

BATCH LESSON DATE

BATCH 150 DATA SCIENCE

GOOGLE SHEETS

24.03.2023

SUBJECT: FUNCTIONS

techproeducation



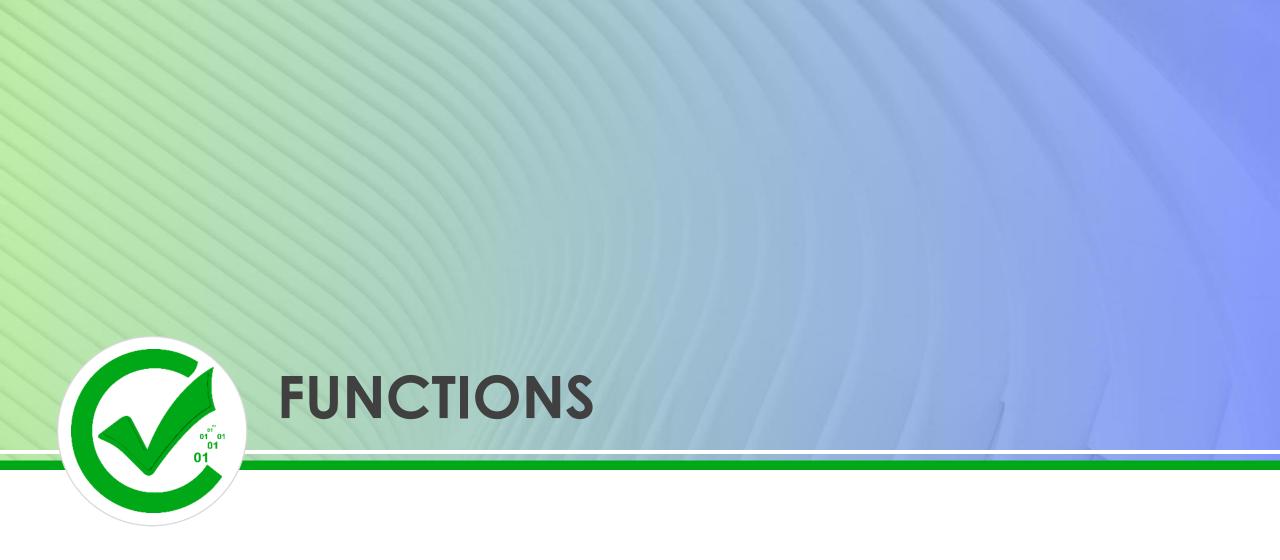








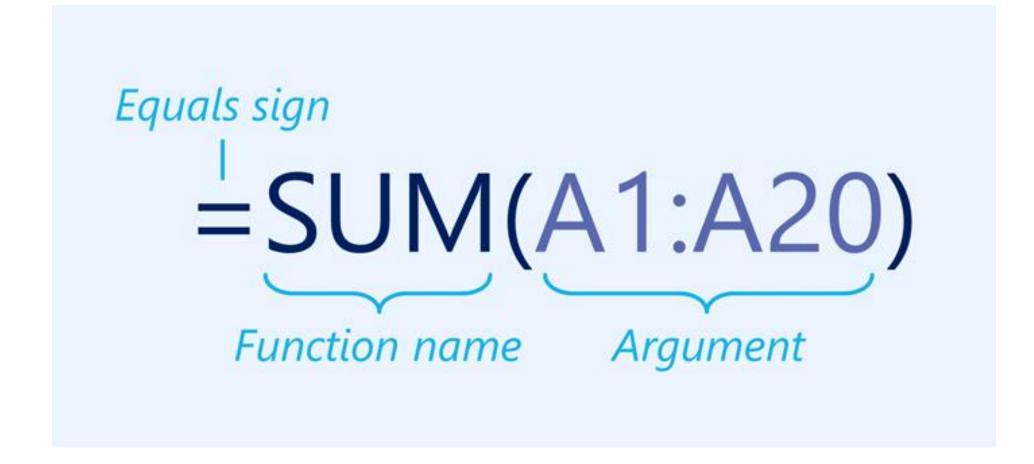






FUNCTIONS











FUNCTIONS



 f_x =AVERAGE (B1:B9)

	Α	В	С
1		1	
2		4	
3		5	
4		6	
5		8	
6		2	
7		3	
8		5	
9	_	6	
10	?	=AVERAGE(B1:B9)	
11			
12			







FUNCTIONS



 f_x =SUM(A1:A3,C1:C2,E1)

	Α	В	С	D	E
1	4		6		20
2	8		10		
3	12				
4					
5 🔽	=SUM(A1:A3,C	1:C2, E1)			
6					







CREATING A FUNCTION



fx	=SUM(D3:D12)				Comme
	A	В	С	D	Comme
2	ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	LINE TOTAL	GÐ □ [ii] ▼ - Σ -
3	Tomatoes (case of 12)	3	\$17.44	\$52.32	SUM 👦
4	Black Beans (case of 10)	5	\$20.14	\$100.70	E AVERAGE
5	All Purpose Flour (50 lb.)	5	\$14.05	\$70.25	ORDERED COUNT
6	Corn Meal/Maza (25 lb.)	5	\$18.69	\$93.45	12-C MAX
7	Brown Rice (25 lb.)	5	\$10.99	\$54.95	12-C MIN
8	Lime Juice (1 gallon)	5	\$11.99	\$59.95	12-0
9	Tomato Juice (case of 10)	3	\$19.49	\$58.47	More functions
10	Hot Sauce (1 gallon)	8	\$7.35	\$58.80	
11	Salsa, Medium (1 gallon)	12	\$8.47	\$101.64	
12	Olive Oil (2.5 gallon)	4	\$28.69	\$114.76	
13			TOTA?	=SUM(D3:D12)	
14					







BASIC FUNCTIONS



SUM

AVERAGE

PRODUCT

QUOTIENT

COUNT

COUNTA

MIN

MAX



UNIQUE













۲	aste	Format	R 1 7	<u> </u>	1 1 1		
B5	$f_x = SUM(B2:B4)$						
4	Α	В	С	D	Е		
1	Name	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday			
2	Shine	100	150	150			
3	Balaji	100	150	150			
1	Bharath	200	250	250			
5		400	550	550			
5							
7							
3							







PRODUCT



fx	=PRODUCT(C3,C	24,C5, <u>C6</u>		
	А	В	С	D
1				
2		Example 1		
		Number of farms	2	
D/////		Number of chicken coops per farm	3	
		Number of chickens per coop	5	
6		Number of eggs per chicken	3	
7				
8			⁹⁰ × er	
9 =PRODUCT(C3,C4,C5		,C5, <u>C6</u>		
10				







MINUS



TECHII INIVIE

	A	В	С
1	Incom e	Expenditure	Balance
2	7390.2	325	7065.2
3	78925.5	1313	
4	98436	3525	
5	2492	1345	
6	2462	213	
7			result
8			
3	CIKI	RIVIA	

	TJ SSSa File Edi	-				Data
	~ = 1	100				
fx	=MINUS(B3,	B4)				
	А	В		(0	D
1						
2						
3			250			
4			200			
5			50			
6						
7						







DIVIDE





			Spreadsheet Format Data	
K	~ = 7	100% ▼ £	% .0 _← .00 <u></u> 12	3▼
fx	=DIVIDE(H2,I2	2)		
	Н	I	J	
1				
2	1		=DIVIDE(H2,I2))
3	2	3		•
4	4	3	}	
5	5	6		

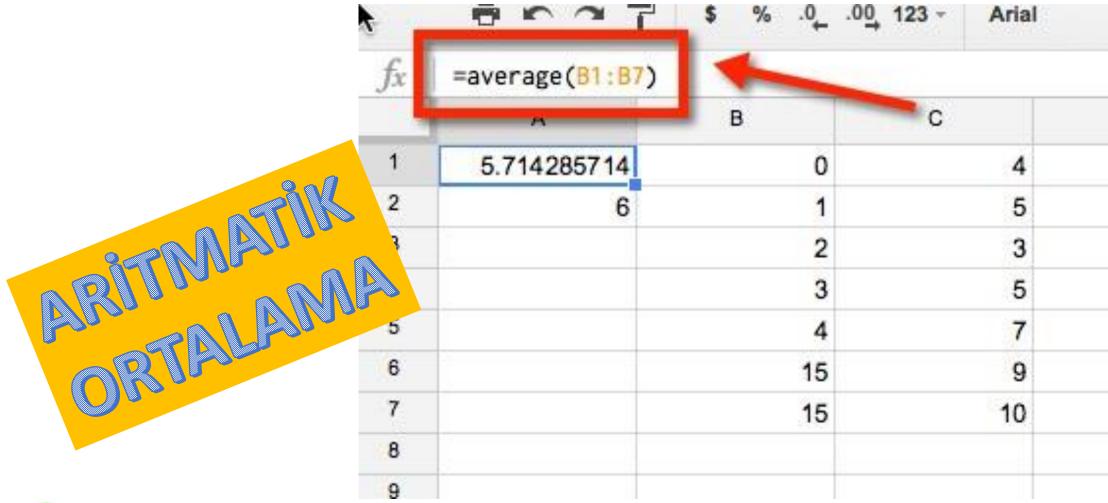






AVERAGE











COUNT



COUNT

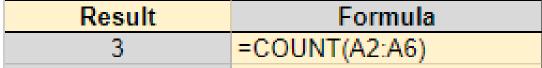
Returns the number of numeric values in a dataset.



COUNT

General Usage COUNTA

value	
Google	
7	
1/31/2012	
\$100.00	
Result	Formula
3	=COUNT(A2:A6)













COUNTA

Returns the number of values in a dataset.



fx	=COUNTA(A2:A11)	COUNTA FUNCTION
	Α	В
1	Customer Name	TOTAL ORDERED AMOUNT
2	Richie Dyer	\$4,324.00
3	Craig Zamora	\$865.00
4		
5		
6	Jennie Mayer	\$978.00
7		
8	Ziba Barber	\$4,324.00
9		
10	Sahib Mckinney	\$320.00
11	Juliet Rodrigues	\$7,634.00
12		
13		no. of cells that are not
14	6	⇔ blank









MIN

Returns the minimum value in a numeric dataset.



MIN : General Usage

number	
3	
5	
-1	
4	
2	
Result	Formula
-1	=MIN(A2:A6)











MAX

Returns the maximum value in a numeric dataset.



MAX : General Usage

number	
3	
5	
-1	
4	
2	
Result	Formula
5	=MAX(A2:A6)



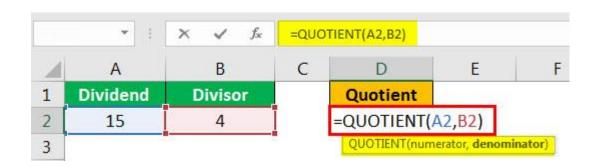


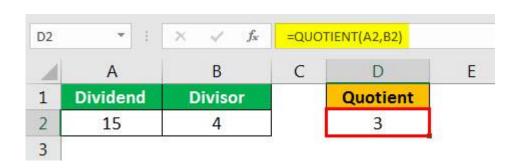






The QUOTIENT function returns the integer portion of division without the remainder. ...











UNIQUE



fх	=UNIQUE(A2	=UNIQUE(A2:A15)								
	Α	В	С	D	Ε	F				
1	Name	Age	Result #1	Formula Used						
2	David	21	David	=Unique(A2:A15)						
3	Eric	23	Eric							
4	Brett	19	Brett							
5	Francis	22	Francis							
6	Angela	25	Angela							
7	Caroline	27	Caroline							
8	Charlie	20	Charlie							
9	Alfred	23	Alfred							
10	David	21	Dennis							
11	Dennis	21	Bob							
12	Bob	24	Evan							
13	Caroline	28								
14	Evan	26								
15	Eric	25								
16										
17										
18										
19										







UNIQUE (Multiple Columns), ECHPROED



fx	=unique(A2:E	315)				
	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
1	Name	Age	Result #2		Formula Used	
2	David	21	David	21	=Unique(A2:B15)	
3	Eric	23	Eric	23		
4	Brett	19	Brett	19		
5	Francis	22	Francis	22		
6	Angela	25	Angela	25		
7	Caroline	27	Caroline	27		
8	Charlie	20	Charlie	20		
9	Alfred	23	Alfred	23		
10	David	21	Dennis	21		
11	Dennis	21	Bob	24		
12	Bob	24	Caroline	28		
13	Caroline	28	Evan	26		
14	Evan	26	Eric	25		
15	Eric	25				
16						
17						
18						
19						









Logical Operators in Excel

Operator Symbol	Operator Name	Description
	Equal to	Compares One Value to Other Value
>	Greater Than	Tests whether the value is greater than certain value or not
<	Less Than	Tests whether the value is less than certain value or not
>=	Greater Than or Equal To	Tests whether the value is greater than or equal to certain value or not
<=	Less Than or Equal To	Tests whether the value is less than or equal to certain value or not
<>	Not Equal To	Tests whether particular value is not equal to certain value



IF Functions

=IF(logical_expression, true_value, false_value)

A spreadsheet calculates the value of an IF function by first evaluating the logical expression.

If the expression is TRUE, then the first value in the function is used.

If the expression is FALSE, then the second value in the function is used.

= IF (Cell C2 >= Cell D2, "Yes it is", "No it isn't")
i.e.

When C2 is 9 and D2 is 7, the result = "Yes it is"
When C2 is 3 and D2 is 5, the result = "No it isn't"

IF Function

= IF(logical_expression, value_if_true, value_if_false)



How to enter the IF function:

Logical expression

Value IF TRUE

Value IF FALSE

=IF

(A2>0,

1,

0)



	А	В	С	D	
1	CHANNEL	TARGET	PROFIT	GOAL REACHED	
2	Email	\$200	\$278	=if (C2>B2,"YES", "NO")	g
3	Website	\$3,000	\$2,647	IF(logical_expression, value_if_true,	v
4	Social Media	\$1,500	\$2,234	value_if_false)	
5	Paid Ads	\$500	\$389		
-					· ·



Condition with value

C2 is higher than B2

If return TRUE, change return value as "YES" If return FALSE, change return value as "NO"



2	+ fx =IFS(B2<50	, "Fail", <mark>B2<</mark> 80, "Pass",	B2>=80, "Pass with distinction")
	А	В	С
1	Student	Result	Grade
2	Bob	70	Pass
3	Jenny	90	Pass with distinction
4	Malik	86	Pass with distinction
5	Sue	49	Fail
6			



SUMIF

	Clipbo	ard 🕟		Font		G.	
F1	L	Y 2	< \ f	=SUM	IIF(A2:A6,	D2,C2:C6)	
4	А	В	С	D	Е	F	C
1	Year	Date	Value	Criteria	O	218.6	
2	2000	8/1/2000	10.5	2000			
3	2003	5/12/2003	7.2				
4	2000	3/12/2000	200				
5	2001	7/30/2001	5.4				
6	2000	2/28/2000	8.1				
7							
-							



AVERAGEIF

BS) -	: ×	√ j	=AVE	ERAGEIF(A	1:A7,"Appl	e",B1:B7)		
1	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I
1	Banana	70							
2	Strawberry	1							
3	Apple	4							
4	Pear	60							
5	Kiwi	20							
6	Raspberry	5							
7	Apple	8							
8									
9		6							
10									



COUNTIF

		X V	Jx = 0		TIF(\$B\$2:\$B\$11,"<	
	А	В	С	F	G	
1	Product	Sales Rep	Quantity	(5)		
2	Product A	Joe	9		Result	
3	Product B	Jane	9		7	
4	Product C	Martha	10	50	20.00	
5	Product D	Joe	4			
6	Product E	Jane	11			
7	Product F	Joe	3			
8	Product G	Charlie	4			
9	Product H	Bob	7			
10	Product I	Tom	9			
11	Product J	Bob	5			