

1. 累次积分 \Rightarrow $\begin{cases} \text{后积分先定限, 限为常数;} \\ \text{先积分后定限, 限为线.} \end{cases}$

2. 极坐标: $\iint_D f(x,y) dx dy = \int_{\theta} \int_{r(\theta)} f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta) r dr d\theta$

3. 变量代换: $\iint_{T(D)} f(x,y) dx dy = \iint_D f(x(u,v), y(u,v)) \left| \frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(u,v)} \right| du dv$

二重积分

格林公式:

$\oint_{\partial D} P(x,y) dx + Q(x,y) dy = \iint_D \left(\frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial P}{\partial y} \right) dx dy$

全微分方程: $P(x,y) dx + Q(x,y) dy = 0$

且 $\frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial P}{\partial y}$

$u(x,y) = \int_{(x_0,y_0)}^{(x,y)} P dx + Q dy$

$\int_L P(x,y,z) dx + Q(x,y,z) dy + R(x,y,z) dz$

$= \int_a^b (P(x(t), y(t), z(t)) x'(t) + Q(x(t), y(t), z(t)) y'(t) + R(x(t), y(t), z(t)) z'(t)) dt$

第一类曲线积分

$\int_L f(x,y,z) ds = \int_a^b f(x(t), y(t), z(t)) \sqrt{(x'(t))^2 + (y'(t))^2 + (z'(t))^2} dt$

曲面面积

$S = \iint_{D_{xy}} \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}\right)^2} dx dy$

质心

$\bar{r} = \frac{\iint \vec{r} \rho(x,y,z) dV}{\iint \rho(x,y,z) dV}, \vec{r} = (x,y,z)$

转动惯量

$$\begin{aligned} I_x &= \iint y^2 \rho(x,y,z) dV & I_x &= \iint (y^2 + z^2) \rho(x,y,z) dV \\ I_y &= \iint x^2 \rho(x,y,z) dV & I_y &= \iint (x^2 + z^2) \rho(x,y,z) dV \\ I_z &= \iint (x^2 + y^2) \rho(x,y,z) dV & I_z &= \iint (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) \rho(x,y,z) dV \end{aligned}$$

三重积分应用

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第二类曲线积分

(斯托克斯)

第二类曲面积分

斯托克斯公式:

$\oint_{\partial \Sigma} P dx + Q dy + R dz$

$= \iint_{\Sigma} \begin{vmatrix} dy dz & dz dx & dx dy \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ P & Q & R \end{vmatrix}$

$= \iint_{\Sigma} \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ \cos \alpha & \cos \beta & \cos \gamma \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ P & Q & R \end{vmatrix} dS$

旋度 $\vec{rot} \vec{F}$

环量

方向向量 \vec{v}

梯度 $\vec{grad} f(P_0) = (f'_x(P_0), f'_y(P_0), f'_z(P_0))$

方向导数 $\frac{\partial f}{\partial \vec{v}} \Big|_{P_0} = \vec{grad} f(P_0) \cdot \vec{v}$

1. 累次积分 $\begin{cases} \text{先-后二 (投影法)} \\ \text{先-后一 (截面法)} \end{cases}$

2. 柱坐标: $\iiint_{\Omega} f(x,y,z) dx dy dz = \iiint_{\Omega} f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta, z) r dr d\theta dz$

3. 球坐标: $\iiint_{\Omega} f(x,y,z) dx dy dz = \iiint_{\Omega} f(r \sin \varphi \cos \theta, r \sin \varphi \sin \theta, r \cos \varphi) r^2 \sin \varphi dr d\varphi d\theta$

三重积分

高斯

高斯公式: $\iiint_{\Omega} \text{div} \vec{F} = \iint_{\partial \Omega} \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} = \iint_{\partial \Omega} (P dy dz + Q dz dx + R dx dy) = \iiint_{\Omega} \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial Q}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial z} \right) dx dy dz$

① 直接投影法:

$\iiint_{\Omega} P dy dz + Q dz dx + R dx dy = \iint_{\Sigma_1} P dy dz + \iint_{\Sigma_2} Q dz dx + \iint_{\Sigma_3} R dx dy$

② 转换投影法:

$\iiint_{\Omega} P(x,y,z) dy dz + Q(x,y,z) dz dx + R(x,y,z) dx dy = \pm \iint_{D_{xy}} (P(x,y,z(x,y))(-z'_x) + Q(x,y,z(x,y))(-z'_y) + R(x,y,z(x,y))) dx dy$

第一类曲面积分

$\iint_{\Sigma} f(x,y,z) dS = \iint_{D_{xy}} f(x,y,z(x,y)) \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}\right)^2} dx dy$

$= \iint_D f(x(u,v), y(u,v), z(u,v)) \sqrt{EG - F^2} du dv$