MIS Checklist

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If a team adopts a documentation approach that does not use an MIS, then some of the items in this checklist will not apply.

• Follomen	ows writing checklist (full checklist provided in a separate docut)					
	LATEX points					
	Structure					
	Spelling, grammar, attention to detail					
☐ Avoid low information content phrases						
	Writing style					
	Hyperlinks should be done properly (\ref)					
• MIS	Module Classifications					
	Types that only hold data (records) are modelled as exported types. For instance, the StdntAllocTypes module in A2: https://gitlab.cas.mcmaster.ca/smiths/se2aa4_cs2me3/blob/master/Assignments/A2/A2.pdf)					
	Types that have data (state) and behaviour are modelled as ADTs. The MIS should use the keyword Template . An example is the BoardT ADT given at https://gitlab.cas.mcmaster.ca/smiths/se2aa4_cs2me3/blob/master/Assignments/A3/A3Soln/A3P1_Spec.pdf					
	Abstract objects are used when there is only one instance. There is state and behaviour. This most often comes up for "global" reader and writer modules. For instance, a module that does					

	logging. Abstract objects do NOT use the word Template in the main header. An example is given in the SALst module of A2: https://gitlab.cas.mcmaster.ca/smiths/se2aa4_cs2me3/blob/master/Assignments/A2/A2.pdf
	Library modules are used when there is only behaviour, no state. They are defined as Modules, but State Variables and Environment Variable fields say "None."
	If the module's MIS can be parameterized by type, then the keyword Generic is used. Generic modules are usually also Template modules, but not necessarily. An example is given in the Generic Stack Module (Stack(T)) given in A3: https://gitlab.cas.mcmaster.ca/smiths/se2aa4_cs2me3/blob/master/Assignments/A3A3Soln/A3P1_Spec.pdf
	Abstract objects will have some kind of initialization method
	Abstract objects will have an assumptions that programmers will initialize first, or a state variable that is set from False to True when the Abstract object is initialized - this state variable then needs to be checked for each access program call
• MIS	and Mathematical syntax
	Exported constants are "hard-coded" literal values, not variables. Constants are values that are known at specification (and therefore compile) time. Explicit constant values are provided in the MIS, not left to be filled in later. (They can be changed later, but specific values should be given.)
	Operations do not mix incorrect types. For instance, a character is not added to an integer, an integer is not "anded" with a Boolean, etc.
	Our modified Hoffmann and Strooper notation is used, or any new notation is clearly defined.
	Notation is consistent throughout the document.
• MIS	Semantics for each module
	Each access program does something - either an output, or a state transition

	Access programs either change the state of something, or have an output. Only rarely should an access program do both (as it does for the constructor in an ADT.)
	If there is an entry in the state transition, then the state of something changes. The state change might be the local state variables, the state variables for another module, or an environment variable.
	Outputs use $out :=$
	Exceptions use $exc := \dots$
	If the state invariant is satisfied before an access program call, it will remain satisfied after the call
	State invariant is initially satisfied
	Local functions make the specification easier to read (there is no requirement that the local functions will actually be implemented in code)
	Modules that deal with files, the keyboard, or the screen, have environment variables to represent these respective entitites
	Symbols are from SRS - not yet translated to code names (that is use $\theta,$ not theta)
• MIS	Quality inspection for each module
	Consistent
	Essential
	General
	Implementation independent
	Minimal
	High cohesion
	Opaque (information hiding)
	Correct level of abstraction (mentioning JSON or using Python's init syntax is too low-level) $$
• MIS	Completeness
	All types introduced in the spec are defined somewhere

All modules	in MG are in t	the MIS				
All required	sections of the	template are	present	for	all	modules