Updated: February 17, 2017

rey maicate	10	over prev.	as of:
III ■ Real GDF	P 16.8T	<b>▲</b> 1.9%	2016 Q4
📶 🎛 Unemp. r	rate 4.8%	<b>▲</b> 0.1	Jan 2017
Inflation	2.5%	▲ 0.5	Jan 2017
		one week	one mo.
<b>Ⅲ</b> ■ S&P 500	2,347.22	<b>▲</b> 1.7%	<b>▲</b> 3.3%
■ DJIA	20,619.77	<b>▲</b> 2.2%	<b>▲</b> 4.1%
III ■ NASDAQ	5,814.90	<b>▲</b> 1.7%	<b>▲</b> 4.7%
<b>IIII</b> Ⅲ VIX	11.76	<b>▲</b> 8.1%	<b>▼</b> -5.8%
📶 🏻 2-yr t-bor	nd 1.22%	▲ 0.02	<b>▼</b> -0.01
📶 🏻 10-yr t-bo	ond 2.45%	▲ 0.05	▲ 0.03
<b>Ⅲ Ⅲ</b> Crude oil	\$53.36	▲ 0.7%	<b>▲</b> 4.5%
<b>Ⅲ Ⅲ</b> USD inde	x 93.92	▲ 0.9%	<b>▼</b> -0.4%

chart: 📶 data: 🎞

#### About the Dashboard

The Macro and Markets Dashboard for the United States contains more than 100 indicators of the performance of the U.S. economy. The dashboard includes twelve categories of charts, and a table of exchange rates.

Dashboard plots follow a uniform design. The line plots show trends over the past decade, while the horizontal bar plots decompose recent developments. The latest value and its reference period are listed in the bottom left corner of the plot area for line plots. Below each plot is a brief listing of the source with a link (in blue) to the source data.



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#### **Contact**

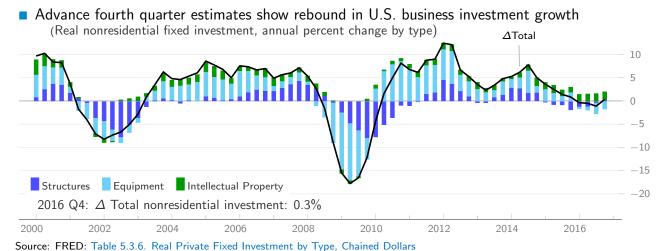
#### Brian Dew

w briandew.wordpress.com

➡ brianwdew@gmail.com

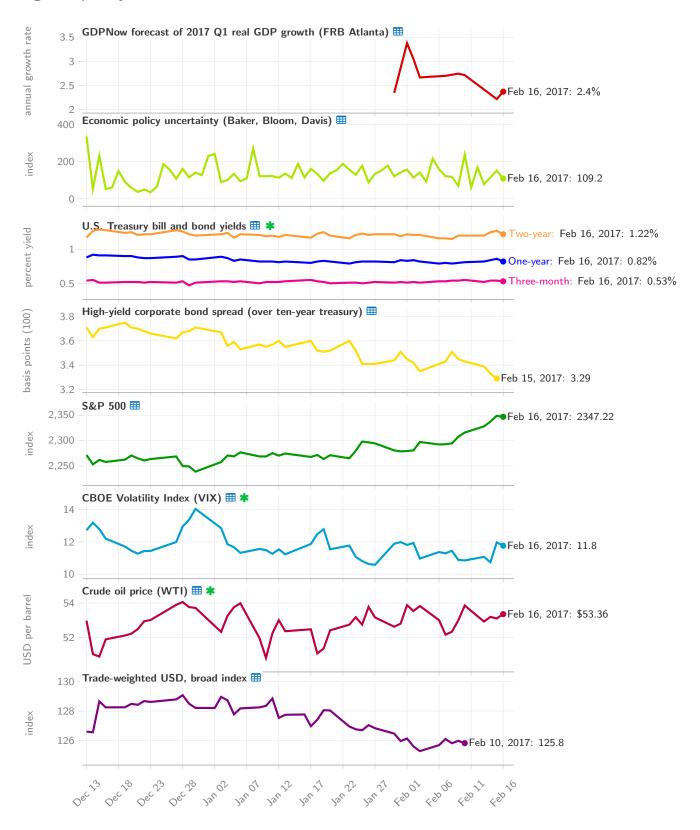
**y** @bd\_econ

#### Chart of the week



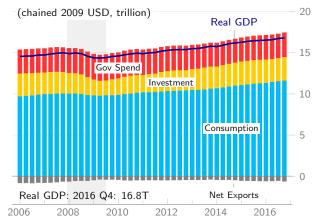
While quarterly GDP growth slowed from 3.5% in Q3 to 1.9% in the BEA's advance estimate for 2016 Q4, business investment rebounded. For 2016 as a whole, business investment growth was non-existent, a result of weak earnings growth in some sectors (e.g. mining, energy) and a general corporate preference for returning profits directly to shareholders through buybacks and dividends. By investment type, aggregate equipment investment, shown above in light blue, critically increased in Q4 over its Q3 level, but remains below its 2015 level. In 2017, tax and trade policies, input prices, and consumption behavior will affect corporate profits, which, combined with the cost of capital and perceived future business prospects, will determine investment.

### **High-frequency indicators**



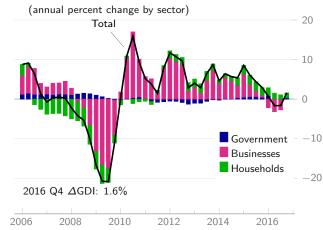
#### Macroeconomic Indicators: Overview

Components of real gross domestic product (GDP)



FRED: GDPC1; GCEC1; GPDIC1; NETEXC; PCECC96

Gross domestic investment (GDI)



FRED: Saving and Investment by Sector

Retail sales excluding food (annual percent change) \*





Fed. Gov. State/Loc. Gov. Households 10 Corp bus. Non-corp. bus. 8 Total 6

Liabilities (annual percent change by sector)

2012 FRED: Financial Accounts of the United States

2014

2016 Q3: Total Debt: 64.1T; as % of GDP: 343.2%

2006

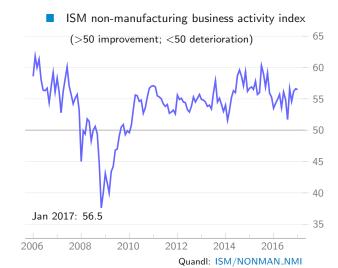
2008



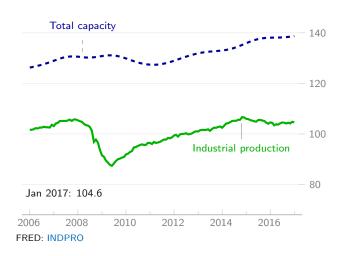
#### Macroeconomic Indicators: Businesses

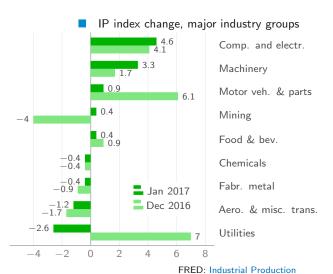
■ ISM manufacturing purchasing managers' index





■ Industrial production (IP) index (2012=100) **\*** 



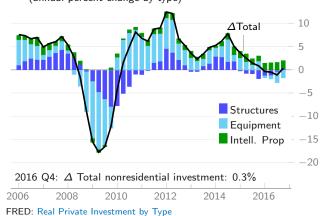


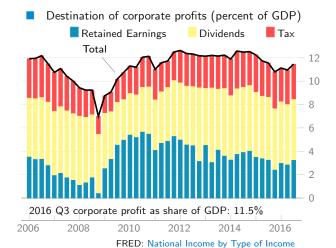
Total capacity utilization (percent of capacity)





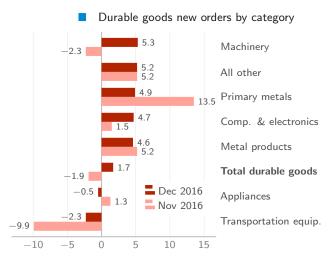
# Real nonresidential fixed investment (annual percent change by type)





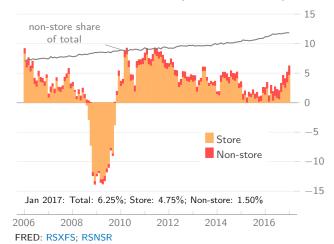
#### Durable goods new orders (annual percent change) \*





FRED: Manufacturer's Shipments, Inventories, and Orders (M3) Survey

#### Retail sales, store vs. non-store (annual growth rate)

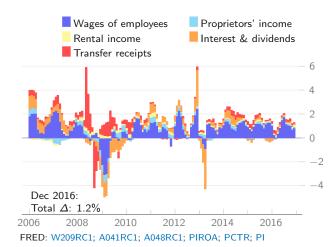


#### FRBSF tech pulse index (2000=100)

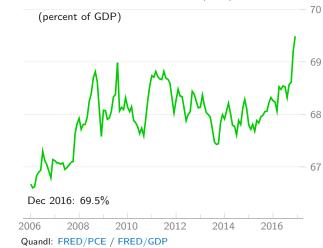


#### Macroeconomic Indicators: Households

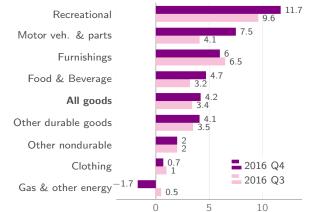
#### Personal income (annual percent change by type)



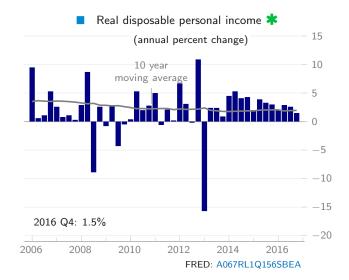
#### Personal consumption expenditure (PCE)



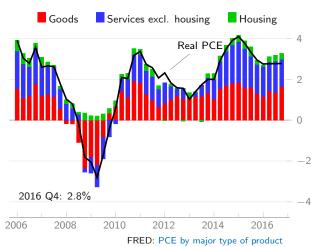
#### Real PCE on goods by type (annual percent change)



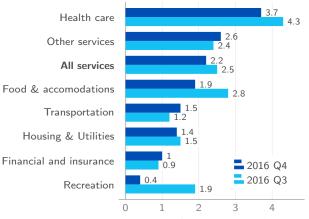
FRED: Real PCE by Major Type of Product



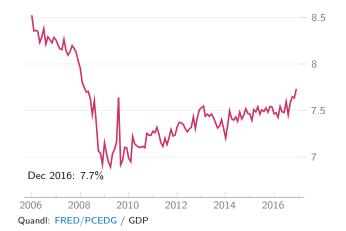
#### ■ Real PCE by category (annual percent change) \*



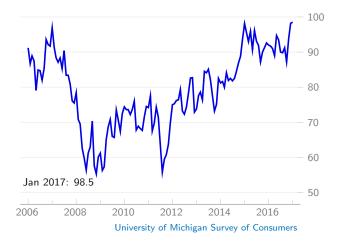
#### Real PCE on services by type (annual percent change)



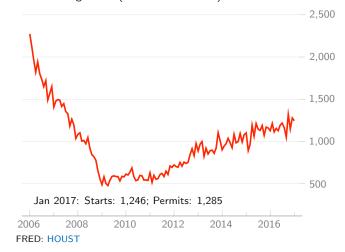
PCE on durable goods (percent of GDP) \*



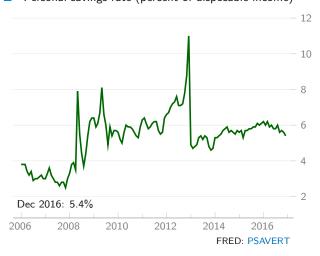
■ University of Michigan consumer sentiment index



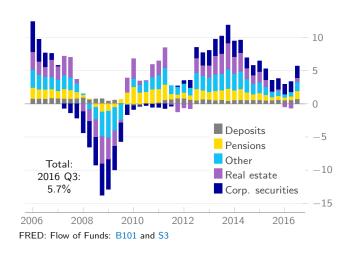
New housing starts (thousands of units)



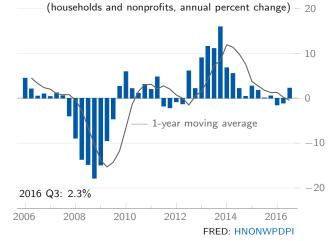
Personal savings rate (percent of disposable income)



■ Household and nonprofits assets (annual growth rate)

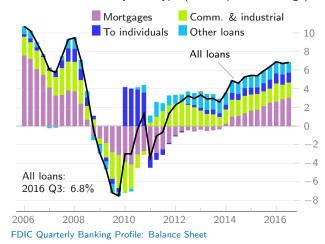


Net wealth as percent of gross disposable income

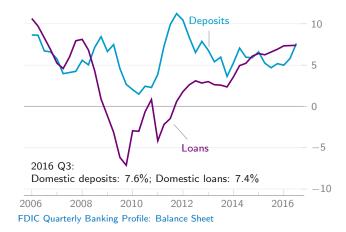


### **Depository Corporations**

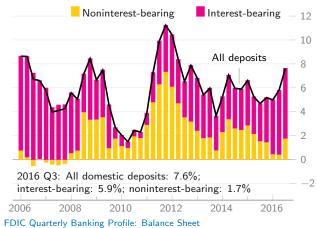
Value of bank loans by loan type (annual percent change)

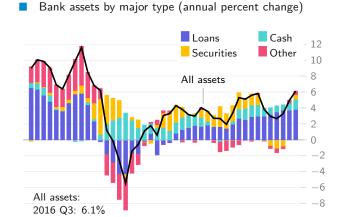


Domestic loans and deposits (annual percent change)



Domestic deposits (annual percent change)





2006

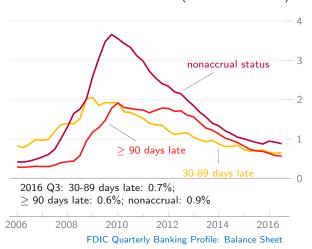
2008

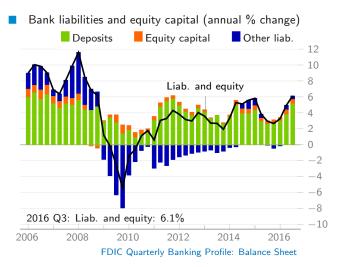
2010

Noncurrent loans (share of total loans)

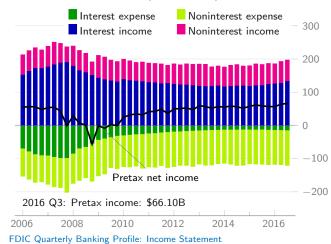
FDIC Quarterly Banking Profile: Balance Sheet

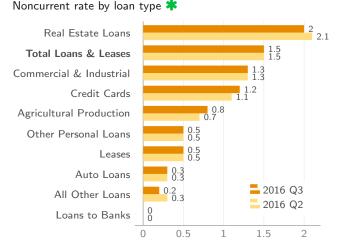
2014





#### Bank income and expense (USD billions)

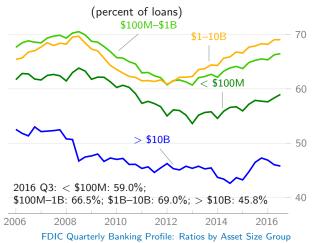




FDIC Quarterly Banking Profile: Loan Performance

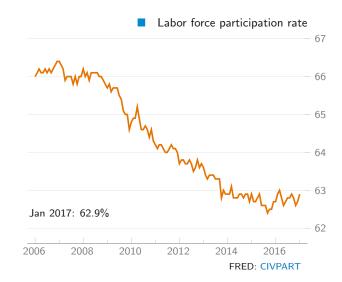
# Bank return on equity (ROE) 10 0 -102016 Q3: 9.7% -152006 2008 2016 2010 2012 2014 FDIC Quarterly Banking Profile

#### Loans to assets ratio by total bank assets



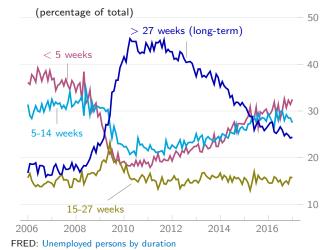
#### **Labor Markets**

Civilian unemployment rates (U-3 and U-6) \* U6 rate includes discouraged workers and those part time for economic reasons 15 U3 U6 Jan 2017: U3: 4.8%; U6: 9.4% 2006 2008 2012 2014 2016

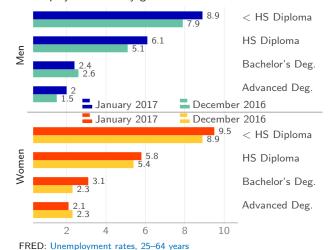


FRED: UNRATE, U6RATE

#### Share of unemployed by duration



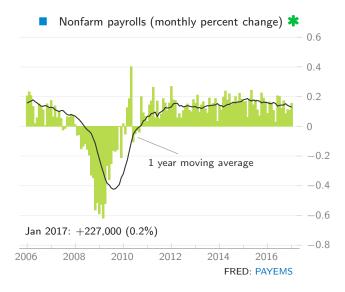
#### Unemployment rate by gender and education level

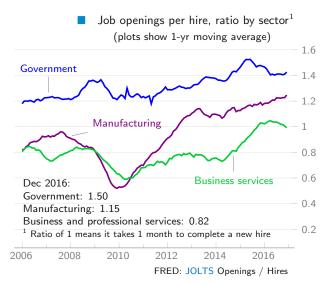


#### Payroll growth by sector (annual percent change)

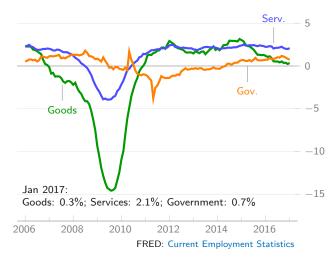


FRED: Current Employment Statistics

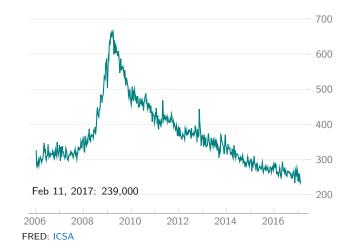




#### Payrolls (annual percent change by major category)



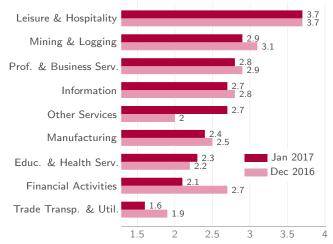
#### New jobless claims (weekly, thousands)



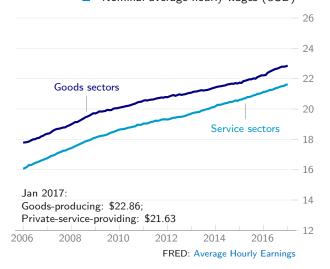
#### Real median weekly wage (1982–84 dollars)



#### Nominal average hourly wage (annual percent change)

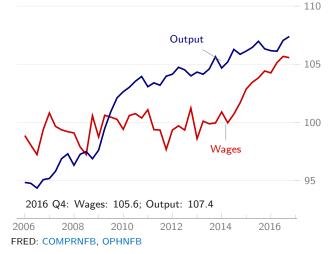


■ Nominal average hourly wages (USD)

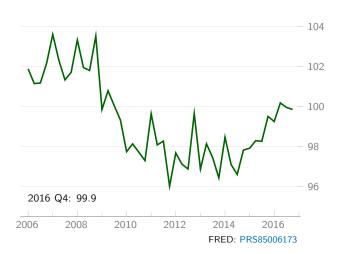


FRED: Average Hourly Earnings

# Real hourly wages and output (index, 2009=100) 🗱

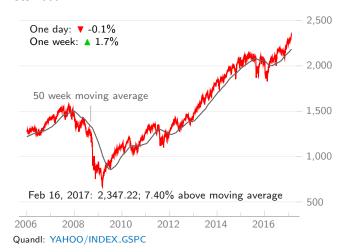


Labor share of output (index, 2005=100)

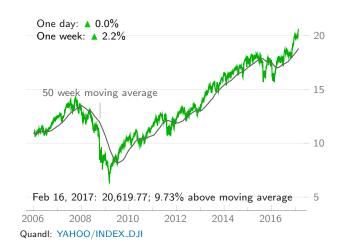


#### **Equity Markets**

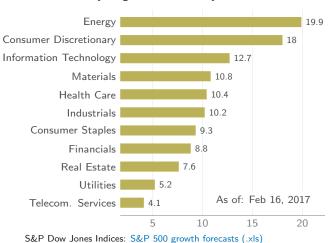
#### S&P 500



# Dow Jones Industrial Average (thousands)



#### S&P 500 five-year growth forecast by sector



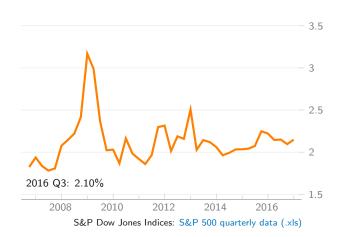
# NASDAQ Composite Index



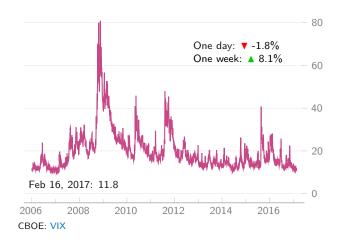
### ...combined and indexed (2006=100)



#### ■ S&P 500 dividend yield (percent)



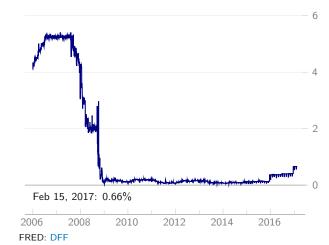
CBOE volatility index (VIX) \*

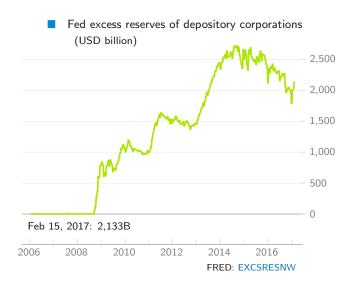




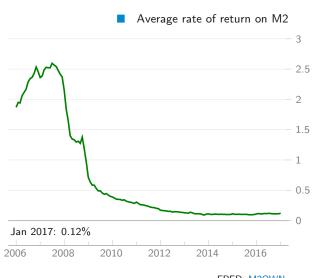
### Money and Interest Rates

Effective fed funds rate \*





Components of the M2 money supply 80 (Percent of GDP) Retail money funds 60 40 CDs Savings deposits 20 Checkable deposits Dec 2016: Total M2/GDP: 70.3% Currency 2006 2008 2012 2014 2016 2010 FRED: M2SL; SAVINGSL; (CURRSL + TVCKSSL); (DEMDEPSL + OCDSL); STDSL; RMFSL / GDP

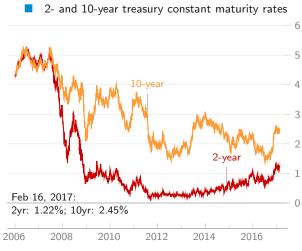


FRED: M2OWN

#### Treasury bond real yield by maturity



Quandl: USTREASURY/REALYIELD

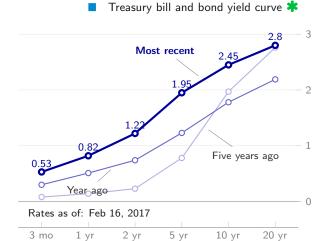


Quandl: USTREASURY/YIELD

#### Treasury yield spreads

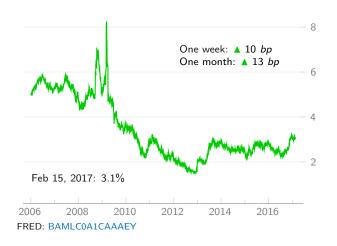


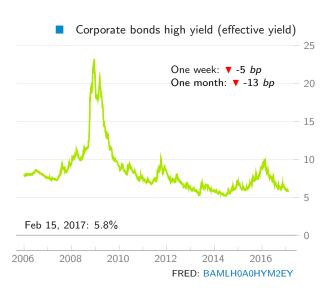
Quandl: FRED/YIELD - FRED/BILLRATES

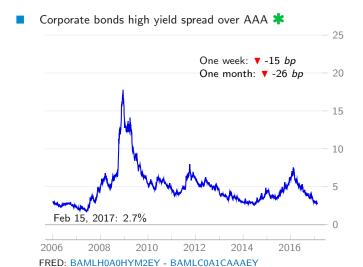


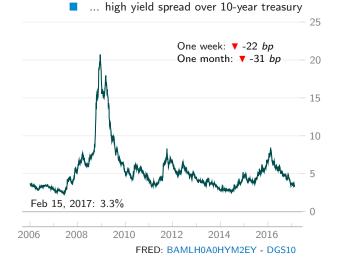
Quandl: USTREASURY/YIELD

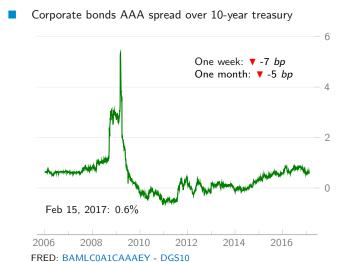
#### Corporate bonds AAA (effective yield)







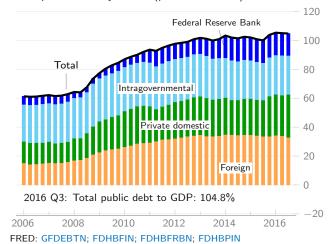


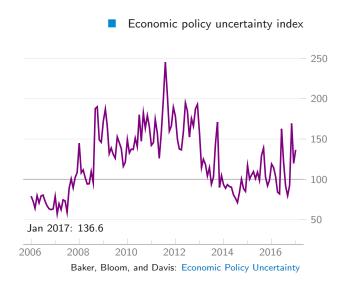




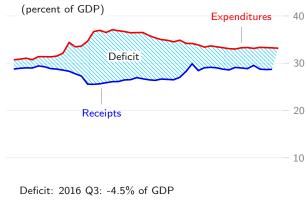
### **Government and Policy**

Total public debt by holder (percent of GDP)





Government expenditures and receipts \*

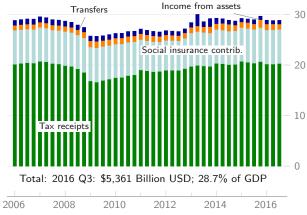


2006 2008 2010 2012 2014

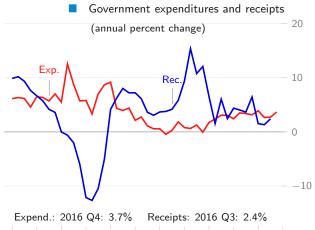
FRED: GEXPND; GRECPT

Government current receipts by type



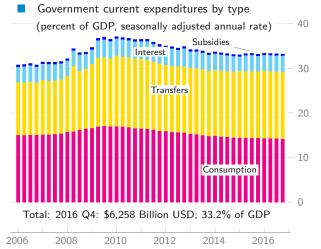


FRED: Government Current Receipts and Expenditures



2006 2008 2010 2012 2016 2014

FRED: GEXPND; GRECPT



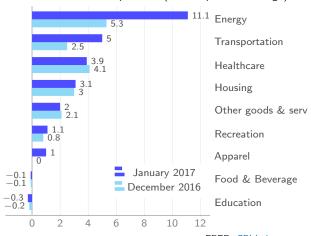
FRED: Government Current Receipts and Expenditures

### **Prices**

Consumer price index (CPI) (annual percent change) \*



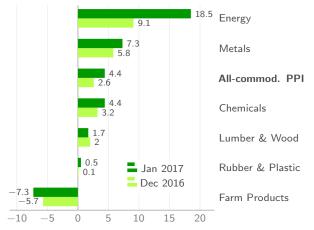
CPI components (annual percent change)



Producer price index, all commodities (PPIACO)



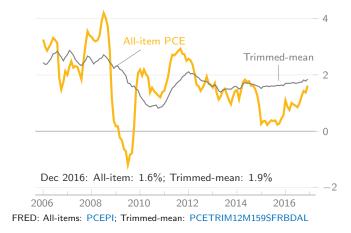
PPIACO selected components (annual percent change)



FRED: PPI Indexes



PCE chain-type price index (annual percent change)



Oil price (USD per barrel, WTI)

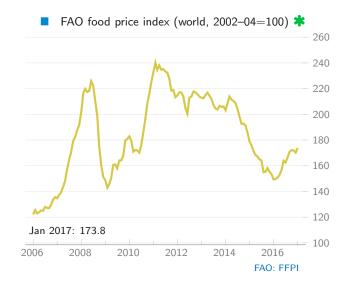


PPI growth: metals (annual percent change)



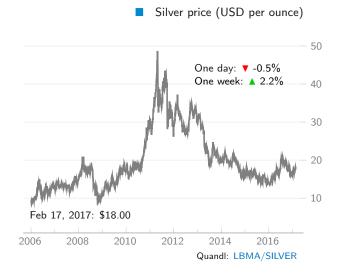
#### Average sales price for new houses (thousands of USD)



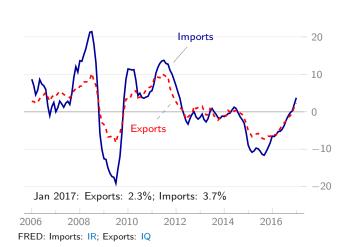


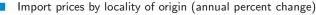
#### Gold price (USD per ounce)





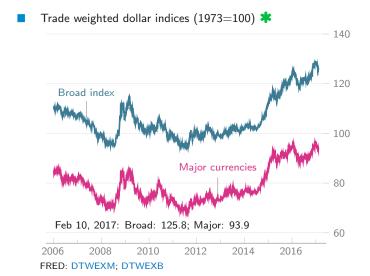
#### Export and import prices (annual percent change)

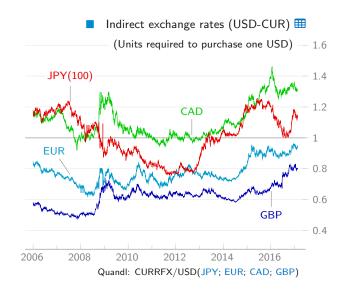


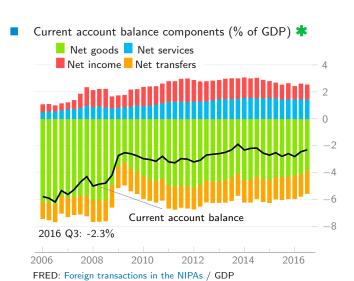


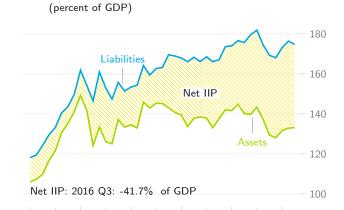


#### **Trade and External Sector Indicators**









2012

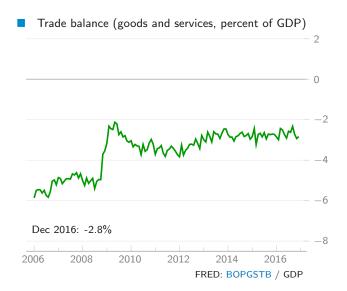
2014

FRED: U.S. Net IIP / GDP

2016

Net international investment position (% of GDP)



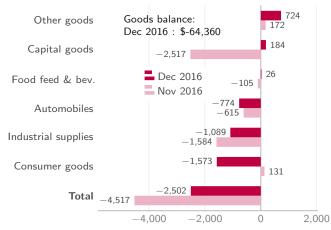


2006

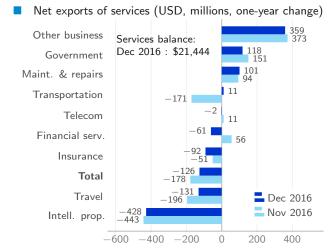
2008

2010

#### Net exports of goods (USD, millions, one-year change)



U.S. Census Bureau: U.S. International Trade in Goods



FRED: U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services

#### **Capital Flows**

#### Foreign holdings of U.S. securities (annual % change)



Treasury International Capital (TIC) System

# Foreign purchases and sales of U.S. securities

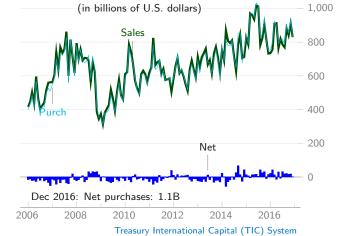




#### ■ U.S. holdings of foreign securities (annual % change)



U.S. purchases and sales of foreign securities



# **Exchange Rate Table**

■ Indirect exchange rates against the US Dollar ( ■ USD)

Currency	$Rate^1$	1 day % ch.	1 week % ch.	1 month % ch.	1 year % ch.	1 year high	1 year low	Updated:
EUR	0.937	▼ -0.03	▼ -0.30	▼ -0.43	▲ 1.97	0.962	0.867	2017-02-17
<b>GBP</b>	0.801	▲ 0.03	▼ 0.00	<b>▼</b> -1.87	▲ 10.34	0.831	0.671	2017-02-17
• JPY	113.365	▲ 0.06	▲ 0.14	<b>▼</b> -1.24	▲ 0.82	118.253	99.988	2017-02-17
<b>I◆I</b> CAD	1.308	▲ 0.06	▲ 0.05	<b>▼</b> -1.40	<b>▼</b> -4.75	1.380	1.253	2017-02-17
■ MXN	20.401	▲ 0.03	▲ 0.31	▼ -7.39	▲ 11.09	21.921	17.178	2017-02-17
<b>₩</b> AUD	1.299	▲ 0.03	▼ -0.15	▼ -2.51	<b>▼</b> -7.76	1.403	1.281	2017-02-17
CNY	6.854	▼ -0.22	▼ -0.18	▲ 0.02	<b>▲</b> 4.72	6.957	6.439	2017-02-16
<b>廿</b> CHF	0.998	▲ 0.06	▼ -0.42	▼ -1.03	▼ 0.00	1.030	0.953	2017-02-17
<b>™</b> NZD	1.386	▲ 0.02	▼ -0.15	▼ -1.21	▼ -9.27	1.517	1.341	2017-02-17
SEK	8.863	▲ 0.05	▼ -0.62	▼ -1.01	▲ 3.46	9.404	7.965	2017-02-17
NOK	8.289	▲ 0.05	▼ -0.97	▼ -2.52	<b>▼</b> -4.79	8.712	7.971	2017-02-17
DKK	6.969	▲ 0.04	▼ -0.29	▼ -0.40	▲ 1.68	7.155	6.455	2017-02-17
RUB	57.482	▲ 0.14	▼ -0.93	▼ -3.41	▼ -29.44	76.340	56.840	2017-02-17
₩ HKD	7.759	▼ -0.01	▲ 0.04	▲ 0.04	▼ -0.20	7.776	7.753	2017-02-17
SGD	1.417	▲ 0.06	▼ -0.26	▼ -0.85	▲ 0.90	1.451	1.337	2017-02-17
C+ TRY	3.663	▼ -0.02	▼ -0.84	▼ -3.91	▲ 19.12	3.877	2.796	2017-02-17
KRW	1144.700	▲ 0.36	▼ -0.03	▼ -2.76	▼ -7.99	1241.130	1090.050	2017-02-17
ZAR	13.013	▼ -0.04	▼ -2.59	▼ -4.73	▼ -21.73	16.160	12.911	2017-02-17
<b>♦</b> BRL	3.089	▲ 1.05	▼ -1.32	▼ -3.96	▼ -30.03	4.025	3.056	2017-02-16
■ INR	67.059	▲ 0.31	▲ 0.48	▼ -1.25	▼ -2.49	68.805	66.133	2017-02-16
⇒ ILS	3.713	▲ 0.05	▼ -0.96	▼ -2.76	▼ -5.10	3.911	3.711	2017-02-17
EGP	15.990	▼ -2.88	▼ -10.07	▼ -16.64	▲ 51.45	19.620	7.652	2017-02-16
IDR	13322.000	▲ 0.06	▲ 0.05	▼ -0.12	▼ -0.32	13667.000	12770.000	2017-02-17
ТНВ	34.970	▼ -0.03	▼ -0.20	▼ -1.26	<b>▼</b> -1.85	35.990	34.196	2017-02-17
MYR MYR	4.450	▲ 0.13	▲ 0.18	▼ -0.37	▲ 5.80	4.496	3.835	2017-02-17
ARS	15.420	▲ 0.45	<b>▼</b> -1.42	▼ -3.00	▼ -0.54	16.060	13.735	2017-02-16
СОР	2870.000	▲ 0.07	▲ 0.44	▼ -1.53	▼ -14.83	3297.600	2829.000	2017-02-16
CLP	638.600	▲ 0.03	<b>▼</b> -1.06	▼ -2.77	▼ -8.52	696.445	638.440	2017-02-16

 ${\sf Quandl:\ CURRFX/USD(CUR)}$ 

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 $<sup>^{1}\,</sup>$  The number of units of foreign currency required to purchase one U.S. dollar.