# **Hospital Information System Project**

## The subject of the project :

Development of the hospital information system

## The purpose of the project:

The patients can make an appointment for a specific doctor from a specific polyclinic. The doctors can see every appointment for a medical examination. The doctors can save the information to the system about their patient like their disease or their symptoms and necessary medicine. The doctors can analyse the results coming from the lab.

#### Q&A

- +What information is requested from the patient to make an appointment?
- The identity number, the name of the polyclinic, the name of the doctor.
- + When the prescription is given to the patient?
- After the results came from the lab.
- +How can the doctor write out a prescription to the patient?
- According to the results that they want from the lab .
- +What is the job of the laboratory?
- -To analyse the data of the patient and send the results to the doctor.
- +What is the job of the patient admission?
- -To make an available appointment using 'the identity number, the name of the polyclinic, the name of the doctor' given by the patient and hand in the prescription to the patient.

#### **Glossary**

**Patient Admission:** The processing unit ruling the services of the patient registration **Laboratory:** The unit reporting the feedback about the analysis and to analyse the sample of the patient

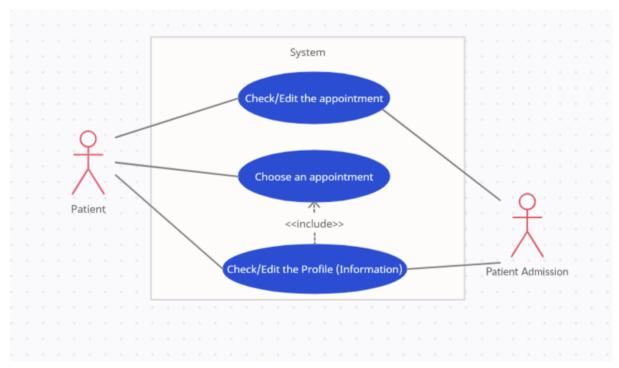
**Doctor:** Someone who wants a test about the patient and can diagnose the patient.

Sample: The data that sending to analyse to the lab

**Prescription:** The report that writing on the medicine and how to use them it

Patient: Someone who register to the unit of the hospital to be treated

# **Use Case Diagrams**

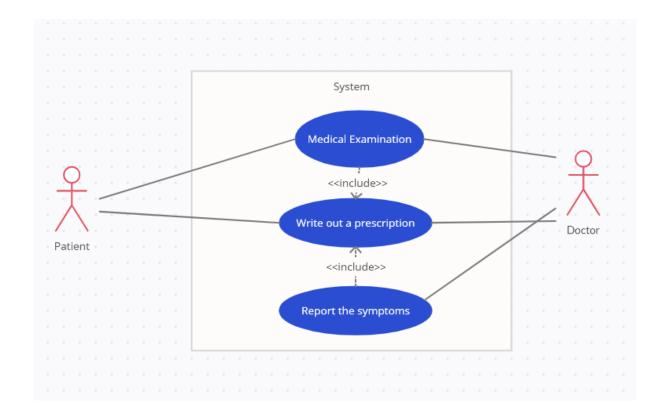


#### **Brief Description**

Check/Edit the Profile needs for the data from the patient. According to this data, the system defines the patient. The patient chooses a polyclinic and a doctor through the system, so the appointment is defined like that, the system can check if this appointment is available.

## **Step-by-step Description**

- 1. The patient gives their information to the system.
- 2. The system checks if the information is appropriate.
- 3. After that, the patient creates an appointment according to their needs.
- 4. The system checks if the appointment is available.
- 5. The patient can see and edit all their data
- 6. The patient admission can see and edit all the stuff.

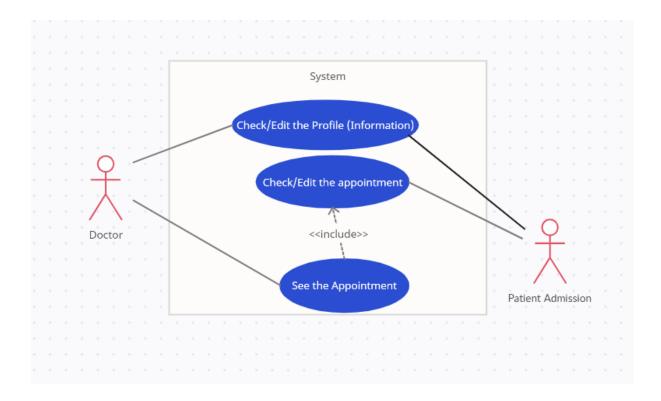


# **Brief Description**

The doctor writes out a prescription according to a report about the patient after the medical examination.

# Step-by-step description

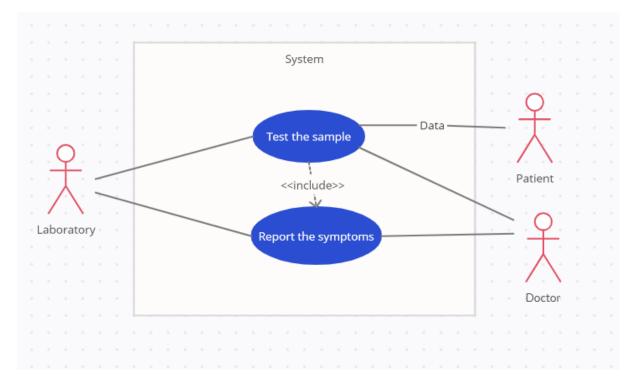
- 1. Medical examination
- 2. The doctor wants a report from the lab.
- 3. Doctor writes out a prescription according to all symptoms observed in the patient.



# **Brief Description**

The doctor can save the information about their patient like diagnose their disease **Step-by-step description** 

- 1. If there is an appointment, the doctor can see it.
- 2. The doctor can edit the profile about the current situation of their patient and save their information.

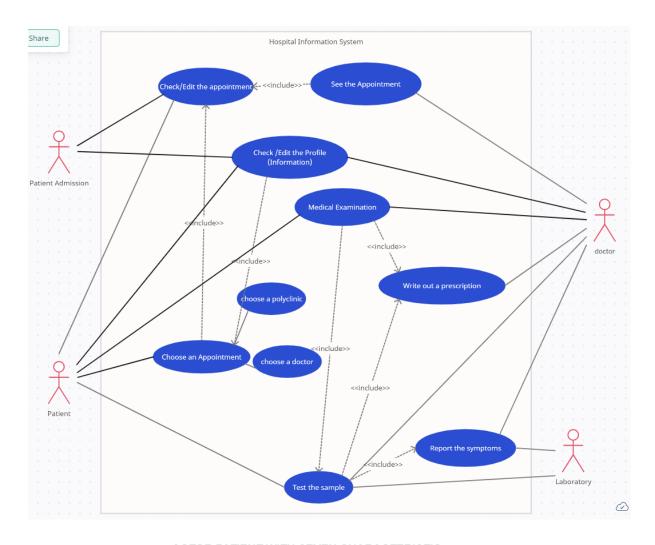


# **Brief Description**

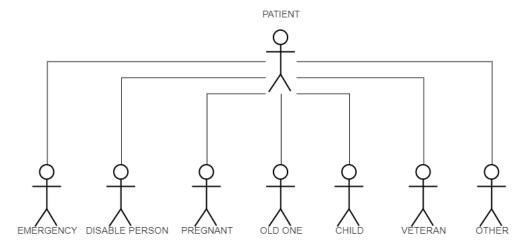
The laboratory analyses the symptoms that the doctor wants.

# Step-by-step description

- 1. The patient gives the sample that the doctor wants to the laboratory.
- 2. The laboratory analyses the sample and reports all symptoms to the doctor.



# ACTOR PATIENT WITH SEVEN CHARACTERISTIC



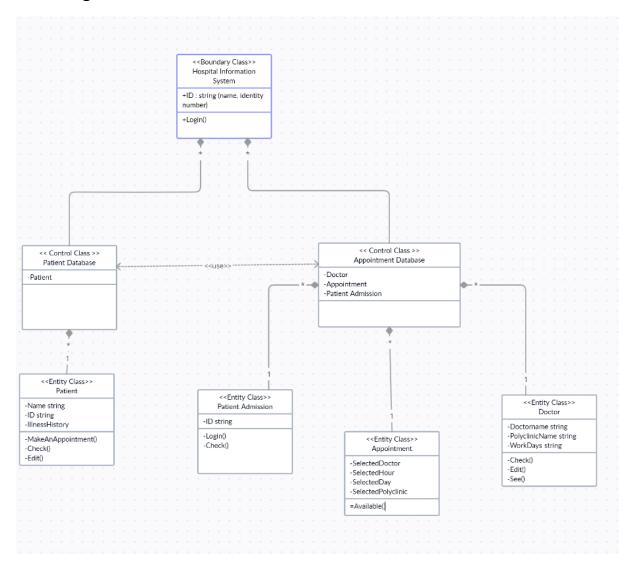
#### THE LIST OF FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- -Patients should be able to choose doctors, polyclinics.
- -Patients should be able to find the available appointment they are looking for easily and quickly.
- -Correctly check whether an appointment is available in the system.
- -It should be known whether the appointment was taken by someone else and take an action according to it.
- -Patient admission should be able to check the appointment .
- -Doctor can see the information about the patient.
- -Doctor can save/edit the information about the patient.
- -Laboratory can send the results through the system

#### THE LIST OF NONFUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- -The screen used should be attractive and easy to understand.
- -The device used must be durable.

# **Class Diagram**



# **Entity class**

- -Patient
- -Doctor
- -Patient Admission
- -Appointment

# **Boundary class**

-Hospital System

# **Control Class**

- -Appointment Database
- -Patient Database

# **CRC CARDS**

PATIENT DATABASE	
KNOW ID	HOSPITAL
KNOW NAME	INFORMATION
KNOW POLYCLINIC	SYSTEM
KNOW DOCTOR	APPOINTMENT
	DATABASE
	PATIENT

PATIENT	
KNOW ID	PATIENT DATABASE
KNOW NAME	
MAKE AN	
APPOINTMENT	
CAN CHANGE INFO	
CAN CHECK	
APPOINTMENT	

DOCTOR	
KNOW ID	APPOINTMENT
KNOW POLYCLINIC	DATABASE
CAN CHANGE INFO	
CAN CHECK	
APPOINTMENT	
WANT A TEST	
KNOW PATIENT	
WRITE OUT	
A PRESCRIPTION	
AVAILABLE	

	APPOINTMENT	
KNOW DOCTOR KNOW POLYCLINIC AVAILABLE	KNOW ID	APPOINTMENT
KNOW POLYCLINIC AVAILABLE	KNOW NAME	DATABASE
AVAILABLE	KNOW DOCTOR	
	KNOW POLYCLINIC	
SELECTED DAY	AVAILABLE	
	SELECTED DAY	
SELECTED HOUR	SELECTED HOUR	

HOSPITAL INFORMATI	ON SYSTEM
KNOW ID	PATIENT DATABASE
KNOW NAME	APPOINTMENT
KNOW DOCTOR	DATABASE
KNOW POLYCLINIC	
CAN CHECK	

PITAL RMATION TEM
ГЕМ
ENT DATABASE
DINTMENT
TOR

PATIENT ADMISSION	
KNOW ID	APPOINTMENT
KNOW NAME	DATABASE
KNOW DOCTOR	
KNOW POLYCLINIC	
CAN CHECK	
APPOINTMENT	
CAN CHANGE INFO	

# 2022-2023 Eğitim Öğretim Yılı Nesne Yönelimli Programlama Dersi 2. Vize Projesi

Duygu Gözde KAYABAŞI

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## SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT PLAN

#### 1. Introduction

#### 1.1 Project Overview

Hospital Information System Project;

It aims to save time for patients to make an appointment quickly and accurately and can protect all data about patients securely, maintaining order between every member in the community within the hospital by the way of communication through the system.

## 1.2 Project Deliverables

The following will be produced by Hospital Information System Software Manufacturers:

- A Software Project Management Plan that defines the technical and managerial processes required for the development and delivery of the Hospital Information System (This document)
- The contract between the client and the developers represents a contract between the client and the developers of the deliverables.
- A Requirements Analysis Document explaining the functional and general requirements of the system and use case diagrams, CRC card and class diagrams, dynamic modelling, sequence diagrams.
- A System Design Document that describes the design objectives, concurrency definition, hardware/software platforms, data management, software control implementation, and boundary conditions. This document forms the basis of object design. This document is read by the analyst as well as the object designer.
- Test outputs
- Source code.

These documents describe how and in what form we will make the software.

#### 1.3 Evolution of the Software Project Management Plan

#### 1.4 Reference Materials

- Examples of SPMP from James
- [IEEE 1058] IEEE Standard for Software Project Management ANSI/IEEEStd.1058.1-1987.
- https://sequencediagram.org
- cloud.smartdraw.com
- tutorialspoint.com
- app.creately.com

#### 1.5 Definitions and Acronyms

**Patient Admission:** The processing unit ruling the services of the patient registration **Laboratory:** The unit reporting the feedback about the analysis and to analyse the sample of the patient

**Doctor:** Someone who wants a test about the patient and can diagnose the patient.

Sample: The data that sending to analyse to the lab

**Prescription:** The report that writing on the medicine and how to use them it

Patient: Someone who register to the unit of the hospital to be treated

#### 2.1 Process Model

The project uses an object-oriented design methodology based on the Objective lifecycle process and uses UML for software development. The development process is organised in various events. At the end of each event up to and including testing, submits documents describing the success of the event. Certified documents that are produced are considered work products and are part of software documentation. The activities are described in the following sections.

#### 2.1.1 Project Planning

Project planning includes description of project tasks, activities and functions, dependencies, resource requirements.

#### 2.1.2 Requirements Analysis

The requirements analysis activity takes the problem statement and reviews it in terms of consistency, completeness and feasibility. During this activity, a set of models of the proposed system is determined by interacting with the clients resulting in the requirements model. The main parts of the requirements model are four models: the use case model describing the complete functionality of the system, the object model, the functional model and the dynamic model.

#### 2.1.3 System Design

The purpose of the system design activity is to devise a system architecture that maps the analysis model to the chosen target environment. The major part of the system design phase is the design of subsystems, that is, the decomposition of the system with respect to the chosen target platform. The system design activity also refines the use cases from the analysis model and describes in terms of interaction diagrams how the objects interact in each specific use case.

#### 2.1.4 Analysis Review

Review of the software project management plan, requirements analysis and design.

#### 2.1.5 Client Project Review

Review of project plan, requirements analysis and design decisions. The client liaison will be present at the meeting

#### 2.1.6 Functional Prototype Demonstration

## 2.1.7 Object Design Phase

The object design phase specifies the fully typed API for each subsystem. New classes are added to the analysis object model if necessitated by the system architecture. Attributes and methods for each object are fully typed.

## 2.1.8. System Integration Prototype Demonstration

This activity involves the demonstration of a fully functional system prototype based on the subsystem decomposition.

#### 2.1.9 Implementation

The focus of this activity is on coding the individual objects described in the object design document.

### 2.1.10 Unit Testing

During unit testing, test suites are designed and executed for objects or collections of objects in each subsystem. Unit testing enables the individual subsystems to be tested independent from the status of the other subsystems. The result of this activity is part of the test manual that describes how to operate the test suite and how to interpret the test results.

#### 2.1.11 System Integration

#### 2.1.12 System Testing

Structured Testing: This activity tests the main data paths throughout the system.

Functional Testing: Tests the entire system for major functionality (use cases). The basis of the functional testing activity is the test guide, which is revised according to the results of the system testing phase.

Alpha testing (Client Acceptance Test): The system has been tested to ensure that it passes the client acceptance criteria as defined in the project contract.

#### 2.1.13 Manual Integration

During this activity, project delivery outputs are revised. As a result, a complete document consisting of a software project management plan, requirements analysis document, software design document, and source code is presented to the customer.

#### 2.1.14 Client Presentation

#### 2.2 Organisational Structure

#### 2.2.1 Teams and Tasks

#### 2.3.2 Meeting Times

#### 2.4 Project Responsibilities Tables

## 3.2.1 Assumptions

- The system is used by a patient, patient admission and doctor.
- We will keep the data in the appointment system in an organised manner so that it will not be lost.
- Every modification can see and report through the system by patient admission.
- It will be prevented in front of the duplicate appointment.
- · The system will be supported.

#### 3.2.2 Dependencies

#### 3.2.3 Constraints

To have enough useful space.

# 3.3 Risk Management

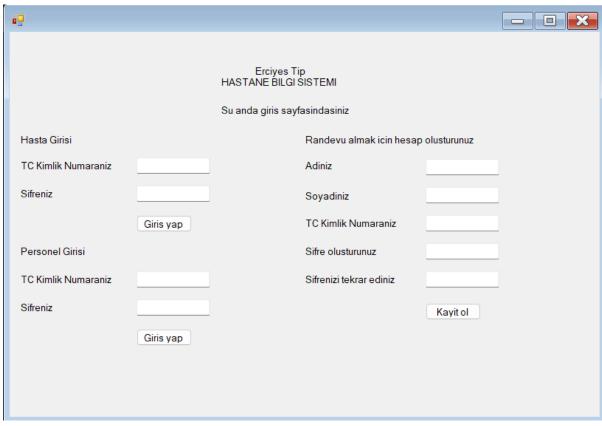
## THE PLAN OF TESTING

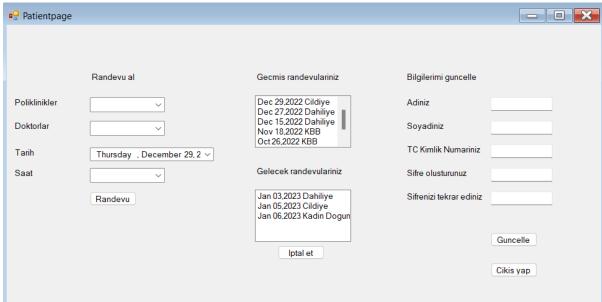
- 1- To make an interview with a qualified person about the subject and add a glossary in the end of this interview about the subject
- 2- To make an use-case diagram for every situation
- 3- To determine functional sides and non functional sides of the system for the client
- 4- To make up class diagrams by define classes and CRC cards
- 5- To draw statechart
- 6- To make a sequence diagram for every situation
- 7- To make up Software Project Management Plan according to IEEE
- 8- To define their privacy level and methods of all classes
- 9- To write pseudocode for every class and every method
- 10- To design suitable interfaces according to the project

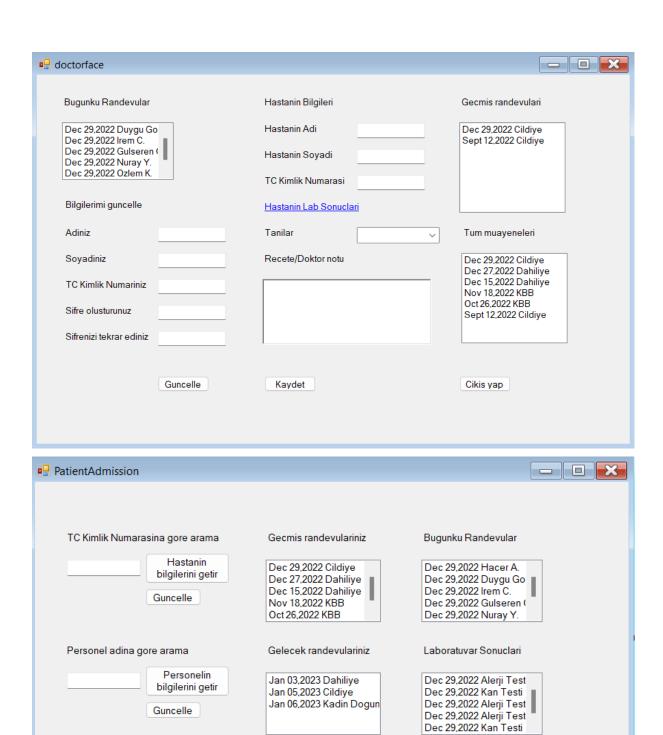
#### Risks

- Can lose the data case of not accessing the system.
- Can change the statue of some users with the change of the data in the database of the system

# **INTERFACES**

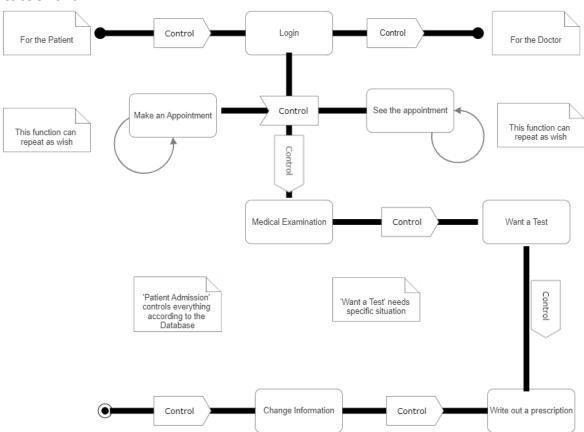




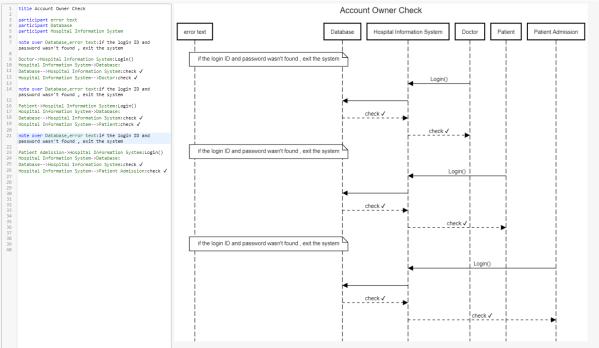


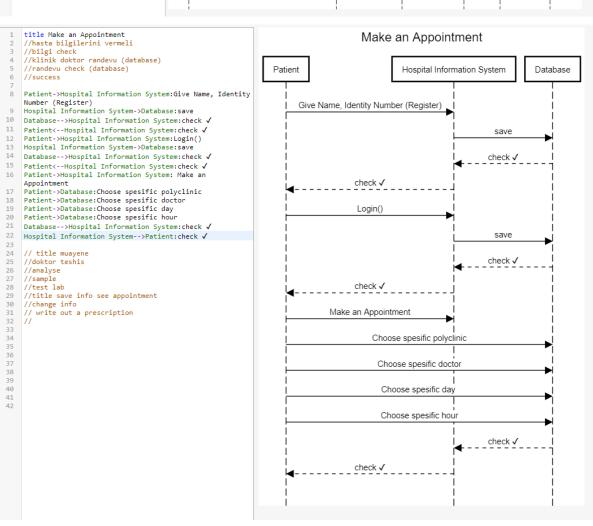
Cikis yap

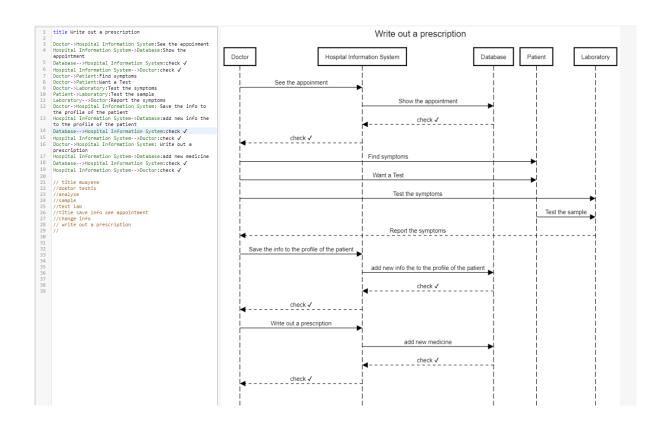
# **Statechart**



# **Sequence Diagram**







## **Pseudocode**

# LogIn

```
public bool Login(String username,string password)
bool = false;
click the 'giris yap' button this is an action
get data from user through interface
String username = Readline(textbox.Text);
String password = Readline(textbox.Text);
String ID = ", username+password;
check there are or not of data in the database
String value = select username, password from patient database like 'ID'
if (there are --> value isn't void)
confirm the login
open PatientPage
bool == true;
else (there aren't --> value is void)
give an alert to the user 'your username or your password are wrong'
bool == false;
return bool;
}
```

# SignUp

```
public void SignUp()
click the 'kayit ol' button this is an action
get data from user through interface
String name = Readline(textbox.Text);
String surname = Readline(textbox.Text);
String id = Readline(textbox.Text);
String password1 = Readline(textbox.Text);
String password2 = Readline(textbox.Text);
do
{
 if(password1==password2)
  continue;
 else(password1!=password2)
  give an alert to the user 'your passwords don't match each other'
 }
}
while
check there are or not of data in the database
if (there are --> value isn't void)
 give an alert to the user 'You have an account already'
 bool == false;
else (there aren't --> value is void)
 {
 save data to patientdatabase
 give an alert to the user 'Now you can login'
 bool == true;
```

## Cancellt

```
Public bool CancelAnAppointment(string polyclinic, doctor, day, hour)
bool=false
click the 'iptal et' button this is an action
String polyclinic = Readline(combobox.Text);
String doctor = Readline(combobox.Text);
String day = Readline(DateTimePicker.Text);
String hour = Readline(combobox.Text);
get data from the user through interface
check there are or not of data in the database
String appointment = ", polyclinic++doctor++day++hour;
if (lookeditup(appointment)==true)
Database.Remove(appointment);
bool==true
else(lookeditup(appointment)==false)
 give an alert to the user 'there isn't an appointment in that time'
 bool==false
return bool
}
```

# Make An Appointment

```
Public bool MakeAnAppointment(string polyclinic, doctor, day, hour)
bool=false
click the 'randevu' button this is an action
String polyclinic = Readline(combobox.Text);
String doctor = Readline(combobox.Text);
String day = Readline(DateTimePicker.Text);
String hour = Readline(combobox.Text);
get data from the user through interface
check there are or not of data in the database
String appointment = ", polyclinic++doctor++day++hour;
if (lookeditup(appointment)==true)
give an alert to the user 'there is an appointment in that time'
bool==false
else(lookeditup(appointment)==false)
 Database.Add(appointment);
 bool==true
return bool
}
```

# Find appointment from database

```
string appointment == textbox.text;
lookeditup(appointment);
private bool lookeditup (string appointment)
{
bool=false;
string match = ",select polyclinic, doctor, day, hour from appointment database like 'appointment'
sql command DBconnection
check execute
if(match == "--> match is void)
{
bool==false
}
else (match == "--> match is found)
{
bool==true
}
return bool;
}
```

```
Find patient from database
```

```
string patient == textbox.text;
lookeditup(patient);
private bool lookeditup (string patient)
{
bool=false;
string match = ", select name, surname, ID from patient database like 'patient'
sql command DBconnection
check execute
if(match == "--> match is void)
bool==false
else (match == "--> match is found)
bool==true
return bool;
}
Change in the database
public bool Update(string x)
{
bool=false
you already login so the system have your data
you want to change
click the 'Guncelle' button this is an action
first of all find your data where in database
//lookeditup(x); x is what you are looking
if(lookeditup(x)==true)
{
sql connection
sql command
update
bool==true
else(lookeditup(x)==false)
 give an alert to the user 'not found any data about it'
 bool==false
return bool
}
```

# **EndUptheSection**

if you click the 'Cikis yap' button (this is an action) application will be closed add it as properties 'form closing'