Updated: February 16, 2017

itey ilia	icacoro	0	ver	orev.		as of:
<u>⊪</u> ⊞ Re	al GDP	16.8T	<b>A</b>	1.9%	201	6 Q4
<u>⊪ill</u> ⊞ Un	nemp. rate	4.8%	<b>A</b>	0.1	Jan	2017
<u>⊪</u> ⊞ Inf	lation	2.5%	<b>A</b>	0.5	Jan	2017
			one week		one mo.	
<u>₩</u> ⊞ S&	εP 500 2,	349.25	<b>A</b> :	2.4%	<b>A</b>	3.6%
<u>⊪il</u> ⊞ DJ	JIA 20,	611.86	<b>A</b> :	2.8%	<b>A</b>	4.0%
<u>⊪</u> ⊞ NA	ASDAQ 5,	819.44	<b>A</b> :	2.4%	<b>A</b>	5.1%
<u>⊪</u> ⊞ VI	X	11.97	<u>.</u>	4.5%	<b>A</b>	0.8%
<u>⊪</u> 12-y	yr t-bond	1.27%	<b>A</b>	0.12	<b>A</b>	0.10
<b>iii 1</b> 0	-yr t-bond	2.51%	<b>A</b>	0.17	<b>A</b>	0.18
<u>lill</u> ⊞ Cr	ude oil	\$53.11	<b>A</b>	1.5%	<b>A</b>	1.2%
<u>I</u> ⊞ US	SD index	93.92	<b>A</b>	0.9%	▼ .	-0.4%

chart: 📶 data: 🎟

#### About the Dashboard

The Macro and Markets Dashboard for the United States contains more than 100 indicators of the performance of the U.S. economy. The dashboard includes twelve categories of charts, and a table of exchange rates.

Dashboard plots follow a uniform design. The line plots show trends over the past decade, while the horizontal bar plots decompose recent developments. The latest value and its reference period are listed in the bottom left corner of the plot area for line plots. Below each plot is a brief listing of the source with a link (in blue) to the source data.



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#### **Contact**

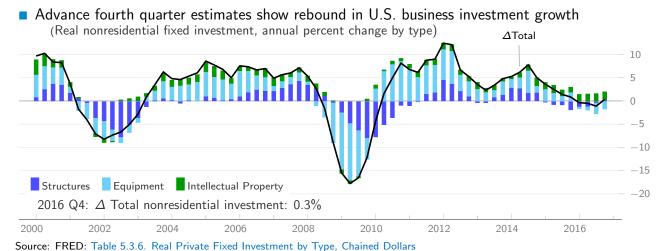
#### Brian Dew

w briandew.wordpress.com

➡ brianwdew@gmail.com

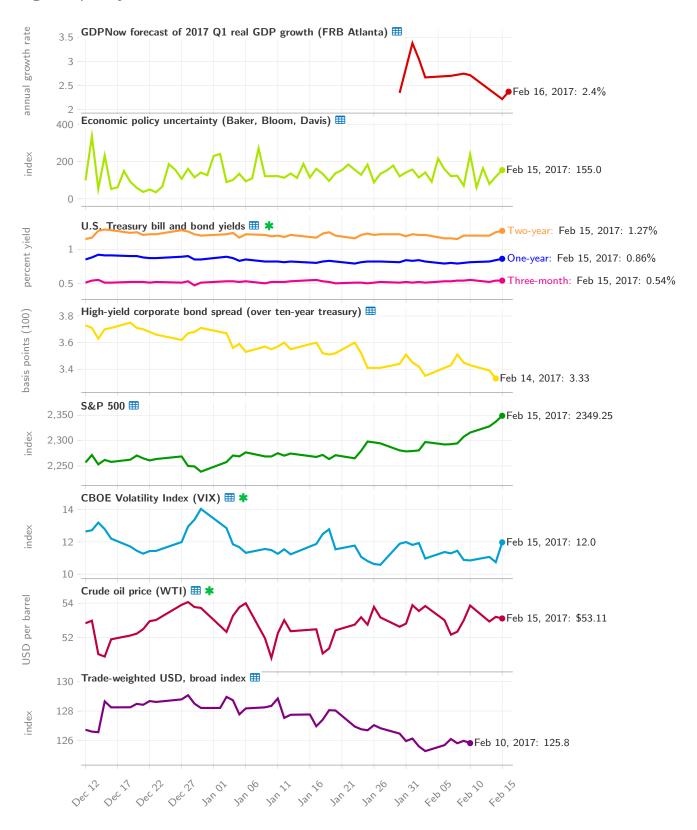
**y** @bd\_econ

#### Chart of the week



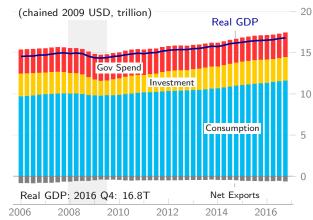
While quarterly GDP growth slowed from 3.5% in Q3 to 1.9% in the BEA's advance estimate for 2016 Q4, business investment rebounded. For 2016 as a whole, business investment growth was non-existent, a result of weak earnings growth in some sectors (e.g. mining, energy) and a general corporate preference for returning profits directly to shareholders through buybacks and dividends. By investment type, aggregate equipment investment, shown above in light blue, critically increased in Q4 over its Q3 level, but remains below its 2015 level. In 2017, tax and trade policies, input prices, and consumption behavior will affect corporate profits, which, combined with the cost of capital and perceived future business prospects, will determine investment.

# **High-frequency indicators**



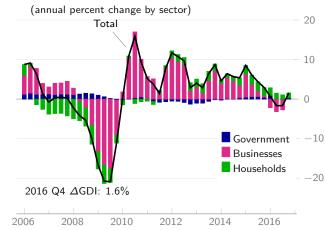
#### Macroeconomic Indicators: Overview

Components of real gross domestic product (GDP)



FRED: GDPC1; GCEC1; GPDIC1; NETEXC; PCECC96

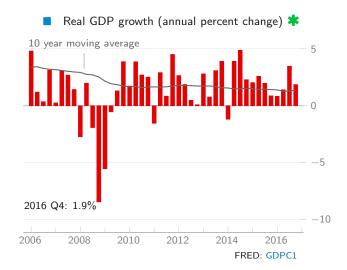
Gross domestic investment (GDI)

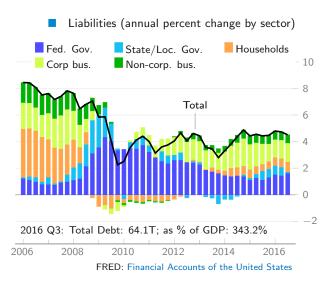


FRED: Saving and Investment by Sector

Retail sales excluding food (annual percent change) \*





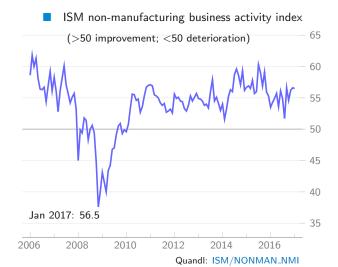


Inventories to sales ratio 1.45 1.35 1.3 1.25 Dec 2016: 1.35 1.2 2006 2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 FRED: ISRATIO

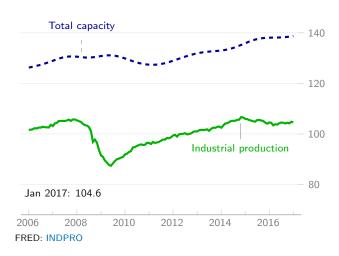
#### Macroeconomic Indicators: Businesses

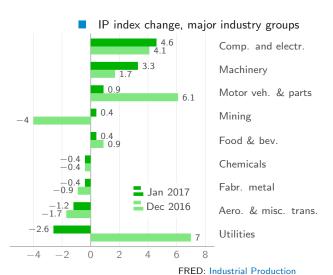
ISM manufacturing purchasing managers' index





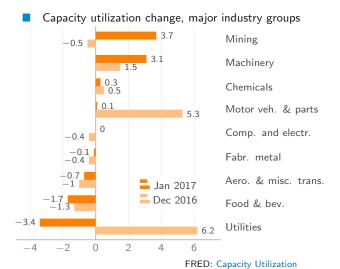
Industrial production (IP) index (2012=100) \*



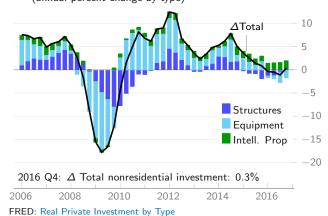


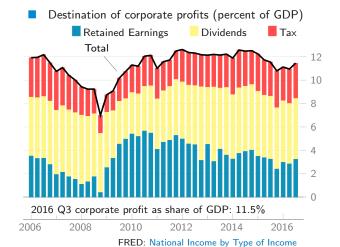
Total capacity utilization (percent of capacity)



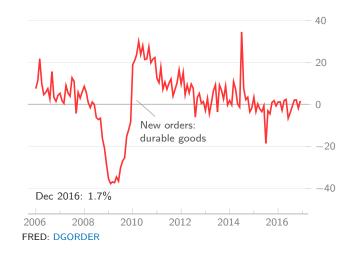


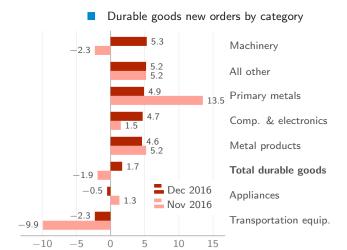
#### Real nonresidential fixed investment (annual percent change by type)





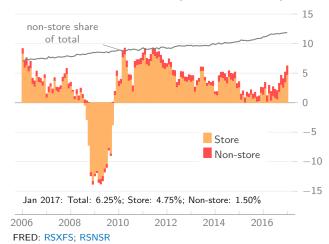
#### Durable goods new orders (annual percent change) \*





FRED: Manufacturer's Shipments, Inventories, and Orders (M3) Survey

#### Retail sales, store vs. non-store (annual growth rate)

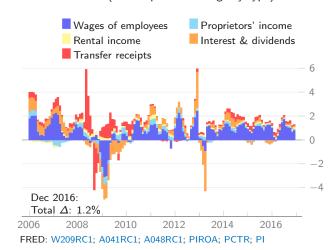


#### FRBSF tech pulse index (2000=100)

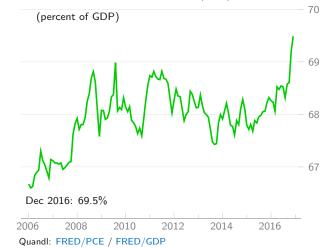


#### Macroeconomic Indicators: Households

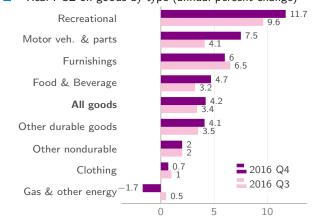
#### Personal income (annual percent change by type)



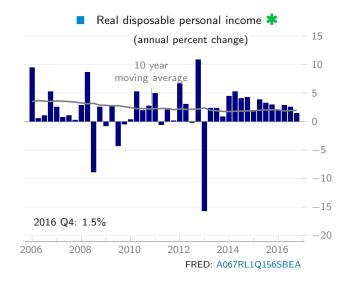
#### Personal consumption expenditure (PCE)



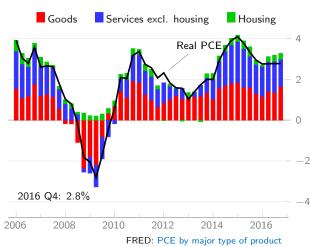
### Real PCE on goods by type (annual percent change)



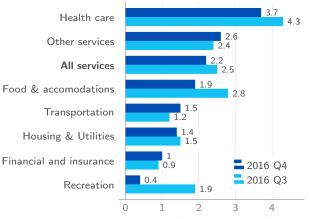
FRED: Real PCE by Major Type of Product



#### ■ Real PCE by category (annual percent change) \*



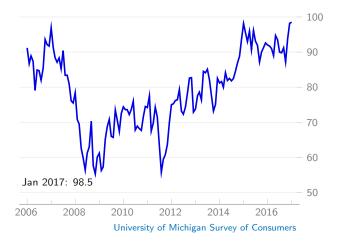
#### Real PCE on services by type (annual percent change)



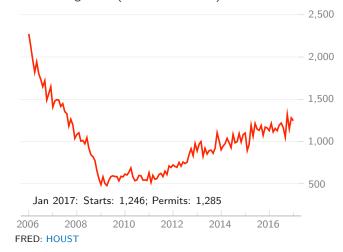
■ PCE on durable goods (percent of GDP) \*



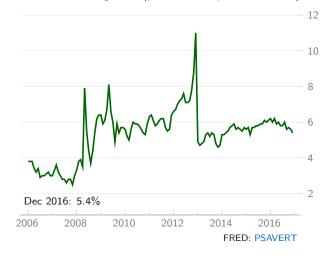
■ University of Michigan consumer sentiment index



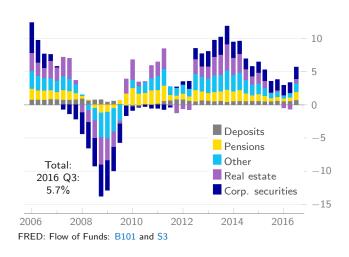
New housing starts (thousands of units)



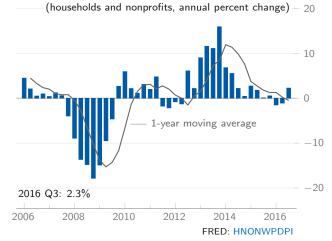
Personal savings rate (percent of disposable income)



Household and nonprofits assets (annual growth rate)

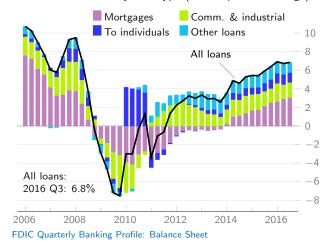


Net wealth as percent of gross disposable income



# **Depository Corporations**

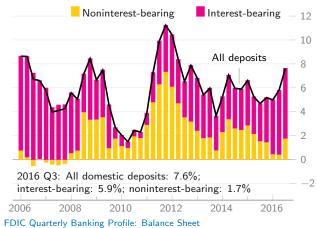
Value of bank loans by loan type (annual percent change)

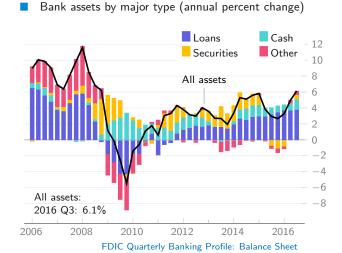


Domestic loans and deposits (annual percent change)

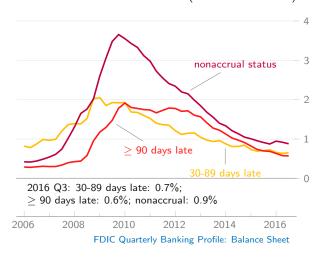


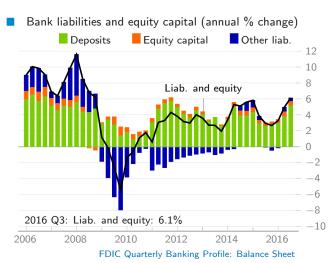
Domestic deposits (annual percent change)





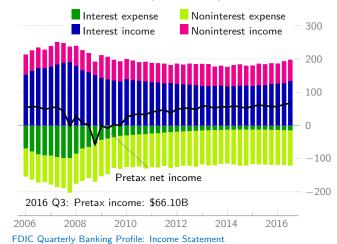
Noncurrent loans (share of total loans)

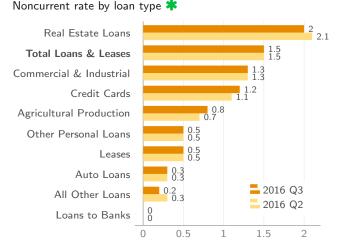




\*: Key indicator

#### Bank income and expense (USD billions)



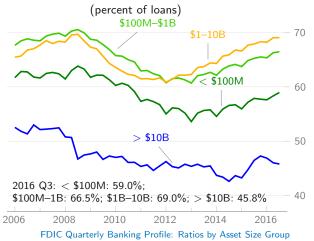


FDIC Quarterly Banking Profile: Loan Performance

Civilian unemployment rates (U-3 and U-6) \*

# Bank return on equity (ROE) 10 0 -102016 Q3: 9.7% -152006 2008 2016 2010 2012 2014 FDIC Quarterly Banking Profile

#### Loans to assets ratio by total bank assets



#### **Labor Markets**

U6 rate includes discouraged workers and those part time for economic reasons U3 U6

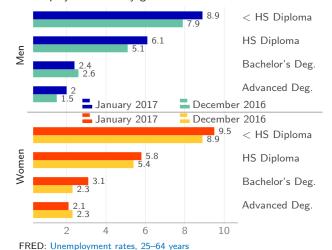
15 Jan 2017: U3: 4.8%; U6: 9.4% 2006 2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 FRED: UNRATE, U6RATE



#### Share of unemployed by duration



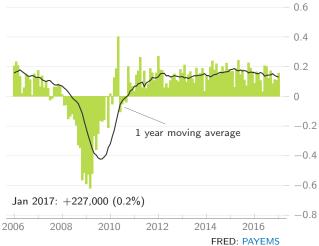
#### Unemployment rate by gender and education level



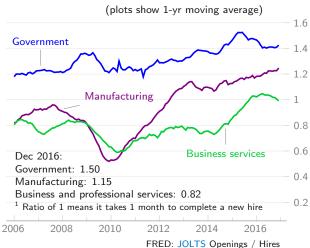
## Payroll growth by sector (annual percent change)



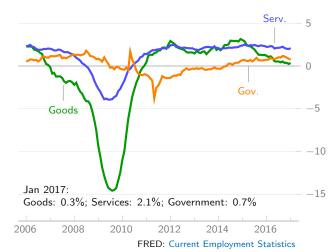




# Job openings per hire, ratio by sector<sup>1</sup>

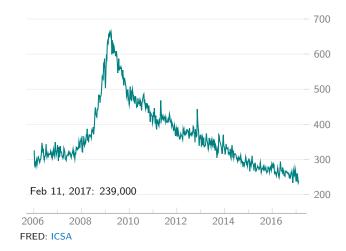


#### Payrolls (annual percent change by major category)



FRED: Current Employment Statistics

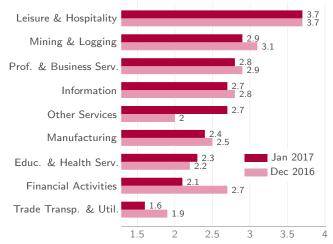
#### New jobless claims (weekly, thousands)



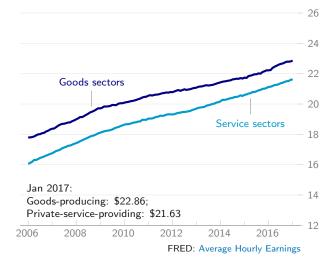
#### Real median weekly wage (1982–84 dollars)



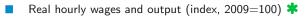
#### Nominal average hourly wage (annual percent change)

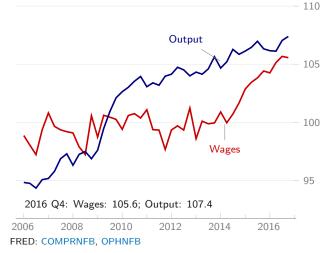


Nominal average hourly wages (USD)



FRED: Average Hourly Earnings



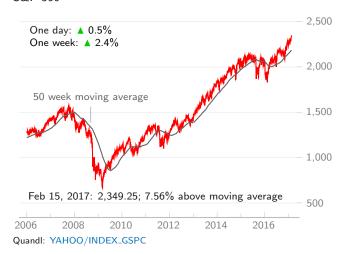


#### Labor share of output (index, 2005=100)

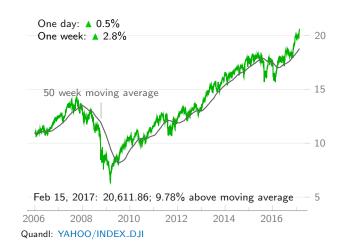


# **Equity Markets**

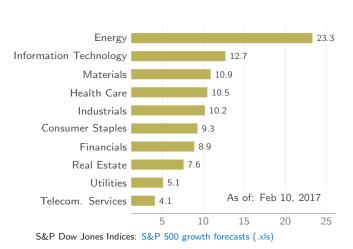
#### S&P 500



#### Dow Jones Industrial Average (thousands)



#### S&P 500 five-year growth forecast by sector



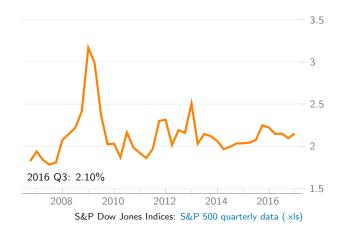
#### NASDAQ Composite Index



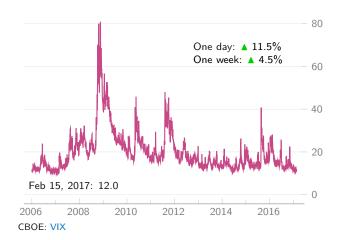
## ...combined and indexed (2006=100)



#### ■ S&P 500 dividend yield (percent)



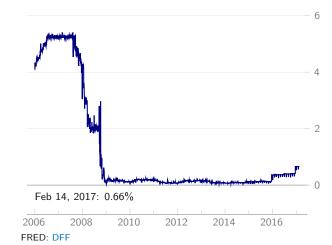
CBOE volatility index (VIX) \*





# Money and Interest Rates

Effective fed funds rate \*





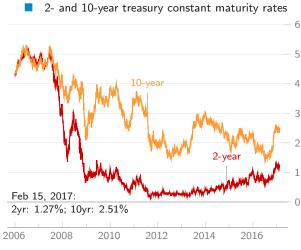
Components of the M2 money supply 80 (Percent of GDP) Retail money funds 60 40 CDs Savings deposits 20 Checkable deposits Dec 2016: Total M2/GDP: 70.3% Currency 2006 2008 2012 2014 2016 2010 FRED: M2SL; SAVINGSL; (CURRSL + TVCKSSL); (DEMDEPSL + OCDSL); STDSL; RMFSL / GDP



#### Treasury bond real yield by maturity



Quandl: USTREASURY/REALYIELD

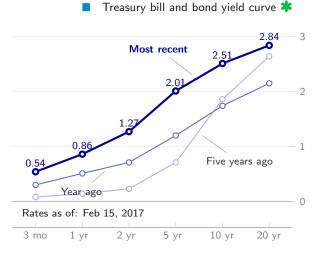


Quandl: USTREASURY/YIELD

#### Treasury yield spreads

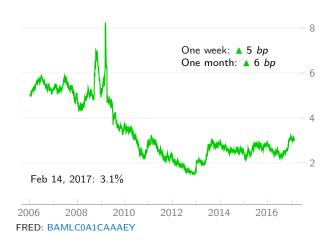


Quandl: FRED/YIELD - FRED/BILLRATES

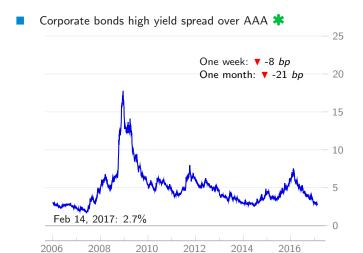


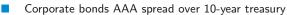
 ${\bf Quandl:\ USTREASURY/YIELD}$ 

#### Corporate bonds AAA (effective yield)

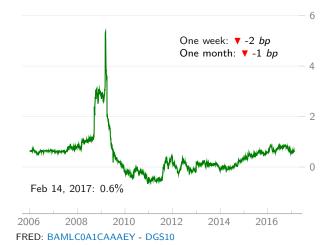








FRED: BAMLH0A0HYM2EY - BAMLC0A1CAAAEY

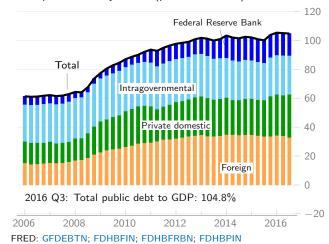


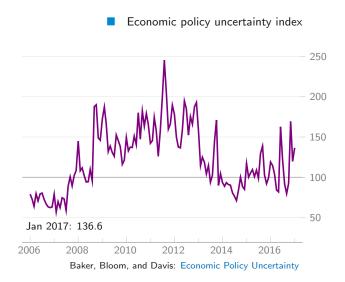
# One week: ▼ -10 bp One month: ▼ -22 bp 20 Feb 14, 2017: 3.3% 0 FRED: BAMLHOA0HYM2EY - DGS10



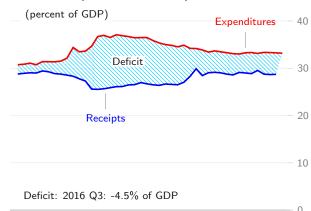
# **Government and Policy**

■ Total public debt by holder (percent of GDP)





Government expenditures and receipts \*



2012

2014

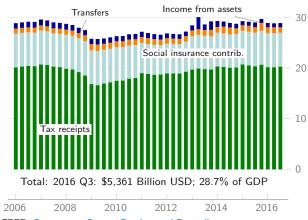
2008 FRED: GEXPND; GRECPT

2006

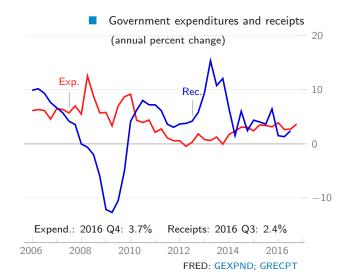
Government current receipts by type

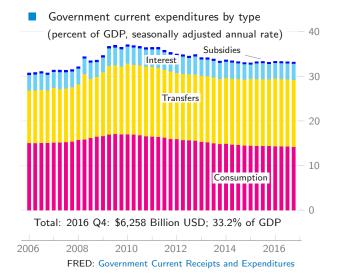
2010

(percent of GDP, seasonally adjusted annual rate)



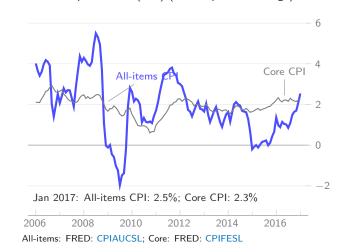
FRED: Government Current Receipts and Expenditures



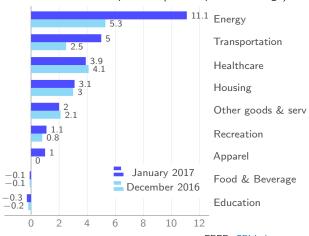


# **Prices**

Consumer price index (CPI) (annual percent change) \*



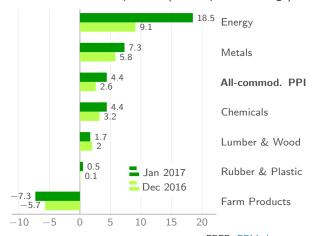
CPI components (annual percent change)



Producer price index, all commodities (PPIACO)



PPIACO selected components (annual percent change)

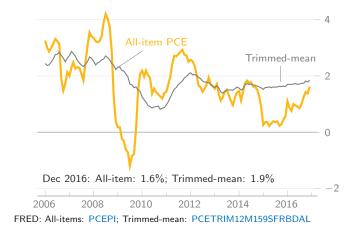


FRED: PPI Indexes





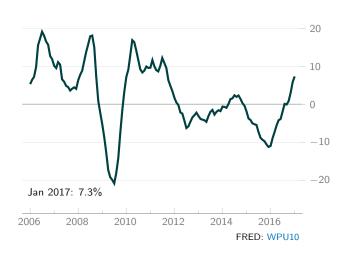
PCE chain-type price index (annual percent change)



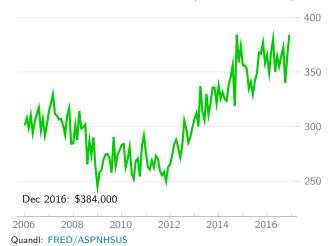
Oil price (USD per barrel, WTI)



PPI growth: metals (annual percent change)



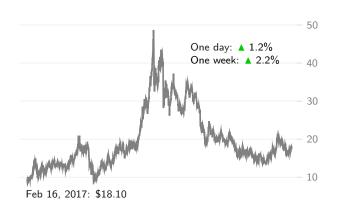
#### Average sales price for new houses (thousands of USD)





#### ■ Gold price (USD per ounce)





2012

2014

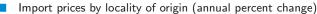
2016

Quandl: LBMA/SILVER

Silver price (USD per ounce)

#### Export and import prices (annual percent change)





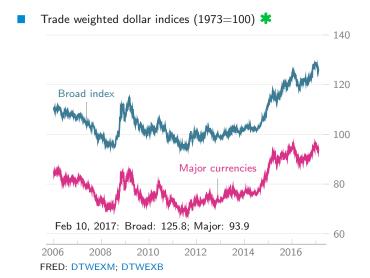
2010

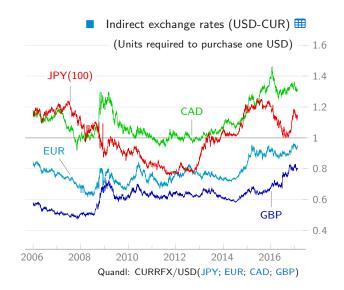
2006

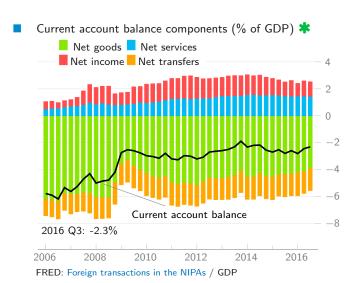
2008

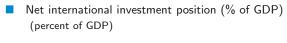


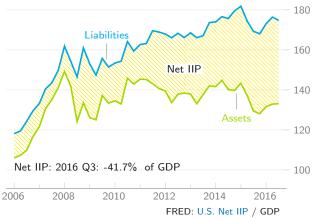
#### Trade and External Sector Indicators



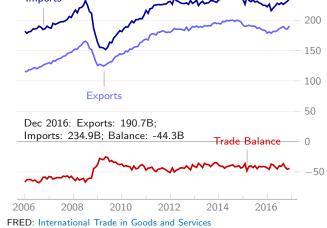








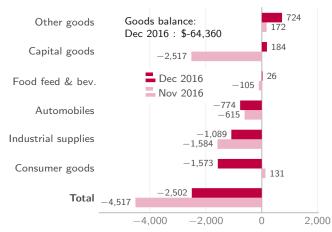




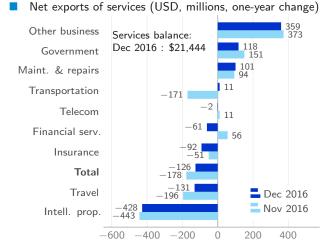


Trade balance (goods and services, percent of GDP)

#### Net exports of goods (USD, millions, one-year change)



U.S. Census Bureau: U.S. International Trade in Goods



FRED: U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services

# **Capital Flows**

#### Foreign holdings of U.S. securities (annual % change)



Treasury International Capital (TIC) System

# Foreign purchases and sales of U.S. securities

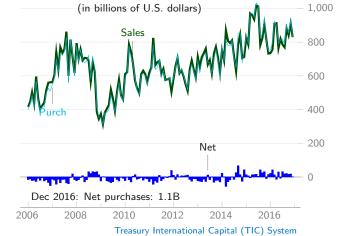




#### ■ U.S. holdings of foreign securities (annual % change)



■ U.S. purchases and sales of foreign securities



: Key indicator

# **Exchange Rate Table**

■ Indirect exchange rates against the US Dollar ( ■ USD)

Currency	$Rate^1$	1 day % ch.	1 week % ch.	1 month % ch.	1 year % ch.	1 year high	1 year low	Updated:
○ EUR	0.943	▲ 0.02	▲ 0.53	▲ 0.90	▲ 2.92	0.962	0.867	2017-02-16
GBP	0.802	▲ 0.02	▲ 0.24	▼ -0.62	▲ 10.07	0.831	0.671	2017-02-16
• JPY	114.091	▼ -0.02	▲ 0.57	▲ 1.07	▲ 0.38	118.253	99.988	2017-02-16
CAD	1.307	▲ 0.02	<b>▼</b> -0.49	▲ 0.07	▼ -5.49	1.380	1.253	2017-02-16
■ MXN	20.285	▼ -0.01	▼ -0.38	▼ -6.06	<b>▲</b> 9.89	21.921	17.178	2017-02-16
<b>₩</b> AUD	1.295	▲ 0.02	<b>▼</b> -1.24	▼ -2.24	▼ -8.32	1.403	1.281	2017-02-16
CNY	6.868	▲ 0.05	▼ -0.02	▼ -0.44	<b>▲</b> 4.92	6.957	6.439	2017-02-15
CHF	1.005	▲ 0.04	▲ 0.37	▲ 0.21	▲ 0.83	1.030	0.953	2017-02-16
<b>™</b> NZD	1.384	▲ 0.02	▼ -0.38	▼ -0.25	▼ -9.58	1.517	1.341	2017-02-16
SEK	8.921	▲ 0.05	▲ 0.20	▲ 0.26	<b>▲</b> 4.06	9.404	7.965	2017-02-16
NOK	8.344	▲ 0.06	▲ 0.13	▼ -1.38	<b>▼</b> -4.16	8.712	7.971	2017-02-16
DKK	7.011	▲ 0.03	▲ 0.54	▲ 0.86	▲ 2.60	7.155	6.455	2017-02-16
RUB	57.537	▲ 0.56	▼ -2.27	▼ -3.06	▼ -32.68	76.340	56.840	2017-02-16
<b>☆</b> HKD	7.760	0.00	▲ 0.02	▲ 0.05	▼ -0.21	7.776	7.753	2017-02-16
SGD	1.418	0.00	▼ -0.26	▼ -0.01	▲ 0.66	1.451	1.337	2017-02-16
C* TRY	3.657	▲ 0.03	▼ -0.69	▼ -2.74	▲ 18.30	3.877	2.796	2017-02-16
** KRW	1133.700	▲ 0.02	<b>▼</b> -1.39	▼ -2.24	▼ -9.48	1241.130	1090.050	2017-02-16
ZAR	12.914	▲ 0.03	▼ -3.91	▼ -4.21	▼ -25.13	16.160	12.911	2017-02-16
<b>♦</b> BRL	3.056	▼ -0.89	<b>▼</b> -1.97	▼ -6.06	▼ -31.67	4.025	3.056	2017-02-15
■ INR	66.849	▲ 0.06	▼ -0.29	<b>▼</b> -1.86	▼ -2.81	68.805	66.133	2017-02-15
⇒ ILS	3.730	▲ 0.06	▼ -0.25	<b>▼</b> -1.88	<b>▼</b> -4.73	3.911	3.727	2017-02-16
EGP	16.450	0.00	▼ -9.12	▼ -14.89	▲ 52.56	19.620	7.652	2017-02-15
IDR	13326.000	0.00	▲ 0.27	▼ -0.26	▼ -0.74	13667.000	12770.000	2017-02-15
ТНВ	34.980	0.00	▼ -0.20	▼ -0.80	▼ -0.74	35.990	34.196	2017-02-16
MYR	4.447	0.00	▲ 0.22	▼ -0.29	▲ 6.49	4.496	3.835	2017-02-16
ARS	15.350	▼ -0.66	▼ -1.95	▼ -3.25	▼ -1.00	16.060	13.735	2017-02-15
СОР	2868.100	0.00	▼ -0.17	▼ -2.40	<b>▼</b> -14.90	3297.700	2829.000	2017-02-15
CLP	638.440	▼ -0.38	<b>▼</b> -1.58	▼ -3.71	▼ -8.55	696.445	638.440	2017-02-15

 ${\sf Quandl:\ CURRFX/USD(CUR)}$ 

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 $<sup>^{1}\ \</sup>mbox{The number of units of foreign currency required to purchase one U.S. dollar.$