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LAB.1.A:-

1. A) Create the following relation for the student:

```
Student(regno:string,name:string,
        class:string,
        bdate:date,marks1:int,marks1:int,
        marks2:int,
        marks3:int)
```

Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys & foreign keys.

- i. Enter at least five tuples of the above relation
  - ii. Demonstrate the usage of following clauses for the above relation
    - a. Where c. Having
    - b. Order By d. GroupBy
  - iii. Demonstrate the usage of following clauses for the above relation
    - a. Sum c. Count e. Between
    - b. Avg d. Like f. Max & Min
  - iv. Demonstrate the rollback and commit command for the above relation
- 

```
mysql> create table student(regno varchar(8) primary key,
                             name varchar(10),
                             class varchar(6),
                             bdate date,
                             marks1 int,
                             marks2 int,
                             marks3 int,
                             marks4 int)engine =innodb;
```

```
mysql> desc student;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
regno	varchar(8)	NO	PRI	NULL	
name	varchar(10)	YES		NULL	
class	varchar(6)	YES		NULL	
bdate	date	YES		NULL	
marks1	int(11)	YES		NULL	
marks2	int(11)	YES		NULL	
marks3	int(11)	YES		NULL	
marks4	int(11)	YES		NULL	

8 rows in set (0.21 sec)

i. Enter at least five tuples of the above relation

```
mysql> insert into student values('u01','raju','bca','1997-08-12',45,50,80,60);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.20 sec)
```

```
mysql> insert into student values('u02','ramu','bca','1995-08-12',54,60,80,70);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> insert into student values('u03','sangeetha','bca','1994-07-21',64,80,70,50);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> insert into student values('u04','geetha','bsc','1998-04-21',44,70,40,50);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> insert into student values('u05','kamala','bsc','1992-04-21',44,56,50,50);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from student;
```

regno	name	class	bdate	marks1	marks2	marks3	marks4
u01	raju	bca	1997-08-12	45	50	80	60
u02	ramu	bca	1995-08-12	54	60	80	70
u03	sangeetha	bca	1994-07-21	64	80	70	50
u04	geetha	bsc	1998-04-21	44	70	40	50
u05	kamala	bsc	1992-04-21	44	56	50	50

5 rows in set (0.07 sec)

ii. Demonstrate the usage of following clauses for the above relation

- Where
- Order By
- Having
- GroupBy

a. where clause

```
mysql> select * from student where class='bca';
```

regno	name	class	bdate	marks1	marks2	marks3	marks4
u01	raju	bca	1997-08-12	45	50	80	60
u02	ramu	bca	1995-08-12	54	60	80	70
u03	sangeetha	bca	1994-07-21	64	80	70	50

3 rows in set (0.07 sec)

b.order by

```
mysql> select * from student order by bdate;
```

regno	name	class	bdate	marks1	marks2	marks3	marks4
u05	kamala	bsc	1992-04-21	44	56	50	50
u03	sangeetha	bca	1994-07-21	64	80	70	50
u02	ramu	bca	1995-08-12	54	60	80	70
u01	raju	bca	1997-08-12	45	50	80	60
u04	geetha	bsc	1998-04-21	44	70	40	50

5 rows in set (0.04 sec)

```
mysql> select * from student order by bdate desc;
```

regno	name	class	bdate	marks1	marks2	marks3	marks4
u04	geetha	bsc	1998-04-21	44	70	40	50
u01	raju	bca	1997-08-12	45	50	80	60

u02	ramu	bca	1995-08-12	54	60	80	70
u03	sangeetha	bca	1994-07-21	64	80	70	50
u05	kamala	bsc	1992-04-21	44	56	50	50

5 rows in set (0.04 sec)

```
mysql> insert into student values('u06','heera','bsc','1996-04-21',44,70,40,50);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select class, sum(marks1) as 'total' from student group by class having total>100;
```

class	total
bca	163
bsc	132

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

---

GROUP BY

---

```
mysql>mysql> SELECT CLASS FROM STUDENT
GROUP BY CLASS;
```

CLASS
bca
bsc

2 rows in set (0.02 sec)

---

iii. Demonstrate the usage of following clauses for the above relation

- a. Sum c. Count e. Between
  - b. Avg d. Like f. Max & Min
- 

a. sum

```
mysql> select (marks1+marks2+marks3+marks4) as 'total marks' from student where regno='u01';
```

total marks
235

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select sum(marks1), avg(marks1),min(marks1), max(marks1),count(marks1) from student;
```

sum(marks1)	avg(marks1)	min(marks1)	max(marks1)	count(marks1)
295	49.1667	44	64	6

1 row in set (0.09 sec)

```
mysql> select * from student;
```

regno	name	class	bdate	marks1	marks2	marks3	marks4
u01	heera	bsc	1996-04-21	44	70	40	50
u02	ramu	bca	1995-08-12	54	60	80	70
u03	sangeetha	bca	1994-07-21	64	80	70	50
u05	kamala	bsc	1992-04-21	44	56	50	50

u01	raju	bca	1997-08-12	45	50	80	60
u02	ramu	bca	1995-08-12	54	60	80	70
u03	sangeetha	bca	1994-07-21	64	80	70	50
u04	geetha	bsc	1998-04-21	44	70	40	50
u05	kamala	bsc	1992-04-21	44	56	50	50
u06	heera	bsc	1996-04-21	44	70	40	50

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select * from student where name like 'r%';
```

regno	name	class	bdate	marks1	marks2	marks3	marks4
u01	raju	bca	1997-08-12	45	50	80	60
u02	ramu	bca	1995-08-12	54	60	80	70

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select * from student where name like '%ee%';
```

regno	name	class	bdate	marks1	marks2	marks3	marks4
u03	sangeetha	bca	1994-07-21	64	80	70	50
u04	geetha	bsc	1998-04-21	44	70	40	50
u06	heera	bsc	1996-04-21	44	70	40	50

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select * from student where name like '_a%';
```

regno	name	class	bdate	marks1	marks2	marks3	marks4
u01	raju	bca	1997-08-12	45	50	80	60
u02	ramu	bca	1995-08-12	54	60	80	70
u03	sangeetha	bca	1994-07-21	64	80	70	50
u05	kamala	bsc	1992-04-21	44	56	50	50

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select * from student where bdate between '1995-04-21' and '1997-08-12';
```

regno	name	class	bdate	marks1	marks2	marks3	marks4
u01	raju	bca	1997-08-12	45	50	80	60
u02	ramu	bca	1995-08-12	54	60	80	70
u06	heera	bsc	1996-04-21	44	70	40	50

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

iv. Demonstrate the rollback and commit command for the above relation

```
mysql> set autocommit=off;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> start transaction;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> insert into student values('u06','basava','bsc','1992-06-21',44,56,50,50);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> insert into student values('u07','pradeep','bsc','1992-06-28',48,56,56,50);
```

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)

-- we have inserted two records into the table after we set autocommit =off , final values in the table are as below

mysql> select \* from student;

regno	name	class	bdate	marks1	marks2	marks3	marks4
u01	raju	bca	1997-08-12	45	50	80	60
u02	ramu	bca	1995-08-12	54	60	80	70
u03	sangeetha	bca	1994-07-21	64	80	70	50
u04	geetha	bsc	1998-04-21	44	70	40	50
u05	kamala	bsc	1992-04-21	44	56	50	50
u06	basava	bsc	1992-06-21	44	56	50	50
u07	pradeep	bsc	1992-06-28	48	56	56	50

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

--now if we perform rollback , the two records inserted after the autocommit off are rollbacked(undo insertion).

mysql> rollback;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> select \* from student;

regno	name	class	bdate	marks1	marks2	marks3	marks4
u01	raju	bca	1997-08-12	45	50	80	60
u02	ramu	bca	1995-08-12	54	60	80	70
u03	sangeetha	bca	1994-07-21	64	80	70	50
u04	geetha	bsc	1998-04-21	44	70	40	50
u05	kamala	bsc	1992-04-21	44	56	50	50

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

-- below savpoint demonstration:- for paritial rollback we create a point in the transaction, so that all transaction after the savepoint are rollbacked. And te records before the savepoint are not rollbacked;

mysql> savepoint p1;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into student values('u09','manjula','cbz','1998-06-28',48,56,56,50);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> select \* from student;

regno	name	class	bdate	marks1	marks2	marks3	marks4
u01	raju	bca	1997-08-12	45	50	80	60
u02	ramu	bca	1995-08-12	54	60	80	70
u03	sangeetha	bca	1994-07-21	64	80	70	50
u04	geetha	bsc	1998-04-21	44	70	40	50
u05	kamala	bsc	1992-04-21	44	56	50	50
u08	rajdeep	bba	1992-06-28	48	56	56	50
u09	manjula	cbz	1998-06-28	48	56	56	50

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> rollback to p1;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select * from student;
```

regno	name	class	bdate	marks1	marks2	marks3	marks4
u01	raju	bca	1997-08-12	45	50	80	60
u02	ramu	bca	1995-08-12	54	60	80	70
u03	sangeetha	bca	1994-07-21	64	80	70	50
u04	geetha	bsc	1998-04-21	44	70	40	50
u05	kamala	bsc	1992-04-21	44	56	50	50
u08	rajdeep	bba	1992-06-28	48	56	56	50

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

-- in the above table only one record is roll backed(i,e u09) which we have inserted after the creation of savepoint. before savepoint we have inserted(u08) which is not rolled back;

--now below we have inserted another record(u10) after that we have committed the transaction, after that we have rollbacked. Here the record insertion is not roll backed because we have committed after insertion.

```
mysql> insert into student values('u10','Heera','bsc','1997-06-28',48,56,56,50);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> commit;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from student;
```

regno	name	class	bdate	marks1	marks2	marks3	marks4
u01	raju	bca	1997-08-12	45	50	80	60
u02	ramu	bca	1995-08-12	54	60	80	70
u03	sangeetha	bca	1994-07-21	64	80	70	50
u04	geetha	bsc	1998-04-21	44	70	40	50
u05	kamala	bsc	1992-04-21	44	56	50	50
u08	rajdeep	bba	1992-06-28	48	56	56	50
u10	Heera	bsc	1997-06-28	48	56	56	50

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> rollback;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from student;
```

regno	name	class	bdate	marks1	marks2	marks3	marks4
u01	raju	bca	1997-08-12	45	50	80	60
u02	ramu	bca	1995-08-12	54	60	80	70
u03	sangeetha	bca	1994-07-21	64	80	70	50
u04	geetha	bsc	1998-04-21	44	70	40	50
u05	kamala	bsc	1992-04-21	44	56	50	50
u08	rajdeep	bba	1992-06-28	48	56	56	50
u10	Heera	bsc	1997-06-28	48	56	56	50

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)