Mark: \_\_\_\_\_ / 11

Mini-math Div 3/4: Friday, September 27, 2024 (6.4-6.14) - 20 minutes

1. (1 point) Suppose  $V(x) = \int_0^{x^2} \sin t \, dt$ . What is the derivative, V'(x)?

A.  $\cos x$ 

2. (1 point) Given  $\int_{1}^{7} f(x) dx = 4$ ,  $\int_{-1}^{7} f(x) dx = -3$ , and  $\int_{1}^{5} f(x) dx = 6$ , find  $\int_{-1}^{5} (2f(x) + 3) dx$ C. 16 D. 17 A. -2 B. 15

3. (1 point) Using the substitution  $u = x^3 - 2$ ,  $\int_{-2}^3 x^2 (x^3 - 2)^3 dx$  is equal to which of the following?

A. 
$$3 \int_{-10}^{25} u^3 du$$

B. 
$$\int_{-10}^{25} u^3 du$$

A. 
$$3 \int_{-10}^{25} u^3 du$$
 B.  $\int_{-10}^{25} u^3 du$  C.  $\frac{1}{3} \int_{-10}^{25} u^3 du$  D.  $\int_{-2}^{3} u^3 du$  E.  $\frac{1}{3} \int_{-2}^{3} u^3 du$ 

D. 
$$\int_{-2}^{3} u^3 du$$

E. 
$$\frac{1}{3} \int_{-2}^{3} u^3 du$$

- 4. (1 point)  $\int_0^1 \frac{2x-3}{x^2-5x+6} \, dx \text{ is}$ 
  - A.  $\ln\left(\frac{16}{27}\right)$  B.  $\ln 8$  C.  $\ln 27$  D.  $\ln 432$  E. divergent

- 5. (1 point)  $\int_1^\infty xe^{-x^2} dx$  is A.  $-\frac{1}{e}$  B.  $\frac{1}{2e}$  C.  $\frac{1}{e}$  D.  $\frac{2}{e}$  E. divergent

6. (1 point) 
$$\int_1^8 t^{-2/3} dt =$$

- A. -3 B. -1
- C.  $\frac{93}{160}$
- D. 1
- E. 3

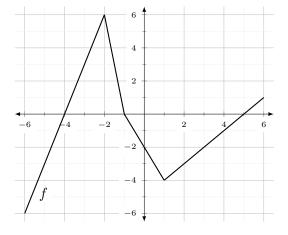
7. (1 point) To the right is a graph of the function f(x). Suppose  $g(x) = \int_a^x f(t) dt$  and g(1) = 3. What is the minimum value of g(x)on [-6, 2]?



C. 
$$-4$$

D. 
$$-3$$

E. 
$$-2$$



8. (2 points) Find 
$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{-x^2 + 4x - 3}}$$

9. (2 points) Find 
$$\int (3x-1)\sin x \, dx$$