Advanced Programming COEN 11

Lab 6

Spreadsheet

- Change lab 5 to use an array of lists
 - There are 3 lists according to the age group
 - **-** <= 18
 - > 18 and < 65
 - - >= 65
- Due in week 7

Adding to the functionality of Lab 3

- The spreadsheet is created interactively with the following commands
 - 1
- Insert at the tail of the right list
- 2, 3
 - Traverse the lists starting from head
- 4 <first name> <last t name>
 - Remove the item with the first and last names given
- 0
- Save the info to the file, delete (free) all the nodes, and quit

Main Requirements

- Main: loop forever accepting commands
 - Use a switch statement
- Do not allow names to repeat
- 8 functions
 - main, insert, show, show_age, delete, check_duplicate, save_all, read_all
- List mechanism
 - Your lists should stay in an old-to-new order
 - Always insert a new entry at the tail

More requirements

- Global variable, just one!
 - Array with 3 structs
 - The struct should have a head and a tail

Requirements

- Define a struct list
 - head and tail
- Array of struct list, size = 3
 - heads and tails need to be initialized to NULL
- Save the info and free all the nodes before quitting
 - New function for option zero: save info and delete nodes

Extra Credit (10 points on the 1st midterm)

- Add an option to change the age, given a name
 - 6 <first name> <last name> <old_age> <new_age>
 - Traverse the old_age list searching for name
 - If found, the info moves to the end of the new_age list
 - » Delete the node and call insert

Saving the info to a file

Add saving and retrieving

Initially

- The lists may be either
 - Empty
 - Formed with information read from a file

At the end

The updated lists are saved into a file

The info should be saved in a text file according to the following format:

```
Joe Smith 5
Mary Miller 7
Zoe Lopez 20
Ann Chen 67
```

It should be possible to read the file with commands such as cat and more

The name of the file is an argument for the program

- If the file does not exist
 - fopen returns NULL for reading
 - the lists start empty and are saved at the end into a file with the given name
- If the file does exist
 - the lists are initially formed with the information obtained from the file and is saved into the same file at the end

The name of the file is an argument for the program

```
Example:
    # ./lab6 file_name
or
    # ./a.out file_name
```

The name of the file is the first argument for the program

In the code:

```
main (int argc, char *argv[])
{
    ...
    if (argc == 1)
    {
        printf ("The name of the file is missing!\n");
        return 1;
    }

    read_file (argv[1]);
...
```

The name of the file is an argument for the program

- In the code:
 - argc gives the number of arguments
 - argv is an array of strings, each of which is one of the arguments for the program
 - argv[0] is the name of the executable
 - argv[1] argv[argc 1] are the arguments

The spreadsheet is created/modified interactively, except that command quit (zero) will save the info into a file

- quit
 - save the list in the file specified
 - delete each node as they are saved
 - quit

More Requirements

- Two new functions, called from main
 - Read from file
 - Receive file name as an argument
 - Call insert to insert the data read from file
 - Save to file
 - Receive file name as an argument

More Requirements

- Use same insert function for inserting information from the file and from the keyboard.
- Your insert function should have the following type:

```
void insert (char *, char *, int);
```

 Read the names and age to local variables (char array, char array, int) before calling the insert function.

More Requirements

- Names cannot repeat!
 - Need to deal with that before calling function insert

To receive full credit

- Pre-lab (10%)
 - Test plan
- Demo (30%)
 - Show the TA
 - Start with an empty list
 - Add two people to to each list
 - Show each command
 - Quit
 - Start again
 - Show the list
- Submit to Camino (60%)