

Crowdsourcing Microsoft Defender coverage

Questionable insights and some rabbit holes

Olaf Hartong

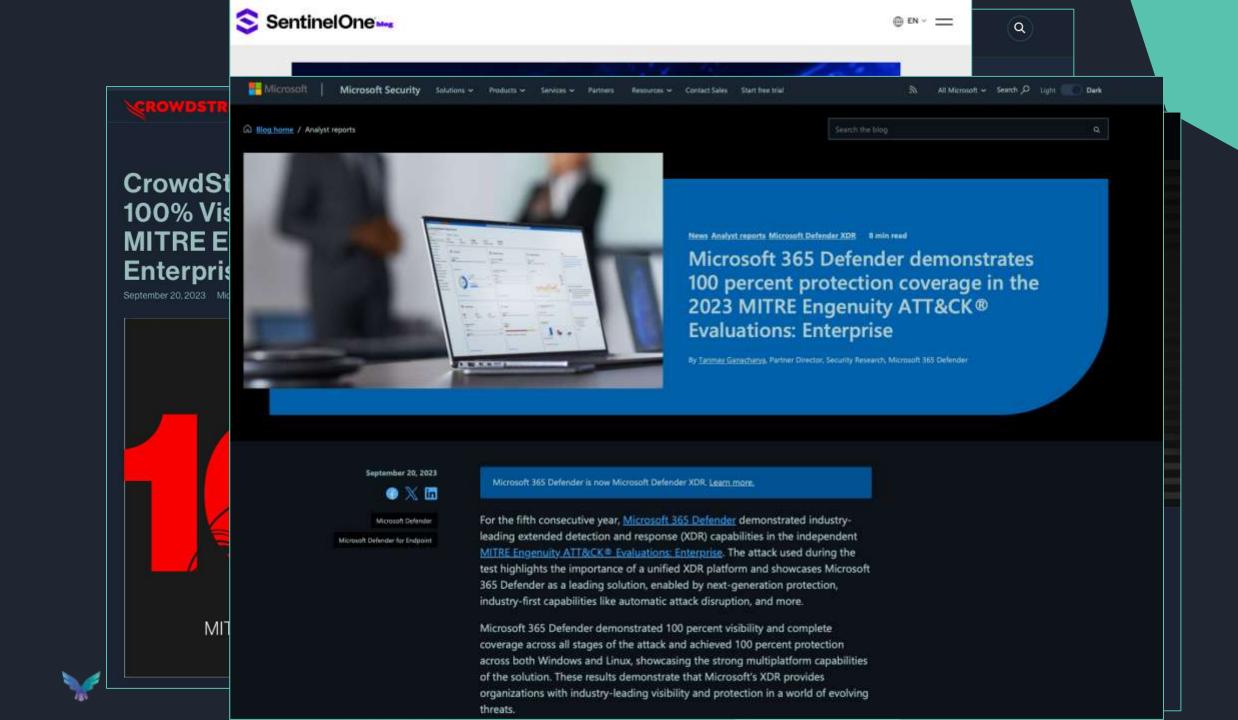
Detection Engineer and Security Researcher

- Purple teaming, Threat hunting
- Security MVP

Former documentary photographer Father of 2 boys "I like **warm hugs**"

- @olafhartong
- 🐻 github.com/olafhartong
- ✓ olaf@falconforce.nl
- O olafhartong.nl / falconforce.nl









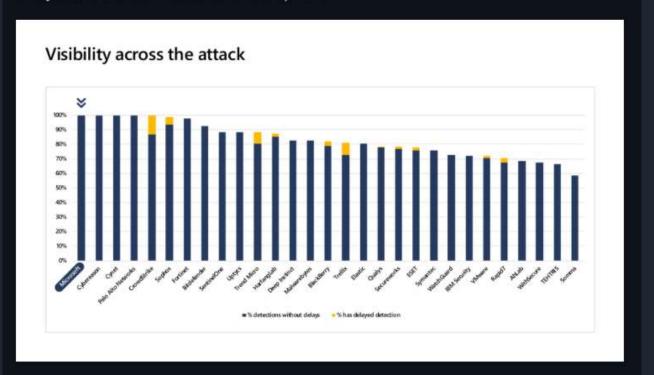




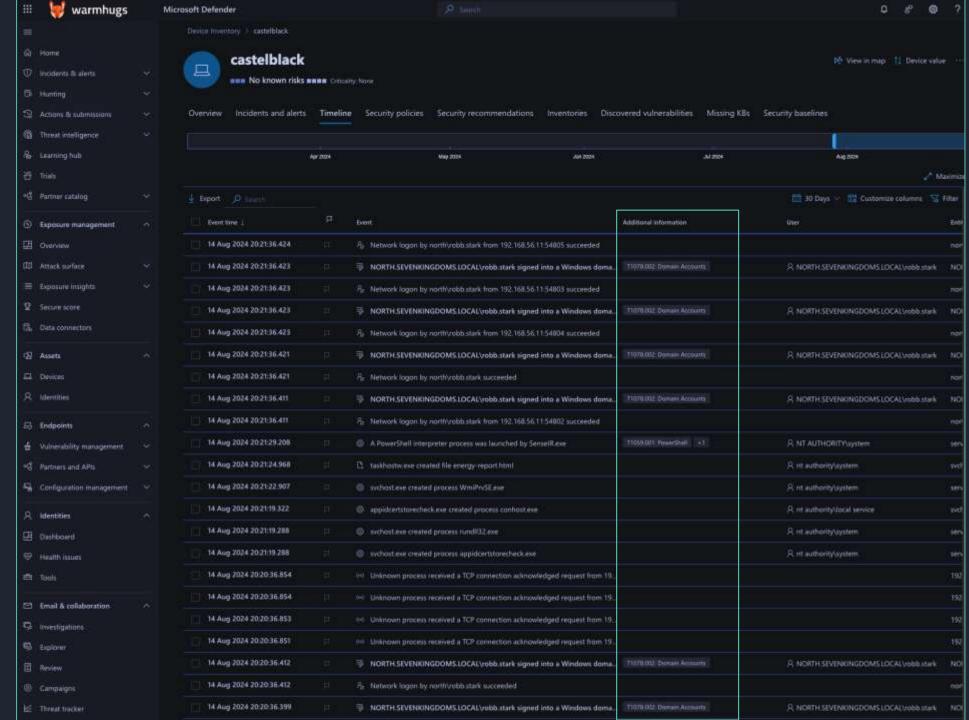


100 percent visibility across all stages of the attack chain in real-time

In the face of a rapidly evolving threat carried out by adversaries like Turla, the speed of response makes a significant difference in a security team's effectiveness in mitigating an attack. A single delay can mean the difference of your organization's devices getting encrypted or not. Microsoft 365 Defender's XDR platform accelerates the security team's ability to respond by providing real-time, unparalleled breadth and depth of understanding an attack, starting with 100 percent visibility in real-time. This unique breadth of Microsoft's XDR extends across endpoints, network, hybrid identities, email, collaboration tools, software as a service (SaaS) apps, and data with centralized visibility, powerful analytics, and automatic attack disruption.



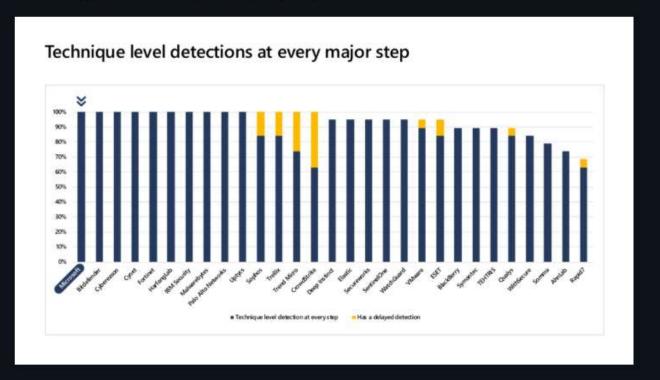




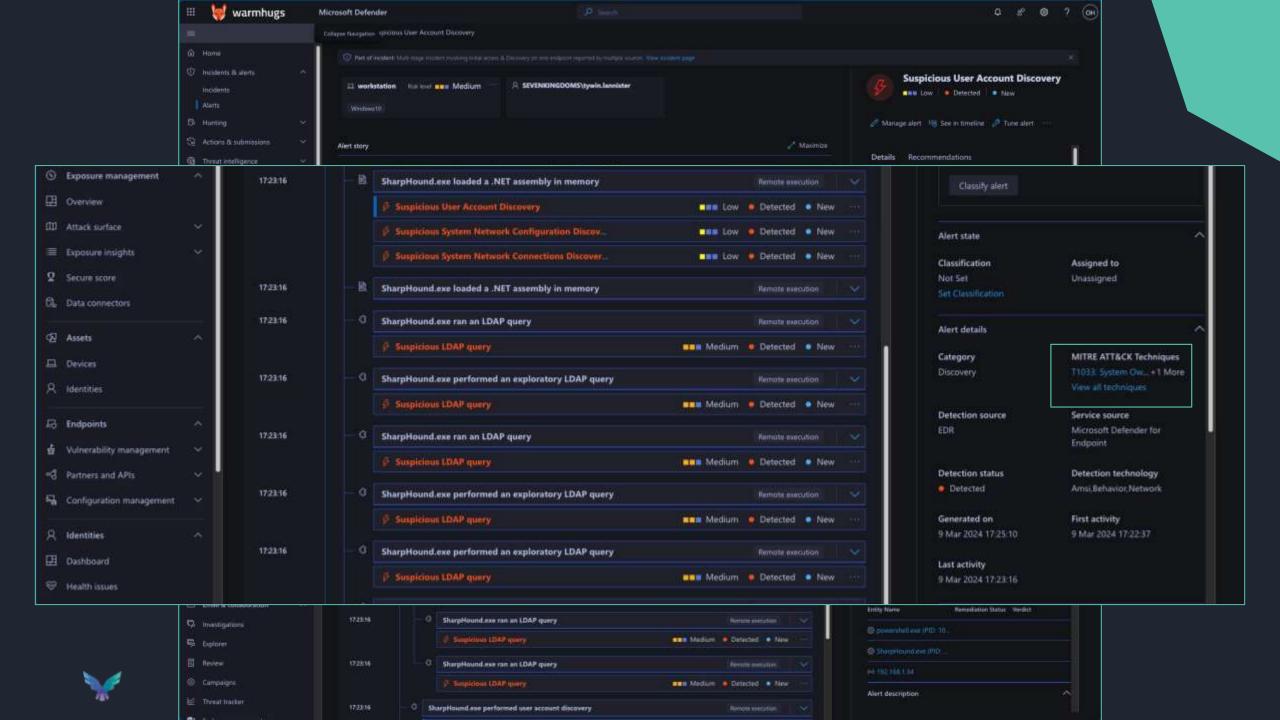


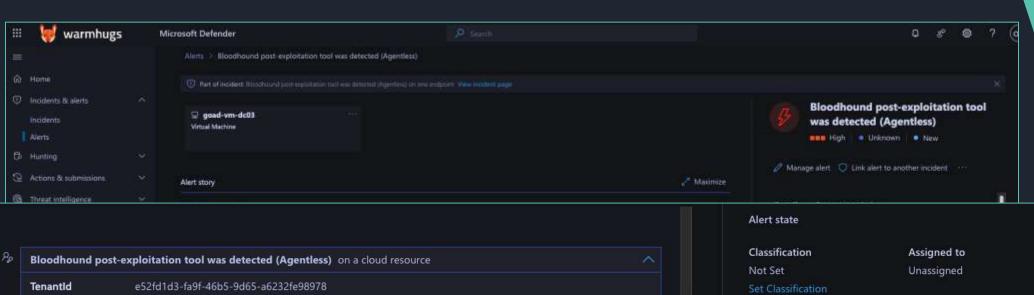
100 percent ATT&CK technique-level detections at every attack stage without delay

As an attack unfolds, security teams need to know what they're up against the moment it's happening. Delayed and incomplete detections make it difficult for analysts to understand the attack in full, providing attackers an opportunity escalate their campaign by moving laterally, stealing credentials, or executing other malicious activities. With Microsoft 365 Defender's 100 percent real-time ATT&CK technique-level coverage, analysts immediately receive relevant details within the alert that describe the attacker's approach, equipping them with the knowledge to effectively and rapidly respond.









Bloodhound post-exploitation tool was detected (Agentless) on a cloud resource

Tenantid e52fd1d3-fa9f-46b5-9d65-a6232fe98978

Machine Name goad-vm-dc03

Threat Information VirTool:MSIL/SharpHound.A
HackTool:PowerShell/SharpHound.B

Threat Category Tool

EffectiveAzureResou /subscriptions/1bfbec58-e3d7-42cb-8d4frceld 0ee9bd04bee6/resourceGroups/GOAD/providers/Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/goad-vm-dc03

CompromisedEntity goad-vm-dc03

ProductComponent Name

EffectiveSubscriptio 1bfbec58-e3d7-42cb-8d4f-0ee9bd04bee6
nld

13/8/2024

08:03:23

Alert details MITRE ATT&CK Techniques Category Execution Detection source Service source Microsoft Defender for Servers Generated on First activity 13 Aug 2024 08:03:44 13 Aug 2024 08:03:23 Last activity 13 Aug 2024 08:03:23



ATT&CKcon 5.0 returns October 22-23, 2024 in McLean, VA. Register for in-person participation here. Stay tuned for virtual registration!

SOFTWARE

BloodHound

BLUELIGHT

Bonadan

BONDUPDATER

BoomBox

BOOSTWRITE

BOOTRASH

BOULDSPY

BoxCaon

BrainTest

BRATA

Brave Prince

Bread

Briba

Brute Ratel C4

BS2005

BUBBLEWRAP

build_downer

Bumblebee

Bundlore

BUSHWALK

BusyGasper

Cachedump

CaddyWiper

Cadelspy

CALENDAR

Calisto

Home > Software > BloodHound

BloodHound

BloodHound is an Active Directory (AD) reconnsissance tool that can reveal hidden relationships and identify attack paths within an AD environment. [18,18]

ID: S0521

(I) Type:TOOL

(I) Platforms: Windows

Version: 1.5

Created: 28 October 2020 Last Modified: 09 August 2023

Varieties Decemblish

Techni	ques	Use	ed	ATT&CK® Navigator Layers							
Domain	ю		Name	Use							
Enterprise	T1087	.001	Account Discovery: Local Account	BloodFlound can identify users with local administrator rights. ^[2]							
		.002	Account Discovery: Domain Account	BloodHound can collect information about domain users, including identification of domain admin accounts.[2]							
Enterprise	rise T1560 Archive Collected Data		Archive Collected Data	BloodHound can compress data collected by its SharpHound ingestor into a ZIP file to be written to disk. [154]							
Enterprise	e T1059 .001 Co		Command and Scripting Interpreter: PowerShell	BloodHound can use PowerShell to pull Active Directory information from the target environment.[1]							
Enterprise	ise T1482 Domain Trust Discovery		Domain Trust Discovery	BloodHound has the ability to map domain trusts and identify misconfigurations for potential abuse.[2]							
Enterprise	T1615	615 Group Policy Discovery		BloodHound has the ability to collect local admin information via GPO.[1]							
Enterprise	T1106		Native API	BloodHound can use .NET API calls in the SharpHound ingestor component to pull Active Directory data.[1]							
Enterprise	T1201		Password Policy Discovery	BloodHound can collect password policy information on the target environment.[2]							
Enterprise	T1069	.001	Permission Groups Discovery: Local Groups	BloodHound can collect information about local groups and members.[7]							
		.002	Permission Groups Discovery: Domain Groups	BloodHound can collect information about domain groups and members.[7]							
Enterprise	T1018		Remote System Discovery	BloodHound can enumerate and collect the properties of domain computers, including domain controllers.[2]							
Enterprise	T1033		System Owner/User Discovery	BloodHound can collect information on user sessions. ^[10]							



Tried to do the math





Curious, what is it covering?

Built some basic KQL, with that output I wanted to:

Gather out of the box detections, with their technique mappings

Get this from as many environments as possible

Analyze it to understand the real life coverage



٨	KQLHunter
4	Alertinfo
i	where Timestamp > agn(30d) join AlertTvidence on AlertId
\$	extend Techniques-parse_json(AttackTechniques) where DetectionSource = "Custon detection"

Title =	DetectionSource	Techniques	Timestamp =	Category		Severity	AttackTechniques	포
Multiple VM creation activiti	Cloud App Security	Resource Hijacking (T1496)	2024-08-28T12:35:43.328Z	Impact		Low	["Resource Hijacking (T14	49
An active 'Mythagent' malw	Antivirus		2024-07-31T07:24:59.0008	. Malware		Low		
An active 'Mythagent' malw	Antivirus		2024-07-31T07:24:59.0041	Malware		Low		
A process was injected with	EDR	Process Injection (T1055)	2024-07-29T13:57:19.11386	DefenseEvasio	n	Medlum	["Process Injection (T105	i5)"
A process was injected with	EDR	Dynamic-link Library Injection (T1055.001)	2024-07-29T13:57:19.11386	DefenseEvasio	n	Medium	["Process Injection (T105	5)"
A process was injected with	EDR	Portable Executable Injection (T1055.002)	2024-07-29T13:57:19.11386	DefenseEvasio	n	Medium	["Process Injection (T105	5)"
A process was injected with	EDR	Thread Execution Hijacking (T1055.003)	2024-07-29T13:57:19.11386	DefenseEvasio	n	Medium	["Process Injection (T105	5)"
A process was injected with	EDR	Asynchronous Procedure Call (T1055.004)	2024-07-29T13:57:19.11386	DefenseEvasio	n	Medium	["Process Injection (T105	i5)"
A process was injected with	EDR	Process Hollowing (T1055.012)	2024-07-29T13:57:19.11386	DefenseEvasio	n	Medium	["Process Injection (T105	i5)"
A process was injected with	EDR	PowerShell (T1059.001)	2024-07-29T13:57:19.11386	DefenseEvasio	n	Medlum	["Process Injection (T105	5)"
Suspicious process launch	EDR	Rundli32 (T1218.011)	2024-07-29T13:57:27.41101	DefenseEvasio	n	Medlum	["Rundli32 (T1218.011)"]	
Suspicious process injectio	EDR	Process Injection (T1055)	2024-07-29T14:23:36.058	DefenseEvasio	n	Medium	["Process Injection (T105	i5)"
Suspicious process injectio	EDR	Dynamic-link Library Injection (T1055.001)	2024-07-29T14:23:36.058	DefenseEvasio	n	Medlum	["Process Injection (T105	5)"
Suspicious process injectio	EDR	Portable Executable Injection (T1055.002)	2024-07-29T14:23:36.058	DefenseEvasio	n	Medium	["Process Injection (T105	i5)"
Suspicious process injectio	EDR	Thread Execution Hijacking (T1055.003)	2024-07-29T14:23:36.058	DefenseEvasio	n	Medium	["Process Injection (T105	i5)"
Suspicious process injectio	EDR	Asynchronous Procedure Call (T1055.004)	2024-07-29T14:23:36.058	DefenseEvasio	n	Medium	["Process Injection (T105	i5)"
Suspicious process injectio	EDR	Thread Local Storage (T1055.005)	2024-07-29T14:23:36.058	DefenseEvasio	n	Medium	["Process Injection (T105	i5)"
Suspicious process injectio	EDR	Process Hollowing (T1055.012)	2024-07-29T14:23:36.058	DefenseEvasio	n	Medlum	["Process Injection (T105	5)"
Unusual number of falled sl	EDR		2024-07-30T08:13:27.6770	CredentialAcce	ess	Medium		



Process memory dump EDR OS Credential Dumping (T1003) 2024-08-05700:34:45.542. SuspiciousActivity High ["OS Credential Dumping (T...
Process memory dump EDR Credentials from Password Stories (T1555) 2024-08-05700:34:45.542. SuspiciousActivity High ["OS Credential Dumping (T...

```
| AlertInfo | where finestamp > ago(188d) | where finestamp > ago(188d) | where finestamp > ago(188d) | join AlertIvidence on AlertId | extend Techniques-parse_ison(AttackTochniques) | where DetectionSource |= "Custom detection" | www.espand Techniques | journalize arg_min(timestamp,*) by Title, DetectionSource, tostring(Techniques) | project Timestamp,Title,DetectionSource,Techniques | where isnotempty( Techniques) |
```

Timestamp ≡	Title	₹	DetectionSource	賣」	Techniqueld	ਜ	TechniqueName =
2024-08-28T12:35:43.328Z	Multiple VM creation activities		Cloud App Security		T1496		Resource Hijacking
2024-07-29T13:57:19.113865Z	A process was injected with potentially malicious code		EDR		T1055		Process Injection
2024-07-29T13:57:19.113865Z	A process was injected with potentially malicious code		EDR		T1055.001		Dynamic-link Library Injection
2024-07-29T13:57:19.113865Z	A process was injected with potentially malicious code		EDR		T1055.002		Portable Executable Injection
2024-07-29T13:57:19.113865Z	A process was injected with potentially malicious code		EDR		T1055.003		Thread Execution Hijacking
2024-07-29T13:57:19:113865Z	A process was injected with potentially malicious code		EDR		T1055.004		Asynchronous Procedure Call
2024-07-29T13:57:19.113865Z	A process was injected with potentially malicious code		EDR		T1055.012		Process Hollowing
2024-07-29T13:57:19.113865Z	A process was injected with potentially malicious code		EDR		T1059.001		PowerShell
2024-07-31T07:24:57.3753819Z	A process was injected with potentially malicious code		EDR		T1620		Reflective Code Loading
2024-07-31T08:57:02.6986435Z	Suspicious User Account Discovery		EDR		T1033		System Owner/User Discovery
2024-07-31T08:57:02.6986435Z	Suspicious User Account Discovery		EDR		T1059.001		PowerShell
2024-07-31T08:57:02.6986435Z	Suspicious User Account Discovery		EDR		T1087.001		Local Account
2024-07-31T08:57:02.6986435Z	Suspicious User Account Discovery		EDR		T1620		Reflective Code Loading
2024-07-29T13:57:27.4110116Z	Suspicious process launch by Rundil32.exe		EDR		T1218.011		Rundli32
2024-07-29T14:23:36.0584848Z	Suspicious process injection observed		EDR		T1055		Process Injection
2024-07-29T14:23:36.0584848Z	Suspicious process injection observed		EDR TIO	23	T1055.001		Dynamic-link Library Injection

T1555

T1547.001

Credentials from Password Stores

Registry Run Keys / Startup Folder

Modify Registry



2024-08-05T00:34:45,5425905Z

2024-08-05T00:34:45.5428465Z

2024-08-05700:34:45.5428465Z

Process memory dump

Anomaly detected in ASEP registry

Anomaly detected in ASEP registry

KQL, with some data extension

...and sort of make all the MS product renames sensible

```
SecurityAlert
 where TimeGenerated > ago(180d)
  extend Techniques=parse json(Techniques)
 where ProviderName in ("MDATP", "MCAS", "IPC", "Azure Advanced Threat Protection", "MicrosoftThreatProtection")
 where AlertType != "CustomDetection"
 mv-expand Techniques
 where isnotempty( Techniques)
  extend DetectionSource = case(AlertType == "WindowsDefenderAtp","EDR",
                                AlertType == "WindowsDefenderAv", "Antivirus",
                                AlertType == "MTP", "EDR",
                                ProviderName == "MicrosoftThreatProtection", "M365D",
                                ProviderName == "MCAS", "CloudApp",
                                ProviderName == "Azure Advanced Threat Protection", "Defender for Cloud",
                                ProviderName == "IPC","Entra Identity Protection", "?" )
 where not(AlertType matches regex @''(\w{8}-\w{4}-\w{4}-\w{4}-\w{12})'')
  distinct Title=DisplayName, TechniqueId=tostring(Techniques), AlertType, DetectionSource
```



I asked a lot of trusted people to share





Received data from ~ 1500 tenants (over time)



What to do with all this data

Deduplicate the data

Store it in a database

Make it queryable and generate ATT&CK heatmaps to analyze them.



I suck at Excel so, I started building a tool





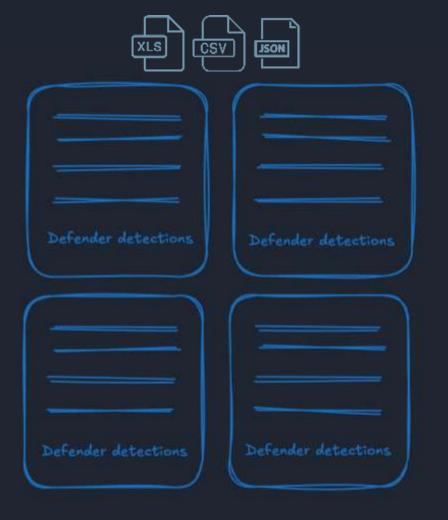
Storing the data







Visualizing the data



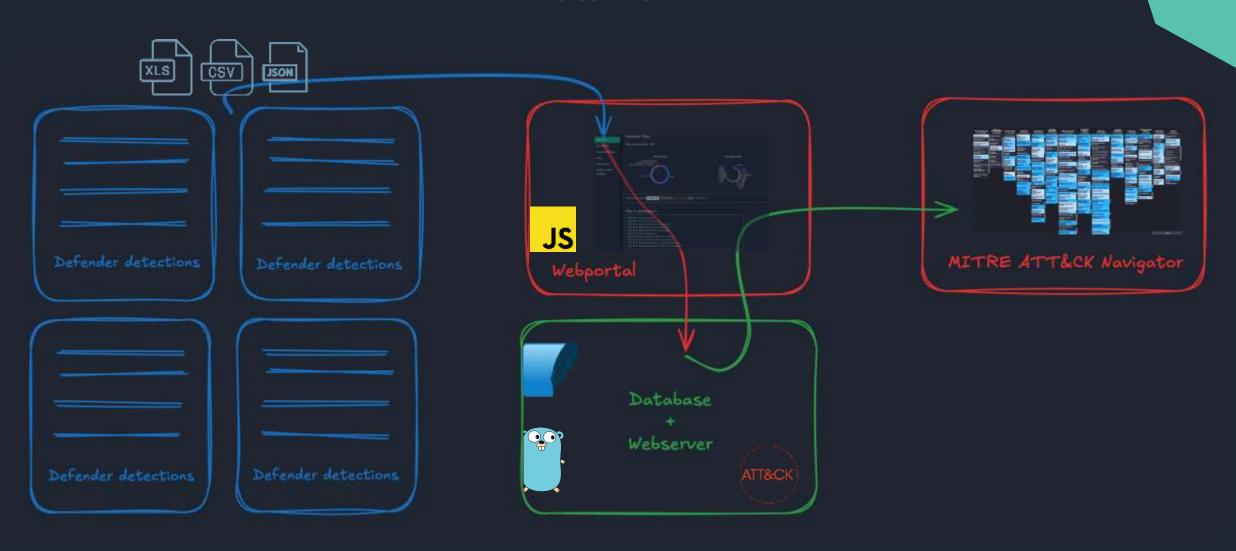








Data flow





Downloads

Alert Details

Technique Details

Query

Database Stats

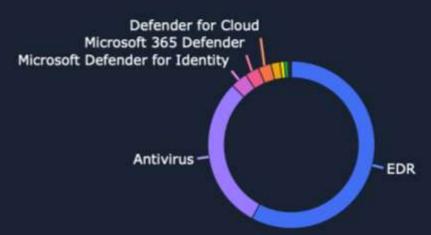
Total unique entries: 1990

Source stats

Defender for Cloud

Technique stats

Source stats



2024-08-31-Cloud App Security-coverage.json

2024-08-31-Defender for Cloud-coverage.json

2024-08-31-DefenderForServers-coverage.json

2024-08-31-EDR-coverage ison

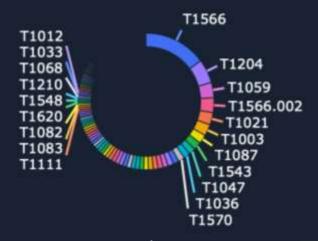
2024-08-31-Entra Identity Protection-coverage ison

2024-08-31-Microsoft 365 Defender-coverage.json

2024-08-31-Microsoft Defender for Identity-coverage.json

2024-08-31-Microsoft Defender for Office 365-coverage.json

Technique stats





10 fechniques	B techniques	10 techniques	74 techniques	20 techniques	14 techniques	43 techniques	17 techniques	32 techniques	P techniques	17 techniques	17 techniques	9 techniques	14 techniques
						Reda	acted						
						rcac	acteu						

Credential Access

Discovery

Lateral Movement

Collection Command and Control Exfiltration

Impact

Persistence Privilege Escalation Defense Evasion

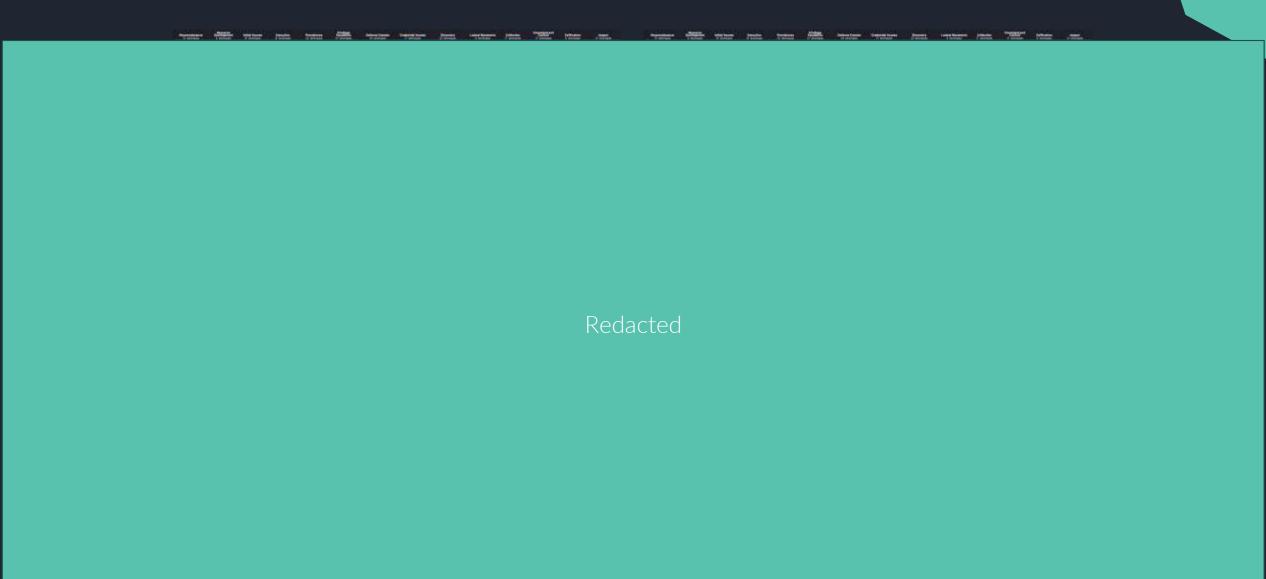
Resource Development

Initial Access

Execution

Reconnaissance

Coverage maps per product



Downloads

Alert Details

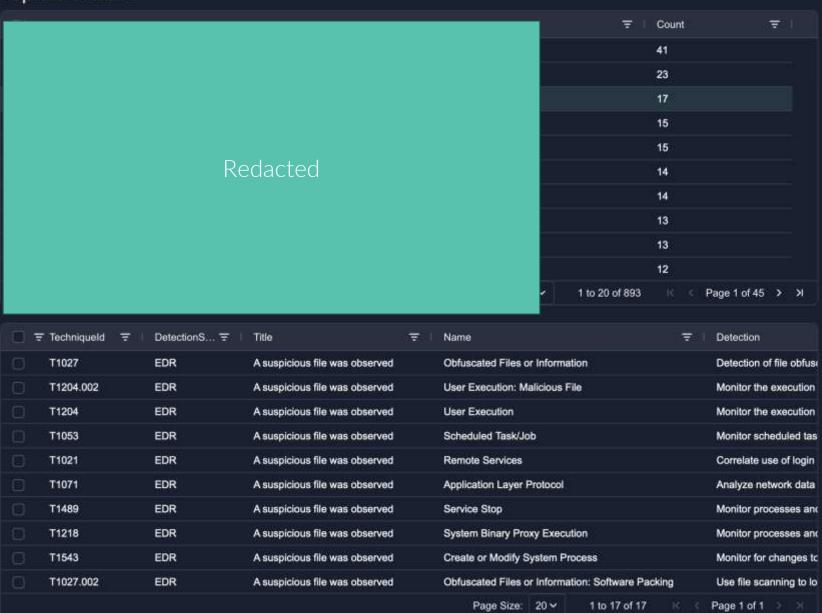
Technique Details

Query

Tactic Matrix

MITRE ATT&CK Navigator

Top alert titles



Downloads

Alert Details

Technique Details

Query

Tactic Matrix

MITRE ATT&CK Navigator

T1204.002	EDR	A suspicious file was observed	User Execution: Malicious File	Monitor the execution
T1204	EDR	A suspicious file was observed	User Execution	Monitor the execution
T1053	EDR	A suspicious file was observed	Scheduled Task/Job	Monitor scheduled tas
T1021	EDR	A suspicious file was observed	Remote Services	Correlate use of login
T1071	EDR	A suspicious file was observed	Application Layer Protocol	Analyze network data
T1489	EDR	A suspicious file was observed	Service Stop	Monitor processes and
T1218	EDR	A suspicious file was observed	System Binary Proxy Execution	Monitor processes and
T1543	EDR	A suspicious file was observed	Create or Modify System Process	Monitor for changes to
T1027.002	EDR	A suspicious file was observed	Obfuscated Files or Information: Software Packing	Use file scanning to lo
			Page Size: 20 v 1 to 17 of 17	✓ Page 1 of 1 ⇒ ⋈

Details

Techniqueld: T1489

DetectionSource: EDR

MITRE ATT&CK information:

Alert Title: A suspicious file was observed

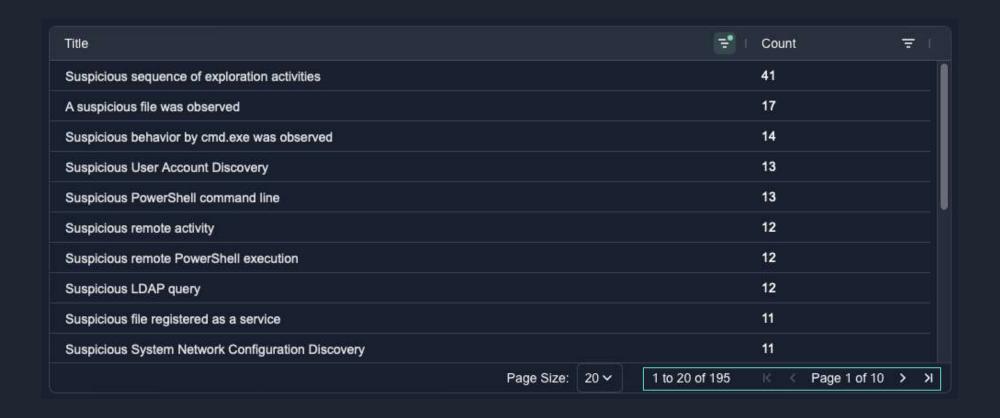
Technique Name: Service Stop

Detection: Monitor processes and command-line arguments to see if critical processes are terminated or stop running. Monitor for edits for modifications to services and startup programs that correspond to services of high importance. Look for changes to services that do not correlate with known software, patch cycles, etc. Windows service information is stored in the Registry at HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services. Systemd service unit files are stored within the /etc/systemd/system, /usr/lib/systemd/system/, and /home/.config/systemd/user/ directories, as well as associated symbolic links. Alterations to the service binary path or the service startup type changed to disabled may be suspicious. Remote access tools with built-in features may interact directly with the Windows API to perform these functions outside of typical system utilities. For example, ChangeServiceConfigW may be used by an adversary to prevent services from starting. (Citation: Talos Olympic Destroyer 2018)

Mitigation: Operate intrusion detection, analysis, and response systems on a separate network from the production environment to lessen the chances that an adversary can see and interfere with critical response functions.



So what else is deemed suspicious?





So what else is deemed suspicious?

uspicious	Search	Generate A	T&CK J	SON						
Techniqueld	च । Detec	tionSource	₹]	Title	₹]	Name	ਵ ।	Detection	₹ 1	Mitigation
T1018	EDR			Suspicious LDAP query		Remote System Discov	ery	System and network di	s	#N/A
T1069	EDR			Suspicious LDAP query		Permission Groups Dis	c	System and network di	s	#N/A
T1087	EDR			Suspicious LDAP query		Account Discovery		System and network di	s	Prevent adr
T1087.002	EDR			Suspicious LDAP query		Account Discovery: Do	n	System and network di	s	Prevent adr
T1135	EDR			Suspicious LDAP query		Network Share Discove	ry	System and network di	s	Enable Win
T1558.003	EDR			Suspicious LDAP query		Steal or Forge Kerbero	s	Enable Audit Kerberos	S	Enable AES
T1033	EDR			Suspicious User Accoun.		System Owner/User Di	S	'System and network of	is	#N/A
T1106	EDR			Suspicious User Accoun.		Native API		Monitoring API calls ma	ау	On Window
T1049	EDR			Suspicious System Net		System Network Conne	i	System and network di	s	#N/A
T1106	EDR			Suspicious System Net		Native API		Monitoring API calls ma	ау	On Window
T1135	EDR			Suspicious System Net		Network Share Discove	ry	System and network di	s	Enable Win
T1033	EDR			Suspicious LDAP query		System Owner/User Di	S	'System and network of	is	#N/A
T1082	EDR			Suspicious LDAP query		System Information Dis	с	System and network di	s	#N/A
T1016	EDR			Suspicious System Net		System Network Config	l	System and network di	s	#N/A
T1106	EDR			Suspicious System Net		Native API		Monitoring API calls ma	ау	On Window
T1204.002	EDR			Suspicious file similar to		User Execution: Malicio)	Monitor the execution of	of	On Window
T1003	EDR			Suspicious RDP session		OS Credential Dumping	1	### Windows Monitor f	or	Manage the
T1021.001	EDR			Suspicious RDP session		Remote Services: Rem	0	Use of RDP may be leg	git	Audit the R
T1555	EDR			Suspicious RDP session		Credentials from Passv	/	Monitor system calls, fi	le	The passwo
T1003.001	EDR			Suspicious access to LS.		OS Credential Dumping	j:	Monitor for unexpected	l	On Window

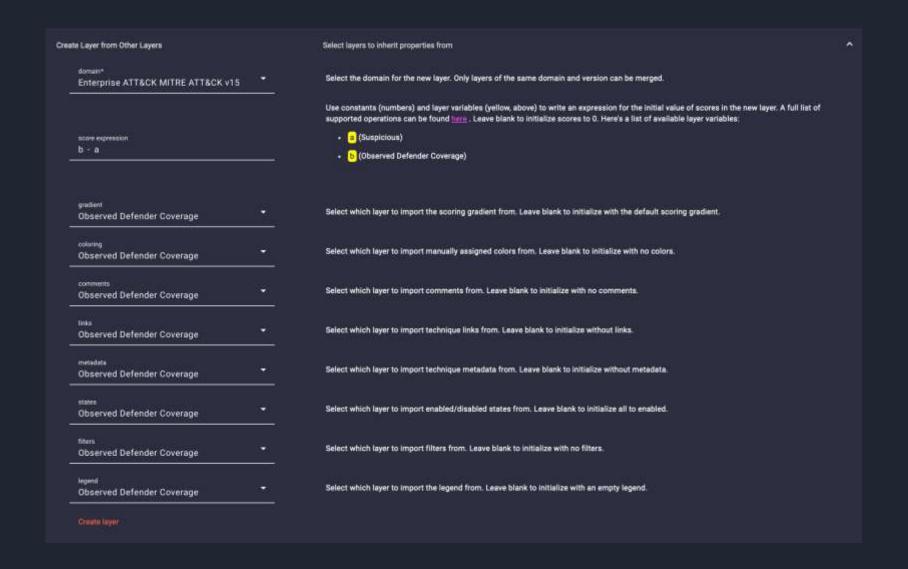


So what else is deemed suspicious?



Redacted

What does it look like without the suspicious ones?





What does it look like without the suspicious ones?

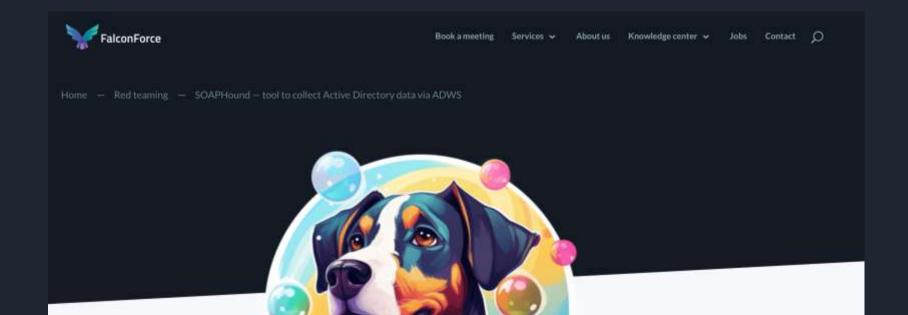
Resource Command and Privilege Command and Persistence Privilege Reconnaissance Development Initial Access Execution Persistence Escalation Defense Evasion Credential Access Discovery Lateral Movement Collection Control Extiltration Impact 10 Inchriques 16 Inchriques 16 Inchriques 10 Inchriques 17 Inchriques 17 Inchriques 18 Inchriques 18 Inchriques 20 Inchriques 18 Inchriques 20 Inchriques 18 Inchriques 20 Inchriques

Redacted

What does it look like without the suspicious ones?

Resource Command and Privilege Reconnaissance Development Initial Access Execution Persistence Escalation Defense Evasion Credential Access Discovery Lateral Movement Collection Control Extilitration Impact 10 techniques 10 techniques 16 techniques 20 techniques 16 techniques 10 techniques 20 techniques 10 techniques 20 techniques 10 techniques 20 techniques 10 techniques 20 te

Redacted

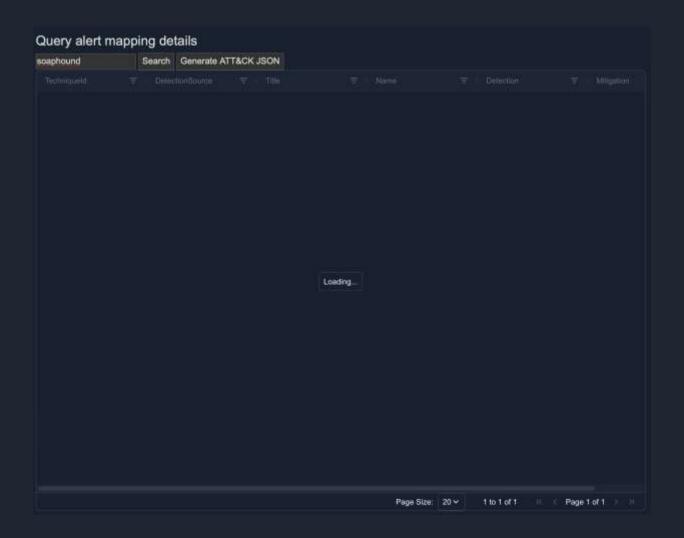


Red teaming

SOAPHound — tool to collect Active Directory data via ADWS

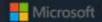


No data ... so no coverage?





Since when is it detectable?



Microsoft Security Intelligence

Threats Blogs

Downloads ~

Submissions ~

All Microsoft ~ Search O

Attention: We have transitioned to a new AAD or Microsoft Entra ID from the week of May 20, 2024. In case your tenant requires admin consent, please refer to this document located at Overview of user and admin consent - Microsoft Entra ID | Microsoft Learn and grant access to App ID: 6ba09155-cb24-475b-b24fb4e28fc74365 with graph permissions for Directory.Read.All and User.Read for continued access. While the app may appear unverified, you can confirm its legitimacy by verifying the App ID provided.



We're gradually updating threat actor names in our reports to align with the new weather-themed taxonomy. Learn about Microsoft threat actor names



Published Feb 14, 2024

Updated Not applicable

HackTool:MSIL/SoapHound!MSR

Detected by Microsoft Defender Antivirus

Aliases: No associated aliases

Summary

Microsoft Defender Antivirus detects and removes this threat.

This threat can perform a number of actions of a malicious actor's choice on your device.

Find out ways that malware can get on your device.



Alert level: Severe Status: Active

Date: 9/8/2024 10:30 AM

Category: Tool

Details: This program is used to create viruses, worms or other malware.

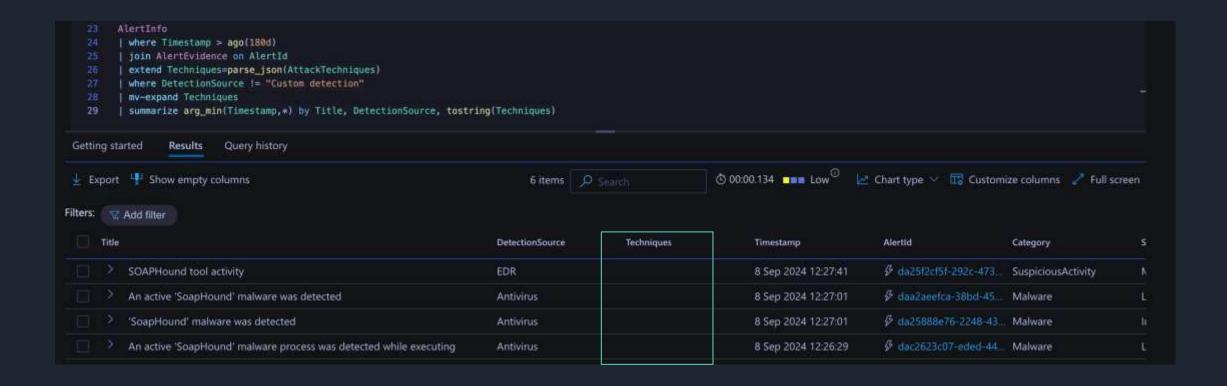
Learn more

Affected items:

file: C:\Users\imaginebox\Downloads\SOAPHound.exe



Detection but no techniques





What percentage of alerts has techniques tagged?

DetectionSource	☐	로 NoTechniquePercentage = 포
Antivirus	10.87	89.13
EDR	92.31	7.69
CloudApp	29.03	70.97
Defender for Cloud	100	0
Entra Identity Protection	37.5	62.5
Other	16.67	83.33

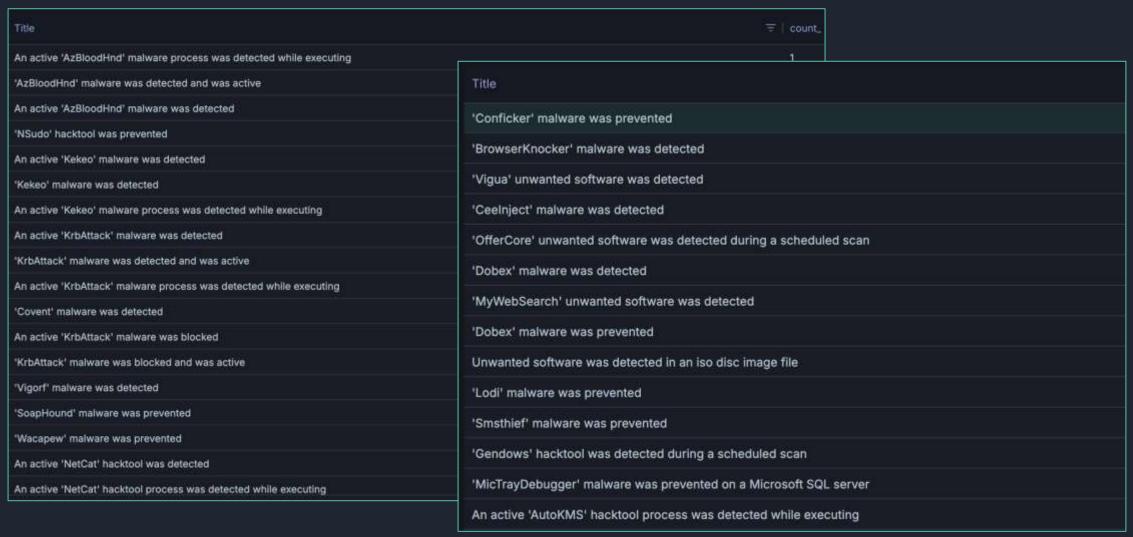


What are we missing here?

Title	₹ count_
Ransomware-linked threat actor detected	1
Potential C2 Connection Behavior	1
Suspicious activity linked to a financially motivated threat actor detected	1
Potential human-operated malicious activity	1
A file or network connection related to a ransomware-linked emerging threat activity group detected	1
Pistachio Tempest threat activity group detected	1
Information stealing malware activity	1
Connection to adversary-in-the-middle (AiTM) phishing site	ï
Suspicious malware activity detected	1

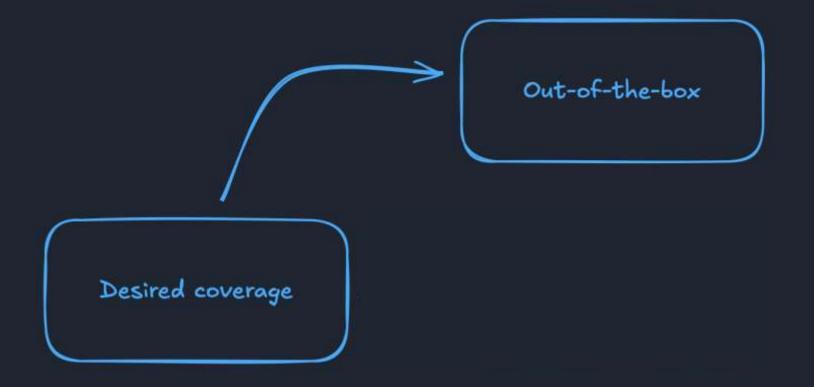
Title	ਤ count_
Defender detection bypass	1
SOAPHound tool activity	1
ROADtools redteam framework	(1)
Compromised account conducting hands-on-keyboard attack	1

What about all these AV misses?

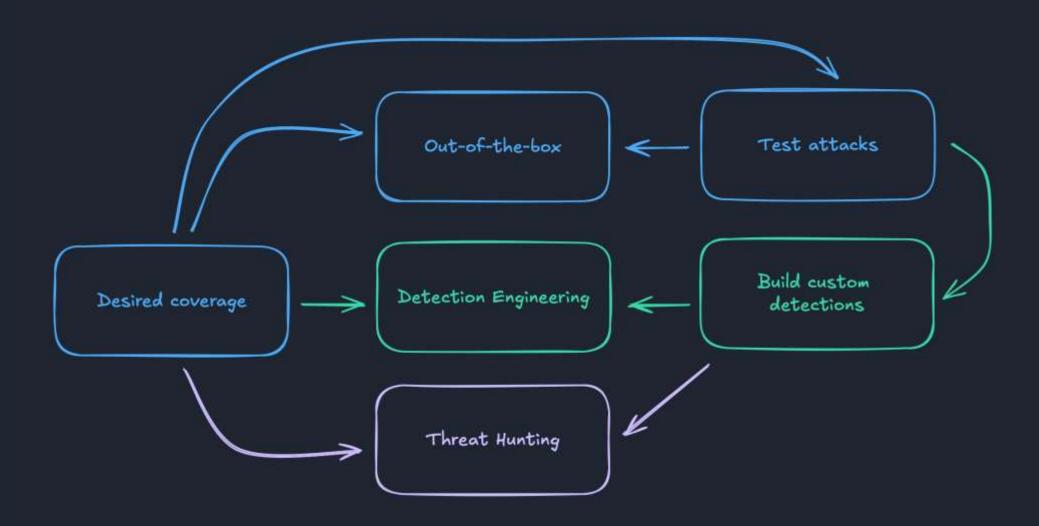














Build custom detections

Reconcileasors of the following services of

Augment out of the box coverage

Reconnaissance 10 techniques	Resource Development	Initial Access	Execution	Persistence	Privilege Escalation	Defense Evasion	Credential Access	Discovery	Lateral Movement	Collection	Command and Control	Exfiltration	Impact	
10 techniques	# techniques	10 Techniques	14 techniques	20 techniques	14 techniques	43 techniques	17 techniques	32 technissies	9 bechriques	17 techniques	18 techniques	9 sectoriques	14 techniques	ш,

Redacted

Technique mapping is ...

o in some cases, spot on

in some EDR cases, incomplete. For AV many.

in some cases, overly generous

sometimes there and sometimes not for the same alerts ?!



Page Size:

T1566(.002) - Phishing + Spearphishing Link

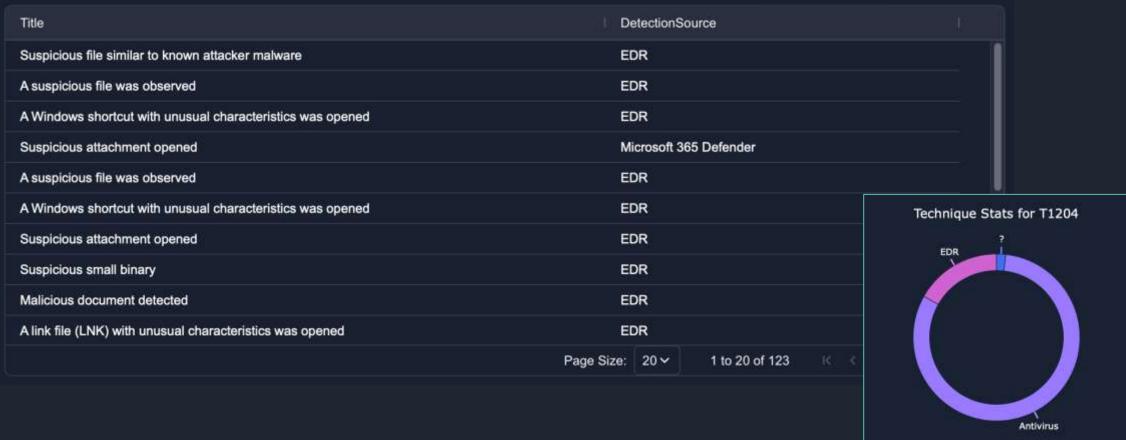
Title	DetectionSource	
'Ulthar' malware was prevented	Antivirus	
'VBInject' malware was prevented	Antivirus	
Email messages from a campaign removed after delivery	Microsoft Defender for Office 365	
'ZkarletFlash' malware was prevented	Antivirus	
Connection to Storm-0485 adversary-in-the-middle (AiTM) phishing site	EDR	
A file or network connection related to threat actor Storm-1575 has been detected	EDR	Techi
'Vigorf' malware was detected	Antivirus	Microsoft Defender for Microsoft 365 D
'Vigorf' malware was prevented	Antivirus	Microsoft 303 C
User clicked a malicious link in Teams chat	Microsoft 365 Defender	
Malicious link shared in Teams chat	Microsoft 365 Defender	



1 to 20 of 374

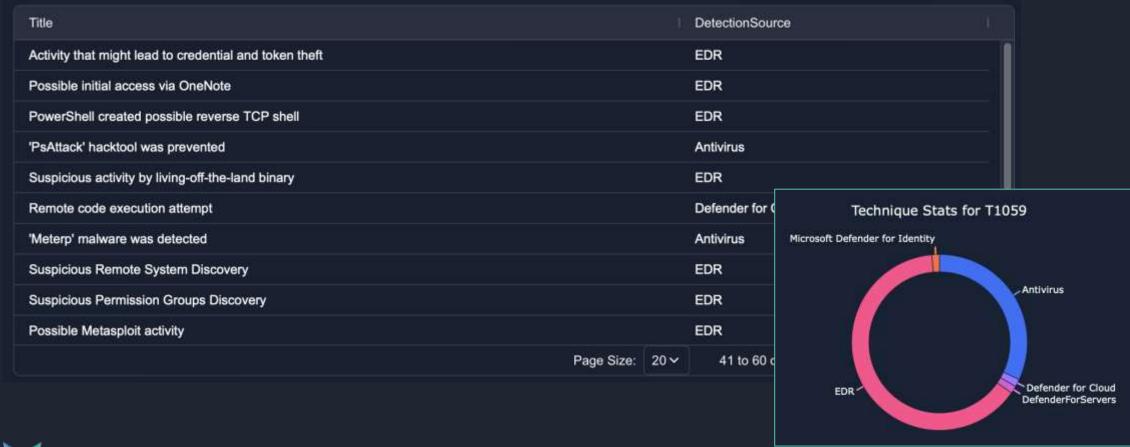


T1204 - User Execution





T1059 - Command and Scripting Interpreter





T1021 - Remote Services

Title			De	tectionSou	ırce	
Suspicious RDP session			ED	R		i
Compromised account conducting hands-on-keyboard attack			ED	R		
'ADSync' malware was detected during lateral movement			ED	R		
Lateral movement using RDP blocked			Mic	crosoft 365	5 Defender	
Lateral movement using remote logon by contained user blocked on multiple devices			Mic	crosoft 365	5 Defender	
Remote Desktop session			ED	R	Technique	Stats for T1021
Suspicious remote activity			ED	R	Microsoft 365 Defende	er Antivirus
Impacket toolkit			An	tivirus		
Low-reputation arbitrary code executed by signed executable			ED	R		
Low-reputation arbitrary code executed by signed executable			ED	R		
	Page Size:	20 ~	1 to 20 of 83			
						EDR



Top mitigations from ATT&CK

Based on the top 10 techniques in the detections

- Anti-virus can automatically quarantine suspicious files.
 - On Windows 10, enable Attack Surface Reduction (ASR) rules to prevent executable files from running unless they meet a prevalence, age, or trusted list criteria and to prevent Office applications from creating potentially malicious executable content by blocking malicious code from being written to disk. Note: cloud-delivered protection must be enabled to use certain rules. (Citation: win10_asr)
 - Audit applications and their permissions to ensure access to data and resources are limited based upon necessity and principle of least privilege.
- Perform audits or scans of systems, permissions, insecure software, insecure configurations, etc. to identify potential weaknesses.



Wrapping up

I won't make these details public, for obvious reasons.

I recently started tracking first seen occurrences for detections.

While these details help you focus your detection effort, you still need to test to make sure the outof-the-box detections catch what you care about.

Make sure to also have some regression tests in there, MS not only changes product names but also can remove or change detections.





Together. Secure. Today.







