

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Mark: \_\_\_\_\_

**Mini-math Div 3/4: Monday, October 25, 2021 (15 minutes)**

1. Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  in the following cases:

(a) (2 points)  $y = xg(\sin x)$ , where  $g(x)$  is a differentiable function

(b) (2 points)  $y = e^{e^{\tan x}}$

(c) (2 points) (AP)  $y = \frac{\arctan x}{x}$

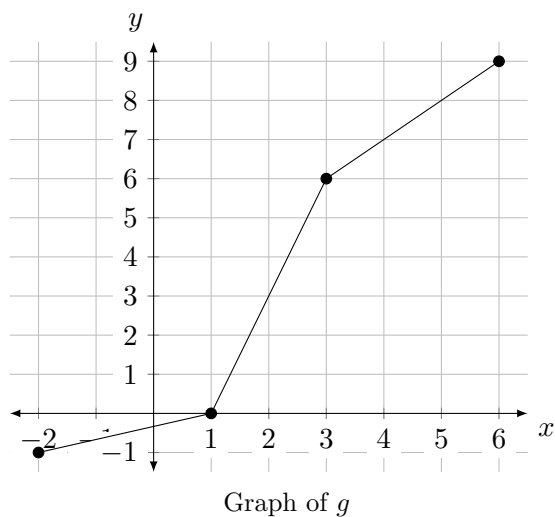
(d) (2 points)  $x^2y - x = \sin(x + y)$

2. (2 points) Find  $y''$  if  $y = \tan x^2$ .

3. (2 points) The differentiable function  $f(x)$  has the following values and derivatives:

$x$	$-2/3$	$-1/3$	3	6	7	8
$f(x)$	1	2	-9	-11	5	3
$f'(x)$	3	4	9	10	7	8

The function  $g(x)$  is shown below:



If  $h(x) = f(g(x))$ , find the equation of the tangent line to  $h(x)$  at  $x = 2$ .

4. (2 points) (AP) Suppose  $f$  and  $g$  are differentiable functions where  $g(x) = f^{-1}(x)$  for all  $x$ . Suppose further that

$$\begin{aligned} f(-9) &= 7, & f(8) &= 6, & f(6) &= -9, & f(7) &= 8 \\ f'(-9) &= 6, & f'(8) &= 4, & f'(6) &= -4, & f'(7) &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

Find  $g'(-9)$ .