

BSc COMPUTER SCIENCE CM1015 Computational Mathematics Midterm coursework

INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS:

This coursework assignment consists of 5 questions. You should answer **ALL** the questions.

There are 100 marks available in this coursework assignment. The marks for each question are indicated at the end of the part in [.] brackets. Full marks will be awarded for complete answers to a total of 5 questions. Make sure to show your work clearly in each of the questions.

The aim of this assessment is to give you the opportunity to consolidate your learning and to assess your understanding of the topics. You must submit your answers as a single pdf document. Ideally you should submit work that is properly formatted using the maths mode of your word processor. However, you may submit photos of your work, combined into a single pdf file. If submitting photos of your work, please ensure that all answers are written clearly.

Show your working. Full marks will only be awarded if workings are shown.

(a) Using number bases, find the value of k for the following:

if
$$4_6 \times (k3)_4 = 2_5 \times (k4)_7$$
.

[4 marks]

(b) If $123_x = 22_8$, what is the value of the base x.

[3 marks]

- (c) Explain your answer for the following questions:
 - i- State the decimal value of the underlined digit of a number in base eight. (2376)8
 - ii- State the decimal value of the underlined digit of a number in base two. $(\underline{1}1011)_2$

[2 marks]

(d) Here are three binary numbers:

- i- Add up all three numbers.
- ii- Add up the two larger numbers.
- iii- Subtract the smallest number from the second smaller numbers.

[6 marks]

Show your working. Full marks will only be awarded if workings are shown.

(a) Find all the terms in between $a_1=-8\,$ and $a_7=10\,$ of an arithmetic sequence.

[6 marks]

(b) Find the general term of an arithmetic sequence where $a_3=-1$ and $a_{10}=48$.

[6 marks]

- (c) A geometric series is $a + ar + ar^2 + \cdots$
 - i- Prove that the sum of the first *n* terms of the series is given by:

$$S_n = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r}$$

ii- Find:

$$\sum_{k=1}^{10} 100(2^k)$$

iii- Find the sum to infinity of the geometric series:

$$\frac{5}{6} + \frac{5}{18} + \frac{5}{54} + \cdots$$

[9 marks]

- (d) Which common quadratic equation can be used to derive the golden ratio directly? [3 marks]
- (e) Ali has bought 9 books. The first one cost 1 dollar, he paid 2 dollars for the second book, the third cost 4 dollars, and the fourth, 8 dollars, and so on. How much did Ali pay for the 9 books?

[6 marks]

Show your working. Full marks will only be awarded if workings are shown.

(a) Find the value of x if $14 = 172 \pmod{x}$.

[3 marks]

(b) When 67 is divided by a number, say x, a remainder of 3 is obtained. If x<50, then what is the largest number that x can be?

[4 marks]

(c) What is the shortest (quickest) way to calculate the remainder when: $3 \times 52 \times 97 \times 22 \times 438$ is divided by 7.

[4 marks]

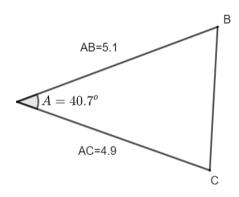
(d) Using your knowledge about modular arithmetic, find the last two digits of 2^{20} . For example, $2^7 = 128$, then the last two digits are 28.

[4 marks]

Show your working. Full marks will only be awarded if workings are shown.

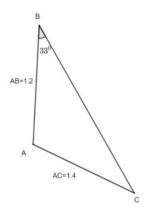
(a) Find the length of the side BC. Please note that the triangle is not drawn to scale.

[5 marks]



(b) ABC is a triangle as shown below. Please note that the triangle is not drawn to scale. Find the angle C in degrees.

[5 marks]



(c) Solve the following trigonometric equation for $0 \leq \theta \leq 360^{\circ}$

$$2 + 4\cos^2\theta = 7\cos\theta\sin\theta$$

[5 marks]

(d) Simplify
$$(1 + tan^2 A) + (1 + \frac{1}{tan^2 A})$$

[5 marks]

Show your working. Full marks will only be awarded if workings are shown.

- (a) Find the answer for each of the following questions:
 - i- If $f(x) = \frac{x-3}{4}$ find $f^{-1}(x)$
 - ii- Find $f^{-1}(x)$ if $f(x) = \sqrt{x} + 6$

[4 marks]

(b) Test the injection, surjection, and bijection of the fuction:

 $g: N \to N, g(n) = n + 1$ where N is the positive integer numbers.

If the function is bijective then find the inverse. Justify your answer.

[4 marks]

(c) Show whether the function $f: R^* \to R \setminus \{1\}$ defined by $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x}$ is a one-to-one or not. If it is one-to-one, determine its inverse.

[5 marks]

(d) A bicycle pedalling along a straight road at $20 \ km/h$ accelerates at $2m/s^2$ for $4 \ s$. Find the final speed.

[3 marks]

(e) Two balls are thrown upwards from the same spot. 1.15 seconds apart. The first ball had an initial velocity of 15 m/s and the second was 12 m/s. At what height do they collide?

[4 marks]

[END OF COURSEWORK ASSIGNMENT]