## Exercises: Planar-Region Projection, Surface Areas, and Surface Integral by Area

**Problem 1.** Let g be a region (bounded by a continuous curve) in the plane x + y + z = 1. Let  $g_{xy}$  be the projection of g onto the xy-plane. If we know that the area of g is 1, what is the area of  $g_{xy}$ .

**Problem 2.** Consider the surface  $S: z = x^2 + y^2$  with  $0 \le z \le 1$ . Compute the area of S.

**Problem 3.** Consider the surface S in a parametric form r(u,v) = [x(u,v),y(u,v),z(u,v)] where

$$x(u,v) = u+v$$
  

$$y(u,v) = u-v$$
  

$$z(u,v) = uv$$

with (u, v) in the disc  $u^2 + v^2 \le 1$ . Compute the area of S.

**Problem 4.** Let S be the surface x + y + z = 1 with  $x \in [0,1]$ ,  $y \in [0,1]$ , and  $z \in [0,1]$ . Compute  $\iint_S x \, dA$ .

**Problem 5.** Let *S* be the surface r(u, v) = [x(u, v), y(u, v), z(u, v)] where  $x(u, v) = u, y(u, v) = v, z(u, v) = u^3$  with  $u \in [0, 1]$  and  $v \in [-2, 2]$ . Compute  $\iint_S (1 + 9xz)^{1/2} dA$ .

**Problem 6.** Define  $f(x, y, z) = [-x^2, y^2, 0]$ . Let S be the surface r(u, v) = [x(u, v), y(u, v), z(u, v)] where x(u, v) = u, y(u, v) = v, z(u, v) = 3u - 2v with  $0 \le u \le 1$  and  $0 \le v \le 1$ . Calculate  $\iint_S \mathbf{f} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, dA$ .