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- Ejercicios tema 6: Unificación y Revolución

# - Fjercicio 6.1:

2. EQUES, SLYS), QLJ(7), SCOS) 3

$$\{x, y(z)\} \Rightarrow (x|y(z))\}$$
 (x|y(z))(y,a) = (x|y(z), y|a)  
 $\{y,a\} \Rightarrow (y|a)$ 

$$x = g(x)$$
  $x = g(x)$   $(x | g(x), y(a)$   $(y) = g(a)$   $y = a$ 

- => Son ungicables.
- 2. {P(x, g(x,a), s(y)), P(x, g(g(s(y)), b), y), s(a))}

=1) Son unificables

3. {Q(x, g(xy)), Q(y,7), Q(7, g(x,a))}

$$g(x,y) = z$$

$$y = z$$

$$z = g(x,y)$$

=> No son unificables

4. & R( yex), g(g(a),y), g(a, g(g(x))), R(y, g(g(a), g(g(b))), g(a, g(y))) &

$$g(y_{(x)}) = g(y_{(x)}, y_{(y_{(x)})}) \begin{cases} y_{(x)} = y \\ y_{(x)} = y_{(x)} \end{cases}$$

$$g(x) = y \end{cases}$$

$$y = y(y_{(x)})$$

on (YIg(x), alz, xIg(b));

### - Ejercicio 2:

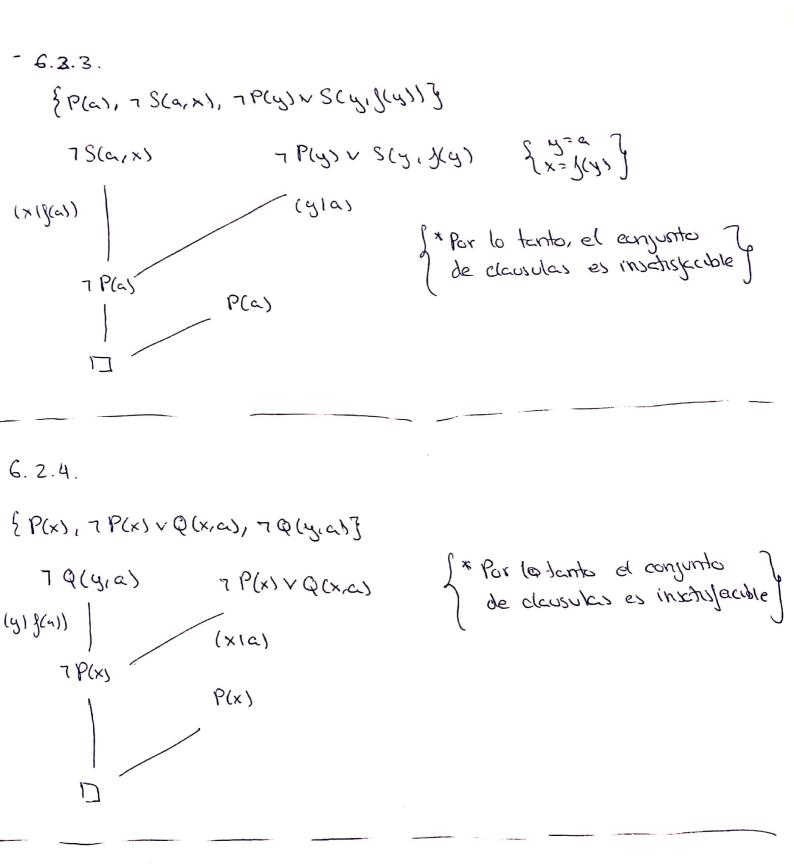
1. {Q(a), ¬R(a,y), ¬Q(x) V R(x, g(x))}

(x1a) (\* Por tanto el conjunto de clausulas es inschispable. 7 R(a,y) (919(as)

2. 27 Q(a,y),75(x) VQ(x, g(x)), S(a) }

79(a,y) 75(x) Q(x, 3(x)) { = 3(x)

Por tanta el conjunto de C claisolas es insatsfecible



### - Ejercicio 6.3:

Si teremos la sentencia => ]x (HUNATDUN)

- Enlances en primer lugar:

 $\forall x \forall y (7 C(y) \land A(x,y) \rightarrow M(x)) \Rightarrow \forall x \forall y (C(y) \lor 7 A(x,y) \lor M(x))$   $\forall x (7 D(x) \lor M(x)) \Rightarrow [\forall x \forall y (H(x) \land D(x)) \rightarrow 7 (7 C(y) \land A(x,y)));$   $\forall x \forall y (\neg M(x) \lor \neg D(x) \lor C(y) \lor \neg A(x,y));$   $\forall c(a) \{7 c = T\}$ 

=> Por tento:

## - Ejercicio 6.4:

 $\begin{cases} \exists \times (P(x) \land \forall y D(y) \rightarrow L(x, y)) \end{cases} \Rightarrow \forall \times (D(x) \rightarrow \neg Q(x)) \end{cases}$ 

-> Jx Yy (P(x) N (D(y) => L (x, y))) => Forma Prenexa.

Yy (P(a) 1 (D(y) -> L(a,y)) => F. N.S.

Yy (Plas A (7 Dly) V Llarys));

P(a) NYy (7D(y) x L(a,ys) => FAC.

#> \forall \tau \(\text{P(x)} -> \forall \(\text{Q(y)} -> 7 \(\text{L(x,y)})\);
\forall \tau \forall \(\text{P(x)} -> \text{L(x,y)} => FNP of FNS
\forall \tau \forall \(\text{P(x)} \to 7 \text{Q(y)} \to 7 \text{L(x,y)} => FNC.

A) TAX (D(X) ->> I Q(X))

= X7 (D(x) -> 7Q(x) -> Forma Acnexa

7(D(b) -0 2Q(b)) =D F.N.S

7 (70(6)~7Q(6))

D(b) 1 Q(b) => F.N.C.

#### - Por tanto teremos:

IFY サアレイフリ

=> Por tanto es insatus facible

#### - Ejercicio 6.5:

1. {7P(x) v Q(g(x)), P(a), 7P(x) v 7Q(x)}

12. {7 Mcx) ~7 DCx) ~7 Cc(x,y) ~7 CCy), c(b), D(x) ~7 Mcx), 7 DCx) ~ M(x), 7 ((y) ~ CC(g(y), y), 7 ((y) ~7 CC(x,y) ~ M(x) }

7 M (x) N 7 D (x) N 7 C (y) D (x) N 7 M (x)

7 M (x) N 7 C ((x, y) N 7 C (y) D (x) N 7 M (x)

7 M (x) N 7 C ((x, y) N 7 C (y) D (x) N 7 M (x)

7 C ((x, y) N 7 C (y) D ((x, y) N M (x)

7 C ((x) D (x) D (x) D (x)

7 C ((x) D (x)

7 C ((x)

= > Por la tento es insetisficible.