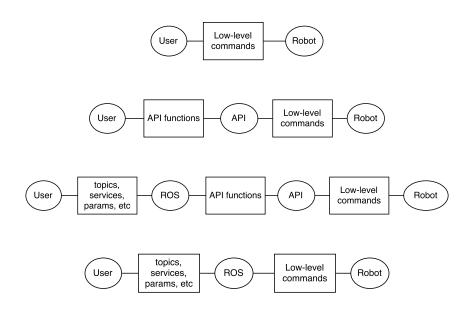
# ROS for devices and robots Some general theory and real examples

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#### Different schemes of user-robot interaction



# Some simple examples

joy and teleop\_twist\_joy packages

#### joy package:

- joy package allows to work with standard joysticks.
- Installation—building from sources or by command
  - \$ sudo apt-get install ros-"distro"-joy

#### teleop\_twist\_joy package:

- teleop\_twist\_joy package contains a node which translates commands from joystick into velocity commands.
- Installation—building from sources or by command
  - \$ sudo apt-get install ros-"distro"-teleop-twist-joy

#### Example of their using:

Look at this launch file.

## Some simple examples

#### usb\_cam package

- usb\_cam package allows to work with standard webcams.
- Installation—
  - ▶ for indigo and jade:

```
$ sudo apt-get install ros-"distro"-usb-cam
or just like for kinetic
```

for kinetic:

```
$ cd PATH_TO_YOUR_WORKSPACE/src
```

- \$ git clone https://github.com/bosch-ros-pkg/usb\_cam.git
- \$ cd ..
- \$ catkin\_make --pkg usb\_cam
- For trying this package in work use its own launch:
  - \$ roslaunch usb\_cam usb\_cam-test.launch

## Some simple examples

image\_view package

- Last mentioned launch file also runs an image\_view node from image\_view package.
- The latter is used for showing webcam's image in a separate window.
- Its instalation—building from sources or by command
  - \$ sudo apt-get install ros-"distro"-image-view

# Robots' 3D models urdf package

- The urdf package creates a robot's 3D model based on its URDF description (Unified Robot Description Format).
- It is highly recommended to read<sup>1</sup>
  - this package's description
  - ▶ its tutorials
  - xacro package's description

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Don't panic due to these materials' complexity!

#### Robots' 3D models

robot\_state\_publisher package

- The robot\_state\_publisher allows to publish the state of a robot to tf using robot's URDF description and a special topic which must be provided by robot's driver.
- It is highly recommended to read
  - this package's description
  - its tutorials

#### Robots' 3D models

joint\_state\_publisher package

- The joint\_state\_publisher allows to publish fake data for robot joints' states using robot's URDF description.
- It is highly recommended to read
  - this package's description

# Robotino Related resources

- Its wiki page (it is not very necessary to read).
- Its manual in which you can find information about charging of the robot and places of its I/O ports.
- A document about connection of the gripper.
- New Robotino's manual. Refer to it for rules about connection of optical and inductive sensors.
- A description of some of *robotino\_node* topics and parameters.

#### Robotino

- install robot's standard library (method 1):
  - add debprepository for robot's standard library as it is described here
  - install robot's standard library:
    - \$ sudo apt-get update
    - \$ sudo apt-get install robotino-api2
- install robot's standard library (method 2, alternative):
  - build it from source almost as described here (XX = 32 or 64):

```
$ cd ANY_DIR
```

- \$ svn co svn://svn.rec.de/openrobotino/api2/trunk source/api2
- \$ find source/api2/external -wholename "\*/bin/\*"\
  -exec chmod +x {} \;
- \$ mkdir -p build/api2
- \$ cd build/api2
- \$ cmake ../../source/api2
- \$ make install
- \$ echo "ROBOTINOAPI2\_XX\_DIR=/home/robot/build/install\
  /usr/local/robotino/api2/" >> ~/.bashrc
- \$ source ~/.bashrc
- \$ ./create\_package.sh
- \$ sudo dpkg -i robotino-api\*.deb

#### Robotino

- copy packages robotino\_description, robotino\_msgs and robotino\_node from here into your workspace
- build them:
  - \$ cd PATH\_TO\_YOUR\_WORKSPACE
  - \$ catkin\_make --pkg robotino\_msgs
  - \$ catkin\_make

#### Robotino

#### Launching

- If Robotino is connected to public network (CSI-Robotics), then go to step 2. In other case connect your PC to Robotino's network (e.g. Robotino2).
- launch an appropriate file from robotino\_node package (don't forget specify robot's IP in it):
  - only\_robotino\_node.launch—for launch Robotino without webcams, lidar<sup>2</sup> and odometry
  - robotino\_simple\_node.launch—for launch Robotino without webcams and lidar
  - robotino\_node.launch—for launch Robotino with webcams, lidar and odometry

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>It must be connected to the robot using all three ends of its Y-USB cable.

### **KUKA Youbot**

- Its wiki page (it is well writen and must be read before using the robot).
- It is controlled by internal<sup>3</sup> or external PC on which you have installed ROS and these packages: youbot\_description, youbot\_driver and youbot\_driver\_ros\_interface.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>It is managed by Ubuntu 14.04 and ROS Indigo Igloo.

#### KUKA Youbot

- For Indigo:
  - install youbot\_description package:
    - \$ sudo apt-get install ros-indigo-youbot-description
  - install brics\_actuator package (if it is not installed):
    - \$ sudo apt-get install ros-indigo-brics-actuator
- For Jade and Kinetic:
  - install youbot\_description package:
    - \$ cd PATH\_TO\_YOUR\_WORKSPACE/src
    - \$ git clone https://github.com/youbot/youbot\_description.git
    - \$ cd youbot\_description
    - \$ git checkout -b jade-devel origin/jade-devel
    - \$ cd ../..
    - \$ catkin\_make --pkg youbot\_description
  - install brics\_actuator package (if it is not installed):
    - \$ cd PATH\_TO\_YOUR\_WORKSPACE/src
    - \$ git clone https://github.com/wnowak/brics\_actuator.git
    - \$ cd ..
    - \$ catkin\_make --pkg brics\_actuator

#### **KUKA Youbot**

- Common final steps:
  - install pr2\_msgs package (if it is not installed):
    - \$ sudo apt-get install ros-"distro"-pr2-msgs
  - ► install youbot\_driver and youbot\_driver\_ros\_interface packages as it is described in this document

## Parrot AR.Drone 2.04

- Its driver package can be installed by command:
  - \$ sudo apt-get install ros-"distro"-ardrone-autonomy or by building from its sources.
- Package's documentation lives on a separate site.
- For your first fly
  - connect your computer to drone's wifi
  - specify drone's IPv4 in ardrone.launch:
    - \$ rosed ardrone\_autonomy ardrone.launch
  - launch the latter:
    - \$ roslaunch ardrone\_autonomy ardrone.launch

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Be careful with this robot due to small employees' experience of using it.

# Thank you for attention! And sorry for possible mistakes!