METLIB utility package modified for new Fortran

Version 4.0

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METLIB is a utility package originally written in Fortran 77[1] but has now been adapted to the new Fortran standard as a module. Most of the depreciated features has been removed and the "implicit none" declaration has been added to all the routines and the module as whole. It contains some routines that are now obsolete like concatenation of character variables and there may still be problems with features that will be depreciated as the new Fortran standard develops, please indicate any problems to the OC development team: support@pencalphad.com.

It contains calls to two C routines:

- The first is "getkex" which is a routine to read keyboard input character by character to allow command line editing. The original routine "getkey" was developed by John S. Urban in 2009.
- The other C routine is tinyfiledialogs to have a browser to open files for read and write. It was developed by Guillaume Vareille in 2014-2018.

There are some compiler switches available:

- -Dlixed include the getkex routine for command editing. It is not needed on Windows as Windows provides command line editing.
- -Dtinyfd include the tinyfiledialog as file browser.
- -Dlixhlp activate the online help on Linux and Mac OS. On Linux it also select the firefox browser.
- -Dmachlp specify the browser 0n Mac OS.
 - On Windows the Explorer browser is used by default. The online help uses the "hypertarget" feature of HTML and LaTeX to find the relevant help text.

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1 Introduction

This is a utility packge originally written in F77 and now converted to the new Fortran. It is a separate module and remaining depreciated features will be removed as soon as possible.

2 User interface

Most of the routines here deal with user interaction, asking for input, decoding commands and providing online help. For the online help the **hypertarget** feature in HTML is now used exclusively. The User Guide contains such hypertargets and whenever a question is asked the routine has such a target as argument and if the user types a? the target is used as answer to a question. The help is provided in a browser window where the text in the User Guide is positioned at the place indicated by the hypertarget for the question, see section 4.5.2.

For help at menu commands the menu is provided if the user types? but if the user types?? extended help by the browser is provided.

2.1 Error handling

Handling input errors is one of the main difficulties in interactive programming. The routines in this package tries to detect such errors as early as possible and raise an error flag with an error code. This error code (0=no error) must be tested after each subroutine or function call and it is the responsibility of the calling routine to take the appropriate action.

At present the error code in the metlib package is not fully integrated in the OC error handling.

3 Data structures

Some of the global data structures which is presently declared in the model package "gtp", for example the error handling, will be moved to this package when convenient.

There are a few data structures inside the metlib package. These are for the symbol manipulations, the "PUTFUN" package, to allow defining expressions of state variables like the heat capacity "H.T" and for history and online help.

3.1 Data structure for PUTFUN

PUTFUN is a utility to store Fortran like expressions like a binary tree ad refer to it as a symbol. In this expression one can use other symbols or external variables such as state

variables, the values of which are provided when calculating the symbols.

```
! Data structures in METLIB
 TYPE putfun_node
! all nodes of function stored as part of a binary tree
! kod is operation kod (0 datanod), links is how many links to this node
     integer kod, links
! this is the sequential order the node is allocated (for debugging)
     integer debug
! each node has a left and a right link. If the left node is empty the
! right is normally a data node
     TYPE(putfun_node), pointer :: left,right
! A data node can have a numeric value and/or a link to another function
     double precision value
! this is an identification of external symbols
     integer dataid
 end TYPE putfun_node
! BEWARE entering putfuns cannot be made in parallel processing
! but one may evaluate them in different threads
! PUTFUNNVAR is associated with external symbols in the LOKV array
 integer, private :: putfunvar
 TYPE PUTFUN_STACK
     type(putfun_node), pointer ::savetop, savebin, saveuni
     type(putfun_stack), pointer :: previous
 end TYPE PUTFUN_STACK
 type(putfun_stack), pointer :: stacktop
! topnod is the current top node
! lastopnod is last binary opkod node
! datanod is last data node
 TYPE(putfun_node), private, pointer :: topnod,datanod,lastopnod
 integer pfnerr, debuginc
! end data structures for PUTFUN
```

3.2 Data structures for history and online help

There are also data structures for the command history and to provide online help using a web browser.

```
! data structures for history and help
!
  integer, parameter :: histlines=100
```

```
TYPE CHISTORY
! to save the last 20 lines of commands
     character*80 hline(histlines)
     integer :: hpos=0
 END TYPE CHISTORY
 type(chistory) :: myhistory
    integer, parameter :: maxhelplevel=15
! A help structure used in new on-line help system
! this was designed for both LaTeX and HTML help, now only HTML
    TYPE help_str
       integer :: okinit=0
       character*128 filename
       character*8 type
       integer level
       character*32, dimension(maxhelplevel) :: cpath
    END TYPE help_str
! this record is used to file the appropriate help text
    type(help_str), save :: helprec
! this is useful to add %\section and %\subsection in helpfile
    logical :: helptrace=.FALSE.
! using browser and html files for on-line help
 type onlinehelp
! if htmlhelp is TRUE then browser is the path/name of browser
! htmlfile is full path/name of html file
! target is used to find the relevant text the html file
! values of browser and htmlfile set by the main program (and htmlhelp=.TRUE.)
! The value of target is found searching the original LaTeX file!!
! In this file there are \hypertarget{target} which can be searched in the
! html file as <a id="target" />
! Searching the LaTeX file the help system will find a section
! matching the history of commands/questions the user has given
! and the target in the first \hypertarget {target} found within these lines
! will be used for the help displayed in the browser window
     logical :: htmlhelp=.FALSE.
     character*128 browser
     character*128 htmlfile
     character*128 latexfile
     character*64 target
  end type onlinehelp
  type(onlinehelp) :: ochelp
  save ochelp
! end data structures for history and help
```

3.3 System dependent variables

There are 3 system dependent constants needed for the WPACK routines defined in the beginning of METLIB:

- nwpr (Number of Words Per Real, default 2 as double precision is always used),
- nbitpw (Number of BITs per Word, default 32) and
- nbpw (Number of Bytes per Word, default 4).

```
! >>>>>> SYSTEM DEPENDENT <<<<<<<
! nbpw is number if bytes per INTEGER, nwpr number of words per (double) real
! nbitpw number of bits per word
! USED when WPACK routines store data in integer workspace
    integer, parameter :: nbpw=4,nwpr=2,nbitpw=32
! >>>>>> SYSTEM DEPENDENT <<<<<<<</pre>
```

4 Subroutines and functions

A complete list of subroutines and functions in alphabetical order (including the type of function) can be found in section 6. A rough arrangement of the routines belonging together has been made.

4.1 Sorting

There are 4 routines for sorting arrays of reals, double precision, integers and characters. 3 of them use the "quiksort" algorithm but the fourth is a simple "bubblesort" for characters with maximum length of 40 letters. None of them are used in any time-critical part of the OC software.

```
SUBROUTINE SORTRD(ARR,N,IX)
! ...SORTING REAL NUMBERS IN ASCENDING ORDER
! INPUT:
! ARR ARRAY TO BE SORTED
! N NUMBER OF ELEMENTS TO BE SORTED >1
! IX INTEGER ARRAY WITH DIMENSION N
! EXIT:
! ARR SORTED ARRAY
! IX ARRAY WHERE IX(I) IS THE PREVIOS INDEX OF ARR(I)
implicit none
real ARR(*)
```

```
integer n,ix(*)
 SUBROUTINE SORTRDD (ARR, N, IX)
! ...SORTING DOUBLE PRECISION NUMBERS IN DECENDING ORDER
! INPUT:
       ARR.
            ARRAY TO BE SORTED
      N
            NUMBER OF ELEMENTS TO BE SORTED >1
       IX
            INTEGER ARRAY WITH DIMENSION N
! EXIT:
      ARR
            SORTED ARRAY
            ARRAY WHERE IX(I) IS THE PREVIOS INDEX OF ARR(I)
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
   implicit none
   double precision ARR(*)
   integer n,ix(*)
 SUBROUTINE SORTIN(IARR,N,IX)
! ...SORTING INTEGERS IN ASCENDING ORDER
! INPUT:
       IARR
            ARRAY TO BE SORTED
      N
           NUMBER OF ELEMENTS TO BE SORTED >1
            INTEGER ARRAY WITH DIMENSION N
       IX
! EXIT:
       IARR
             SORTED ARRAY
            ARRAY WHERE IX(I) IS THE PREVIOS INDEX OF IARR(I)
       IX
   implicit none
   integer IARR(*),n,ix(*)
_____
 SUBROUTINE SSORT (CMD, NS, INDEX)
!...SORTING a character array, max 40 characters long
   implicit none
   CHARACTER CMD(*)*(*)
   integer ns,index(*)
```

4.2 Routines to handle characters

Character manipulations is always a problem, these were originally designed for f77. Some of them can now be replaced by intrinsic routines.

4.2.1 Convert lower to upper case

```
LOGICAL FUNCTION ucletter(ch1)
! returns TRUE if the character is A to Z
  implicit none
```

```
character ch1*1
------
CHARACTER FUNCTION BIGLET(CHA)
!...CONVERTS ONE CHARACTER FROM LOWER TO UPPER CASE
   implicit none
   CHARACTER*1 CHA
----------
SUBROUTINE capson(text)
! converts lower case ASCII a-z to upper case A-Z, no other changes
   implicit none
   character text*(*)
```

4.2.2 Scan for next non-blank character

This is very frequently used to skip spaces inside a character string (user input) to find the next non-blank letter. If all characters are spaces it returns TRUE, otherwise FALSE and the position if the non-blank character is indicated in the IP variable.

```
LOGICAL FUNCTION EOLCH(STR,IP)

!...End of Line CHeck, TO SKIP SPACES FROM IP. RETURNS .TRUE. IF ONLY SPACES
!....MODIFIED TO SKIP TAB CHARACTERS ALSO
implicit none
CHARACTER STR*(*)
integer ip
integer, parameter :: ITAB=9
```

4.2.3 Extract a number from a character

Input is always read as a character string, these routines can extract a number from the character. Frequent use of the EOLCH routine to allow any number of blank characters between items.

```
integer last
    double precision val
_____
 SUBROUTINE GETRELS(SVAR, LAST, VALUE, ISIG)
!...DECODES A REAL NUMBER FROM A TEXT
       IT MAY BE PRECEEDED BY SPACES AND A + OR -
       THERE MUST BE AT LEAST ONE NUMBER BEFORE OR AFTER A PERIOD
      THERE MUST BE AT LEAST ONE NUMBER BEFORE AN "E" OR "D"
       AFTER AN "E" OR "D" THERE MAY BE A + OR - AND MUST BE ONE OR TWO NUMBERS
! 840310 CHANGE TO ALLOW SPACES AFTER A SIGN I.E. + 2.2 IS ALLOWED
! 860201 EXPONENTIAL D ACCEPTED
! 100910 F95 version
! ISIG is zero if no sign, needed to separte terms inside expressions
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    implicit none
    character svar*(*)
    integer last, isig
    double precision value
 INTEGER FUNCTION GPS(SVAR, LAST, VALUE)
!...DECODES A NUMBER WITH OR WITHOUT A SIGN
    implicit none
    DOUBLE PRECISION VALUE
    CHARACTER SVAR*(*)
    integer last
 INTEGER FUNCTION GPN(SVAR, LAST, VALUE)
!...DECODES A NUMBER WITHOUT SIGN
    DOUBLE PRECISION VALUE
    implicit none
    CHARACTER SVAR*(*)
    integer last
    double precision value
```

4.2.4 Extract an integer, octal or hexadecimal number

Integer, octal or hexadecimal number are extracted from the character. The position in the character to start looking for the number is provided in the call.

```
SUBROUTINE GETINT(SVAR,LAST,IVAL)
!...DECODES AN INTEGER FROM A TEXT
! IT MAY BE PRECCEDED BY SPACES AND A + OR -
! IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
implicit none
CHARACTER SVAR*(*)
```

```
integer last, ival
 SUBROUTINE GETINM(SVAR, LAST, IVAL)
! ...IDENTICAL TO GETINT EXCEPT THAT A TERMINATING COMMA ",", IS SKIPPED
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    implicit none
    CHARACTER SVAR*(*)
    integer last, ival
 SUBROUTINE GETOCT(LINE, IP, IVAL)
!...DECODE AN OCTAL NUMBER
    implicit none
    CHARACTER LINE*(*)
    integer ip, ival
 SUBROUTINE GETHEX(LINE, IP, IVAL)
!...DECODE A HEXADECIMAL NUMBER
    implicit none
    CHARACTER LINE*(*)
    integer ip, ival
```

4.2.5 Extract a text or name from a character

Names of various items can be extracted from a character variable. A name should always start with a letter a-z, lower or upper case. This routine allows different ways of terminating the name. The position in the character to start looking for the name is provided in the call.

```
subroutine getname(text,ip,name,mode,ch1)
! reading a species name, this should be incorporated in metlib,
    implicit none
    character text*(*),name*(*),ch1*1
    integer ip, mode
 SUBROUTINE GETEXT (SVAR, LAST, JTYP, STRING, CDEF, LENC)
!...SVAR SHALL CONTAIN A TEXT. SCAN STARTS AT POSITION LAST.
       STRING IS SET TO THE FIRST NONBLANK CHARACTER UP TO THE TERMINATOR.
       CDEF IS A DEFAULT VAUE IF SVAR IS EMPTY.
      LENC IS THE LENGTH OF THE TEXT IN STRING
       JTYP DEFINES THE TERMINATION OF A STRING
       1 TEXT TERMINATED BY SPACE OR ","
      2 TEXT TERMINATED BY SPACE
      3 TEXT TERMINATED BY ";" OR "."
      4 TEXT TERMINATED BY ";"
      5 TEXT UP TO END-OF-LINE
       6 TEXT UP TO AND INCLUDING ";"
```

```
! 7 text terminated by space but if first char is ', " up to next ' or "
! 8 text terminated by space but if first char is (, {, [ or < all text until matching ), }, ] or >. Possibly including more ( ) etc.
! >31, THE CHAR(JTYP) IS USED AS TERMINATING CHARACTER implicit none
! IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z) CHARACTER SVAR*(*),CDEF*(*),STRING*(*) integer last,jtyp,lenc
```

4.3 Some routines for writing text

These routine are used to edit a real or integer number left justified into a character. There are also routines to write formatted output with a specified line length and left margin on a file

```
SUBROUTINE WRINUM(STR, IP, NNW, JSIGN, VALUE)
!...EDITS A REAL NUMBER INTO STR WITH LEAST NUMBER OF DIGITS
      NNW IS MAXIMUM NUMBER OF SIGNIFICANT DIGITS (0<NNW<16)
       JSIGN >O INDICATES THAT + SIGN SHOULD BE WRITTEN
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
   implicit none
   CHARACTER STR*(*)
   integer ip,nnw,jsign
   double precision value
 subroutine wriint(text,ipos,int)
! write an integer in text from position ipos (left adjusted)
   implicit none
   character text*(*),number*16
   integer ipos, int, jp
_____
 SUBROUTINE WRIHEX(STR, IVAL)
!...TO WRITE AN INTEGER AS HEXADECIMAL
    LOGICAL TESTB
   implicit none
   CHARACTER STR*(*)
   integer ival
 subroutine wrice(lut,margl1,margl2,maxl,str)
! writes str on unit lut with left margin largl1 for first line, margl2 for all
! following lines, max length maxl characters (assuming typewriter font)
   implicit none
   integer lut, margl1, margl2, maxl
   character str*(*)
_____
```

```
subroutine wrice2(lut,margl1,margl2,maxl,lbreak,str)
! writes str on unit lut with left margin largl1 for first line, margl2 for all
! following lines, max length maxl characters (assuming typewriter font)
! lbreak>0 for writing math expression, with stricter linebreak rules
! lbreak<0 for breaking only at space
    implicit none
    character str*(*)
    integer lut, margl1, margl2, max1, lbreak
 subroutine cwricend(str,lbeg,lend,lbreak)
! find a possible place for a newline in str going back from lend
! but not bypassing lbeg. str is a numerical expression.
! lbreak>0 means stricter rules (mathematical expression)
! lbreak<0 means break only at space
    implicit none
    character str*(*)
    integer lbeg, lend, lbreak
```

4.4 Command interpreter

These routines are used to interpret commands from the user. They are also connected to the history and online help routines to provide interactive help to a user. The command interpreter supports a MACRO facility to read commands from a file.

```
INTEGER FUNCTION NCOMP(SVAR, COMM, NC, NEXT)
! SUBROUTINE NCOMP
    implicit none
    integer nc, next, ient
    CHARACTER SVAR*(*), COMM(NC)*(*)
 INTEGER FUNCTION NCOMP2(SVAR, COMM, NC, NEXT)
! SUBROUTINE NCOMP2
    implicit none
    integer nc,next,ient
    CHARACTER SVAR*(*), COMM(NC)*(*)
 INTEGER FUNCTION NCOMP3(SVAR, COMM, NC, NEXT)
! SUBROUTINE NCOMP3
    implicit none
    integer nc, next, ient
    CHARACTER SVAR*(*), COMM(NC)*(*)
 INTEGER FUNCTION NCOMPX(SVAR, COMM, NC, NEXT, IENT)
! ...TO DECODE A COMMAND
    implicit none
```

```
CHARACTER SVAR*(*), COMM(NC)*(*) integer nc,next,ient
```

4.5 Prompt for command argument

After a command the user is normally asked for arguments of the command and the routines in this section either pick up arguments from the same input line as the command or it will prompt the user for the arguments.

If the user types? or?? as answer to a question the help routines will try to provide help either as part of the code or from the user guide.

4.5.1 Old routines to prompt for integer, real or character

These are depreciated prompt routines replaced by those in the next section.

```
SUBROUTINE GPARID (PROMT, SVAR, LAST, IVAL, IDEF, HELP)
! ask for integer value with default
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*)
    integer last, ival, idef
    EXTERNAL HELP
______
 SUBROUTINE GPARI_old(PROMT,SVAR,LAST,IVAL,IDEF,HELP)
! ask for integer value woth no default
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, 0-Z)
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*)
    integer last, ival, idef
   EXTERNAL HELP
 SUBROUTINE GPARR_old(PROMT,SVAR,LAST,VAL,RDEF,HELP)
! asks for a double with no default
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, 0-Z)
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*)
    integer last
    double precision val, rdef
    EXTERNAL HELP
 SUBROUTINE GPARRD_old(PROMT, SVAR, LAST, VAL, RDEF, HELP)
! ask for a double with default provided
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    implicit none
```

```
CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*)
    integer last
    EXTERNAL HELP
    double precision val, rdef
 SUBROUTINE GPARC_old(PROMT, SVAR, LAST, JTYP, SVAL, CDEF, HELP)
! read a character without default
    implicit none
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
   CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*), CDEF*(*), SVAL*(*)
    integer last, jtyp
    EXTERNAL HELP
_____
 SUBROUTINE GPARCD_old(PROMT, SVAR, LAST, JTYP, SVAL, CDEF, HELP)
! read a character with default provided
    implicit none
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*), CDEF*(*), SVAL*(*)
    integer last, jtyp
    EXTERNAL HELP
 subroutine GQARRD(PROMT,SVAR,LAST,VAL,RDEF,HELP)
! read real with default
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*)
    integer last, ival
    character*1 str,cdef
    double precision val, rdef
    EXTERNAL HELP
  subroutine GQARR(PROMT, SVAR, LAST, VAL, RDEF, HELP)
! read real without default
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*)
    integer last, ival
    EXTERNAL HELP
    double precision val, rdef
    character*1 str,cdef
 SUBROUTINE GQARID (PROMT, SVAR, LAST, IVAL, IDEF, HELP)
! previously subroutine GPARID
!...SVAR SHALL CONTAIN A PARAMETER VALUE. IF EMPTY THE PARAMETER IS ASKED FOR
       USING PROMT AS OUTPUT STRING. IF NO ANSWER THE VALUE IN DEF IS RETURNED
       INTEGER VALUES. THE DEFAULT VALUE IS DISPLAYED IN THE PROMT WITHIN
       SLASHES. THE SAME ROUTINES WITHOUT THE FINAL D DOES NOT DISPALY THE
       DEFAULT VALUE
```

```
HELP IS A ROUTINE THAT WRITES AN EXPLAINING MESSAGE.
       LAST IS THE POSITION OF THE TERMINATOR OF THE FORMER PARAMETER OR
       COMMAND, DECODING STARTS FROM THE POSITION AFTER LAST
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*)
    integer last, ival, idef
    character*1 str,cdef
    double precision val
   EXTERNAL HELP
 subroutine GQARI(PROMT,SVAR,LAST,IVAL,IDEF,HELP)
! read integer with no default
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*)
    integer last, ival, idef
    character*1 str,cdef
    double precision val
    EXTERNAL HELP
 subroutine GQARCD(PROMT, SVAR, LAST, JTYP, STR, CDEF, HELP)
! TO READ A STRING VALUE with default
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*), str*(*), cdef*(*)
    integer last, jtyp
   EXTERNAL HELP
 SUBROUTINE gparall(PROMT, SVAR, LAST, IVAL, val, string, cdef, HELP)
! previously subroutine GPARID
!...SVAR SHALL CONTAIN A PARAMETER VALUE. IF EMPTY THE PARAMETER IS ASKED FOR
       USING PROMT AS OUTPUT STRING. IF NO ANSWER THE VALUE IN DEF IS RETURNED
       INTEGER VALUES. THE DEFAULT VALUE IS DISPLAYED IN THE PROMT WITHIN
       SLASHES. THE SAME ROUTINES WITHOUT THE FINAL D DOES NOT DISPALY THE
      DEFAULT VALUE
      HELP IS A ROUTINE THAT WRITES AN EXPLAINING MESSAGE.
      LAST IS THE POSITION OF THE TERMINATOR OF THE FORMER PARAMETER OR
       COMMAND, DECODING STARTS FROM THE POSITION AFTER LAST
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*), CH1*1, CDEF*(*), STRING*(*), SSD*30
    CHARACTER PPROMT*132, CH2*1
    LOGICAL EOLCH, SG2ERR, WDEF, MATP
    LOGICAL WDEF, MATP
    EXTERNAL HELP
 subroutine GQARC(PROMT,SVAR,LAST,JTYP,STR,CDEF,HELP)
! read a string without default
```

```
implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*)
    integer last, ival, jtyp
    EXTERNAL HELP
    double precision val
    character str*(*),cdef*(*)
    SUBROUTINE GPARFILE(PROMT, SVAR, LAST, JTYP, SVAL, CDEF, TYP, HELP)
! to ask for a file name using command line or external window
! prompt is question
! svar is a character variable which may already contain an answer
! last is position in svar to start searching for an answer
       JTYP DEFINES THE TERMINATION OF A STRING
       1 TEXT TERMINATED BY SPACE OR ","
       2 TEXT TERMINATED BY SPACE
       3 TEXT TERMINATED BY ";" OR "."
       4 TEXT TERMINATED BY ";"
       5 TEXT UP TO END-OF-LINE
       6 TEXT UP TO AND INCLUDING ";"
       7 TEXT TERMINATED BY SPACE OR "," BUT IGNORING SUCH INSIDE ( )
     >31, THE CHAR(JTYP) IS USED AS TERMINATING CHARACTER
! sval is the answer either extracted from SVAR or obtained by user input
! cdef is a default answer
! typ is default file extenion, at present only:
 1=".TDB", 2=".UNF", 3=".OCM"
! help is a help routine
    implicit none
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, 0-Z)
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*), CDEF*(*), SVAL*(*)
    integer last, jtyp
    EXTERNAL HELP
```

4.5.2 Prompt for integer, real or character

These are a new almost identical set of prompt routines for command arguments using the new help feature. There are separate routines to ask for a character, integer or double precision real. The routines may provide a default value within slashes, /value/, which is accepted if the user press the enter/return key or a comma "," on the command line.

The position to read in the character is provided in the call and this will always be incremented by 1 to bypass the terminator of any previous argument. This simplifies asking several questions after each other.

```
SUBROUTINE GPARIDx(PROMT,SVAR,LAST,IVAL,IDEF,hyper) ! ask for integer value with default
```

```
IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, 0-Z)
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*), hyper*(*)
    integer last, ival, idef
    EXTERNAL HELP
_____
 SUBROUTINE GPARIx(PROMT, SVAR, LAST, IVAL, IDEF, hyper)
! ask for integer value woth no default
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*), hyper*(*)
    integer last, ival, idef
    EXTERNAL HELP
_____
 SUBROUTINE GPARRx (PROMT, SVAR, LAST, VAL, RDEF, hyper)
! asks for a double with no default
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*), hyper*(*)
    integer last
    double precision val, rdef
    EXTERNAL HELP
 SUBROUTINE GPARRDx(PROMT, SVAR, LAST, VAL, RDEF, hyper)
! ask for a double with default provided
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, 0-Z)
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*), hyper*(*)
    integer last
    EXTERNAL HELP
   double precision val, rdef
 SUBROUTINE GPARCDx(PROMT, SVAR, LAST, JTYP, SVAL, CDEF, hyper)
! read a character with default provided
    implicit none
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*), CDEF*(*), SVAL*(*), hyper*(*)
    integer last, jtyp
   EXTERNAL HELP
 SUBROUTINE GPARCX(PROMT, SVAR, LAST, JTYP, SVAL, CDEF, hyper)
! read a character with default provided and hypertarget
    implicit none
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*), CDEF*(*), SVAL*(*), hyper*(*)
    integer last, jtyp
    EXTERNAL HELP now always use Q4HELP
```

```
SUBROUTINE GQARIDX (PROMT, SVAR, LAST, IVAL, IDEF, hyper)
!...SVAR SHALL CONTAIN A PARAMETER VALUE. IF EMPTY THE PARAMETER IS ASKED FOR
       USING PROMT AS OUTPUT STRING. IF NO ANSWER THE VALUE IN DEF IS RETURNED
       INTEGER VALUES. THE DEFAULT VALUE IS DISPLAYED IN THE PROMT WITHIN
       SLASHES. THE SAME ROUTINES WITHOUT THE FINAL D DOES NOT DISPALY THE
      DEFAULT VALUE
      hyper is a hypertarget for online help
      LAST IS THE POSITION OF THE TERMINATOR OF THE FORMER PARAMETER OR
       COMMAND, DECODING STARTS FROM THE POSITION AFTER LAST
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*), hyper*(*)
    integer last, ival, idef
    character*1 str,cdef
    double precision val
  subroutine GQARIx(PROMT, SVAR, LAST, IVAL, IDEF, hyper)
! read integer with no default
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*), hyper*(*)
    integer last, ival, idef
    EXTERNAL HELP
_____
 subroutine GQARRDx(PROMT, SVAR, LAST, VAL, RDEF, hyper)
! read real with default
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*), hyper*(*)
    integer last
    double precision val, rdef
    EXTERNAL HELP
_____
  subroutine GQARRx(PROMT,SVAR,LAST,VAL,RDEF,hyper)
! read real without default
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*), hyper*(*)
    integer last
   double precision val, rdef
 subroutine GQARCDX(PROMT,SVAR,LAST,JTYP,STR,CDEF,hyper)
! TO READ A STRING VALUE with default
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*),SVAR*(*),str*(*),cdef*(*),hyper*(*)
    integer last, jtyp
    EXTERNAL HELP no longer needed
  subroutine GQARCX(PROMT, SVAR, LAST, JTYP, STR, CDEF, hyper)
```

```
! TO READ A STRING VALUE with default user hypertext
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*), str*(*), cdef*(*), hyper*(*)
    integer last, jtyp
    EXTERNAL HELP no longer needed
 SUBROUTINE gparallx(PROMT,SVAR,LAST,IVAL,val,string,cdef,hyper)
! this is the focal routine for all variants of GPARxyz
!...SVAR shall contain an answer or command. If EMPTY THE answer IS ASKED FOR
       USING PROMT AS OUTPUT STRING. IF NO ANSWER THE VALUE IN DEF (default)
       is returned if a provided. The routine can return integer, double or
       character variables. THE DEFAULT VALUE IS DISPLAYED IN THE PROMT WITHIN
       SLASHES. if no answer and no defualt an error is returned.
      HELP is no longer a parameter Q4HELP is always used
       as hypertarget in a HTML file
       If hyper contains the character ?TOPHLP and the user has typed a single ?
       the routine returns with this ? and the calling routine can display
       a menu. If the user types two ?? the PROMT is used as hypertarget.
       LAST IS THE current POSITION IN SVAR, it is incremented by one
       before looking for an answer (skipping the terminator of any previous
       input.
! REPEAT:
! when called on top level or from a submenu then hyper='?TOPHLP'
! if user types a single ? only menu listed, with ?? use PROMT as target
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMT*(*), SVAR*(*), CH1*1, CDEF*(*), STRING*(*), hyper*(*)
    integer ival
    double precision val
    EXTERNAL HELP
```

4.5.3 Ask for a file name using file browser (or not)

This is a subroutine to open a file for read or write. If the tinyfiledialog package is used it will open a file browser to select directory and file. Otherwise the user must type a full or relative path to the file.

```
SUBROUTINE GPARFILEx(PROMT,SVAR,LAST,JTYP,SVAL,CDEF,TYP,hyper)
! to ask for a file name using command line or external window
! prompt is question
! svar is a character variable which may already contain an answer
! last is position in svar to start searching for an answer
! JTYP DEFINES THE TERMINATION OF A STRING (maybe redundant??)
! 1 TEXT TERMINATED BY SPACE OR ","
! 2 TEXT TERMINATED BY SPACE
! 3 TEXT TERMINATED BY ";" OR "."
```

```
! 4 TEXT TERMINATED BY ";"
! 5 TEXT UP TO END-OF-LINE
! 6 TEXT UP TO AND INCLUDING ";"
! 7 TEXT TERMINATED BY SPACE OR "," BUT IGNORING SUCH INSIDE ()
! >31, THE CHAR(JTYP) IS USED AS TERMINATING CHARACTER
! sval is the answer either extracted from SVAR or obtained by user input
! cdef is a default answer
! typ is default file extenion, at present only:
! 1=".TDB", 2=".UNF", 3=".OCM"
! hyper is a hypertext target for help
   implicit none
! IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
   CHARACTER PROMT*(*),SVAR*(*),CDEF*(*),SVAL*(*),hyper*(*)
   integer last,jtyp
! EXTERNAL HELP
```

4.6 Online help

It is always difficult to provide help to interactive software. In this package all routines in section 4.5.2 to ask a question has an argument that is a help routine. This help routine may provide direct help or it may use the history facility to search for help in the user guide. The on line help uses the "hypertarget" feature implemented in HTML and LaTeX/PDF to seach the user guide for a relevant help. If this is found the section found in the user guide will de displayed in a separate browser window. In this window the user may scroll the whole user guide to find the help he requires.

This feature require constant updating of the user guide whenever there are changes in the software and it may often not be updated, in particular in pre-released versions of the software.

```
! This routine is called from all gparx routines
! when the user types a ?
! prompt is never used ...
    implicit none
    character*(*) prompt,line
    character hline*80,mtext*12
    integer, parameter :: maxlevel=20
 subroutine q2help(prompt,line)
! This routine is called from submenu
! when the user types a ?
    implicit none
    character*(*) prompt,line
 SUBROUTINE Q3HELP(LINE, LAST, COMM, NC)
! used in submeny when user gives "? 'command' " taken as "help 'command'"
!...EXECUTES A HELP COMMAND
    implicit none
    CHARACTER LINE*(*), COMM(NC)*(*)
    integer last
 SUBROUTINE Q3HELPx(LINE,LAST,COMM,NC)
! used in submeny when user gives "? 'command' " taken as "help 'command'"
!...EXECUTES A HELP COMMAND
    implicit none
    CHARACTER LINE*(*), COMM(NC)*(*)
   integer last
_____
 subroutine q4help(hypertarget,extra)
! This routine is adapted to provide help from webrowsers using hypertarget
! when the user types a ? or ??
    implicit none
    integer extra
   character*(*) hypertarget
 SUBROUTINE NOHELP (PROMT, LINE)
! no help available
    implicit none
   CHARACTER PROMT*(*),LINE*(*)
 SUBROUTINE TOPHLP (PROMPT, LINE)
! return to calling routine for help, do not save the current command ...
    implicit none
   CHARACTER PROMPT*(*),LINE*(*)
 LOGICAL FUNCTION YESCHK (CH1)
```

```
! returns TRUE if CH1 is Y or y
CHARACTER CH1*1
```

4.7 Command history

This saves all commands typed by the user and allows listing and recalling of previous commands. If the command line editing feature is available, the getkex routine, see section 4.8, the user may edit a previous command before executing it again.

```
SUBROUTINE NGHIST(LINE, LAST)
!...EXECUTES A HISTORY COMMAND
       LAST IS SET TO O IF LINE IS SET TO A COMMAND FROM HISTORY LIST
    CHARACTER HIST*80,LINE*(*),CH1*1
   implicit none
   CHARACTER LINE*(*)
   integer last
 subroutine openlogfile(name,text,lun)
! opens a logfile for commands
   implicit none
   character name*(*),text*(*)
   integer lun
_____
 subroutine set_echo(ion)
! set echo of command input, does this really work?
   implicit none
   integer ion
```

4.8 Command prompt and command line input with editing

These write a command prompt or question and read input with possible line editing. On Linux and Mac OS the getkex routine is needed for command line editing.

```
subroutine boutxt(lut,line)
! writes the text on line on unit lut without CR/LF
   implicit none
   integer lut
      character line*(*)
----------
subroutine bintxt(lin,cline)
! read a command line with or without arguments. On LINUX command line editing
   implicit none
   character cline*(*)
```

4.9 Command macro routines

The user can prepare a sequence of command on a text file and execute them with a "macro <filename> command. A macro can call another macro 5 levels deep. When a macro terminates the calling macro or the user command level is restored.

A macro can contain variables that are set by by the user when running the macro. There are no loops or conditional jumps.

```
SUBROUTINE MACBEG(LINE, LAST, OK)
!....subroutine to execute set-interactive allowing nesting of macros
! IDEA: addera lablar i macro sa man kan ange MACRO fil LABEL
! och vid stop som @? eller @& man kan interaktivt ange GOTO label
! Ocksa en generisk subrutin som gor att man kan fa fram ett variabelvarde
! call macsymval(package,symbol,ival,rval,cval)
    implicit none
    CHARACTER LINE*(*)
    LOGICAL OK
    integer last
    SUBROUTINE MACEND(LINE, LAST, OK)
! end of macro detected, close file and return to upper level
      implicit none
      CHARACTER LINE*(*)
     LOGICAL OK
      integer last
 SUBROUTINE GPTCM1(IFLAG, SVAR, LAST, SLIN)
```

```
!...handling of MACRO directives like @& @? and @# etc
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    implicit none
    CHARACTER SVAR*(*),slin*(*)
    integer iflag, last
 subroutine GPTCM2(IFLAG, SVAR, LAST, SLIN)
! handling of macro variables
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, 0-Z)
    implicit none
    CHARACTER SVAR*(*),slin*(*)
    integer iflag, last
_____
 SUBROUTINE GQXENV(SVAR)
!...EXCHANGES REFERENCES TO ENVIRONMENT MACRO VARIABLES TO ACTUAL VALUES
       REFERENCES ARE FOR EXAMPLE ##4
     CHARACTER SVAR*(*), ENVIR(*)*(*), CH1*1, LABLIN*60, LABEL*8
    implicit none
    CHARACTER SVAR*(*)
```

4.10 Routines to create, calculate and list a function as a binary tree

The PUTFUN library create symbols with Fortran like expression including some functions like LOG, LN, EXP etc using state variables or other symbols defined in OC. The expression is stored as a binary tree and can be calculated whenever the user demands.

Note it calculates a single value, the TP function package in the "models" package of OC calculates also the first and second derivatives of a parameter function with respect to T and P. Thus the TP function package has a much more restricted syntax.

This is the main routine to enter an expression as a character string.

```
SUBROUTINE PUTFUN(STRING,L,MAXS,SYMBOL,LOKV,LROT,ALLOWCH,NV)
!...READS AN EXPRESSION FROM STRING POSITION L AND CREATES AN BINARY TREE
! IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
implicit none
CHARACTER STRING*(*),SYMBOL(*)*(*)
integer LOKV(*)
integer maxs,allowch,nv
! type(putfun_symlink) :: symlist
LOGICAL NOTPP
TYPE(putfun_node), pointer :: LROT
```

4.10.1 Routines to compile the expression

These routines are used to compile the expression into a binary tree.

```
SUBROUTINE NYBIN(kod,binnod,NOTPP)
!...INSERTS A NEW OPNODE IN THE TREE
    implicit none
    integer kod
    TYPE(putfun_node), pointer :: binnod
    LOGICAL NOTPP
_____
 SUBROUTINE NYUNI(KOD, negmark, uninod, IPN, NOTPP)
   Creates a node with a unary operator
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    implicit none
    TYPE(putfun_node), pointer :: UNINOD
   LOGICAL NOTPP
    integer kod, negmark, ipn
 SUBROUTINE NYLP(uninod, IPN, NOTPP)
!...OPENING PARENTHESIS, push links on LEVEL. Also after unary operator
    implicit none
    TYPE(putfun_node), pointer :: uninod
    integer ipn
   LOGICAL NOTPP
-----
 subroutine NYRP(IPN,NOTPP)
!...CLOSING PARENTHESIS
    implicit double precision (a-h,o-z)
    implicit none
    integer ipn
   LOGICAL NOTPP
 SUBROUTINE NYVAR(TEXT,L,10PUNI,negmark,MAXS,SYMBOL,LOKV,allowch,dummy2)
! inserts a symbol in an expression
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, 0-Z)
    implicit none
    CHARACTER TEXT*(*), SYMBOL(*)*(*)
    integer LOKV(*)
    integer iopuni, negmark, maxs, allowch
    type(putfun_node), pointer :: dummy2
 SUBROUTINE NYDAT(KOD, VAL, nynod, negmark)
! store a constant or symbol. The address to the node is returned in lok
! which is used if the symbol is used several times.
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
```

```
implicit none
integer kod,negmark
TYPE(putfun_node), pointer :: nynod
double precision val
```

4.10.2 Routines to calculate the expression

These routines are used to calculate the value of the expression.

```
double precision function evalf(LROT, VAR)
      Calculates the value of an expression MEMORY LEAK
! ?? I do not know what is the difference with evalf_x ??/BoS 190804
! VAR is array with values of symbols that can be referenced
    implicit none
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    double precision VAR(*)
    type(putfun_node), pointer :: lrot
 double precision FUNCTION EVALF_X(LROT, VAR)
      Calculates the value of an expression
! ?? I do not know what is the difference with evalf ??/BoS 190804
! VAR is array with values of symbols that can be referenced
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    implicit none
    type(putfun_node), pointer :: lrot
    double precision VAR(*)
 SUBROUTINE EUNARY (KOD, X)
! calculates a unary function such as LOG, EXP etc
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    implicit none
    integer kod
   double precision {\tt X}
_____
 SUBROUTINE EBINRY(KOD,X,Y)
! Calculates the value of a binary node with two data nodes
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    implicit none
    integer kod
   double precision X,Y
 double precision FUNCTION AIVAN(PECN)
      CALCULATES THE DIMENSIONLESS SUPERCOOLING OF DIFFUSION BY
```

```
IVANTSOV'S SOLUTION
!...added by Zikui and also an updated ERF
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, 0-Z)
   implicit none
   double precision PECN
       APPROXIMATIVE FORMULA FOR ERROR FUNCTION GIVEN BY:
       ABRAMOWITZ AND STEGUN: HANDBOOK OF MATHEMATICAL FUNCTIONS,
      NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS, 9TH EDITION, 1970
 double precision FUNCTION PF_BSUM(FA)
!.. 1993-10-06 20:10:56 /BJ
                                  (\sin(n*pi*f))^2
  Calc. the infinit sum B = sum(------)
                                     (n*pi)^3
!\dots If we truncate the sum at N=200 the relative error is
   less than ?\% for 0.01 < F < 0.99
   implicit none
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION(A-H, 0-Z)
   double precision FA
 double precision FUNCTION PF_HS(X)
      Calculates Heaviside function
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION(A-H,0-Z)
   implicit none
   double precision X
 double precision FUNCTION PF_ERF(XO)
      CALCULATES ERROR-FUNCTION OF X, USING AN
       APPROXIMATIVE FORMULA GIVEN BY:
       ABRAMOWITZ AND STEGUN: HANDBOOK OF MATHEMATICAL FUNCTIONS,
      NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS, 9TH EDITION, 1970
   implicit none
   double precision XO
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, 0-Z)
```

4.10.3 Routines to list the expression

These routines are used to list the expression as a character string. This can then be written on an output unit.

SUBROUTINE WRTFUN(STRING, IPOS, LROT, SYMBOL)

```
ļ
      Writes a PUTFUN expression
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, 0-Z)
    implicit none
    CHARACTER STRING*(*), SYMBOL(*)*(*)
    integer ipos
    type(putfun_node), pointer :: lrot,current,lnode,rnode,tnode
 SUBROUTINE WRTLPQ(STRING, IPOS, LINK, KOD, LOD, negmark)
! write a left ( or unary operator followed by (
! the unary operator is in LOD
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, 0-Z)
    implicit none
    CHARACTER STRING*(*)
    integer ipos, link, kod, lod, negmark
 SUBROUTINE WRTRPQ(STRING, IPOS, LINK, KOD, LOD)
! write a right ) but if LOD<-1 do not write (
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, 0-Z)
    implicit none
   CHARACTER STRING*(*)
    integer ipos, link, kod, lod
_____
 SUBROUTINE WRTBIQ(STRING, IPOS, KOD)
! write a binary operator
    implicit none
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, 0-Z)
    CHARACTER STRING*(*)
   integer ipos, kod
 SUBROUTINE WRTDAQ(STRING, IPOS, KOD, VAL, SYMBOL, negmark)
     write a number, if KOD<0 a whole number
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    implicit none
    CHARACTER NAME*8, SYMBOL(*)*(*)
    CHARACTER STRING*(*)
    integer ipos, kod, negmark
   double precision val
 SUBROUTINE CONS(STR1, IPOS, STR2)
! used in PUTFUN but should be replaced by //
    implicit none
    CHARACTER STR1*(*),STR2*(*)
    integer ipos
```

4.10.4 Routines to enter interactively or delete an expression

These routines are used to enter the expression and to delete it.

```
SUBROUTINE EXPHLP (PROMPT, SVAR)
! writes help to enter a PUTFUN expression
    implicit none
    CHARACTER PROMPT*(*), SVAR*(*)
 SUBROUTINE PUTPRP(NAMN, MAXS, SYMBOL, PROMPT, ILEN)
!...CREATES A PROMPT asking for a putfun expression with formal arguments
    implicit none
    CHARACTER NAMN*(*), PROMPT*(*), SYMBOL(*)*(*)
    integer ilen, maxs
!...write a prompt with name of all variables
_____
 SUBROUTINE DELFUN(LROT, IWS)
   delete a putfun expression :: not converted to structures
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    implicit none
    integer IWS(*)
    integer lrot
```

4.11 HP calculator

This is a small interactive online calculator using HP inverted polish notation.

4.12 WPACK routines for unformatted save/read

These routines are used to store characters, integers and double precision reals into an integer "workspace". This workspace can be written on an "unformatted" Fortran file and read back to restore all data saved.

Using the new Fortran TYPE variables all these must be converted separately and the "pointers" replaced by the integer indices where the variable is stored. It is a very useful but fragile feature.

4.12.1 Initiate, write and read a workspace

A workspace is an integer array with the dimenstion NWT. When the workspace is initiated a certain numer of words, NWR, are reserved and zeroed, the rest of the workspace can be reserved dynamically. The first word of the worspace is the index, "pointer" to the first free area in the to dynamic area available to reserve. The second word is the size of the workspace.

From word 3 until the end of the initially reserved area the words are used to store "pointers", i.e. the index of records in the dynamic area.

Inside the dynamic workspace a free list is maintained by the routines for reserving and releasing records. The first word of a free part of the workspace is the index, "pointer", to the next free part of the workspace. In the last free workspace this "pointer" is zero. The second word in a free part of the dynamic workspace is the total number of free words in this area up to the next reserved record. A free space must thus be at least two words.

When saving on a file the first word is the number of words written on the file, then the workspace is written as one block. When reading this file back into a workspace the first word on the file is used to determine the number of words to read. These are directly copied into the new workspace. If the workspace for reading is larger than that used for saving the content of word 2 and in the last free workspace is updated.

```
SUBROUTINE WINIT(NWT, NWR, IWS)
!...INITIATES A WORKSPACE
! INPUT: NWT IS THE DIMENSION OF THE WORKSPACE
        NWR IS THE NUMBER OF WORDS TO BE EXCLUDED IN THE BEGINNING
         IWS IS THE WORKSPACE
 EXIT: THE FREE LIST IS INITIATED IN IWS
 ERRORS: NWR LESSER THAN ZERO
          NWT LESSER THAN NWR+100
    implicit none
    integer nwt,nwr,iws(*)
    DIMENSION IWS(*)
 SUBROUTINE WOLD(FIL, NW, IWS)
!...READS A FILE INTO A WORKSPACE. THE FILE MUST HAVE BEEN WRITTEN BY WSAVE
! INPUT: FIL A CHARACTER WITH A LEGAL FILE NAME
        NW THE DIMENSION OF IWS
        IWS THE WORKSPACE
! CALLS: WRKCHK TO CHECK THE FREE LIST
```

```
! EXIT: THE CONTENT OF THE FILE IS IN IWS. THE DIMENSION OF IWS IS SET TO
             NW AND THE LAST FREE AREA IS CORRECTED
    implicit none
    CHARACTER FIL*(*)
    integer nw,iws(*)
    DIMENSION IWS(*)
 SUBROUTINE WSAVE(FIL, NW, IWS)
!...WRITES A WORKSPACE ON A FILE
! INPUT: FIL IS A CHARACTER WITH A LEGAL FILE NAME
        NW IS THE DIMENSION OF THE WORKSPACE
        IWS IS THE WORKSPACE
! CALLS: WRKCHK TO CHECK THE WORKSPACE
! ERROR: IF THE WORKSPACE IS INCORRECT IT CANNOT BE SAVED
    implicit none
    integer nw,iws(*)
    DIMENSION IWS(*)
    CHARACTER FIL*(*)
```

4.12.2 Listing and interactive patching the workspace

These routines are mainly obsolete now.

```
SUBROUTINE WPATCH(NW, IWS)
!...ROUTINE TO PATCH A WORKSPACE
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, 0-Z)
   implicit none
   integer nw,iws(*)
    DIMENSION IWS(*)
 SUBROUTINE WPHLP(ITYP, LINE)
!...HELP ROUTINE FOR WPATCH
   implicit none
   CHARACTER LINE*(*)
   integer ityp
-----
 SUBROUTINE WRKCHK(LAST, NW, IWS)
!...CHECKS THE FREE LIST IN A WORKSPACE
! INPUT: NW IS THE DIMENSION
        IWS IS THE WORKSPACE
! EXIT: LAST IS PUT TO THE LAST WORD USED IN THE WORKSPACE
! ERRORS: ANY ERROR IN THE FREE LIST (POINTER OUTSIDE WORKSPACE ETC)
   implicit none
   integer last,nw,iws(*)
   DIMENSION IWS(*)
```

```
SUBROUTINE WLIST(IWS)
!...LISTS THE FREE AREAS
implicit none
integer iws(*)
! DIMENSION IWS(*)
```

4.12.3 Reserving and releasing records in the workspace

These routines reserve and release records in the dynamic workspace. The index of the first reserved word is a "pointer" to the record.

The WTREST routine reserves the remaining part of a workspace and initiates a free list in this for use by some other software. The WTAKE routine is called with the number of words needed for the record. The free list is searched for a free area which fits the request exactly or is at least 2 words longer (needed for the free list). The index of the first word of the reserved record is returned as "pointer" and all words reserved are set to zero. The WRELS routine is called with the location of a record to be released and how many words that should be released. It searches the free list for a free block just before the record to be released. It checks if the released record can be merged with the preceeding free area or a free area following the released area. It updates the pointers and sizes of the free areas.

```
SUBROUTINE WTREST(NYB, NW, IWS)
!...RESERVES THE LAST PART OF THE WORKSPACE
! INPUT: IWS IS A WORKSPACE
! EXIT: NYB IS A POINTER TO THE RESERVED PART
        NW IS THE NUMBER OF RESERVED WORDS
    implicit none
    integer nyb,nw,iws(*)
    DIMENSION IWS(*)
 SUBROUTINE WTAKE (NYB, NW, IWS)
!.....RESERVS NW WORDS IN THE WORKSPACE
! INPUT: NW IS THE NUMBER OF WORDS TO BE RESERVED
         IWS IS THE WORKSPACE
! EXIT: NYB POINTS TO THE FIRST WORD THAT IS RESERVED
! ERROR: TOO SMALL OR TOO LARGE NUMBER OF WORDS TO BE RESERVED
    implicit none
    integer nyb,nw,iws(*)
    DIMENSION IWS(*)
!...THE FREE LIST START IN THE FIRST WORD
       IN EACH FREE AREA THE FIRST WORD POINTS TO THE NEXT FREE AREA
       AND THE SECOND GIVES THE NUMBER OF WORDS IN THIS AREA
       THE FREE LIST ENDS WITH THE POINTER EQUAL TO ZERO
```

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```
SUBROUTINE WRELS(IDP,NW,IWS)
!.....Returns NW words beginning from IDP to the free workspace list
! The free workspace list is in increasing order
! IWS(1) points to the first free space
! IWS(2) gives the total number of words in the workspace
implicit none
! DIMENSION IWS(*)
integer idp,nw,iws(*)
!.....Check that the released space is at lest 2 words and that it is
! inside the workspace (That is between 3 and IWS(2))
```

4.12.4 Storing characters and doubles in the workspace

These routines copy characters and double precision reals in the workspace. Integer values are stored as they are.

The routines for storing characters and double precision reals copies the exact bit pattern of the original data to and from the integer workspace. This may be a bit clumsy but that is due to the fact it must bypass some checks made by the compiler of subroutine arguments. In the OC package the writing/reading of the workspace is normally not a time critical part of the code.

Funny things can happen transfering characters and reals to integers, in 1980 when this workspace package was first tested we initially stored 2 bytes per work using a Hollerith "H2" format which worked well on our Nord-10. But when the code was later compiled on a PDP-11 the order of the bytes were switched so a text as "HELLO WORD" came back as "EHLL OOWDR". Then we realized we had to transfer the bit pattern for the whole variable.

```
character (len=:), allocatable :: localtxt
     integer, allocatable, dimension(:) :: localint
! maximal size of character, note used also to store functions and bibliography
 SUBROUTINE STORR(N, IWS, VALUE)
!...STORES A REAL NUMBER IN A WORKSPACE at index N
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    DIMENSION IWS(*)
    implicit none
    integer iws(*)
    double precision value
    integer n
_____
 SUBROUTINE LOADR(N, IWS, VALUE)
!...LOADS A REAL NUMBER FROM A WORKSPACE at index N
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    implicit none
    integer iws(*)
    DIMENSION IWS(*)
   DOUBLE PRECISION VALUE
    integer N
 SUBROUTINE STORRN(N, IWS, ARR)
! store N doubles in workspace
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, 0-Z)
    implicit none
    DIMENSION IWS(*),ARR(*)
    integer n,iws(*)
   double precision arr(*)
 SUBROUTINE LOADRN(N, IWS, ARR)
! load N doubles from workspace
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    implicit none
    double precision ARR(*)
    integer n,iws(*)
    integer, parameter :: maxr=256
    double precision dlocal(maxr)
 SUBROUTINE STORR1 (ARR, VAL)
! store a single double in workspace
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
    implicit none
   double precision arr, val
 SUBROUTINE LOADR1 (ARR, VAL)
```

```
! load a single double from workspace
! IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,0-Z)
implicit none
double precision arr,val
```

4.13 Indexing a 2D array

In the OC package 2D arrays are frequently used to store results of symmetric second derivatives. As only the upper half of such matrices are needed the functions below calculate the sequential storage position. However, running large OC calculations show these routines may take up to 10% of the execution time and an attempt has been made to speed this indexing up using the kxsym routine.

```
integer function ixsym(ix1,ix2)
! calculates the storage place of value at (i,j) for a symmetrix matrix
! storage order 11, 12, 22, 13, 23, 33, etc
    implicit none
    integer ix1,ix2
  integer function kxsym(ix1,ix2)
! calculates the storage place of value at (i,j) for a symmetrix matrix
! storage order 11, 12, 22, 13, 23, 33, etc
! In OC the calls to ixsym take about 10 \% of the CPU time
! I am trying to replace with local indexing but I need a routine
! that calculates the index when both indices are equal or when I know
! the second index is larger
    if(ix1.le.0 .or. ix2.le.0) then
        buperr=1000; goto 1000
    endif
    implicit none
    integer ix1,ix2
```

4.14 Miscellaneous

These are routines that does not fit in any of the sections above.

```
subroutine fxdflt(file,ext)
! add default file extention, no good as it thinks .. is an externtion
   implicit none
   character file*(*),ext*(*)
------
subroutine iniio
! initiates i/o variables, they are all global variables
```

```
implicit none
 SUBROUTINE FISEPA(STR, IPO, IP1)
!...FINDS A SEPARATOR AFTER POSITION IPO
       A separator is:
       Any character exept A-Z, 0-9 and _
    implicit none
    CHARACTER STR*(*)
    integer IPO, IP1
 SUBROUTINE FDMTP(LINE1, IP, LINE2)
!...FINDS A MATCHING ) AFTER THAT AT IP. IP UPDATED TO POSITION AFTER )
    implicit none
    CHARACTER LINE1*(*),LINE2*(*)
    integer ip
 INTEGER FUNCTION KNDEX(LINE, IP, SS)
! SUBROUTINE KNDEX
!...SEARCHES FOR STRING SS IN LINE FROM IP
    implicit none
    CHARACTER LINE*(*), SS*(*)
    integer ip
_____
 SUBROUTINE CPSSTR(STRING,LC)
!...THIS SUBROUINE COMPRESSES STRING BY REPLACING MULTIPLE SPACES
! OR TABS WITH A SINGLE SPACE
    implicit none
    CHARACTER STRING*(*)
    integer LC
 SUBROUTINE UNTAB(LINE)
!...REMOVES ALL TABS FROM LINE. INSERTS SPACES UP TO NEXT TAB STOP
       TAB STOPS GIVEN IN ITABS. TABS AFTER POSITION 80 REPLACED
       WITH A SPACE
    implicit none
    CHARACTER LINE*(*)
```

5 Summary

That is all!

References

 $[1]\,$ B. Sundman, PhD thesis, KTH, Stockolm, Sweden

Tables with 133 functions and subroutines

Name	File	Comment
character function biglet	metlib4.F90	Convert one character to UPPER case
double precision evalf	metlib 4.F90	Evaluate a function
double precision function aivan	metlib 4.F90	Evaluate Ivantsov's function
double precision function evalf_x	metlib 4.F90	Evaluate a function
double precision function pf_bsum	metlib 4.F90	Evaluate BSUM
double precision function pf_erf	metlib 4.F90	Evaluate ERF
double precision function pf_hs	metlib 4.F90	Evaluate Heaviside
integer function gpn	metlib 4.F90	Extract real without sign
integer function gps	metlib4.F90	Extract real
integer function ixsym	metlib 4.F90	Index 2D array stored as upper triangle
integer function kndex	metlib 4.F90	Find substring from current position
integer function kxsym	metlib4.F90	Index 2D array stored as upper triangle
integer function ncomp	metlib4.F90	Top command interpreter
integer function ncomp2	metlib 4.F90	Level 1 subcommand
integer function ncomp3	metlib 4.F90	Level 2 subcommand
integer function ncompx	metlib 4.F90	Actual command interpreter
integer function nwch	metlib 4.F90	Number of words to store a character
logical function eolch	metlib4.F90	TRUE is character is empty after ip
logical function ucletter	metlib 4.F90	Check if character is UPPER case
logical function yeschk	metlib4.F90	Check for Y or y
subroutine bintxt	metlib4.F90	Read a text
subroutine bintxt_getkey	metlib4.F90	Read a text with editing
$subroutine\ bintxt_nogetkey$	metlib4.F90	Read a text
subroutine boutxt	metlib4.F90	Write a text noadvance
subroutine capson	metlib4.F90	Convert character to UPPER case
subroutine cons	metlib4.F90	Concatinate
subroutine cpsstr	metlib4.F90	Remove tabs and multiple spaces
subroutine cwicend	metlib4.F90	Find a possible place for linebreak
subroutine delfun	metlib4.F90	Delete a function
subroutine ebinary	metlib4.F90	Evaluate a binary operator
subroutine eunary	metlib4.F90	Evaluate a unary function
subroutine exphlp	metlib4.F90	Provide help
subroutine fdmtp	metlib4.F90	Find matching)
subroutine fisepa	metlib4.F90	Find separator
subroutine fxdflt	metlib4.F90	Add file extension
subroutine getext	metlib4.F90	Extact a text item
subroutine gethex	metlib4.F90	Extract hexadecimal number
subroutine getinm	metlib4.F90	Extract integer and trailing,
subroutine getint	metlib4.F90	Extract integer
subroutine getname	metlib4.F90	Extract a species name
subroutine getoct	metlib4.F90	Extract octal number

subroutine getrels subroutine getrels subroutine getrem metlib4.F90 metlib4.F90 subroutine gparall subroutine gparall subroutine gparcd subroutine gparcd subroutine gparfile subroutine gparfile subroutine gparid subroutine gparrix subroutine gparry subroutine gparry subroutine gparry subroutine gparry subroutine gparry subroutine garry subroutine garroutine garro	Name	File	Comment
subroutine garall subroutine garall subroutine garall subroutine garacy subroutine gardx subroutine garfile subroutine garilex subroutine garry subroutine garry subroutine garrx subroutine garrex subroutine garex subroutine garilex subr	subroutine getrel	metlib4.F90	Extract real or double
subroutine gparall subroutine gparcal subroutine gparish subroutine gparid subroutine gparid subroutine gparid subroutine gparid subroutine gparid subroutine gparral subroutine gparcal subroutine gparcal subroutine gparcal subroutine gparcal subroutine gparcal subroutine gqarcal subroutine gqarcal subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarral subroutine gqaral subroutine gqaral subroutine gqaral subroutine gqaral subroutine gqaral subroutine gqaral subroutine	subroutine getrels	metlib4.F90	Extract real
subroutine gparcd subroutine gparcd subroutine gparcd subroutine gparcd subroutine gparcd subroutine gparcx subroutine gparfile subroutine gparfile subroutine gparid subroutine gparid subroutine gparid subroutine gparid subroutine gparid subroutine gparid subroutine gparrd subroutine gqarcd subroutine gqarcd subroutine gqarcd subroutine gqarcd subroutine gqarcd subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarrd subroutine hphelp subroutine iniio mellib4.F90 mellib4.F90 mellib4.F90 subroutine hphelp subroutine iniio mellib4.F90 mell	subroutine getrem	metlib4.F90	Extract real skipping trailing;
subroutine gparcd subroutine gparcd subroutine gparcx subroutine gparcx subroutine gparch subroutine gparfile subroutine gparfile subroutine gparid subroutine gparry subroutine gparch subroutine gparch subroutine gparch subroutine gparch subroutine gparch subroutine gqarch subroutine gqarch subroutine gqarch subroutine gqarch subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarry subroutine hpcalc subroutine iniio mellib4.F90 subroutine iniio mellib4.F90 subroutine iniio mellib4.F90 mellib4.F90 subroutine iniio mellib4.F90 mellib4.F90 subroutine iniio mellib4.F90 initiate lelp and history subroutine iniio mellib4.F90 initiate help and history subroutine iniio mellib4.F90 initiate help and history	subroutine gparall	metlib4.F90	
subroutine gparcd subroutine gparcd subroutine gparcx subroutine gparicy subroutine gparfilex subroutine gparii subroutine gparri subroutine gqarcd subroutine gqari subroutin	subroutine gparallx	metlib4.F90	Ask for anything
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subroutine gparfile subroutine gparfile subroutine gparile subroutine gparile subroutine gparile subroutine gpari subroutine gpari subroutine gparid subroutine gparid subroutine gparix subroutine gparix subroutine gparr subroutine gparr subroutine gparrd subroutine gparrd subroutine gparrd subroutine gparrd subroutine gparrd subroutine gparr subroutine gparr subroutine gparr subroutine gqarcd subroutine gqari subroutine gqari subroutine gqari subroutine gqari subroutine gqari subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarr subroutine gqard subroutine gqarr subroutine gqarr subroutine gqarr subroutine gqard subroutine gqard subroutine gqard subroutine gqard subroutine gqard subroutine gqard subroutine gqari subroutine gqari subroutine gqari subroutine gqari subroutine gqard subroutine gqar	subroutine gparcd	metlib 4.F90	
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subroutine gparr subroutine gparrd metlib4.F90 subroutine gparrx metlib4.F90 Ask for double with default subroutine gptcm1 metlib4.F90 Replace a macro variables with value 1 subroutine gqarcd metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarcd metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarid metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarrd metlib4.F90 Ask for integer with default subroutine gqarrd metlib4.F90 Ask for double with default subroutine gqarrd metlib4.F90 Ask for double with default subroutine gqarr metlib4.F90 Ask for double with default subroutine helplevel metlib4.F90 Redundant subroutine helplevel metlib4.F90 HP calculator subroutine hphelp metlib4.F90 Help to HP calculator subroutine iniio metlib4.F90 Initiate help and history subroutine loadc metlib4.F90 Load a character from workspace	subroutine gparidx	metlib4.F90	Ask for integer with default
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subroutine gptcm1 subroutine gptcm2 subroutine gqarc subroutine gqarcd subroutine gqari subroutine gqari subroutine gqari subroutine gqari subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarix subroutine gqarr subroutine gqarr subroutine gqarr subroutine gqarr subroutine gqarrd subroutine gqarrd subroutine gqarrd subroutine gqarrd subroutine gqarrd subroutine gqarrx subroutine gqarry subroutine gqarrx subroutine gqarrx subroutine gqarrx subroutine gqarrx subroutine gqarry subroutine gqarry subroutine helplevel subroutine iniio subroutine iniio subroutine iniio subroutine iniio subroutine loadc metlib4.F90 metlib4.F90 Help to HP calculator Initiate I/O variables Initiate help and history Load a character from workspace	subroutine gparrdx	metlib 4.F90	Ask for double with default
subroutine gqarc metlib4.F90 metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarcd metlib4.F90 metlib4.F90 Ask for character with default subroutine gqarid metlib4.F90 metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarid metlib4.F90 metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarid metlib4.F90 metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarr metlib4.F90 metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarrd metlib4.F90 metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarrd metlib4.F90 metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarrd metlib4.F90 metlib4.F90 Ask for integer with default metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarrd metlib4.F90 metlib4.F90 Ask for double with default subroutine gqarrd metlib4.F90 Ask for double with default subroutine gqarrd metlib4.F90 Ask for double no default subroutine gqarr metlib4.F90 Redundant subroutine helplevel metlib4.F90 Redundant subroutine hpcalc metlib4.F90 HP calculator subroutine hphelp metlib4.F90 Help to HP calculator subroutine iniio metlib4.F90 Initiate I/O variables subroutine init_help metlib4.F90 Initiate help and history subroutine loadc metlib4.F90 Load a character from workspace	subroutine gparrx	metlib 4.F90	Ask for double no default
subroutine gqarcd metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarcd metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarcd metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarcx metlib4.F90 subroutine gqari metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarid metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarid metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarid metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarix metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarr metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarr metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarrd metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarrx metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarrx metlib4.F90 subroutine helplevel metlib4.F90 subroutine helplevel metlib4.F90 subroutine hpcalc metlib4.F90 subroutine hpcalc metlib4.F90 subroutine hpcalc metlib4.F90 subroutine iniio metlib4.F90 subroutine loadc metlib4.F90 subroutine help and history subroutine loadc subroutine l	subroutine gptcm1	metlib 4.F90	Replace macro variables with value 1
subroutine gqarcdx subroutine gqarcdx subroutine gqarcx subroutine gqari subroutine gqari subroutine gqari subroutine gqari subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarid subroutine gqarix subroutine gqarix subroutine gqarr subroutine gqarr subroutine gqarr subroutine gqarrd subroutine gqarrd subroutine gqarrd subroutine gqarrx subroutine gqarrx subroutine gqarrx subroutine gqarrx subroutine gqarrx subroutine gqarrx subroutine gqarx subroutine gqarx subroutine gqarx subroutine gqarx subroutine helplevel subroutine iniio subroutine iniio subroutine iniio subroutine loadc metlib4.F90 Initiate help and history subroutine loadc metlib4.F90 Load a character from workspace	subroutine gptcm2	metlib4.F90	Replace a macro variable with value 2
subroutine gqarcdx metlib4.F90 Ask for character with default subroutine gqari metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarid metlib4.F90 and metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarid metlib4.F90 and metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarrd metlib4.F90 and metli	subroutine gqarc	metlib4.F90	
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subroutine gqarid metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarid metlib4.F90 subroutine gqaridx metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarix metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarix metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarr metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarrd metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarrd metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarrdx metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarrx metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarrx metlib4.F90 subroutine gqarrx metlib4.F90 subroutine helplevel metlib4.F90 subroutine helplevel metlib4.F90 subroutine hpcalc metlib4.F90 subroutine hphelp metlib4.F90 subroutine iniio metlib4.F90 subroutine iniio metlib4.F90 subroutine iniio metlib4.F90 subroutine iniio metlib4.F90 subroutine init_help metlib4.F90 subroutine loadc metlib4.F90 Load a character from workspace	subroutine gqarcdx	metlib4.F90	Ask for character with default
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1	subroutine init_help	metlib4.F90	Initiate help and history
subroutine loadr metlib4.F90 Load a double from workspace			Load a character from workspace
	subroutine loadr	metlib4.F90	Load a double from workspace

subroutine loadr1 subroutine loadrn subroutine macbeg subroutine macbeg subroutine mached subroutine mached subroutine nghist subroutine nghist subroutine nybin subroutine nybin subroutine nybin subroutine nybin subroutine nybin subroutine nylp subroutine nylp subroutine nylp subroutine nyuni subroutine nyuni subroutine nyuni subroutine nyuni subroutine openlogfile subroutine putfun subroutine qultelp subroutine qlhelp subroutine qlhelp subroutine qallelp subroutine qallelp subroutine qallelp subroutine qallelp subroutine qallelp subroutine qallelp subroutine set.echo subroutine sortin subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine storr subroutine wint subr	Name	File	Comment
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subroutine macend subroutine nghist subroutine nghist subroutine nghist subroutine nghist subroutine nghist subroutine nghist subroutine nybin subroutine nybin subroutine nybin subroutine nybin subroutine nylp subroutine nylp subroutine nymp metlib4.F90 Found a unary operator LOG EXP Found a symbol open log file subroutine putpr metlib4.F90 Open log file subroutine q1help subroutine q1help subroutine q3help subroutine q3help subroutine sort metlib4.F90 Old help routine 1 subroutine sort metlib4.F90 New help routine 3 subroutine sort metlib4.F90 Sorting integers subroutine sort metlib4.F90 Sorting integers subroutine stor metlib4.F90 Sorting doubles subroutine stor metlib4.F90 Sorting doubles subroutine stor metlib4.F90 Store a double in workspace subroutine wint metlib4.F90 Initate integer workspace subroutine wint metlib4.F90 Read an integer workspace subroutine wind metlib4.F90 Relaxed in integer workspace subroutine wind metlib4.F90 Relaxed an integer workspace subroutine wind metlib4.F90 Relaxed an integer workspace subroutine wind metlib4.F90 Relaxed an integer workspace subroutine wind metlib4.F90 Write a long text wortine a long text wortine a long text subroutine writex metlib4.F90 Write a long te	subroutine loadrn	metlib4.F90	Load N doubles frm workspace
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subroutine nybin subroutine nydat subroutine nylp subroutine nylp subroutine nylp subroutine nylp subroutine nynp subroutine nynp subroutine nynp subroutine nyuni subroutine nyvar subroutine nyvar subroutine openlogfile subroutine putfun subroutine putfun subroutine putprp subroutine q1help subroutine q2help subroutine q3help subroutine q3help subroutine q4help subroutine set_echo subroutine sortin subroutine sortin subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine storr subroutine wint sub	subroutine nghist	metlib4.F90	Execute history caommand
subroutine nydat subroutine nylp subroutine nyrp subroutine nyuni subroutine nyvar subroutine nyvar subroutine nyvar subroutine openlogfile subroutine putfun subroutine qulhelp subroutine qlhelp subroutine set_echo subroutine sortin subroutine sortin subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine storc subroutine storc subroutine storr subroutine wint subroutine whlp subroutine wint subroutine wind subro	subroutine nohelp	metlib4.F90	No help
subroutine nylp subroutine nyrp subroutine nyuni subroutine nyvar subroutine nyvar subroutine openlogfile subroutine putfun subroutine putprp subroutine putprp subroutine q1help subroutine q2help subroutine q3help subroutine q3help subroutine q4help subroutine set_echo subroutine sortin subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine storc subroutine storc subroutine storr subroutine whit subroutine da stunction sking for a	subroutine nybin	metlib4.F90	Found a binary operator + - * /
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subroutine nyuni subroutine nyvar subroutine openlogfile subroutine putfun metlib4.F90	subroutine nylp	metlib4.F90	Found a left (
subroutine nyvar subroutine openlogfile subroutine putfun subroutine putprp subroutine putprp subroutine q1help subroutine q2help subroutine q3help subroutine q3help subroutine q4help subroutine set_echo subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine storc subroutine storr subroutine winit subroutine workspace subroutine winit subroutine winit subroutine workspace subroutine winit subroutine workspace subroutine winit subrouti	subroutine nyrp	metlib4.F90	Found a)
subroutine openlogfile subroutine putfun subroutine putprp subroutine q1help subroutine q2help subroutine q3help subroutine q3help subroutine q4help subroutine set_echo subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine storc subroutine storc subroutine storr subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine storc subroutine storc subroutine storr subroutine winit subroutine winit subroutine winit subroutine winit subroutine wilst subroutine wilst subroutine wold subroutine walch subroutine wines	subroutine nyuni	metlib4.F90	Found a unary operator LOG EXP
subroutine putfun subroutine putprp subroutine q1help subroutine q2help subroutine q3help subroutine q3help subroutine q3help subroutine q3help subroutine q4help subroutine q4help subroutine set_echo subroutine set_echo subroutine sortin subroutine sortid subroutine sortrd subroutine sortr subroutine store subroutine store subroutine store subroutine storn subroutine tophlp subroutine wint subroutine in a faith 4.F90 sorting for a function subroutine 1 subroutine 1 subroutine in a exitibat.F90 Sorting fountine 3 New help rout	subroutine nyvar	metlib4.F90	Found a symbol
subroutine putprp subroutine q1help subroutine q2help subroutine q3help subroutine q4help subroutine q4help subroutine set_echo subroutine set_echo subroutine sortin subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortr subroutine storc subroutine storc subroutine storr subroutine storr subroutine storr subroutine storn subroutine storn subroutine storn subroutine storn subroutine storn subroutine tophlp subroutine untab subroutine wint subroutine in a falieli-k-f90 sorting toutine 3 New help routine 3 Sorting integ	subroutine openlogfile	metlib4.F90	Opem log file
subroutine q1help subroutine q2help subroutine q3help subroutine q3help subroutine q3help subroutine q4help subroutine set_echo subroutine sortin subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine storc subroutine storc subroutine storr subroutine storra subroutine storra subroutine tophlp subroutine winit subroutine wilst subroutine wilst subroutine wold subroutine wold subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine wrels subroutine wrels subroutine wrels subroutine wrice subroutine sort metlib4.F90 Sorting techo of commands set/rect echo of commands set/rect echo of commands set/rect echo of commands set/rect	subroutine putfun	metlib4.F90	Enter an expression
subroutine q2help subroutine q3help subroutine q3help subroutine q3help subroutine q4help subroutine set_echo subroutine sortin subroutine sortin subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine storc subroutine storc subroutine storr subroutine storra subroutine tophlp subroutine winit subrouti	subroutine putprp	metlib4.F90	Asking for a function
subroutine q3help subroutine q3help metlib4.F90 New help routine 3 metlib4.F90 New help routine 4 metlib4.F90 Sorting integers subroutine sortin metlib4.F90 Sorting integers subroutine sortrd metlib4.F90 Sorting doubles subroutine storc metlib4.F90 Store a character in workspace subroutine storr metlib4.F90 Store a double in workspace subroutine storr metlib4.F90 Store 1 double at current position subroutine storn metlib4.F90 Store N doubles in workspace subroutine untab metlib4.F90 Remove tab characters subroutine winit metlib4.F90 List free list in worspace subroutine wind metlib4.F90 Read an integer workspace from file subroutine wind metlib4.F90 Release a record in workspace subroutine wrice metlib4.F90 Write a long text subroutine wrice metlib4.F90 Write a leng text subroutine writex subroutine writex metlib4.F90 Write a leng text subroutine writex subroutine sort settles.F90 Writex a leng text subrou	subroutine q1help	metlib4.F90	Old help routine 1
subroutine q3helpx subroutine q4help subroutine set_echo subroutine sortin subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine storc subroutine storc subroutine storr subroutine wint subroutine winit subroutine	subroutine q2help	metlib4.F90	Old help routine 2
subroutine q4help subroutine set_echo subroutine sortin subroutine sortrd subroutine storc subroutine storc subroutine storr subroutine storr subroutine storr subroutine storr subroutine storr subroutine storn subroutine untab subroutine untab subroutine winit subroutine wilet subroutine wold subroutine wold subroutine watch subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine wiles subroutine wrice subroutine wrice subroutine wrice subroutine wrice subroutine wrice2 subroutine wrihex subroutine wrihex subroutine wrihex subroutine wrice subroutine wrice2 subroutine wrice2 subroutine wrihex subroutine wrice3 subroutine wrice4 subroutine wrice4 subroutine wrice5 subroutine wrice5 subroutine wrice6 subroutine wrice6 subroutine wrice7 subroutine wrice8 subroutine wrice9 subroutine wrice	subroutine q3help	metlib4.F90	Old help routine 3
subroutine set_echo subroutine sortin subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrdd subroutine sortrdd subroutine sortrdd subroutine sortrdd subroutine sortrdd subroutine sortrdd subroutine sort subroutine storc subroutine storr subroutine storr subroutine storr subroutine storr1 subroutine storr1 subroutine storrn subroutine storrn subroutine storrn subroutine tophlp subroutine untab subroutine winit subroutine wilst subroutine wilst subroutine wold subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine wrice subroutine storr subroutine storr subroutine wrice subroutine wo	subroutine q3helpx	metlib4.F90	New help routine 3
subroutine sortin subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrdd subroutine sortrdd subroutine sort subroutine storc subroutine storc subroutine storr subroutine storr subroutine storr subroutine storr subroutine storr subroutine storn subroutine storn subroutine storn subroutine tophlp subroutine untab subroutine winit subroutine wilst subroutine wilst subroutine wold subroutine wold subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine wrels subroutine wrels subroutine wrels subroutine wrice subroutine storr	subroutine q4help	metlib4.F90	New help routine 4
subroutine sortrd subroutine sortrdd subroutine sortrdd subroutine sort subroutine storc subroutine storr subroutine storr subroutine storr1 subroutine tophlp subroutine untab subroutine winit subroutine wilst subroutine wilst subroutine wold subroutine wold subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine wphlp subroutine wphlp subroutine wrice subroutin	subroutine set_echo	metlib4.F90	Set/reet echo of commands
subroutine sortrdd subroutine ssort subroutine storc subroutine storr subroutine storr subroutine storr subroutine storr subroutine storr1 subroutine storr1 subroutine storrn subroutine storrn subroutine storrn subroutine tophlp subroutine untab subroutine winit subroutine winit subroutine wilst subroutine wilst subroutine wilst subroutine wilst subroutine wold subroutine wold subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine wilst subroutine wils subroutine wi	subroutine sortin	metlib4.F90	Sorting integers
subroutine storc metlib4.F90 Store a character in workspace subroutine storr metlib4.F90 Store a double in workspace subroutine storr1 metlib4.F90 Store 1 double at current position subroutine storrn metlib4.F90 Store N doubles in workspace subroutine tophlp metlib4.F90 Help from top level subroutine untab metlib4.F90 Remove tab characters subroutine winit metlib4.F90 Initate integer workspace subroutine wilst metlib4.F90 Read an integer workspace from file subroutine wpatch metlib4.F90 Patch an integer workspace subroutine wphlp metlib4.F90 Release a record in workspace subroutine wrice metlib4.F90 Write a long text subroutine wrice2 metlib4.F90 Write a hexadecimal	subroutine sortrd	metlib4.F90	Sorting reals
subroutine storc subroutine storr subroutine storr1 subroutine storr1 subroutine storr1 subroutine storrn subroutine storrn subroutine tophlp subroutine untab subroutine winit subroutine wild subroutine wild subroutine wild subroutine wold subroutine wold subroutine wold subroutine wold subroutine wold subroutine wold subroutine wild subroutine wild subroutine wild subroutine wild subroutine wild subroutine wold subroutine wild subroutine wil	subroutine sortrdd	metlib4.F90	Sorting doubles
subroutine storr metlib4.F90 Store a double in workspace metlib4.F90 Store 1 double at current position subroutine storrn metlib4.F90 Store N doubles in workspace metlib4.F90 Help from top level subroutine untab metlib4.F90 Remove tab characters subroutine winit metlib4.F90 Initate integer workspace subroutine wilst metlib4.F90 List free list in worspace subroutine wold metlib4.F90 Read an integer workspace from file subroutine wpatch metlib4.F90 Patch an integer workspace subroutine write metlib4.F90 Release a record in workspace subroutine wrice metlib4.F90 Write a long text subroutine wrice2 metlib4.F90 Write a long text metlib4.F90 Write a hexadecimal	subroutine ssort	metlib4.F90	Sorting characters
subroutine storr1 metlib4.F90 Store 1 double at current position subroutine storrn metlib4.F90 Store N doubles in workspace subroutine tophlp metlib4.F90 Help from top level subroutine winit metlib4.F90 Remove tab characters subroutine winit metlib4.F90 Initate integer workspace subroutine wold metlib4.F90 List free list in worspace subroutine wold metlib4.F90 Read an integer workspace from file subroutine wpatch metlib4.F90 Patch an integer workspace subroutine wphlp metlib4.F90 Help to patch workspace subroutine wrice metlib4.F90 Write a long text subroutine wrice2 metlib4.F90 Write a hexadecimal	subroutine storc	metlib4.F90	Store a character in workspace
subroutine storrn subroutine tophlp subroutine untab subroutine winit subroutine wilst subroutine wold subroutine wold subroutine wold subroutine wold subroutine wold subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine winit subroutine wold subroutine wold subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine wrice subroutine wrice2 subroutine wrice2 subroutine wrihex metlib4.F90 Store N doubles in workspace Remove tab characters subrite integer workspace subrace help to patch an integer workspace subroutine wrices subroutine wrice metlib4.F90 Write a long text subroutine wrihex write a hexadecimal	subroutine storr	metlib4.F90	Store a double in workspace
subroutine tophlp subroutine untab subroutine winit subroutine winit subroutine wilst subroutine wold subroutine wpatch subroutine wrice subroutine	subroutine storr1	metlib4.F90	Store 1 double at current position
subroutine untab subroutine winit subroutine wlist subroutine wlist subroutine wold subroutine wpatch subroutine wpatch subroutine wphlp subroutine wrice subroutine wrice subroutine wrice2 subroutine wrice subroutine wrice subroutine wrice subroutine wrice2 subroutine wrice2 subroutine wrice3 subroutine wrice3 subroutine wrice4 subroutine wrice5 subroutine wrice5 subroutine wrice6 subroutine wrice6 subroutine wrice7 subroutine wrice7 subroutine wrice8 subroutine wrice9 subrou	subroutine storm	metlib4.F90	Store N doubles in workspace
subroutine winit metlib4.F90 Initate integer workspace subroutine wlist metlib4.F90 List free list in worspace subroutine wold metlib4.F90 Read an integer workspace from file subroutine wpatch metlib4.F90 Patch an integer workspace subroutine wphlp metlib4.F90 Help to patch workspace subroutine wrice metlib4.F90 Release a record in workspace subroutine wrice metlib4.F90 Write a long text subroutine wrice2 metlib4.F90 Write a long text subroutine wrihex metlib4.F90 Write a hexadecimal	subroutine tophlp	metlib4.F90	Help from top level
subroutine wlist metlib4.F90 List free list in worspace subroutine wold metlib4.F90 Read an integer workspace from file subroutine wpatch metlib4.F90 Patch an integer workspace subroutine wrels metlib4.F90 Help to patch workspace subroutine wrice metlib4.F90 Write a long text subroutine wrice2 metlib4.F90 Write a long text subroutine wrihex metlib4.F90 Write a hexadecimal		metlib4.F90	Remove tab characters
subroutine wold metlib4.F90 Read an integer workspace from file subroutine wpatch metlib4.F90 Patch an integer workspace subroutine wphlp metlib4.F90 Help to patch workspace subroutine wrice metlib4.F90 Release a record in workspace subroutine wrice metlib4.F90 Write a long text subroutine wrice2 metlib4.F90 Write a long text subroutine wrihex metlib4.F90 Write a hexadecimal		metlib4.F90	
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subroutine wphlp metlib4.F90 Help to patch workspace subroutine wrice metlib4.F90 Write a long text subroutine wrice2 metlib4.F90 Write a long text subroutine wrihex metlib4.F90 Write a hexadecimal	subroutine wold	metlib4.F90	Read an integer workspace from file
subroutine wrels metlib4.F90 Release a record in workspace subroutine wrice metlib4.F90 Write a long text subroutine wrice2 metlib4.F90 Write a long text subroutine wrihex metlib4.F90 Write a hexadecimal	subroutine wpatch	metlib4.F90	<u> </u>
subroutine wrice metlib4.F90 Write a long text subroutine wrice2 metlib4.F90 Write a long text subroutine wrihex metlib4.F90 Write a hexadecimal		metlib4.F90	Help to patch workspace
subroutine wrice2 metlib4.F90 Write a long text subroutine wrihex metlib4.F90 Write a hexadecimal			
subroutine wrihex metlib4.F90 Write a hexadecimal			_
			~
subroutine wriint metlib4.F90 Write an inter left justified			
	subroutine wriint	metlib4.F90	Write an inter left justified

Name	File	Comment
subroutine wrinum	metlib4.F90	Write a double left justified
subroutine wrkchk	metlib 4.F90	Check consistency of workspace
subroutine wrtbiq	metlib 4.F90	Write a binary operator
subroutine wrtdaq	metlib 4.F90	Write a number
subroutine wrtfun	metlib4.F90	Write the function
subroutine wrtlpq	metlib 4.F90	Write a keft (
subroutine wrtrpq	metlib4.F90	Write a right)
subroutine wsave	metlib4.F90	Save integer worspace to file
subroutine wtake	metlib4.F90	Reserve a record in workspace
subroutine wtrest	metlib4.F90	Reserve rest of workspace