

- Trace the following snippet

```
String bin = "100110011";
int num = 0;
for (int i = bin.length() - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
    if (bin.charAt(i) == '1') {
        num += (int) Math.pow(2, bin.length() - i - 1);
    } else if (bin.charAt(i) == '0') {
        //do nothing
    }
}
System.out.print(num)
```

- Create a program that replaces all **a** and **e** for an '@'. **You cannot use replace()**

```
String str = "declare";
String result = "";
for (int i = 0; i < /*_____*/; i++) {
    if (/*_____*/) { //check if the character is an a or e
        result += /*_____*/;
    } else { // cahr is not a vocal
        result += /*_____*/;
    }
}
```

- Optional Challenge:** Using string properties, create java-like pseudocode that checks if a string is a palindrome. A palindrome is a string that it can be read the same backwards, i.e. **123321** and **abcba** are palindromes, but **123320** or **12341** are not. Go to goo.gl/5y1MXj to see more examples of a palindromes. **Hint:** You will need to check the last and first character of the string at the same time.