Autonomous Systems ROS practical session

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ROS pkg structure¹

- ROS packages tend to follow a common structure
- For python code it will look like this:

```
car@oscar-lenovo:test $ source ~/scripts/create ros pkg.sh my ros pkg
oscar@oscar-lenovo:my_ros_pkg $ tree
   CMakeLists.txt
            my ros pko
                 __init__.py
mv_ros_independant_class.py
    package.xml
        config
            config_my_ros_pkg.yaml

    README.md

            my ros pkg.launch
            my ros pkg node
           – mv ros pka ros
         ___ my_ros_pkg_test.py
    setup.py
```

http://wiki.ros.org/Packages

rosbash²

- Offers a set of shell commands for using ros with bash (linux terminal)
- Most popular include:
 - roscd pkg_name (cd to pkg_name easily)
 - rosed pkg_name filename (quickly edit a file)
 - roscat pkg_name filename (quickly visualize a file in terminal)
 - rosrun pkg_name executable (run executable from anywhere without having to give its full path)
- enables tab completion on: roslaunch, rosparam, rosnode, rostopic, rosservice, rosmsg, rossrv, rosbag.



rosrun³

- Part of rosbash suite
- Usage: rosrun pkg_name executable_name
- It will run ONLY executable files
- About files being executable (important!)
 - ▶ make sure your python nodes (i.e. my_python_node.py) are executable
 - check by doing: Is -I , if it has an x is executable (i.e. -rwxr-r-)
 - alternatively, if your terminal has colors, the file shows green when doing Is
 - rosrun will also look for your compiled c++ executables (under devel/lib/pkg_name)

rostopic⁴

- Displays information about ROS topics
- Most useful:
- rostopic list (get a list of active topics)
- rostopic echo topic_name
- rostopic info topic_name (get topic type, publishers and subscribers)
- rostopic pub topic_name topic_type msg_press_tab! (publish a topic from console), options:
 - no args (latched)
 - -r float_number (at a certain rate)
 - -once (latch for 3 secs, then dies)
- rostopic hz topic_name (get the publish frequency rate)



⁴http://wiki.ros.org/rostopic

parameter server⁵

- Is a shared, multi-variate dictionary that is accessible via network API
- Nodes can use this server to store or retrieve parameters during runtime
- Is not high performance
- Globally viewable
- Usage from terminal: rosparam set param_name param_value, rosparam get param_name
- Usage from python api: rospy.set_param(param_name, param_value), rospy.get_param("param_name")
- Suitable for for static, non-binary data such as configuration parameters

⁵http://wiki.ros.org/Parameter%20Server

roslaunch⁶

- A tool for easily launching multiple ROS nodes
- Implemented with XML syntax
- Allows to set parameters in param server
- A launch file can call other launch files
- Run syntax: roslaunch pkg_name my_file.launch

Rviz⁷

- Powerful tool for topic visualization
- Useful for debugging
- launch using: rosrun rviz rviz (a roscore must be running)
- Can publish some topics (2D pose estimate, 2D nav goal, Point)
- Is recommended to comply with ROS standard topics to enable topic visualization

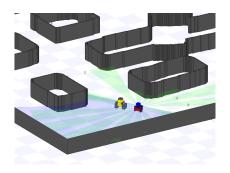
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=i--Sd4xH9ZE



⁷http://wiki.ros.org/rviz

Stage simulator⁸

- Stage is a robot simulator from Richard Vaughan and contributors (1998-2009)
- Simulates a population of mobile robots, sensors and objects in a two-dimensional bitmapped environment



Thank you! Questions? :)

If you have a question please create a Github issue so that we can all benefit from the posted answers under:

https://github.com/socrob/autonomous_systems/issues