



DataArt

Test design techniques

Equivalent classes as the base for test design

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DataArt

Pair testing gone wrong

Content

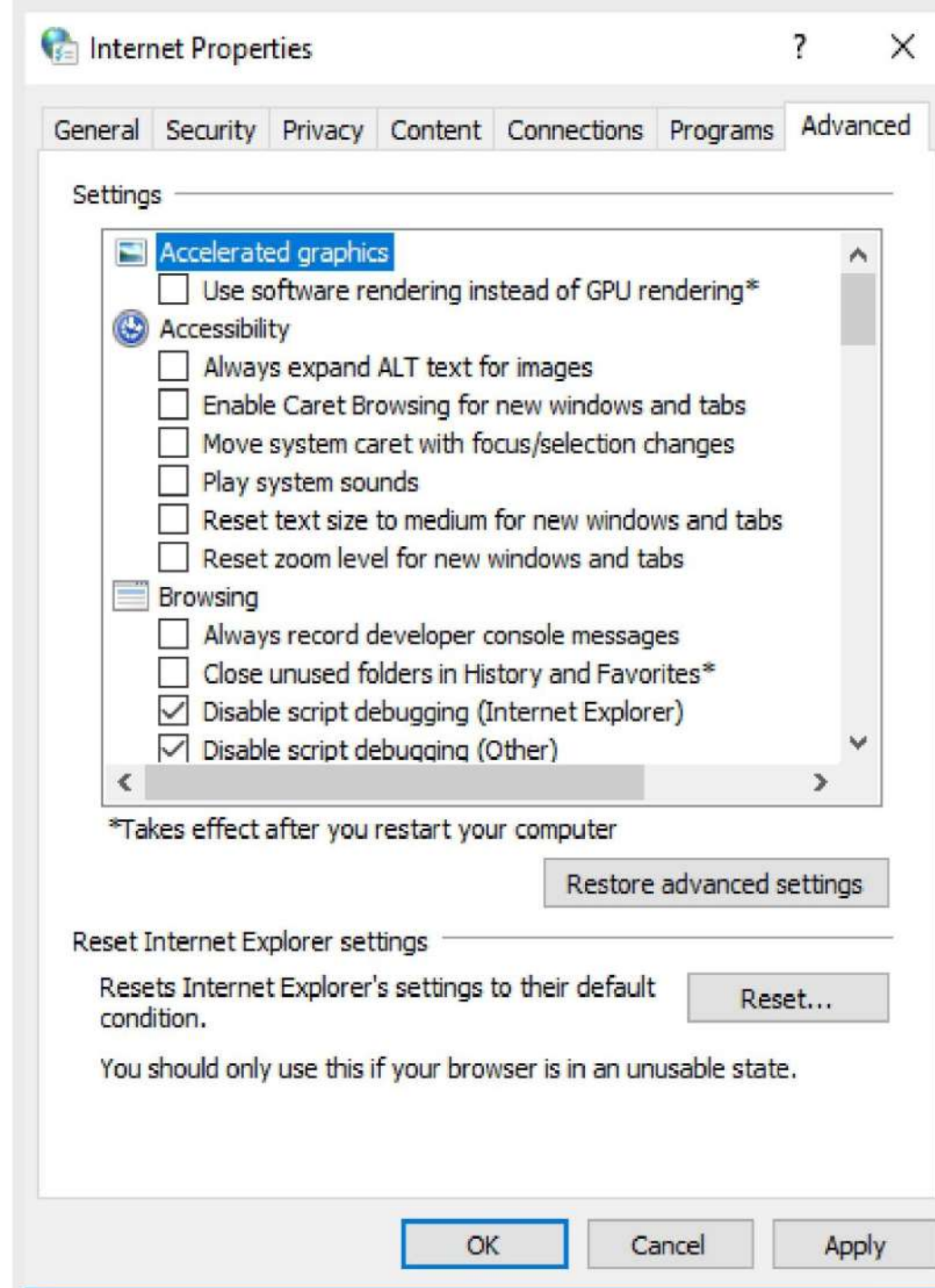
- ✓ What is test design?
- ✓ Equivalence class partitioning (ECP)
- ✓ Pairwise testing
- ✓ Boundary Value Analysis



"Not so fast Michael! It says here that you should write the test case before you can execute it."

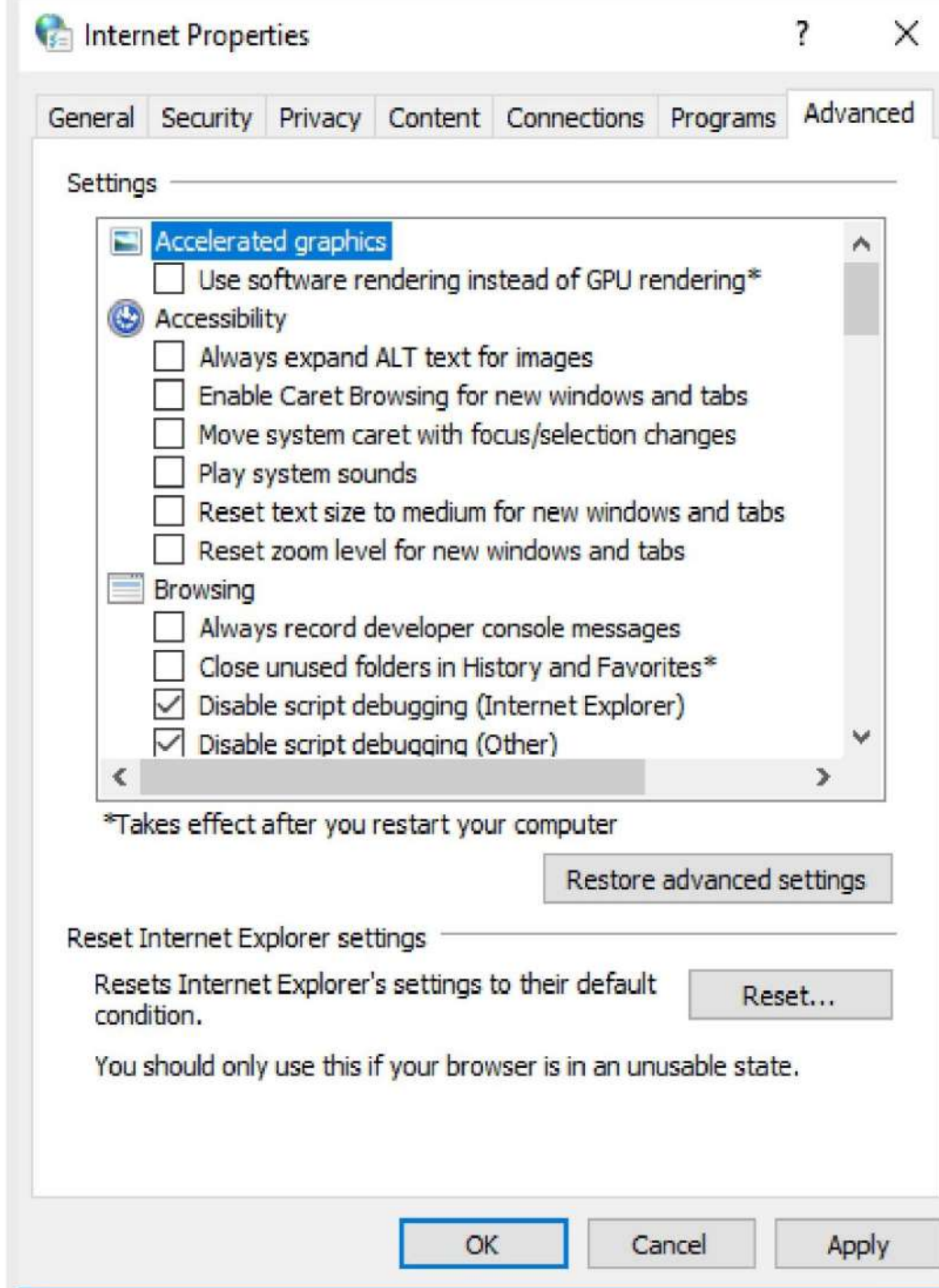
What is test design?

How many tests do we need?



How many tests do we need?

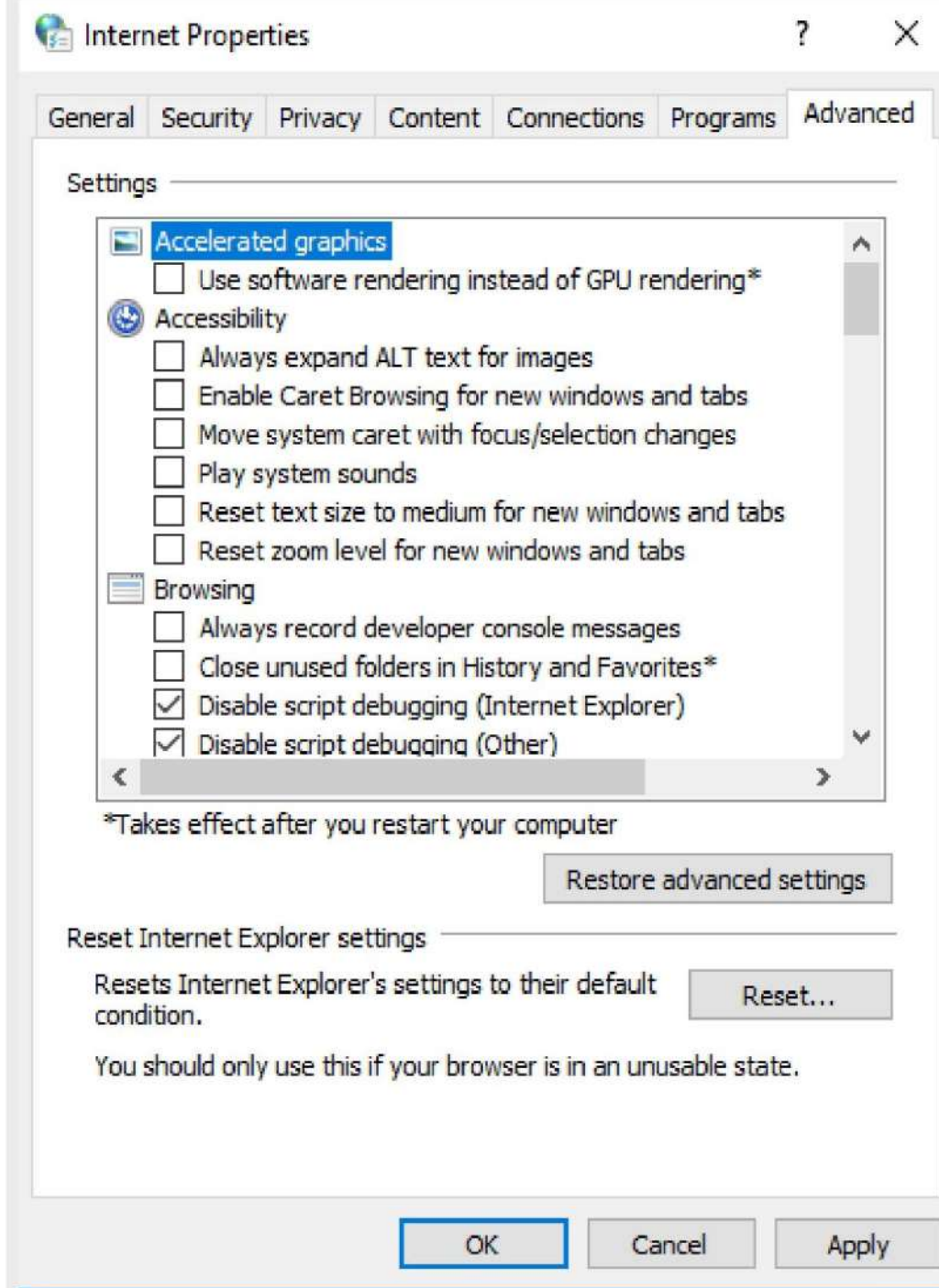
- ✓ 53 binary conditions
- ✓ 1 condition with 3 options
- ✓ 1 condition with 4 options



How many tests do we need?

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$2^{53} * 3 * 4 = 108,086,391,056,891,904$ possible combinations of conditions



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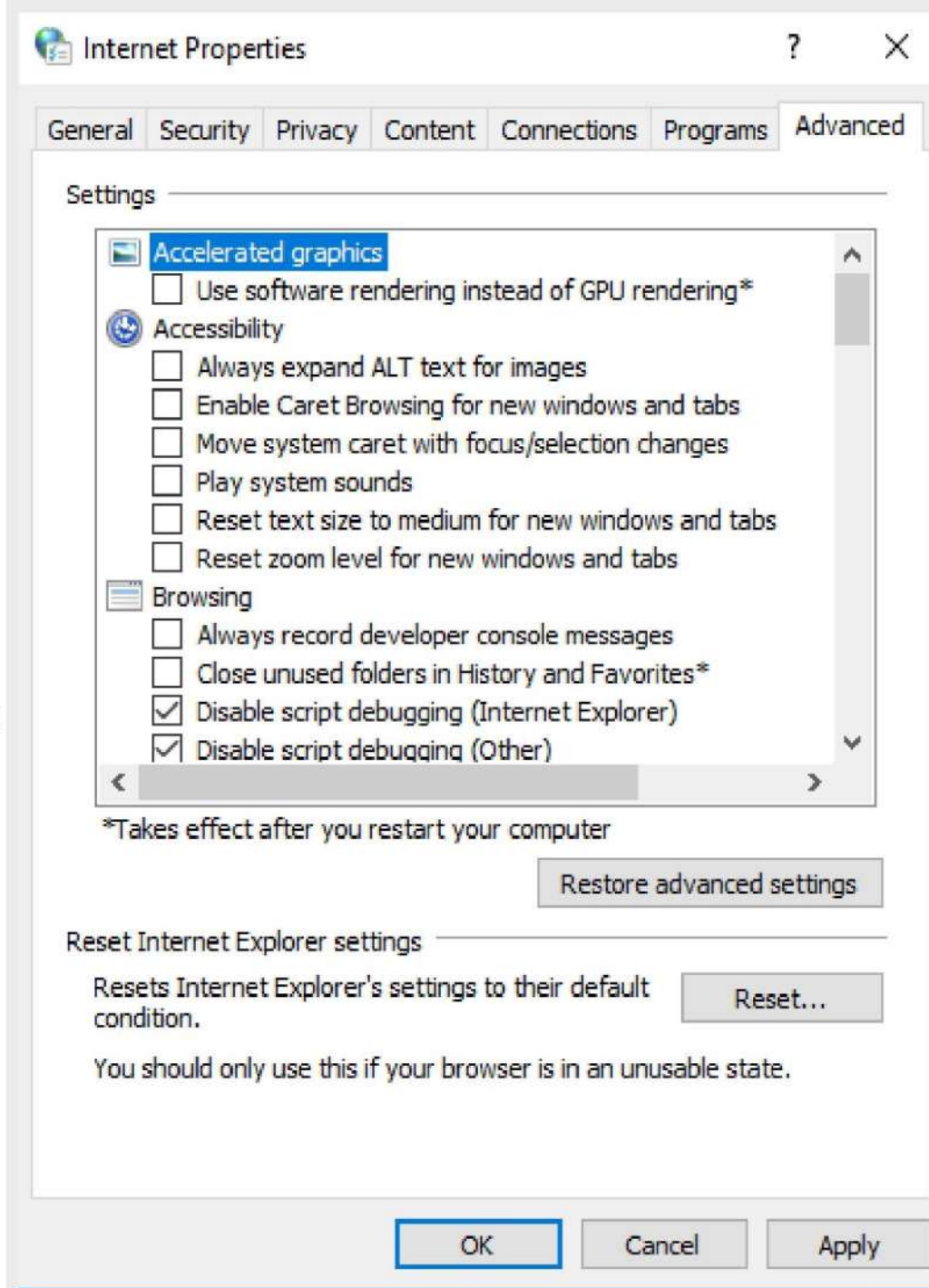
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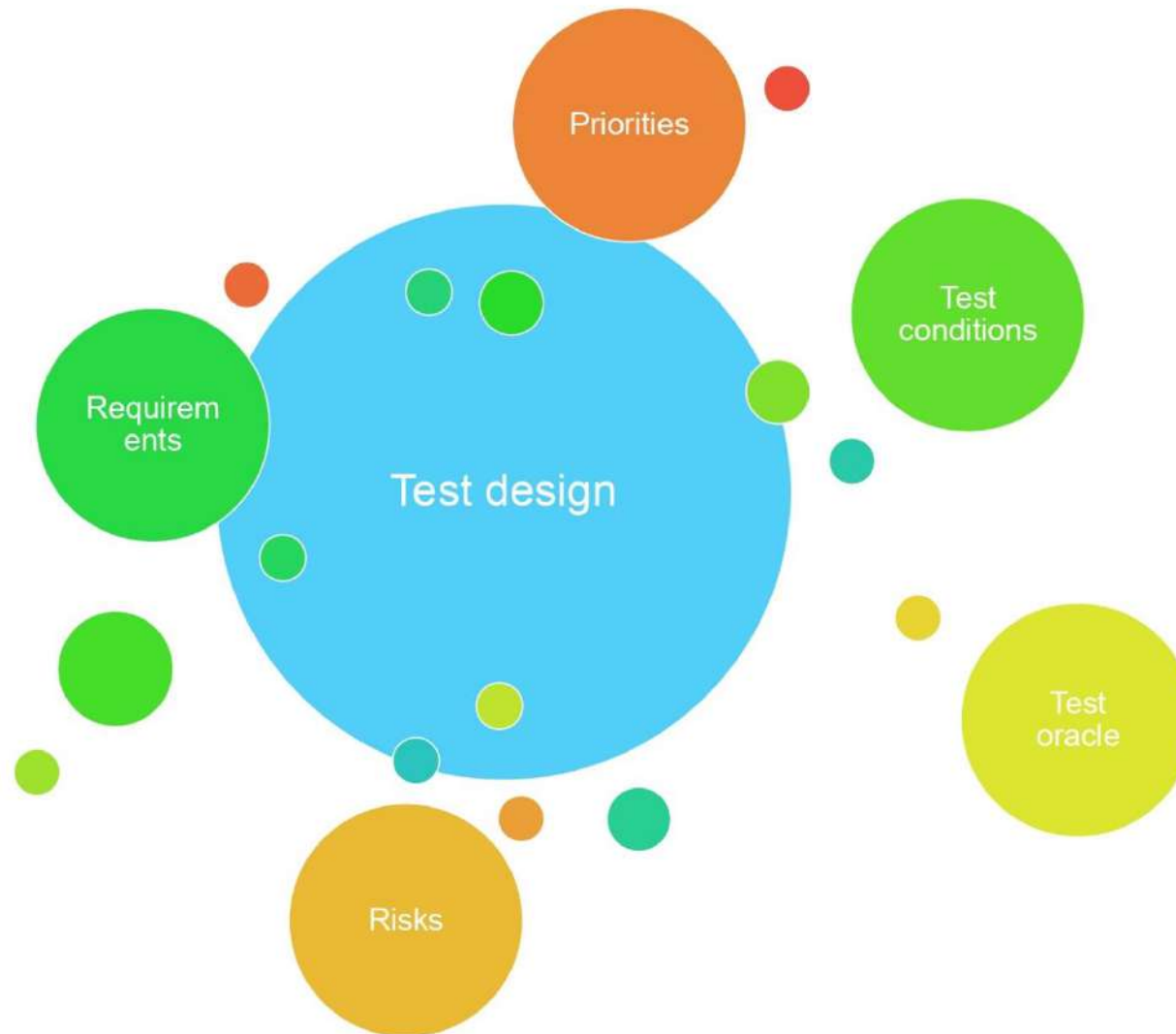
1 second per test execution:

$108086391056891904 \text{ sec} = 300239975158033.067 \text{ hours}$

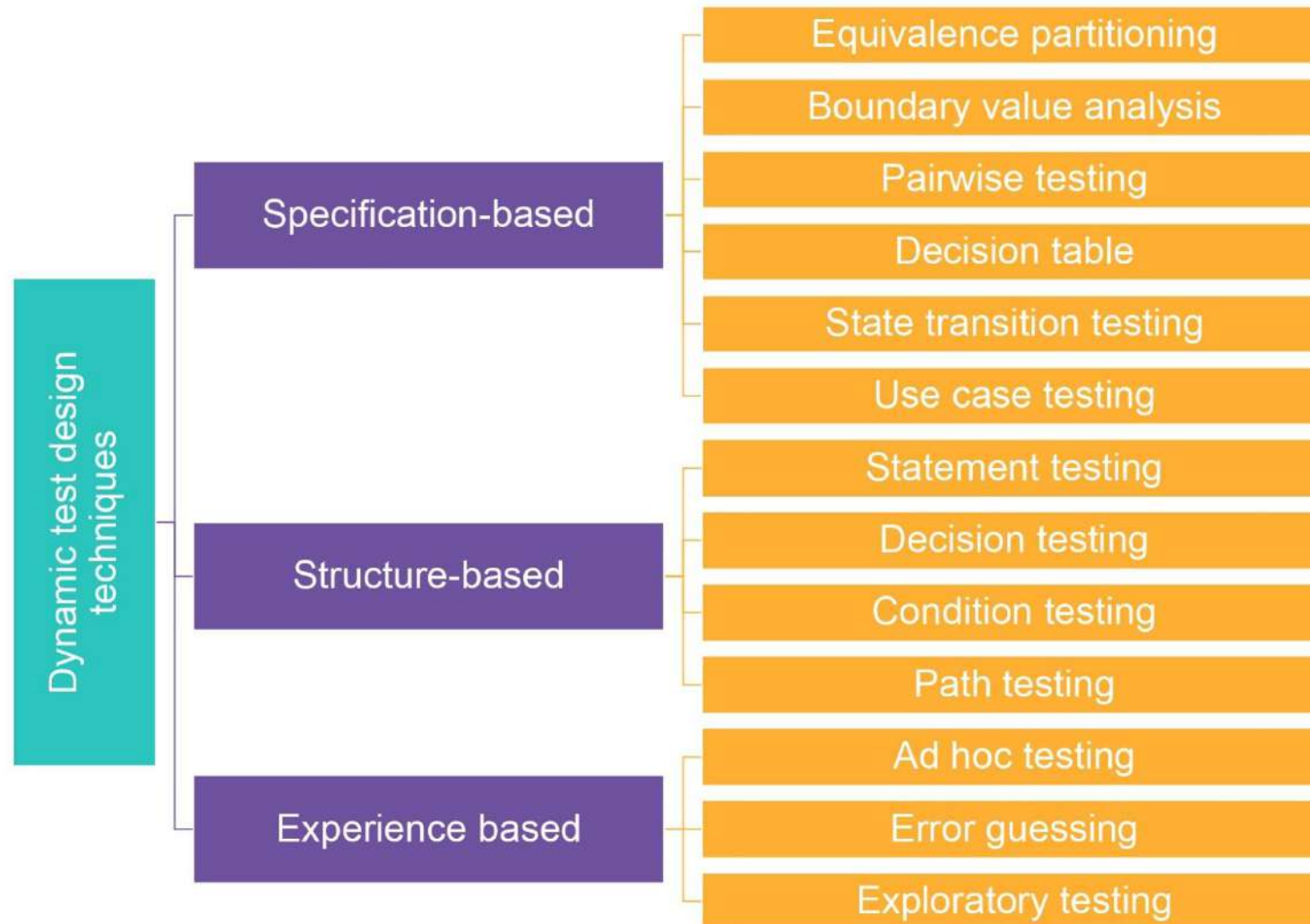
$= 34273969766.9 \text{ years}$ to test all possible combinations.



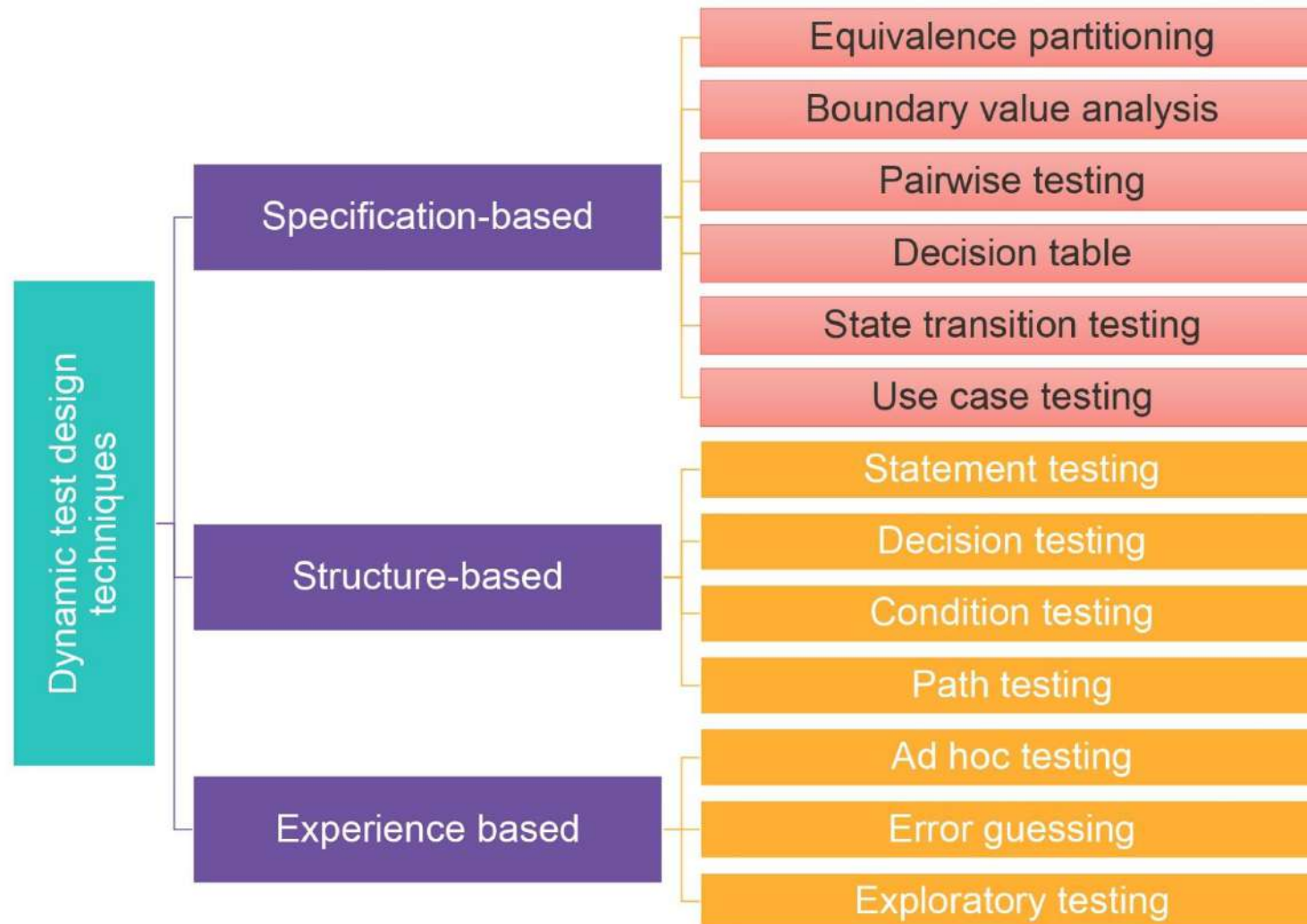
What is test design?



Software testing techniques

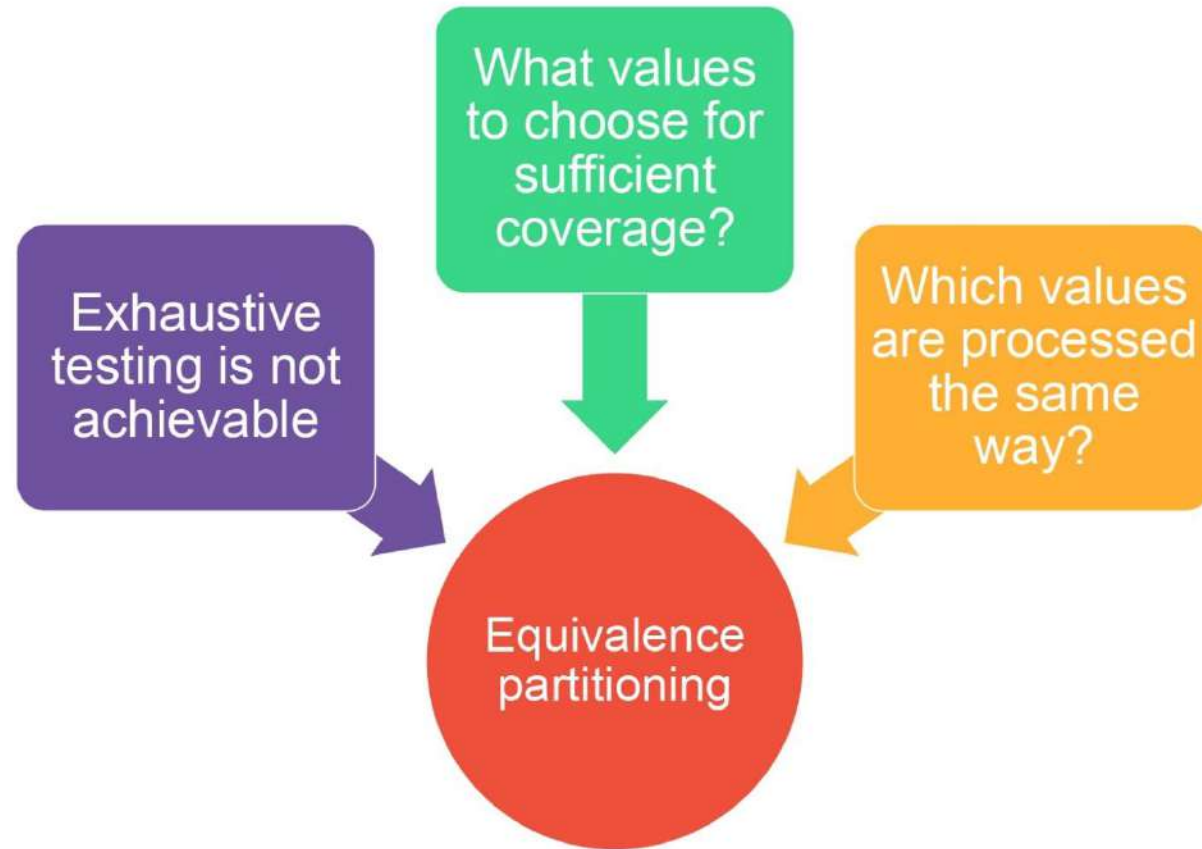


Software testing techniques



Equivalence class partitioning (ECP)

Base ideas



CABRIOLET



MID SIZE



COMPACT SUV



MINIVAN



STANDARD SUV



COUPE

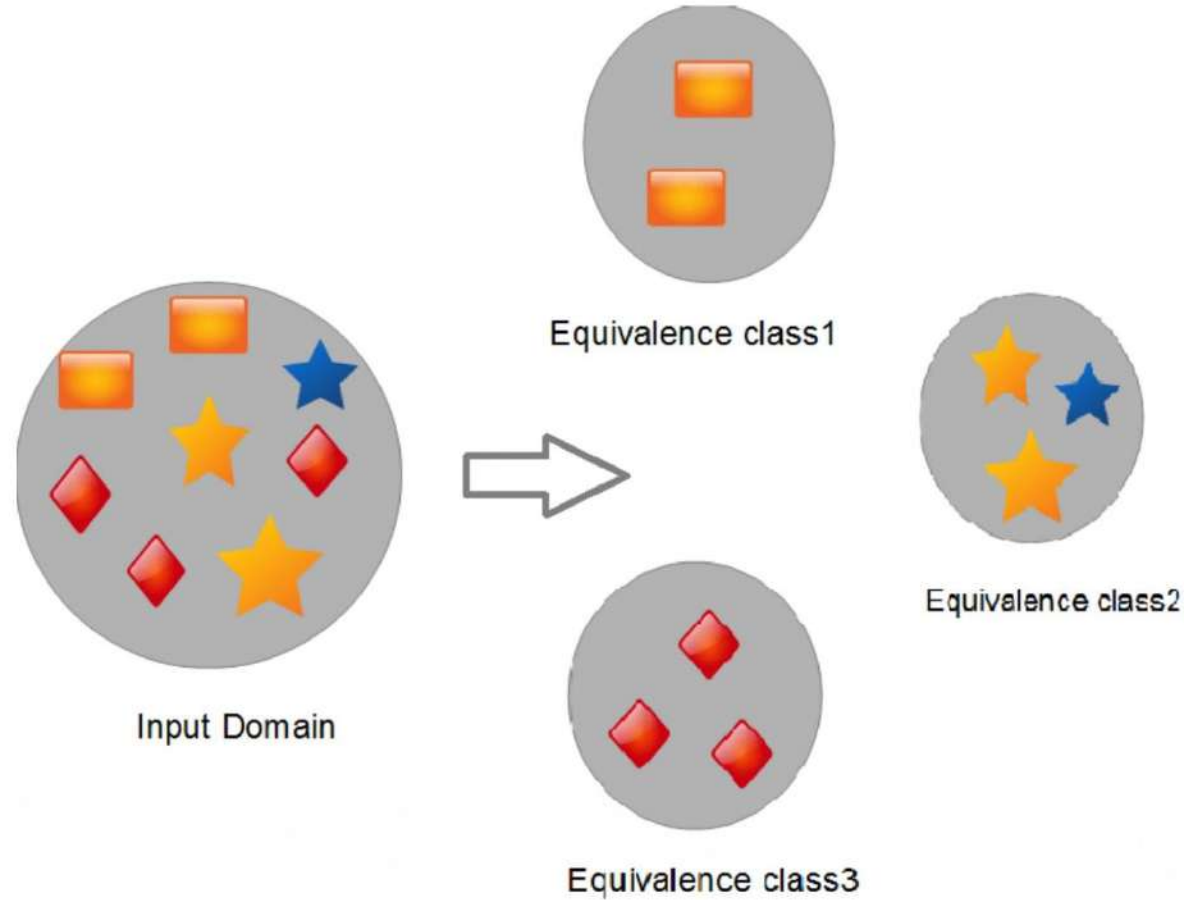


COMPACT CAR



PICKUP

Equivalence classes



- ✓ Input domain
- ✓ Output domain – double-checking
- ✓ Grey box – refinement of a set of classes

Example

Example. Calculation of the commission when canceling air tickets:

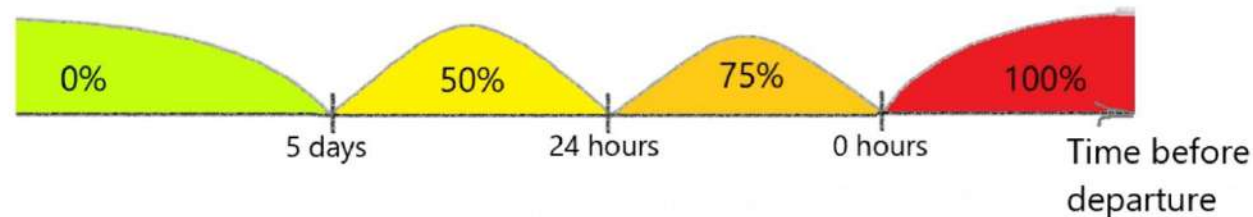
- ✓ 5 days before departure, the commission is 0%
- ✓ Less than 5 days, but more than 24 hours - 50%
- ✓ Less than 24 hours, but before departure - 75%
- ✓ After departure - 100%

Example

Example. Calculation of the commission when canceling air tickets:

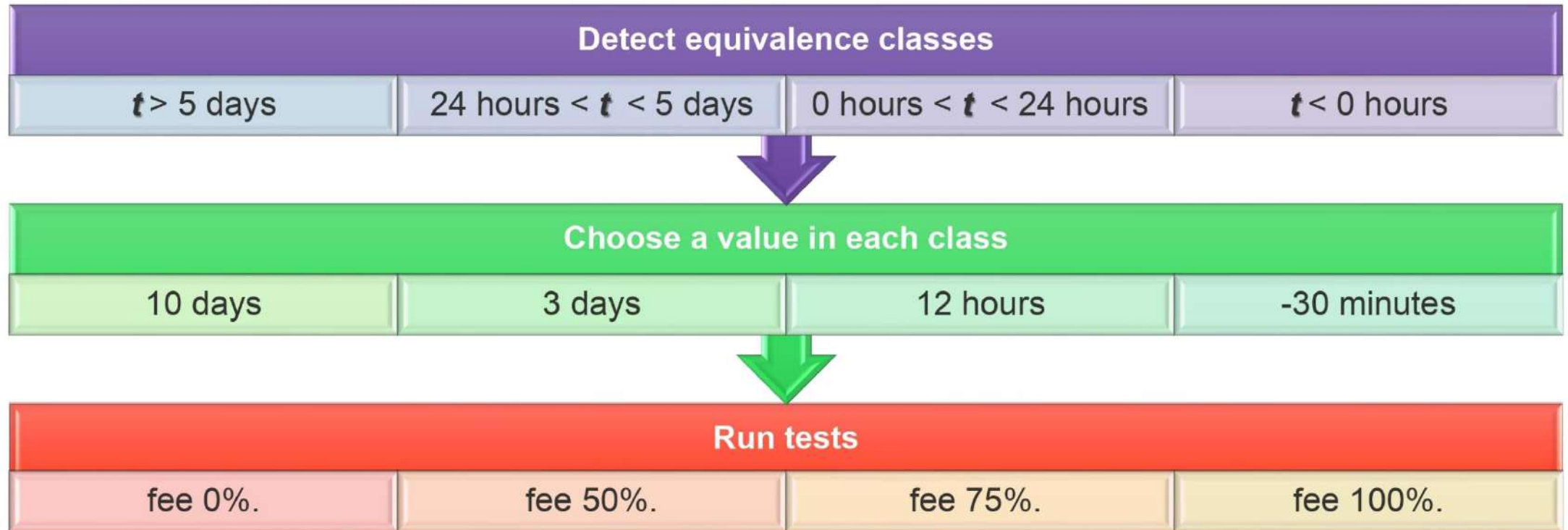
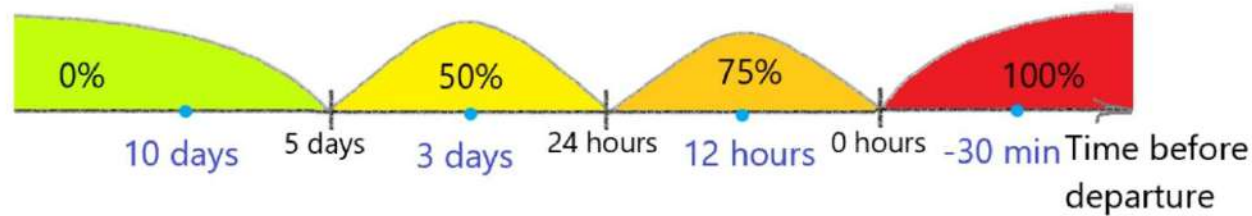
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Ticket refund fee

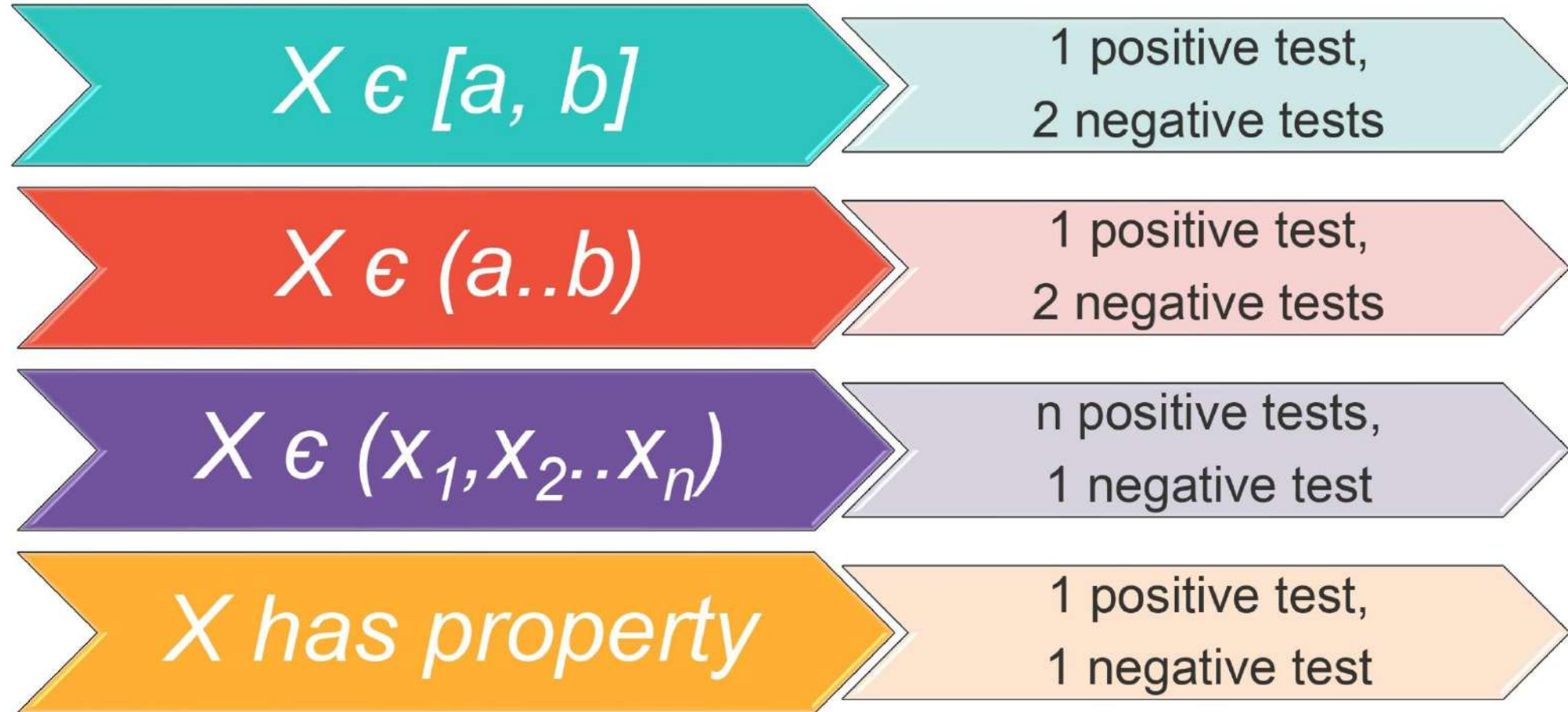


Example

Ticket refund fee



How to detect equivalence classes



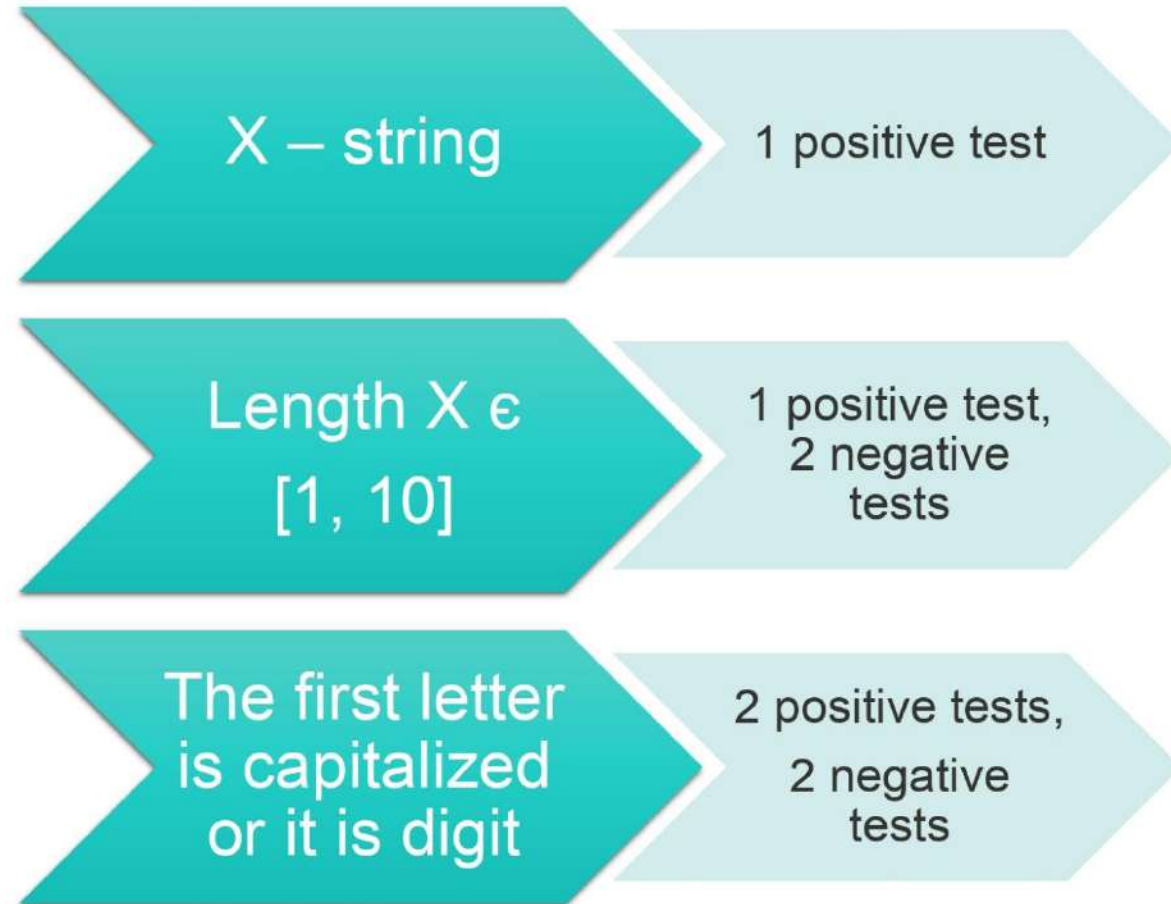
Superposition of conditions/parameters

X – string

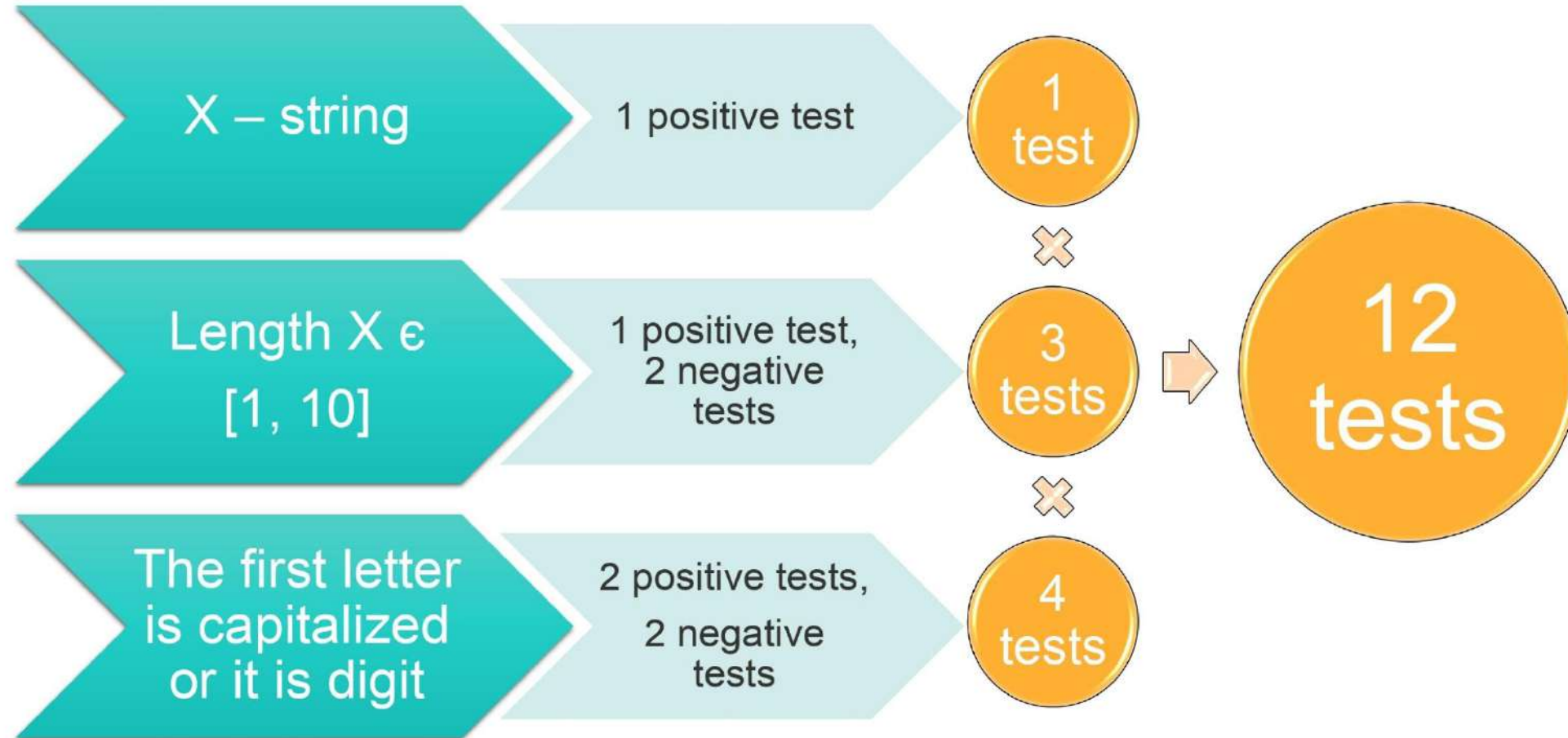
Length $X \in$
[1, 10]

The first letter
is capitalized
or it is digit

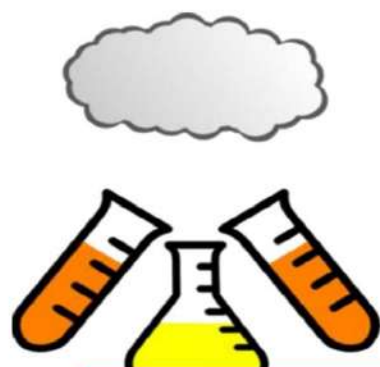
Superposition of conditions/parameters



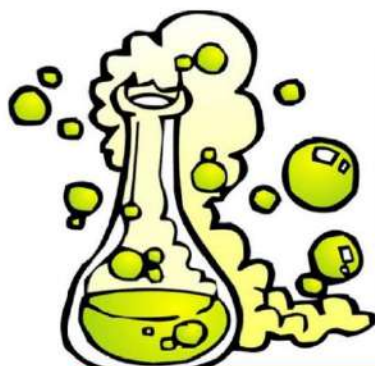
Superposition of conditions/parameters



Combinatorial explosion



Classes for each
condition



Superposition of
conditions



Superposition of
parameters



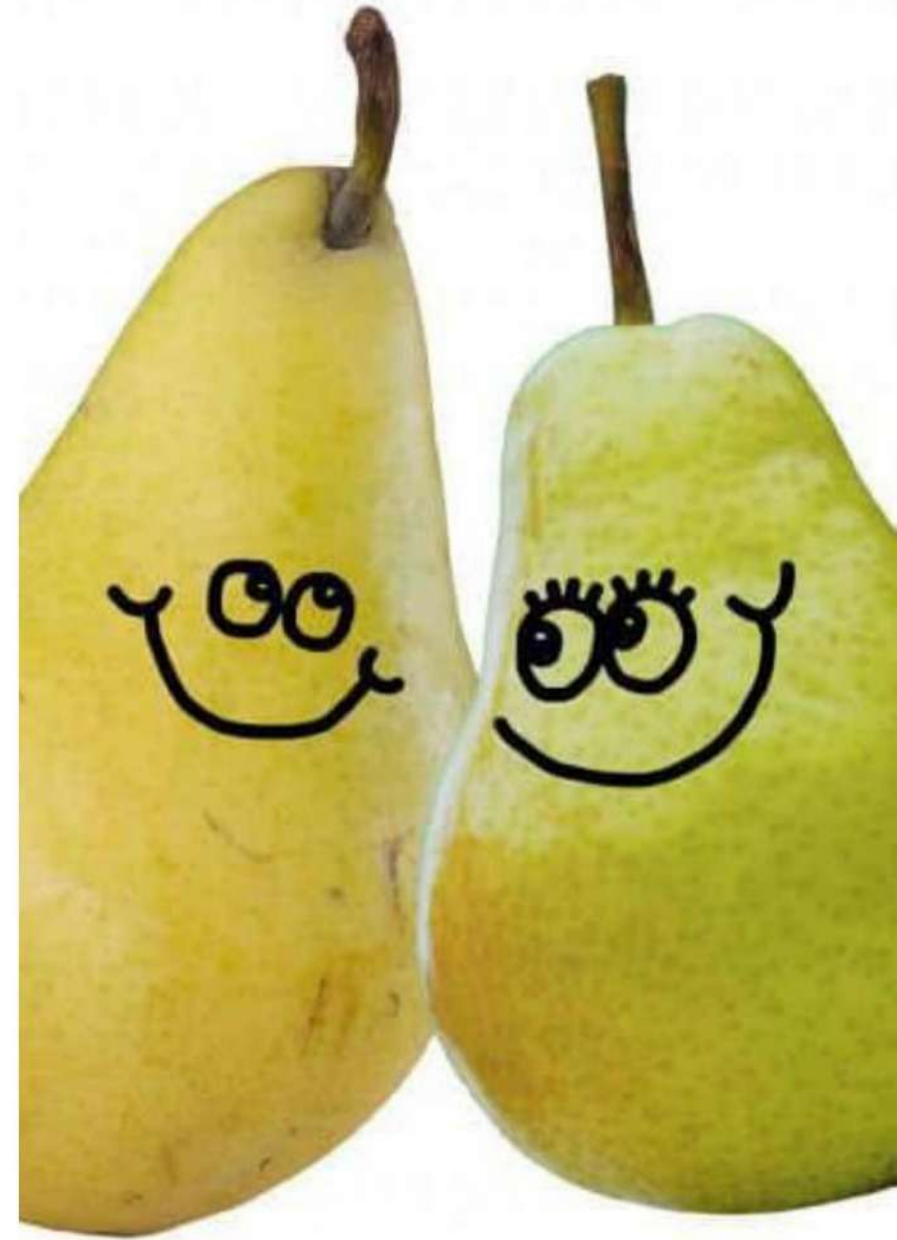
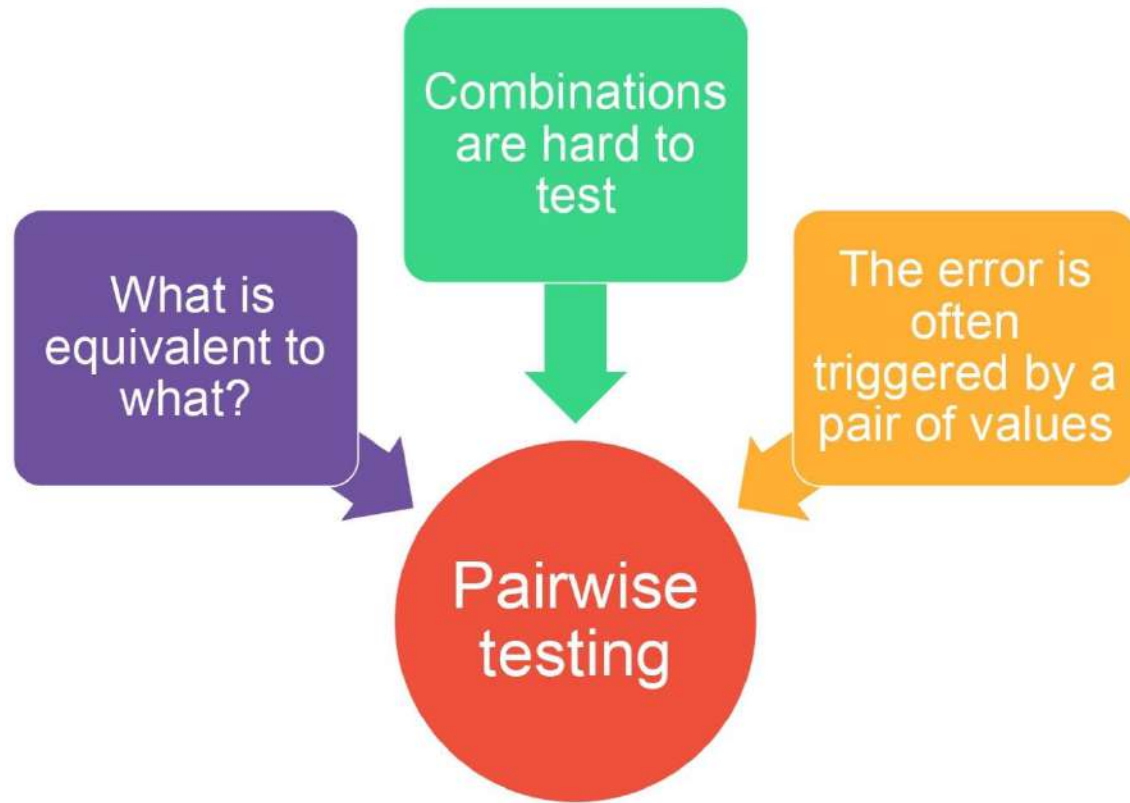
Exponential
growth of test set

Combinatorial explosion



Pairwise testing

Base ideas



Example

Flashlight mobile application

- ✓ works with iOS and Android
- ✓ has three brightness modes
- ✓ allows you to light constantly or flash in strobe mode.



Example

	OS	Brightness	Light type
1	iOS	1	Constant
2	iOS	1	Strobe
3	iOS	2	Constant
4	iOS	2	Strobe
5	iOS	3	Constant
6	iOS	3	Strobe
7	Android	1	Constant
8	Android	1	Strobe
9	Android	2	Constant
10	Android	2	Strobe
11	Android	3	Constant
12	Android	3	Strobe

	OS	Brightness	Light type
1	iOS	1	Constant
2	iOS	2	Strobe
3	Android	2	Constant
4	Android	3	Constant
5	Android	1	Strobe
6	iOS	3	Strobe
7	iOS	2	Constant

How good does it work?

Table 2. Fault classification for injected faults

Fault Type	LAS	DMAS
2-way	30	29
3-way	4	12
4-way	7	1
> 4-way	7	3
Not Found	34	43

D. M. Cohen, S. R. Dalal, M. L. Fredman, and G. C. Patton, "The AETG System: An Approach to Testing Based on Combinatorial Design," IEEE Transactions on Software Engineering, vol. 23, no. 7, pp. 437-444, 1997

Pros and cons of pairwise testing

Advantages:

Disadvantages:

increase the defect or
bug yield ratio

reduce the number of
test cases

take less time and
reduce the overall
testing budget

the highly probable
combination can be
missed

sensitive to correct
choice of values



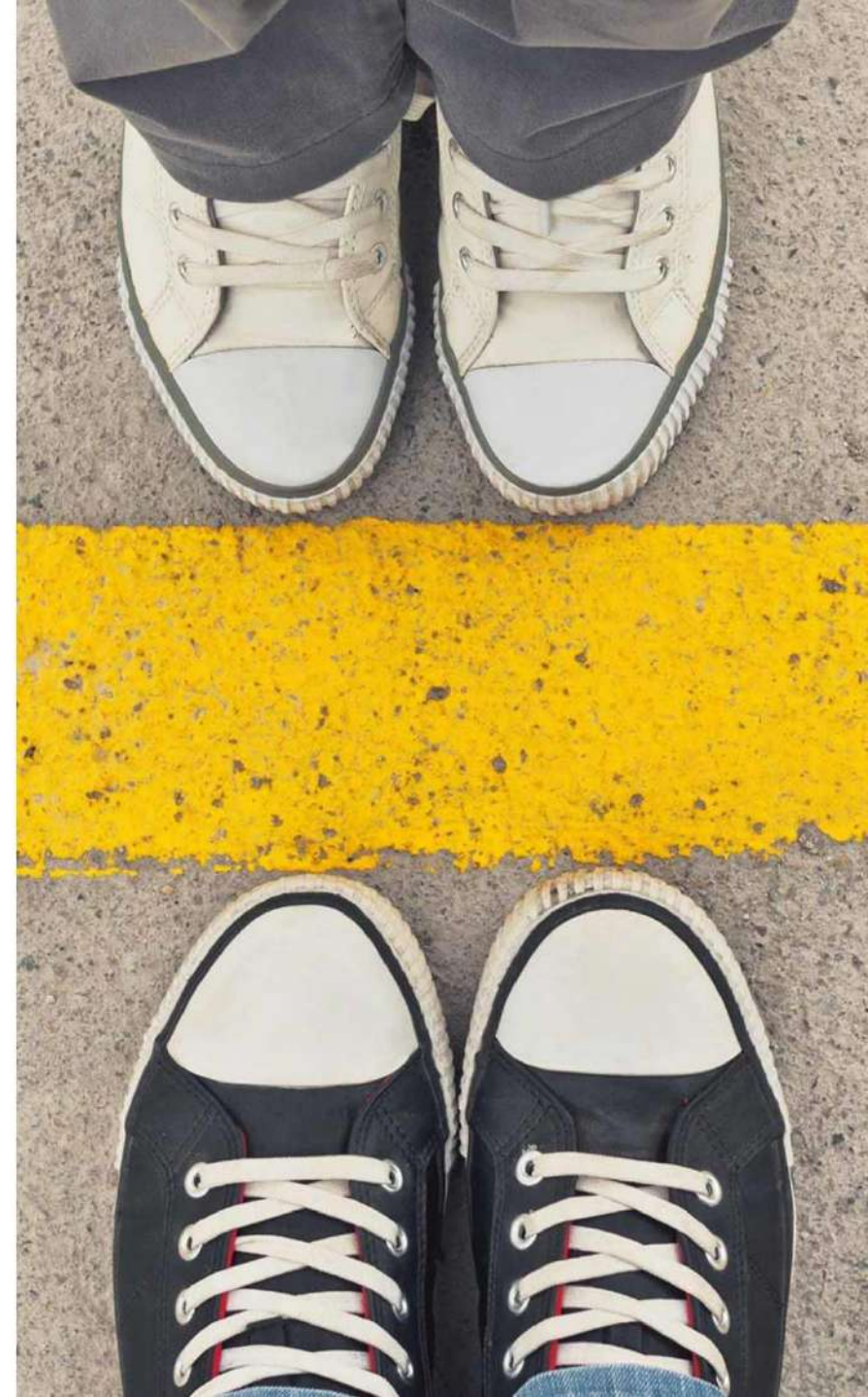
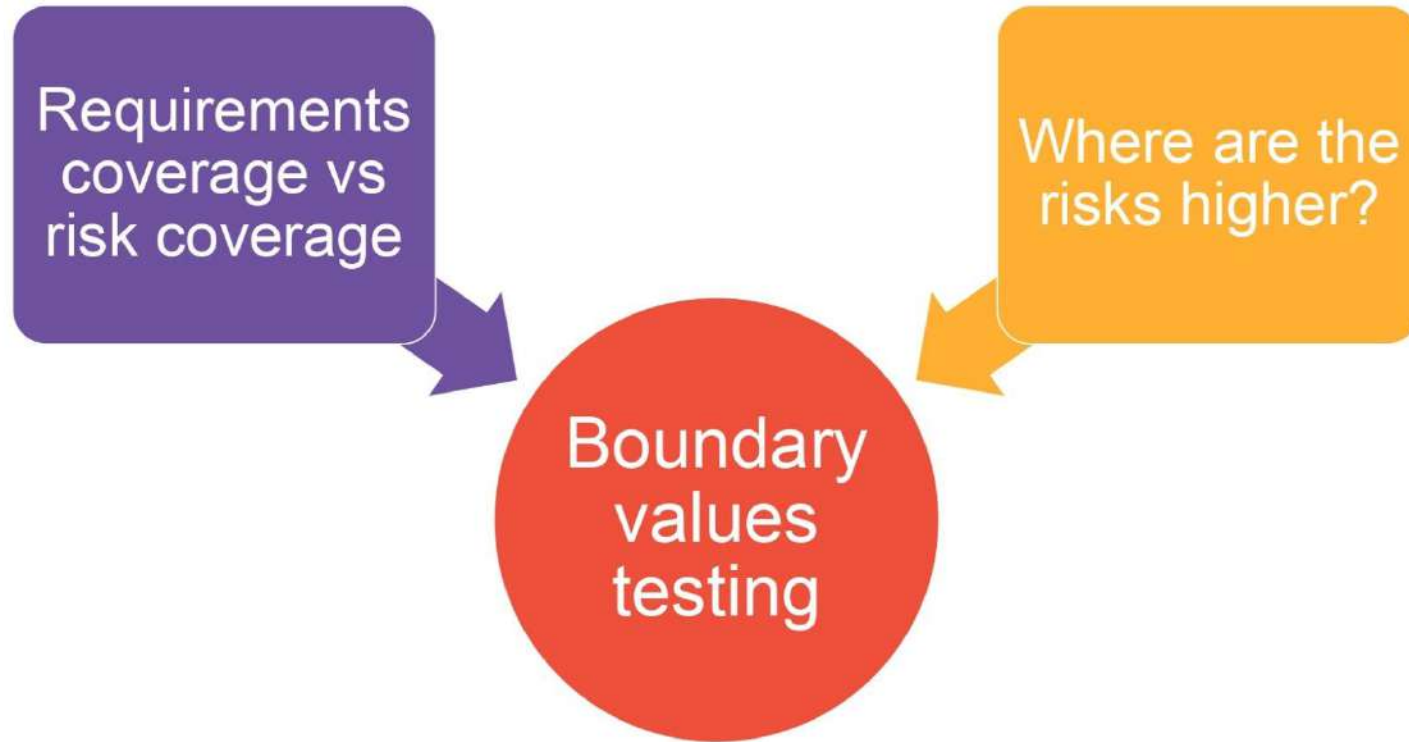
Pairwise tools



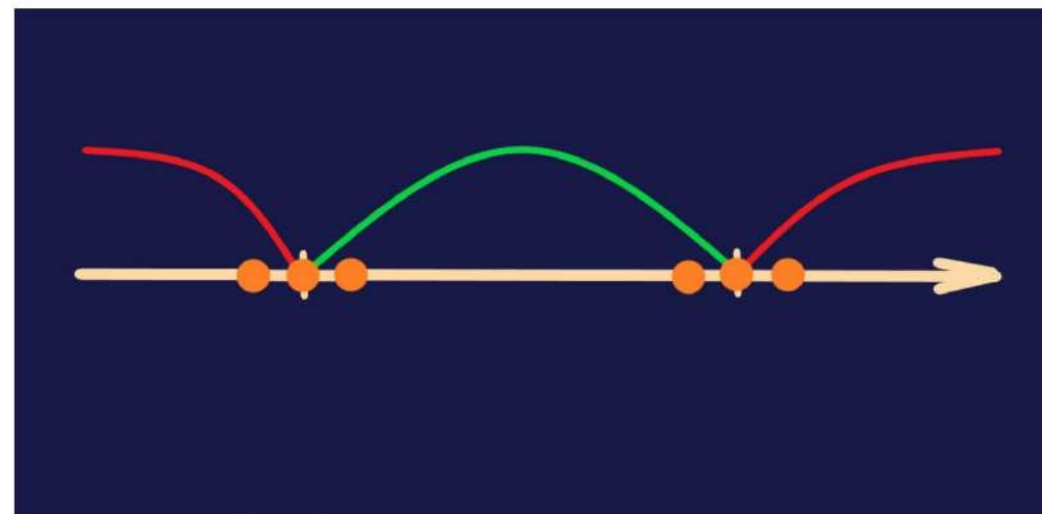
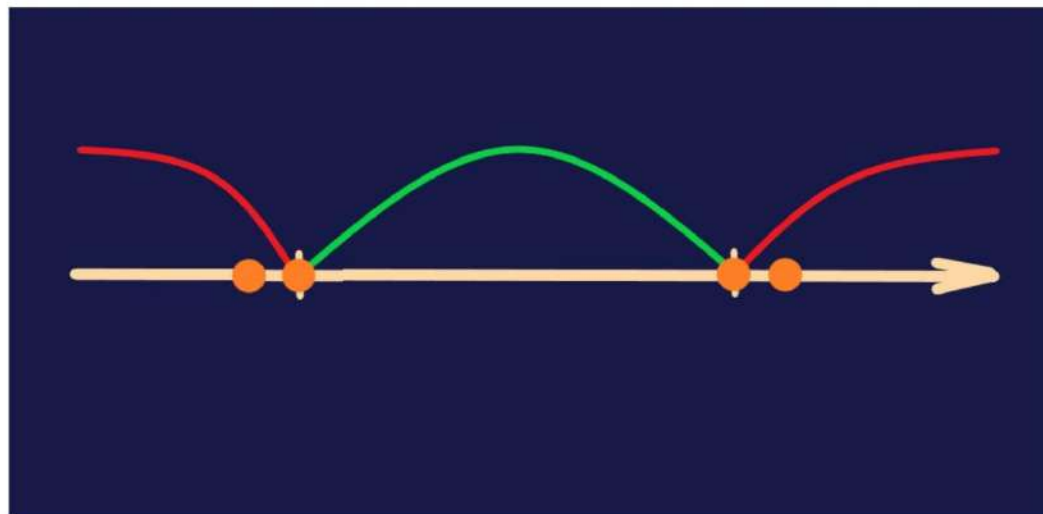
- ✓ **PICT** — *'Pairwise Independent Combinatorial Testing', provided by Microsoft Corp.*
- ✓ **IBM FoCuS** — *'Functional Coverage Unified Solution', provided by IBM.*
- ✓ **ACTS** — *'Advanced Combinatorial Testing System', provided by NIST, an agency of the US Government.*
- ✓ **Hexawise**
- ✓ **Jenny**
- ✓ **Pairwise** by Inductive AS
- ✓ **VPTag free All-Pair Testing Tool.**

Boundary Value Analysis

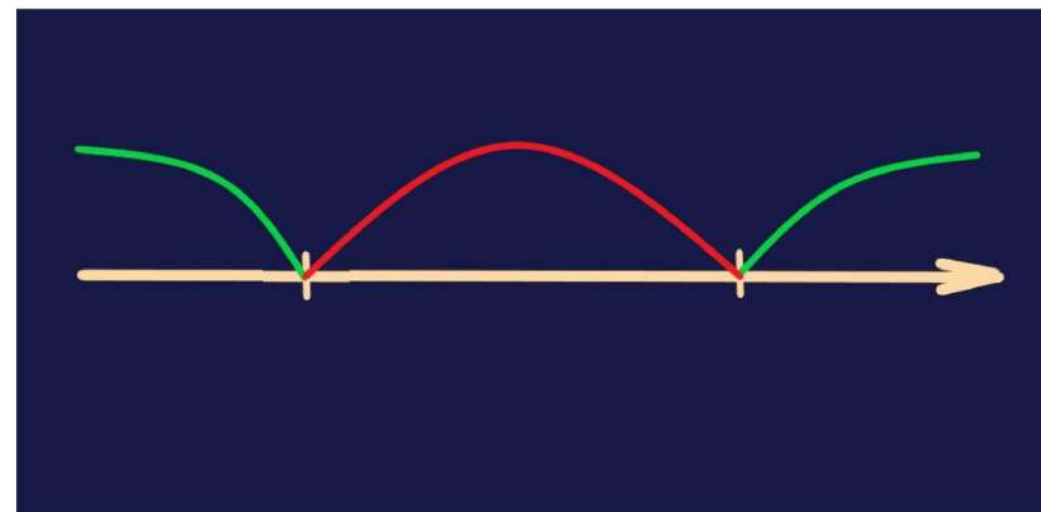
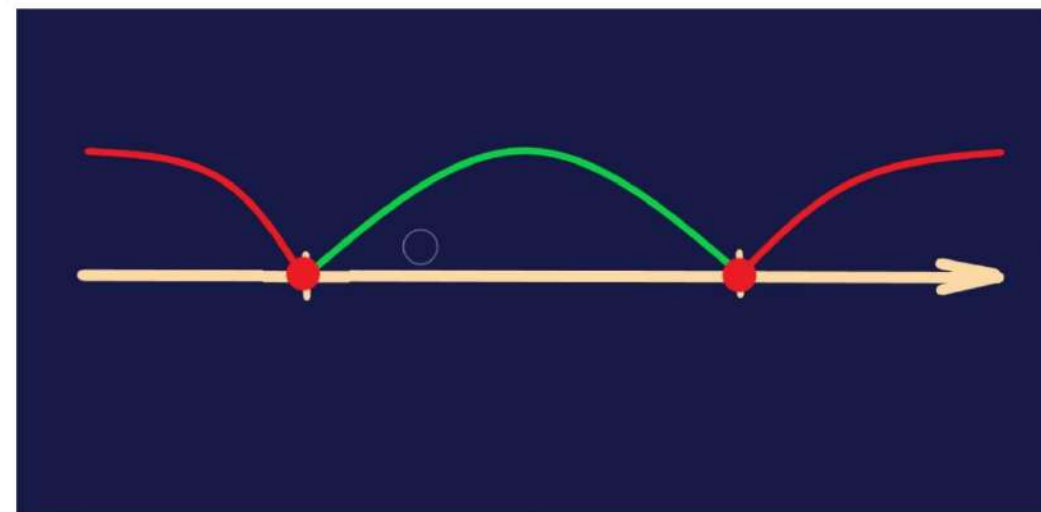
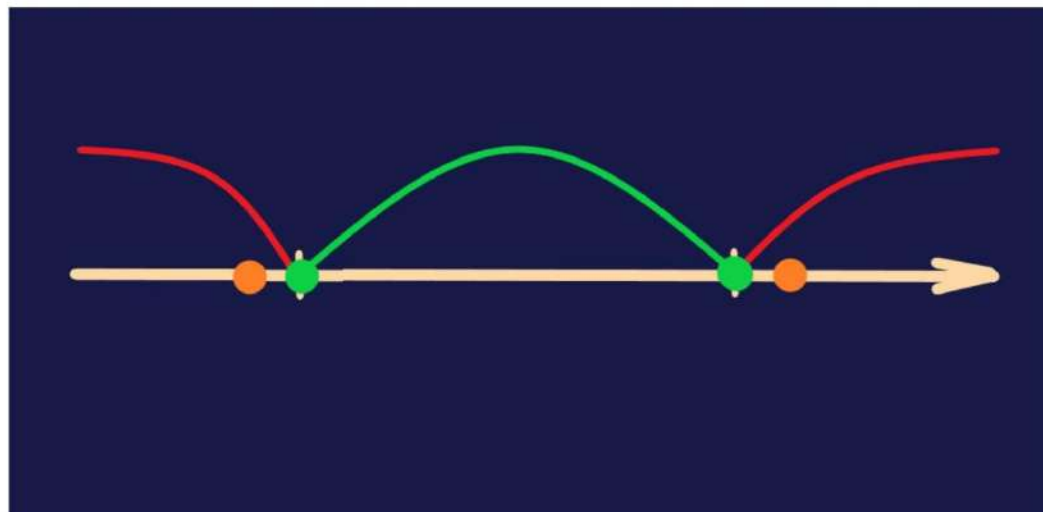
Base ideas



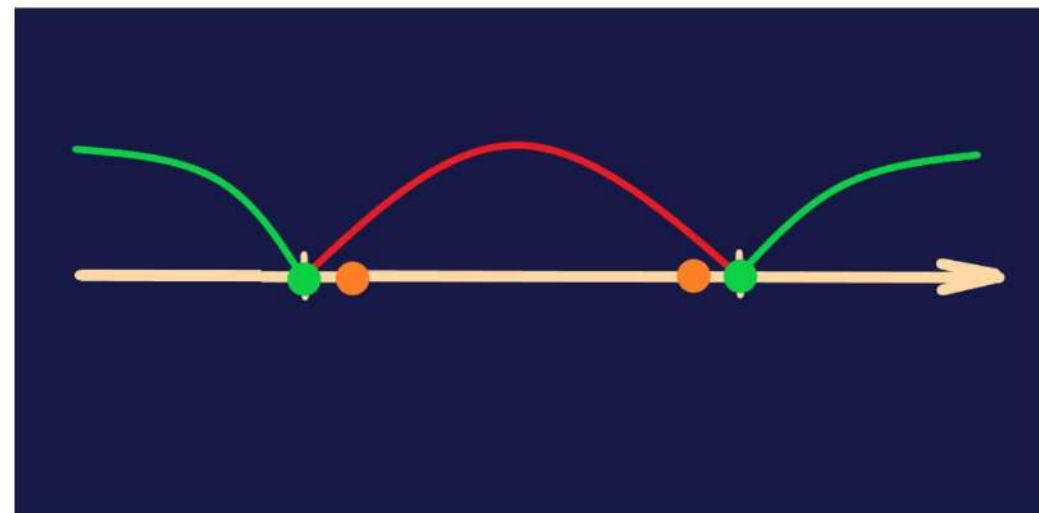
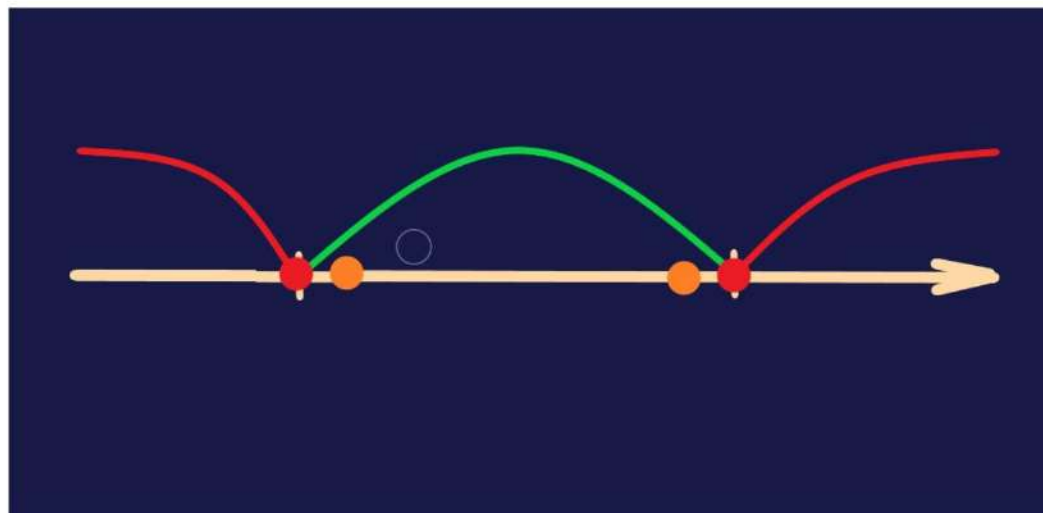
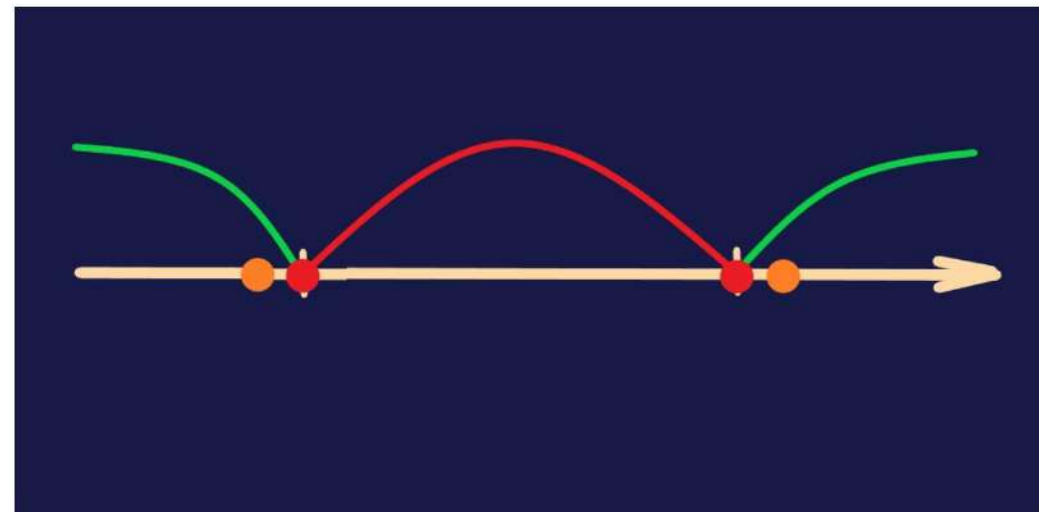
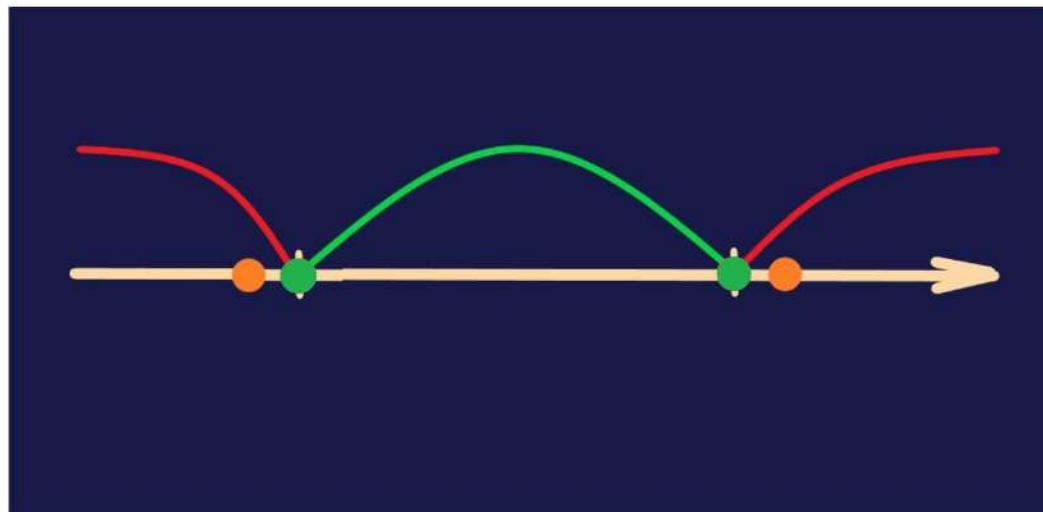
What values are boundary?



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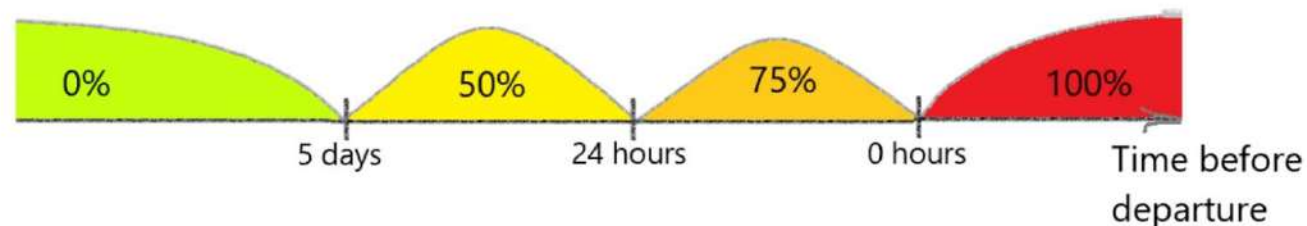


Above and below the minimum and maximum

What does it mean?



Ticket refund fee



1 day?

1 hour?

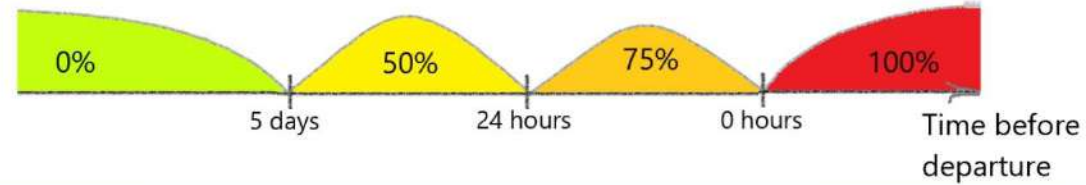
1 minute?

1 second?

Example



Ticket refund fee



Detect equivalence classes

$t > 5 \text{ days}$

$24 \text{ hours} \leq t \leq 5 \text{ days}$

$0 \text{ hours} < t < 24 \text{ hours}$

$t \leq 0 \text{ hours}$

Detect boundary values

5 days

24 hours

0 hours

Determine the class for each of boundary values

2 class

2 class

4 class

Select the boundary values and closest to them in the adjacent class.

5d + 1s

5d

24h

24h - 1s

1s

0

Run tests

0%

50%

50%

75%

75%

100%

Boundaries – what is it?

Boundaries to test

Numeric Boundaries

Set/Sequence boundaries

Cycle boundaries

Data structure boundaries

Time bounds

Configuration boundaries

Domain boundaries: examples

Dates: end of month

Dates: end of the year

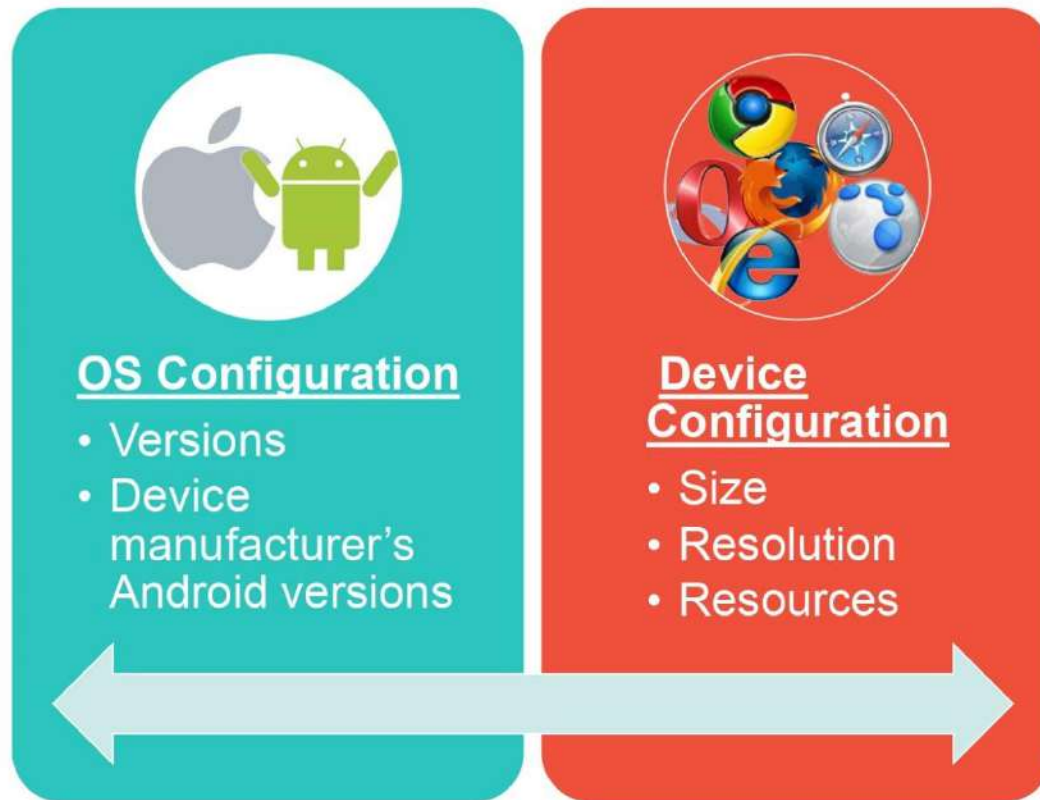
Dates: February 28/29

Division operation: 0

And so on

Compatibility testing

– case for boundary values analysis



Questions

Thanks for attention!

