has
happened
                    stopimport = True
                    MsgBox("error with staff.csv")
                    Exit Sub
                End Try
            End With
            'puts data in file structure staff into the staff dat file
            FilePut(FileNum, Staff, OnRec)
        End If
    Catch ex As _
        Microsoft.VisualBasic.FileIO.MalformedLineException
        'error in text sends error message and ends try
        MsgBox("Line " & ex.Message & "is not valid and will be skipped.")
    End Try
End While
Nstaff = OnRec
'sends message box notifying student that staff have been imported and how
many have been
MsgBox(Nstaff & " Staff imported")
FileClose(FileNum)
TextFileReader.Dispose()
End Sub

```

Public Sub ImportStudents

this is a subroutine that is triggered by being called. It opens up the visual basic text reader and reads in the studentscsv one line at a time. It then splits up the line by the commas and puts it in to the array of strings current row. It then for each row creates a student record with the staff number the current line and the

student id and other pieces of information is from one of the different parts of the row.
It imports student information from csv to dat file.

```
'reading csv files and creating dat files

'imports the students into thier dat file
Public Sub ImportStudents()
    'opnes up file reader and sets it to read students.csv the file in which
the student data is stored
    Dim TextFileReader As New
Microsoft.VisualBasic.FileIO.TextFieldParser("students.csv")
    TextFileReader.TextFieldType = FileIO.FieldType.Delimited
    TextFileReader.SetDelimiters(",")

    Dim CurrentRow As String()
    Dim OnRec As Integer = 0
    Dim FileNum As Integer = FreeFile()
    'opens file
    FileOpen(FileNum, "Student.dat", OpenMode.Random, OpenAccess.Default,
OpenShare.Default, Len(student))

    While Not TextFileReader.EndOfData
        Try
            CurrentRow = TextFileReader.ReadFields()
            If Not CurrentRow Is Nothing Then
                OnRec = OnRec + 1
                'puts data into the studet structure
                With student
                    Try
                        .StudNO = CurrentRow(0)
                        .StudID = CurrentRow(1)
                        .Surname = CurrentRow(2)
                        .Forename = CurrentRow(3)
                        .Year = CurrentRow(4)
                    Catch
                        'this is trigered if there was a problem with inputing
to the student structure
                        'it stops the importing and telles the suer what has
happened
                        stopimport = True
                        MsgBox("error with student.csv")
                        Exit Sub
                    End Try
                End With
                'puts data from the student structure into the student dat file
                FilePut(FileNum, student, OnRec)
            End If
        Catch ex As _
Microsoft.VisualBasic.FileIO.MalformedLineException
            'if error then error message is sent and try ends
            MsgBox("Line " & ex.Message & "is not valid and will be skipped.")
        End Try
    End While
    'message box is sent saying that the students are imported and how many
Nstudents = OnRec
    MsgBox(Nstudents & " students imported")
    'file is closed
    FileClose(FileNum)
    TextFileReader.Dispose()
End Sub
```

Public Function militarytime

This is a function that is triggered by being called. It has a parameter timeNO which is an appointment time as a number from 0 to 287. It works out how many 12's go into time number and that is the number of hours. It then fills out that string with 0's if needed to make it 2 characters. For the minuets it does the same except it uses the remmader after divideing by 12 and multiplies it by 5. The string " hours" and "minuets" are then joined together and returned

It converts a number into a time in 24 hour time.

'fucntion that changes a number from 0 to 287 into its coresponidng 24 hour clock time

```
Public Function militarytime(ByVal timeNO As Integer) As String
    Dim hours As String
    Dim minuets As String

    'works out how many hours there are
    hours = (timeNO \ 12).ToString
    'puts in the place filler zeroes to keep it 2 characters
    If Len(hours) = 1 Then
        hours = "0" + hours
    ElseIf Len(hours) = 0 Then
        hours = "00"
    End If
    'works out how many minuets remain not counting the hours
    minuets = (timeNO - ((timeNO \ 12) * 12))
    minuets = minuets * 5
    'puts in the place filling zeroes if need to keep it to 2 characters
    If Len(minuets) = 1 Then
        minuets = "0" + minuets
    ElseIf Len(minuets) = 0 Then
        minuets = "00"
    End If
    'puts the 2 halves to gether to be returned
    militarytime = hours + minuets
End Function
```

Public Sub populateStartEndDaySettings

This is a subroutine that is triggered by being called. It checks the appointment length and gets the dayrecord and populates cmbstart from 0 to day.finish less 12 if appoiment length is 5 or 18 if 10. It then populates cmbstart from cmb.start +12 or 18 depending on length to 288. For each time it is passed through military time to give a time the user can comprehend.

It populates cmbstart and cmbend on frmdaysettings.

```
Public Sub populateStartEndDaySettings()
    'populates cmbstart with the times at the required appiontment length apart
    Day = GetDay(frmDaySettings.cmbDay.SelectedItem)
    If Appointmentlength = 5 Then
        'populates cmbstart with 5 min appointments slots
        For counter As Integer = 0 To (Day.finish - 12) Step 6
            'each slot contained between the beginin and the finsish time is
            converted into 24hour
            'military style time
            frmDaySettings.cmbStart.Items.Add(militarytime(counter))
        Next

        'populates the cmbEnd list witht the available times
        For counter As Integer = (Day.Start + 12) To 288 Step 6
```

```

        'each slot contained between the beginin and the finsish time is
converted into 24hour
        'military style time
        frmDaySettings.cmbEnd.Items.Add(militarytime(counter))
    Next
Else
    'populates cmbstart with 10 min appointments slots
    For counter As Integer = 0 To (Day.finish - 18) Step 6
        'each slot contained between the beginin and the finsish time is
converted into 24hour
        'military style time
        frmDaySettings.cmbStart.Items.Add(militarytime(counter))
    Next

    'populates the cmbEnd list witht the available times
    For counter As Integer = (Day.Start + 18) To 288 Step 6
        'each slot contained between the beginin and the finsish time is
converted into 24hour
        'military style time
        frmDaySettings.cmbEnd.Items.Add(militarytime(counter))
    Next

End If

End Sub

```

Public Sub Putappointment

This subroutine is triggered by being called. It has the parameter editedappointment and recNO. It opens the dat file goes along to the right record and overwrites the old record with editedappointment. It then closes the file. It puts writes an edited record saving the changes.

```

'overwrites an appointment onto the appointment dat file
Public Sub Putappointment(ByVal Editedappointment As AppointmentRec, ByVal
RecNo As Integer)
    'sub for putting data into the appointment dat file
    Dim Filenum As Integer = FreeFile()
    'opens appointment dat file
    FileOpen(Filenum, "appointments.dat", OpenMode.Random, OpenAccess.Default,
OpenShare.Default, Len(Appointment))
    'puts data into appointment dat file
    FilePut(Filenum, Editedappointment, RecNo)
    'closes the appointment dat file
    FileClose(Filenum)
End Sub

```

Public Sub Putday

This subroutine is triggered by being called. It has the parameter editedday and recNO. It opens the dat file goes along to the right record and overwrites the old record with editedday. It then closes the file. It puts writes an edited record saving the changes.

```

'overwrites an Day onto the day dat file
Public Sub Putday(ByVal Editedday As DayRec, ByVal RecNo As Integer)
    'sub for putting data into the day dat file
    Dim Filenum As Integer = FreeFile()
    'opens day dat file
    FileOpen(Filenum, "day.dat", OpenMode.Random, OpenAccess.Default,
OpenShare.Default, Len(Day))

```

```

'puts data into day dat file
FilePut(Filenumber, Editedday, RecNo)
'closes day dat file
FileClose(Filenumber)
End Sub

```

Public Sub PutLesson

This subroutine is triggered by being called. It has the parameter editedlesson and recNO. It opens the dat file goes along to the right record and overwrites the old record with editedlesson. It then closes the file.

It puts writes an edited record saving the changes.

```

'overwrites an lesson onto the lesson dat file
Public Sub PutLesson(ByVal Editedlesson As LessonRec, ByVal RecNo As Integer)
'sub for putting data into the lesson dat file
Dim Filenum As Integer = FreeFile()
'opens lesson dat file
FileOpen(Filenum, "Lesson.dat", OpenMode.Random, OpenAccess.Default,
OpenShare.Default, Len(Lesson))
'puts data into lesson dat file
FilePut(Filenum, Editedlesson, RecNo)
'closes lesson dat file
FileClose(Filenum)
End Sub

```

Public Sub PutStaff

This subroutine is triggered by being called. It has the parameter editedstaff and recNO. It opens the dat file goes along to the right record and overwrites the old record with editedstaff. It then closes the file.

It puts writes an edited record saving the changes.

```

'overwrites an staff onto the staff dat file
Public Sub PutStaff(ByVal EditedStaff As StaffRec, ByVal RecNo As Integer)
'sub for putting data into the staff dat file
Dim Filenum As Integer = FreeFile()
'opens staff dat file
FileOpen(Filenum, "Staff.dat", OpenMode.Random, OpenAccess.Default,
OpenShare.Default, Len(Staff))
'puts data into staff dat file
FilePut(Filenum, EditedStaff, RecNo)
'closes staff dat file
FileClose(Filenum)
End Sub

```

Public Sub PutStaffAv

This subroutine is triggered by being called. It has the parameter editedstaffav and recNO. It opens the dat file goes along to the right record and overwrites the old record with editedstaffav. It then closes the file.

It puts writes an edited record saving the changes.

```

'overwrites an staffAv onto the staffAv dat file
Public Sub PutStaffAv(ByVal EditedStaffAv As StaffAvRec, ByVal RecNo As
Integer)
'sub for putting data into the staffAv dat file
Dim Filenum As Integer = FreeFile()

```

```

'opens staffAv dat file
FileOpen(Filenum, "StaffAv.dat", OpenMode.Random, OpenAccess.Default,
OpenShare.Default, Len(StaffAv))
'puts data into staffAv dat file
FilePut(Filenum, EditedStaffAv, RecNo)
'closes staffAv dat file
FileClose(Filenum)
End Sub

```

Public Sub PutStudAv

This subroutine is triggered by being called. It has the parameter editedstudav and recNO. It opens the dat file goes along to the right record and overwrites the old record with editedstudav. It then closes the file.

It puts writes an edited record saving the changes.

```

'overwrites an studavrec onto the studav dat file
Public Sub PutStudAv(ByVal EditedStudAv As StudAvRec, ByVal RecNo As Integer)
'sub for putting data into the studAv dat file
Dim Filenum As Integer = FreeFile()
'opens studAv dat file
FileOpen(Filenum, "StudAv.dat", OpenMode.Random, OpenAccess.Default,
OpenShare.Default, Len(StudAv))
'puts data into studAv dat file
FilePut(Filenum, EditedStudAv, RecNo)
'closes studAv dat file
FileClose(Filenum)
End Sub

```

Public Sub PutStudent

This subroutine is triggered by being called. It has the parameter editedstudent and recNO. It opens the dat file goes along to the right record and overwrites the old record with editedstudent. It then closes the file.

It puts writes an edited record saving the changes.

```

'overwrites an student onto the student dat file
Public Sub PutStudent(ByVal EditedStudent As StudRec, ByVal RecNo As Integer)
'sub for putting data into the student dat file
Dim Filenum As Integer = FreeFile()
'opens student dat file
FileOpen(Filenum, "Student.dat", OpenMode.Random, OpenAccess.Default,
OpenShare.Default, Len(student))
'puts data into student dat file
FilePut(Filenum, EditedStudent, RecNo)
'closes student dat file
FileClose(Filenum)
End Sub

```

Public Sub SendEmails2

This subroutine is triggerd by being called. It has 8 parametres.

Fromaddress which is the address it is being sent from subject which is the subject of the email. Body which is the main text, username and password which are for logging onto the account the emails are being sent from. Recipant the recivers email. Server and port are optional and will likely not used. It links to an smtpsever in this case gmail and then constructs and sends the email from the parametres.

Its sends the email that has been designed in send email part 1

```
Public Sub SendEmails2(ByVal FromAddress As String, _
    ByVal Subject As String, _
    ByVal Body As String, _
    ByVal UserName As String, _
    ByVal Password As String, _
    ByVal recipient As String, _
    Optional ByVal Server As String = "smtp.gmail.com", _
    Optional ByVal Port As Integer = 587)

    Dim Email As New MailMessage()

    'trys to send the email
    Try
        Dim SMTPServer As New SmtplibClient
        'fills in the senders email address from the fromaddress parameter
        Email.From = New MailAddress(FromAddress)
        'puts in the recipient for the mail
        For Each Recipient As String In Recipients
            Email.To.Add(Recipient)
        Next
        'adds subject body and server, host and such information
        Email.Subject = Subject
        Email.Body = Body
        SMTPServer.Host = Server
        SMTPServer.Port = Port
        SMTPServer.Credentials = New System.Net.NetworkCredential(UserName,
Password)
        SMTPServer.EnableSsl = True
        'sends it
        SMTPServer.Send(Email)
        'clears it
        Email.Dispose()
        'notification if smtp failed
    Catch ex As SmtplibException
        Email.Dispose()
        MsgBox("Sending Email Failed. Smtplib Error.")
        'notification if portnumber owas wrong
    Catch ex As ArgumentOutOfRangeException
        Email.Dispose()
        MsgBox("Sending Email Failed. Check Port Number.")
        'notification if portnumber is wrong
    Catch Ex As InvalidOperationException
        Email.Dispose()
        MsgBox("Sending Email Failed. Check Port Number.")
    End Try
End Sub
```

Public Sub sendemailspart1

This subroutine is triggered by being called. It goes through every student and staff member and finds all their appointments. It then puts the time and the names of the other part of each appointment and the time into a variable used to contain the body of an email. Once it has all of the appointments compiled into the body string it calls the second email function.

It finds all the appointments for every one and in passes them on to be emailed.

```
public sub sendemailspart1()
    Dim subject As String = "Consultation evening appointments"
    Dim body As String = ""
    Dim username As String = "sim.bellows@gmail.com"
    Dim password As String = "l09m3e?!"
    Dim recipient As String
```

```

'loop that cycles through each student so each gets an email
For counter1 As Integer = 1 To Nstudents
    'loads current students details
    student = GetStudent(counter1)
    'generates the students school email
    recipient = student.StudID + "@WMSF.ac.uk"
    'puts the initial greeting for the email and clears the old message
    body = "Dear " & student.Forename & " " & student.Surname & vbNewLine &
vbNewLine
    'finds each appointment of the student
    For counter2 As Integer = 1 To NAppointment
        If Appointment.studNO = student.StudNO Then
            'gets the name of the member of staff the appointment is with
            Staff = GetStaff(Appointment.StaffNO)
            'puts in the details of the appointment into the email
            body = body & Staff.Forename & " " & Staff.Surname & "" &
militarytime(Appointment.start) & " day " & Appointment.day & vbNewLine
        End If
    Next
    'puts the sign off of the email into the text
    body = body & vbNewLine & "thank you very much" & vbNewLine & "simon
bellows" & vbNewLine & vbNewLine & "deputy head"
    'calls the routine to send the email
    Call SendEmails2("sim.bellows@gmail.com", subject, body, username,
password, recipient)
Next
'loop that cycles through each staff member so each gets an email
For counter1 As Integer = 1 To Nstaff
    'loads current staff members details
    Staff = GetStaff(counter1)
    'generates the staff school email
    recipient = Staff.staffID + "@WMSF.ac.uk"
    'puts the initial greeting for the email and clears the old message
    body = "Dear " & Staff.Forename & " " & Staff.Surname & vbNewLine &
vbNewLine
    'finds each appointment of the staff member
    For counter2 As Integer = 1 To NAppointment
        If Appointment.StaffNO = Staff.StaffNO Then
            'gets the name of the student the appointment is with
            student = GetStudent(Appointment.studNO)
            'puts in the details of the appointment into the email
            body = body & student.Forename & " " & student.Surname & "" &
militarytime(Appointment.start) & " day " & Appointment.day & vbNewLine
        End If
    Next
    'puts the sign off of the email into the message
    body = body & vbNewLine & "thank you very much" & vbNewLine & "simon
bellows" & vbNewLine & vbNewLine & "deputy head"
    'calls the routine to send the email
    Call SendEmails2("sim.bellows@gmail.com", subject, body, username,
password, recipient)
Next

end sub

```

Public Sub TheSortingAlgorithm

This subroutine is triggered by being called. For each student it finds all the lessons they have. It then loads up information on the first teacher. It finds the first time they are mutually available and generates that appointment. It changes block and availability information for the students other availability

records so that no appointment can be outside a single block can be used. Then it repeats with the next lesson. It is a subroutine that is used to divvy out appointments for students.

```
Public Sub TheSortingAlgorithm()
    Dim OnAppointment As Integer = 0
    Dim lowerbound As Integer = 0

    'for loop goes through every student
    For counter1 As Integer = 0 To Nstudents
        'gets studnet information
        student = GetStudent(counter1)
        'finds all the lessons with the student and retives the teacher
        For counter2 As Integer = 0 To Nlesson
            Lesson = GetLesson(counter2)
            If Lesson.StudNO = student.StudNO Then
                Staff = GetStaff(counter2)
                'for each students availablity it looks for avaiable spots
                that are also available for the teacher
                For counter3 As Integer = 0 To NStudAv
                    StudAv = GetStudAV(counter3)
                    If StudAv.StudNo = student.StudNO And StudAv.available =
True Then
                        For counter4 As Integer = 0 To NStaffAv
                            StaffAv = GetStaffAV(counter4)
                            If StaffAv.StaffNO = Staff.StaffNO And
StaffAv.Available = True Then
                                'an appointment slot has been found for which
                                both the studen and staff memver are available for
                                'the record for the appointment is populated
                                Appointment.AppointmentNO = OnAppointment
                                Appointment.studNO = StudAv.StudNo
                                Appointment.StaffNO = StaffAv.StaffNO
                                Appointment.day = StudAv.DayNO
                                Appointment.StaffNO = StudAv.Appointment
                                'handels block values for the student so as to
                                make sure that the values are only within one block.
                                If Appointmentlength = 5 Then
                                    For counter5 As Integer = 0 To NStudAv
                                        studav2 = GetStudAV(counter5)
                                        'checks if teh block value of the
                                        current spot is 21 because if it is and the
                                        other is 20 then they are
                                        'not in the same block and it needs to
                                        be set as unavailable
                                        If StudAv.Block = 21 And studav2.Block
= 20 Then
                                            studav2.Block = 0
                                            studav2.available = False
                                            PutStudAv(studav2,
studav2.studAVNO)
                                            'checks if teh block value of the
                                            current spot is 20 because if it is and the other is 21 then they are
                                            'not in the same block and it needs
                                            to be set as unavailable
                                            ElseIf StudAv.Block = 20 And
studav2.Block = 21 Then
                                                studav2.Block = 0
                                                studav2.available = False
                                                PutStudAv(studav2,
studav2.studAVNO)
                                            End If
                                        Next
                                    Else
                                        'handles 10 min cases
                                        For counter5 As Integer = 0 To NStudAv
```

```

studav2 = GetStudAV(counter5)
'checks if teh block value of the
current spot is 20 because if it is and the other is 22 or 23 then they are
be set as unavailable
'not in the same block and it needs to
= 22 Or studav2.Block = 23) Then
If StudAv.Block = 20 And (studav2.Block
studav2.Block = 0
studav2.available = False
PutStudAv(studav2,
'checks if teh block value of the
current spot is 21 because if it is and the other is 23 then they are
'not in the same block and it needs
to be set as unavailable
ElseIf StudAv.Block = 21 And
studav2.Block = 23 Then
studav2.Block = 0
studav2.available = False
PutStudAv(studav2,
'checks if teh block value of the
current spot is 23 because if it is and the other is 20 or 21 then they are
'not in the same block and it needs
to be set as unavailable
ElseIf StudAv.Block = 23 And
(studav2.Block = 20 Or studav2.Block = 21) Then
studav2.Block = 0
studav2.available = False
PutStudAv(studav2,
'checks if teh block value of the
current spot is 22 because if it is and the other is 20 then they are
'not in the same block and it needs
to be set as unavailable
ElseIf StudAv.Block = 22 And
studav2.Block = 20 Then
studav2.Block = 0
studav2.available = False
PutStudAv(studav2,
studav2.studAVNO)
End If
Next
End If
'sets the staffav availablility
StaffAv.Available = False
PutStaffAv(StaffAv, StaffAv.staffAVNO)
'sets the stud blocks and availablility for
appointment blocks
'cycles through each studavrecord
For counter5 As Integer = 0 To NStudAv
studav2 = GetStudAV(counter5)
'for appointmetn length 5
If Appointmentlength = 5 Then
'works out the first appointment of the
half hour
lowerbound = (studav2.Appointment \ 6)
* 6
'checks if the studav is not already
been set in the earlier check and if it is for the right student
If studav2.StudNo = student.StudNO And
StudAv.Block <> 21 Or 20 Then
Select Case studav2.Appointment
'too early
Case Is <= (lowerbound - 7)
studav2.available = False
studav2.Block = 0

```

```

(lowerbound - 1)

(lowerbound + 11)

question

'too late
Case Is >= (lowerbound + 12)
    studav2.available = False
    studav2.Block = 0
    'half hour early
Case (lowerbound - 6) To

    studav2.Block = 20
    'half hour later
Case (lowerbound + 6) To

    studav2.Block = 21
    'appointmetn before
Case (StudAv.Appointment - 1)
    studav2.available = False
    studav2.Block = 0
    'appointment after
Case (StudAv.Appointment + 1)
    studav2.available = False
    studav2.Block = 0
    'the appointmetn in

Case StudAv.Appointment
    studav2.Block = 0
    studav2.available = False
End Select

End If
Else
    'works out the first appointment of the
    lowerbound = (studav2.Appointment \ 6)

    'checks if the studav is not already
    been set in the earlier check and if it is for the right student
    If studav2.StudNo = student.StudNO And
        StudAv.Block <> 21 Or 20 Then
        Select Case studav2.Appointment
            'too early
            Case Is <= (lowerbound - 13)
                studav2.available = False
                studav2.Block = 0
                'too late
            Case Is >= (lowerbound + 18)
                studav2.available = False
                studav2.Block = 0
                'half hour early
            Case (lowerbound - 6) To

                studav2.Block = 21
                'half hour later
            Case (lowerbound + 6) To

                studav2.Block = 22
                'hour early
            Case (lowerbound - 12) To

                studav2.Block = 20
                'hour later
            Case (lowerbound + 12) To

                studav2.Block = 23
                'appointmetn before
            Case (StudAv.Appointment - 1)
                studav2.available = False
                studav2.Block = 0
                'appointment after
        End Select
    End If
End If

```

question

```
Case (StudAv.Appointment + 1)
    studav2.available = False
    studav2.Block = 0
    'the appointmetn in

Case StudAv.Appointment
    studav2.Block = 0
    studav2.available = False

End Select
End If
End If
Next
End If
Next
End If
Next
End If
Next
End Sub
```

List of variables

Global variables

```
Public Appointment As AppointmentsRec = Nothing  
    mod1
```

This variable is used to store appointment records when they are being manipulated by the program

```
Public Appointmentlength As Integer = -1  
    mod1
```

This variable is used to store the appointment length of the parents evening.

```
Public Day As DayRec = Nothing  
    mod1
```

This variable is used to store day records when they are being manipulated by the program

```
Public Lesson As LessonRec = Nothing  
    mod1
```

This variable is used to store lesson records when they are being manipulated by the program

```
Public NAppointment As Integer = -1  
    mod1
```

This variable is used to store the number of appointment records in the appointment.dat file

```
Public NDay As Integer = -1  
    mod1
```

This variable is used to store the number of day records in the day.dat file

```
Public Nlesson As Integer = -1  
    mod1
```

This variable is used to store the number of lesson records in the lesson.dat file

```
Public Nstaff As Integer = -1  
    mod1
```

This variable is used to store the number of staff records in the staff.dat file

```
Public NStaffAv As Integer = -1  
    mod1
```

This variable is used to store the number of staff availability records in the staffav.dat file

```
Public NStudAv As Integer = -1  
    mod1
```

This variable is used to store the number of student availability records in the studav.dat file

```
Public Nstudents As Integer = -1  
mod1
```

This variable is used to store the number of student records in the students.dat file

```
Public Staff As StaffRec = Nothing  
mod1
```

This variable is used to store staff records when they are being manipulated by the program

```
Public StaffAv As StaffAvRec = Nothing  
mod1
```

This variable is used to store staff availability records when they are being manipulated by the program

```
Public stopimport As Boolean = False  
mod1
```

this variable is used to store whether or not to stop an import due to errors in the data being inputed

```
Public StudAv As StudAvRec = Nothing  
mod1
```

This variable is used to store student availability records when they are being manipulated by the program

```
Public studav2 As StudAvRec = Nothing  
mod1
```

This variable is used to store student availability records when they are being manipulated by the program when 2 student availability records are being compared

```
Public student As StudRec = Nothing  
mod1
```

This variable is used to store student records when they are being manipulated by the program

```
Public user As String  
mod1
```

This variable is used to store the string that the user used as his network username

```
Public usertype As Byte = 0  
mod1
```

This variable is used to store the user type of the user, 0 is not on the system 1 is a student and 2 is a student.

Module-level variables

frmDaySettings

```
Public change As Boolean = False
```

This variable is used to store whether or not the change was done by the user or by a piece of code triggering it self

```
Public change1 As Boolean = False
```

This variable is used to store whether or not the change was done by the user or by a piece of code triggering it self

mod1.AppointmentsRec

```
Public AppointmentNO As Byte  
Public day As integer  
Public StaffNO As integer  
Public start As integer  
Public studNO As integer
```

This set of variables is saved as a structure called appointments rec and is the format of an appointment record.

mod1.DayRec

```
Public DayNO As Byte  
Public finish As Integer  
Public Start As Integer
```

This set of variables is saved as a structure called dayrec and is the format of a day record.

mod1.LessonRec

```
Public LessonNO As Integer  
Public StaffNO As Short  
Public StudNO As Short
```

This set of variables is saved as a structure called lessonrec and is the format of a lesson record.

mod1.StaffAvRec


```
Public Appointment As Integer
Public Available As Boolean
Public Block As Byte
Public DayNO As Byte
Public staffAVNO As integer
Public StaffNO As Byte
```

This set of variables is saved as a structure called staffavrec and is the format of a staff availability record.

mod1.StaffRec

```
Public admin As Boolean
Public Forename As String
Public staffID As String
Public StaffNO As Byte
Public Surname As String
```

This set of variables is saved as a structure called staffrec and is the format of a staff record.

mod1.StudAvRec

```
Public Appointment As Integer
Public available As Boolean
Public Block As Byte
Public DayNO As Byte
Public studAVNO As integer
Public StudNo As Short
```

This set of variables is saved as a structure called studavrec and is the format of a student availability record.

mod1.StudRec

```
Public Forename As String
Public StudID As String
Public StudNO As Short
Public Surname As String
Public Year As Byte
```

This set of variables is saved as a structure called studrec and is the format of a student record.

Data type summary

Variables and parameters

Type	As Type	\$%&!#@^	Implicit	Total
Boolean	6			6
Byte	10			10
Object	1			1

Other	47			47
Short	4			4
String, \$	22			22
String(), \$()	7			7
Structure	15			15
integer	84			84
Total	196	0	0	196

Summary	Total	%
Numeric	104	53%
String	22	11%
Array	7	4%
Other	63	32%
Total	196	100%

Glossary

As Type: Variable declared with regular 'As Datatype' clause.

\$%&!#@^: Variable declared with type character.

Implicit: Variable declared with no explicit datatype. Compiler decides type.