## JADAVPUR UNIVERSITY

Department of Electronics and TeleCommunication Engineering

Data Structures and Algorithms Lab

Assignment - 2 : Stack (Fixed and Dynamic)

Programming Language : C (ANSI)

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Sandip Dutta
2nd Year
Roll - 001910701017

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/* Stack implementation with fixed memory array */
# include <stdio.h>
# include <stdlib.h>
# include <limits.h>
# define NULL STACK -1
# define MAX STACK CAPACITY 100
/\star Stack has a fixed memory capacity
a top pointer */
typedef struct stk{
   int capacity;
   int top;
   int* arr;
}Stack;
/* Init a stack */
Stack* initStack(const int capacity) {
   Stack *stk = malloc(sizeof(Stack));
   stk -> top = NULL STACK;
   stk -> capacity = capacity;
   stk -> arr = malloc(capacity * sizeof(int));
   if(stk == NULL || stk->arr == NULL) {
       printf("\nNot enough memory! Aborting\n");
       return NULL;
   return stk;
/* Checker method for empty or not */
int isEmpty(const Stack* stk) {
   return (stk->top == NULL STACK);
/* Checker to see if stack is full or not */
int isFull(const Stack* stk){
  return (stk->top == stk->capacity - 1);
/* Size of the stack */
int size(const Stack *stk) {
   return stk->top + 1;
/* push data into stack */
void push(Stack *stk, int data){
   /* If full, OVERFLOW */
   if(isFull(stk)){
       printf("\nOVERFLOW\n");
       return;
   printf("Added : %d\n", data);
   ++(stk -> top);
   stk -> arr[stk -> top] = data;
/* Pop data from stack */
int pop(Stack *stk){
   if(isEmpty(stk)){
       printf("\nUNDERFLOW\n");
       return INT_MIN;
   return stk->arr[stk->top--];
/* print the stack */
void printStack(const Stack *stk){
```

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int lim = NULL STACK;
   int i = stk \rightarrow top;
   if(isEmpty((stk))) return;
   while(i > lim) {
      printf("%d ", stk->arr[i]);
   printf("\n");
}
void printMenu(){
   printf("\n=======\n");
   printf("[1] Push Element in Stack\n");
   printf("[2] Pop Element from Stack\n");
   printf("[3] Print the Stack\n");
   printf("========\n");
}
int main(){
   int capacity = MAX STACK CAPACITY;
   Stack* stk = initStack(capacity);
   int element, choice;
   printMenu();
   do{
       printf("CHOICE >>> ");
       scanf("%d", &choice);
       switch(choice) {
          default :
              printf("\nEXITING\n");
              choice = -1;
              break;
          case 1 :
             printf("\nEnter the Element\n>>> ");
              scanf("%d", &element);
              push(stk, element);
              break;
          case 2 :
             element = pop(stk);
              printf("\nElement Popped : %d\n", element);
             break;
          case 3:
             printStack(stk);
   } while (choice != -1);
   return 0;
______
```

## Output:

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| Dase | Sandip@Machine | Machine |
```

## 2. Dynamic Memory Stack using Linked List (Singly Connected)

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# include <stdio.h>
# include <stdlib.h>
# include <limits.h>
/* Dynamic Stack Implementation using Linked List */
/* Node*/
struct SLLNode{
   int data;
   struct SLLNode *next;
};
/*Length of Linked List*/
int get length(struct SLLNode *head){
   struct SLLNode *curr = head;
   int length = 1;
   if (head == NULL) return 0;
   while(curr = curr -> next) ++length;
   return length;
/* Print the list */
void printList(struct SLLNode *head) {
   if(head == NULL) return;
   struct SLLNode *curr = head;
   while(curr) {
       printf("%d ", curr -> data);
       curr = curr -> next;
   printf("\n");
}
/* Insert in SLL*/
struct SLLNode* push(int data, struct SLLNode* head) {
   struct SLLNode *newNode;
   newNode = (struct SLLNode*) malloc(sizeof(struct SLLNode));
   newNode -> data = data;
   if(!newNode) return NULL;
   newNode -> next = head;
   return newNode;
/* Pop from SLL */
struct SLLNode* pop(struct SLLNode *head, int *element){
   /* element is used for returning popped value */
   struct SLLNode *p;
   if(head == NULL) {
       printf("UNDERFLOW! VALUE returned is Garbage!\n");
       return head;
   p = head;
   head = head -> next;
   *element = p -> data;
   free(p);
   return head;
/*Show menu*/
void show menu(){
   printf("========n");
   printf("[1] Print the Stack\n");
   printf("[2] Push\n");
   printf("[3] Pop\n");
   printf("========n");
}
```

```
/* Driver Function */
int main(){
    struct SLLNode *head = NULL;
    int choice, data, element;
   show_menu();
   do{
        printf("CHOICE >>> ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch (choice) {
            case 1:
                printf("\nThe Stack is: ");
                printList(head);
                break;
            case 2:
                printf("Enter Data : ");
                scanf("%d", &data);
                head = push(data, head);
                break;
            case 3:
                head = pop(head, &element);
                printf("Popped Element is %d\n", element);
                break;
            default:
                choice = -1;
                break;
    \} while (choice != -1);
    return 0;
```

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## Output

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(base) sandip@Machine /media/sandip/Acer/Important/codes/DSA_JU_ECE/LAB/DAY_2 /main ± gcc -ansi -o dstk Dynamic_Stack.c sandip@Machine /media/sandip/Acer/Important/codes/DSA_JU_ECE/LAB/DAY_2 /main ± ./dstk ../dstk .../dstk .../d
```