CALCULUS AB

WORKSHEET ON INTEGRATION BY LONG DIVISION AND COMPLETING THE SQUARE

NAME _____ PERIOD _____

Use algebraic **long division** to solve the following integrals:

$$1. \int \frac{x+1}{x-1} dx$$

$$2. \int \frac{x^3}{x^2+1} dx$$

$$3. \int_0^1 \frac{x^2}{x+1} dx$$

$$4. \int \frac{5x^2}{x^2+1} dx$$

$$5. \int \frac{2x^2-4}{x+1} dx$$

6.
$$\int_2^3 \frac{y+1}{y-1} dy$$

$$7. \int \frac{x^3 + x}{x - 1} dx$$

$$8. \int_{-2}^{1} \frac{x^3 + 3x - 4}{x - 2} dx$$

$$9. \int_0^2 \frac{2x^3 + 3x^2 - 17x - 27}{x^2 - 9} dx$$

Use the **completing the square** method to solve the following integrals:

$$10. \int \frac{1}{t^2 - 10t + 32} dt$$

$$11. \int_{-3}^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{7-x^2-6x}} dx$$

12.
$$\int \frac{4}{t^2-4t+20} dt$$

13.
$$\int_{-1}^{0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-x^2-2x}} dx$$

14.
$$\int \frac{3}{x^2-6x+18} dx$$

$$15. \int \frac{dx}{x^2 - 4x + 7}$$

16.
$$\int_{3/2}^{9/4} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x-x^2}} dx$$

17.
$$\int_2^3 \frac{2x-3}{\sqrt{4x-x^2}} dx$$

$$18. \int \frac{2x}{x^2 + 6x + 13} dx$$

ANSWERS:

$$1. x + 2 \ln|x - 1| + C$$

$$2.\frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{2}\ln|x^2 + 1| + C$$

$$3. \ln 2 - \frac{1}{2}$$

1.
$$x + 2\ln|x - 1| + C$$
 2. $\frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{2}\ln|x^2 + 1| + C$ 3. $\ln 2 - \frac{1}{2}$ 4. $5x - 5\tan^{-1}(x) + C$

$$5. x^2 - 2x - 2\ln|x+1| + C$$

$$6.1 + 2 \ln 2$$

$$5. x^{2} - 2x - 2 \ln|x + 1| + C \quad 6. 1 + 2 \ln 2 \quad 7. \frac{x^{3}}{3} + \frac{x^{2}}{2} + 2x + 2 \ln|x - 1| + C \quad 8. 21 - 20 \ln 2 \quad 9. 10 + \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}\right)$$

$$8.21 - 20 \ln 2$$

9.
$$10 + \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}\right)$$

Completing the square:
$$10.\frac{1}{\sqrt{7}}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{t-5}{\sqrt{7}}\right) + C$$
 $11.\frac{\pi}{6}$ $12.\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{t-2}{4}\right) + C$ $13.\frac{\pi}{6}$

$$11.\frac{\pi}{6}$$

12.
$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{t-2}{4}\right) + C$$

$$13.\frac{\pi}{6}$$

14.
$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x-3}{2}\right) + C$$

14.
$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x-3}{3}\right) + C$$
 15. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\arctan\left(\frac{x-2}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + C$ 16. $\frac{\pi}{6}$ 17. $4 - 2\sqrt{3} + \frac{\pi}{6}$

$$16.\frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$17.4 - 2\sqrt{3} + \frac{\pi}{6}$$

18. $\ln|x^2 + 6x + 13| - 3 \arctan\left(\frac{x+3}{2}\right) + C$