```
1: /*
        COMP3511 Fall 2024
 2:
 3:
        PA1: Simplified Linux Shell (MyShell)
 4:
        Your name:LI, Yuntong
 5:
        Your ITSC email:ylino@connect.ust.hk
 6:
 7:
 8:
        Declaration:
 9:
10:
        I declare that I am not involved in plagiarism
11:
        I understand that both parties (i.e., students providing the codes and students copying the codes)
12:
13: */
14:
15: /
        Header files for MyShell
16:
        Necessary header files are included.
17:
        Do not include extra header files
18:
19: */
20: #define _GNU_SOURCE
21: #include <stdio.h>
22: #include <stdlib.h>
23: #include <string.h>
24: #include <unistd.h>
25: #include <sys/types.h>
26: #include <sys/stat.h> // For constants that are required in open/read/write/close syscalls
27: #include <sys/wait.h> // For wait() - suppress warning messages
28: #include <fcntl.h> // For open/read/write/close syscalls
29: #include <signal.h> // For signal handLing
30:
31: // Define template strings so that they can be easily used in printf
32: //
33: // Usage: assume pid is the process ID
34: //
35: // printf(TEMPLATE_MYSHELL_START, pid);
36: //
37: #define TEMPLATE_MYSHELL_START "Myshell (pid=%d) starts\n"
38: #define TEMPLATE_MYSHELL_END "Myshell (pid=%d) ends\n"
39: #define TEMPLATE_MYSHELL_TERMINATE "Myshell (pid=%d) terminates by Ctrl-C\n"
40:
41: // Assume that each command line has at most 256 characters (including NULL)
42: #define MAX_CMDLINE_LENGTH 256
43:
44: // Assume that we have at most 8 arguments
45: #define MAX_ARGUMENTS 8
47: // Assume that we only need to support 2 types of space characters:
48: // " " (space) and "\t" (tab)
49: #define SPACE_CHARS " \t"
50:
51: // The pipe character
52: #define PIPE_CHAR "|"
53:
54: // Assume that we only have at most 8 pipe segements,
55: // and each segment has at most 256 characters
56: #define MAX_PIPE_SEGMENTS 8
57:
58: // Assume that we have at most 8 arguments for each segment
59: // We also need to add an extra NULL item to be used in execvp
60: // Thus: 8 + 1 = 9
61: //
62: // Example:
63: //
         echo a1 a2 a3 a4 a5 a6 a7
64: //
65: // execvp system call needs to store an extra NULL to represent the end of the parameter list
66: //
67: //
         char *arguments[MAX_ARGUMENTS_PER_SEGMENT];
68: //
69: //
         strings stored in the array: echo a1 a2 a3 a4 a5 a6 a7 NULL
70: //
71: #define MAX_ARGUMENTS_PER_SEGMENT 9
73: // Define the standard file descriptor IDs here
```

```
74: #define STDIN_FILENO 0 // Standard input
 75: #define STDOUT_FILENO 1 // Standard output
 76:
 77: // This function will be invoked by main()
 78: // This function is given
 79: int get_cmd_line(char *command_line)
 80: {
 81:
         int i, n;
 82:
         if (!fgets(command_line, MAX_CMDLINE_LENGTH, stdin))
 83:
             return -1:
 84:
         // Ignore the newline character
 85:
         n = strlen(command_line);
         command_line[--n] = '\0';
 86:
 87:
 88:
         while (i < n && command_line[i] == ' ')</pre>
 89:
 90:
             ++i;
 91:
 92:
         if (i == n)
 93:
 94:
             // Empty command
 95:
             return -1;
 96:
 97:
         return 0;
 98: }
 99:
100: // read_tokens function is given
101: // This function helps you parse the command line
102: //
103: // Suppose the following variables are defined:
104: //
105: // char *pipe_segments[MAX_PIPE_SEGMENTS]; // character array buffer to store the pipe segements
106: // int num_pipe_segments; // an output integer to store the number of pipe segment parsed by this funct
107: // char command_line[MAX_CMDLINE_LENGTH]; // The input command line
108: //
109: // Sample usage:
110: //
111: //
         read tokens(pipe_segments, command_line, &num_pipe_segments, "|");
112: //
113: void read_tokens(char **argv, char *line, int *numTokens, char *delimiter)
114: {
115:
         int argc = 0;
116:
         char *token = strtok(line, delimiter);
117:
         while (token != NULL)
118:
119:
             argv[argc++] = token;
             token = strtok(NULL, delimiter);
120:
121:
122:
         *numTokens = argc;
123: }
124:
125: void execute_command(char *cmd) {
126:
         char *args[MAX_ARGUMENTS_PER_SEGMENT];
127:
         int num_args;
128:
         read_tokens(args, cmd, &num_args, SPACE_CHARS);
129:
         args[num_args] = NULL;
130:
131:
         if (execvp(args[0], args) == -1) {
132:
             perror("execvp")
133:
             exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
134:
135: }
136:
137: void sigint_handler(int sig) {
         printf(TEMPLATE_MYSHELL_TERMINATE, getpid());
138:
139:
         exit(0);
140: }
141:
142: void process_cmd(char *command_line)
143: {
         // Uncomment this line to check the cmdline content
144:
145:
         // Please remember to remove this line before the submission
         // printf("Debug: The command line is [%s]\n", command_line);
146:
```

```
147:
         char *pipe_segments[MAX_PIPE_SEGMENTS];
148:
         int num_pipe_segments;
149:
         read_tokens(pipe_segments, command_line, &num_pipe_segments, PIPE_CHAR);
150:
151:
         int pipe_fds[2 * (num_pipe_segments - 1)];
152:
         for (int i = 0; i < num_pipe_segments - 1; i++) {</pre>
153:
154:
              if (pipe(pipe_fds + i * 2) < 0) {</pre>
155:
                  perror("pipe");
156:
                  exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
157:
              }
158:
         }
159:
160:
         for (int i = 0; i < num_pipe_segments; i++) {</pre>
              if (i != 0) {
161:
                  dup2(pipe_fds[(i - 1) * 2], STDIN_FILENO);
162:
163:
              if (i != num_pipe_segments - 1) {
164:
165:
                  dup2(pipe_fds[i * 2 + 1], STDOUT_FILENO);
166:
167:
              for (int j = 0; j < 2 * (num_pipe_segments - 1); j++) {</pre>
168:
                  close(pipe_fds[j]);
169:
170:
171:
              execute command(pipe segments[i]);
172:
              exit(0);
173:
         }
174:
         for (int i = 0; i < 2 * (num_pipe_segments - 1); i++) {</pre>
175:
176:
              close(pipe_fds[i]);
177:
178:
         for (int i = 0; i < num_pipe_segments; i++) {</pre>
179:
             wait(NULL);
180:
181: }
182: /* The main function implementation */
183: int main()
184: {
         // TODO: replace the shell prompt with your ITSC account name
185:
186:
         // For example, if you ITSC account is cspeter@connect.ust.hk
187:
         // You should replace ITSC with cspeter
         char *prompt = "ylino";
188:
189:
         char command_line[MAX_CMDLINE_LENGTH];
190:
         // TODO:
191:
192:
         // The main function needs to be modified
         // For example, you need to handle the exit command inside the main function
signal(SIGINT, sigint_handler);
193:
194:
195:
         printf(TEMPLATE_MYSHELL_START, getpid());
196:
197:
         // The main event loop
198:
         while (1)
199:
200:
              printf("%s> ", prompt);
201:
202:
              if (get_cmd_line(command_line) == -1)
203:
                  continue; /* empty line handling */
              if (strcmp(command_line, "exit") == 0) {
204:
205:
                  printf(TEMPLATE_MYSHELL_END, getpid());
206:
                  break;
207:
              pid t pid = fork();
208:
209:
              if (pid == 0)
210:
                  //signal(SIGINT, SIG_DFL);
211:
212:
                  // the child process handles the command
                  process_cmd(command_line);
213:
214:
              }
215:
              else
216:
              {
                  // the parent process simply wait for the child and do nothing
217:
218:
                  wait(0);
219:
              }
```

```
220: }
221:
222: return 0;
223: }
```