Q1. Write a menu driven C program to calculate area of cylinder, cube and cone.

```
#include<math.h>
int main() {
 int ch, yn;
  float r,h,s;
    printf("enter the shape of which u want the area to be calclulated\n");
    printf("1.Cylinder\n2.Cube\n3.Cone\n");
    printf("%d", &ch);
 switch(ch){
    case 1: printf("enter the radius and height of culinder:\n");
        scanf("%f %f", &r, &h);
        printf("The area of the cylinder is 0.2\%f:\n", ((2*M_PI*r*h)+(2*M_PI*pow(r,2))));
        break;
    case 2: printf("enter the size of the cone:\n");
        scanf("%f", &s);
        printf("the area of the cone is 0.2%f:\n", (6*pow(s,2)));
    case 3: printf("enter the radius and height of the cone:\n");
        scanf("%f %f", &r, &h);
        printf("the area of the cone is 0.2\%f\n", M_PI*r*(r+sqrt(pow(h,2)+pow(r,2))));
      default: printf("invalid choice");
    printf("do u want to continue(1/0):\n");
    scanf("%d", &yn);
}while(yn);
return 0;
```

Q2. Write a C program to check number is prime or not.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int i,n,flag=1;
    printf("enter the number to be checked forprime number:\n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for(i=2;i<n;i++){
        if (n%i==0){
            flag=0;
            break;
        }
    }
    if(flag) printf("%d is a prime number.",n);
    else printf("%d is not prime number",n);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Q3. Write a C program to check 3-digit number is Armstrong number or not.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
int main(){
  int n, temp,d=0,sum=0;
  printf("Enter the number to be checked for armstrong:\n");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  temp=n;
  while(n){
      n/=10;
      d++;
      ;
  }
  n=temp;
  while(n){
      sum+=pow(n%10,d);
      n/=10;
  }
  if(sum==temp)printf("%d is an armststong number",temp);
```

```
return 0;
Q4. Write a program to find the list of Neon numbers
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
int main(){
int n, temp,d=0,sum=0;
printf("Enter the number to be checked for armstrong:\n");
temp=n;
while(n){
 n/=10;
 d++;
n=temp;
while(n)\{
 sum+=pow(n%10,d);
 n/=10;
if(sum==temp)printf("%d is an armststong number",temp);
 else printf("%d is not an armstrong number.",temp);
Q5. Write a program to check whether the number is a part of Fibonacci series.
#include<stdio.h>
void main (){
 int num,a=0,b=1,c=1, ispart=0;
 printf("Enter a number:\n");
 scanf("%d",&num);
 while (c<=num){
   c=a+b;
   a=b;
   b=c;
   if(c==num){
     ispart=1;
      break;
 if(ispart)
   printf("%d is a part of a fibocnacci series", num);
   printf("%d is nota part of fibonacci seriess",num);
Q6. Write a C program to find factorial of number using function.
#include<stdio.h>
unsigned long int fact(int n);
int main(){
 int n;
 printf("enter the number:\n");
 scanf("%d", &n);
 printf("the fact of the number of %d is %lu.",n,fact(n));
 return 0;
unsigned long int fact(int n){
 int i,fact=1;
 for(i=1;i<=n;i++){}
   fact *= i;
 return fact;
```

else printf("%d is not an armstrong number.",temp);

Q7. Write a C program to display pattern (any pattern)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int rows, i, j;

  printf("Enter the number of rows: ");
  scanf("%d", &rows);

for (i = 1; i <= rows; i++) {
    // Print spaces for right-angled triangle (optional)
    for (int space = 1; space <= rows - i; space++) {
        printf("*");
    }

    // Print asterisks
    for (j = 1; j <= i; j++) {
        printf(" ");
    }

    printf("\n");
}

    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Q8. Write a program to accept 'n' integers from the user into an array and search an element using linear search method.

Q9. Write a C program to convert decimal number into binary number using array.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int decimal, i, remainder;
    int binary[32]; // Array to store binary digits (maximum 32 bits)

printf("Enter a decimal number: ");
    scanf("%d", &decimal);

// Initialize array elements to 0
for (i = 0; i < 32; i++) {
    binary[i] = 0;
}

i = 0;
while (decimal > 0) {
    remainder = decimal % 2;
    binary[i] = remainder;
    decimal /= 2;
    i++;
}

printf("Binary equivalent: ");
```

```
// Print binary representation in reverse order (most significant bit last)
 for (i = 31; i >= 0; i--) {
    printf("%d", binary[i]);
 printf("\n");
 return 0;
Q10. Write a c program to find nCr and nPr using function.
#include<stdio.h>
long long int factorial(int n){
 if(n==0){
    return 1;
 else{
    return n* factorial(n-1);
long long int nCr(int n, int r){
if(r>n){
 return 0;
 return factorial(n) / (factorial(r) * factorial(n-r));
long long int nPr(int n, int r){
if(r>n){
 return 0;
}else {
return factorial(n)/(factorial(n-r));
int main(){
int n,r;
printf("enter the value of n and r:\n");
scanf("%d %d", &n, &r);
printf("nCr= %lld\n", nCr(n,r));
printf("nPr=%lld\n",nPr(n,r));
return 0;
Q11. Write a c program to find factorial using recursion
#include<stdio.h>
long long int factorial(int n){
if (n==0){
  return 1;
else{
 return n*factorial(n-1);
int main(){
int num;
printf("enter a non negative number:");
scanf("%d",&num);
if (num<0){
 printf("error");
 return 1;
long long int result =factorial(num);
printf("factorial of %d is %lld\n", num , result);
return 0;
```

```
Q12. Write a c program to find GCD using recursion.
#include<stdio.h>
int gcd(int a,int b);
int main(){
 int a,b;
  printf("Enter 2 numbers:\n");
 scanf("%d %d", &a,&b);
 printf("the gcd of the 2 number is %d",gcd(a,b));
int gcd(int a,int b){
if (b==0) return a;
return gcd(b,a%b);
Q13. Write a c program to find power of number using recursion.
#include<stdio.h>
long int power(int x,int y);
int main(){
int x,y;
printf("eter the base and power:\n");
scanf("%d %d", &x, &y);
printf("%d raise to the power %d is %ld",x,y,power(x,y));
return 0;
long int power(int x,int y){
if(y==0) return 1;
return x*power(x,y-1);}
Q14. Write a c program to add two matrices.
#include<stdio.h>
#define MAX_rows 100
#define Max_cols 100
int main(){
  int rows, cols;
  printf("enter the no. of rows and cols of the matrice (max %d x %d):",MAX_rows,Max_cols);
  scanf("%d %d", &rows, &cols);
  if (rows<=0||cols<0||rows>MAX_rows||cols>Max_cols){
    printf("invalid");
    return 1;
  int matrix1[MAX_rows][Max_cols], matrix2 [MAX_rows][Max_cols], sum[MAX_rows][Max_cols];
    printf("enter the ele of matrix1:\n");
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){</pre>
      for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
        scanf("%d", &matrix1[i][j]);
    printf("enter the ele of matrix2:\n");
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
      for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){</pre>
        scanf("%d", &matrix2[i][j]);
      }
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
      for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
          sum[i][j]= matrix1[i][j] + matrix2[i][j];
      printf("sum of mat:\n");
      for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
      for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){</pre>
          printf("%d\t", sum[i][j]);
       printf("\n");
```

```
}
return 0;
```

Q15. Write a c program to subtract two matrices

```
#include<stdio.h>
#define MAX rows 100
#define Max_cols 100
int main(){
  int rows.cols:
  printf("enter the no. of rows and cols of the matrice (max %d x %d):",MAX_rows,Max_cols);
  scanf("%d %d", &rows, &cols);
  if (rows<=0||cols<0||rows>MAX_rows||cols>Max_cols){
    printf("invalid");
    return 1;
  int matrix1[MAX_rows][Max_cols], matrix2 [MAX_rows][Max_cols], sub[MAX_rows][Max_cols];
    printf("enter the ele of matrix1:\n");
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
      for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){</pre>
         scanf("%d", &matrix1[i][j]);
     printf("enter the ele of matrix2:\n");
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
      for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){</pre>
         scanf("%d", &matrix2[i][j]);
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){</pre>
      for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
           sub[i][j]= matrix1[i][j]-matrix2[i][j];
     printf("sub of mat:\n");
      for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
      for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){</pre>
           printf("%d\t", sub[i][j]);
       printf("\n");
      return 0;
```

Q16. . Write a c program to multiply two matrices

```
#include<stdio.h>
#define MAX_rows 100
#define Max_cols 100

int main(){
    int rows,cols;
    printf("enter the no. of rows and cols of the matrice (max %d x %d):",MAX_rows,Max_cols);
    scanf("%d %d", &rows, &cols);
    if (rows<=0||cols<0||rows>MAX_rows||cols>Max_cols){
        printf("invalid");
        return 1;
    }

    int matrix1[MAX_rows][Max_cols], matrix2 [MAX_rows][Max_cols], mul[MAX_rows][Max_cols],k;

    printf("enter the ele of matrix1:\n");
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
        for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
            scanf("%d", &matrix1[i][j]);
        }
}</pre>
```

```
printf("enter the ele of matrix2:\n");
for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
  for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){</pre>
    scanf("%d", &matrix2[i][j]);
  }
for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
  for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){} \\
       mul[i][j]=0;
       for(k=0;k<cols;k++){}
       mul[i][j]+= matrix1[i][k]*matrix2[k][j];
  }}}
printf("mul of mat:\n");
  for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
  for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){</pre>
       printf("%d\t", mul[i][j]);
  printf("\n");
  return 0;
```

Q17. Write a c program to find transpose of a matrix with and without new array

a. With New Array

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
    int i,j,n,m;
    printf("Enter the order of first matrix (n,m):\n"); scanf("%d %d", &n, &m);
    printf("Enter first array elements:\n");
    int a[n] [m], t[n] [m];
    for(i=0;i<n;i++) for(j=0;j<m;j++) scanf("%d", &a[i][j]);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++) for(j=0;j<m;j++) t[j] [i] = a[i][j];
    for(j=0;j<m;j++) {
        printf("%d\t",t[i][j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

b. Without new Array.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
int i,j,n,m, temp;
printf("Enter the order of first matrix (n,m):\n"); scanf("%d %d", &n, &m);
printf("Enter first array elements:\n");
int a[n] [m];
for(i=0;i < n;i++) \ for(j=0;j < m;j++) \ scanf("\%d" \ ,\&a[i][j]);
if (n!=m) {
printf("Invalid Matrix.");
return 0;
} else {
for(i=0;i<n;i++) {
for(j=0;j< m;j++) {
if (j>i) { temp = a[i][j]; a[j] [i] = temp; }
a[i][j] = a[j][i];
for(i=0;i<n;i++) {
for(j=0;j<m;j++) {
printf("%d\t", a[i][j]);
```

```
printf("\n");
}
return 0;
}
```

temp = arr[j];

Q18. Write a c program to check matrix is symmetrical or not.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
int rows,cols,issym=1,i,j;
printf("enter the no. of rows and cols:\n");
scanf("%d %d", &rows, &cols);
if(rows!=cols){
 printf("not square matrix, symmetry defined only for square matrix.");
 return 1;
int matrix[rows][cols];
printf("enter elements of matrix:\n");
for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){</pre>
 for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){</pre>
   scanf("%d", &matrix[i][j]);
for (i=0;i<rows && issym;i++){
 for (j=0;j<cols && issym;j++){
   if(matrix[i][j] != matrix[i][j]){
     issym=0;
     break;
if(issym){
 printf("yes syym.");
}else{
printf("no not syym.");}
return 0;
Q19. Write a c program to sort an array list in ascending order using bubble sort method.
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
  int n,temp,i,j;
  printf("Enter the size of array:\n");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  int arr[n];
  printf("Enter the array elements:\n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++){scanf("%d", &arr[i]);}
  for(i=0;i<n-1;i++){
     for(j=0;j<n-1-i;j++){
        if(arr[j]>arr[j+1]){
```

```
arr[j]=arr[j+1];
    arr[j+1]=temp;
}
}
for(i=0;i<n;i++) printf("%d\t", arr[i]);
return 0;</pre>
```

Q20. Write a program that checks whether the entered string is a palindrome or not, without using string header file

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
 int n,temp,i,j;
 printf("Enter the size of array:\n");
  scanf("%d", &n);
 int arr[n];
 printf("Enter the array elements:\n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++){scanf("%d", &arr[i]);}
 for(i=0;i<n-1;i++){
    for(j=0;j< n-1-i;j++){
      if(arr[j]>arr[j+1]){
         temp = arr[j];
         arr[j]=arr[j+1];
         arr[j+1]=temp;
 for(i=0;i<n;i++) printf("%d\t", arr[i]);</pre>
 return 0;
```

Q21. Write a program to insert an element into array using function.

```
#include<stdio.h>
void insertelement(int arr[],int *n, int posi, int x);
int main(){
 int n,i,posi,x;
 printf("Enter the size of array:\n");
 scanf("%d", &n);
 int arr[n];
  printf("Enter array elements:\n");
  for (i=0;i<n;i++) scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
 printf("enter the elements to be inserted");
  scanf("%d",&x);
  printf("enter the position to be inserted");
  scanf("%d", &posi);
 insertelement(arr,&n,posi,x);
  printf("Array after insertion :\n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)printf("%d", arr[i]);</pre>
 return 0;
void insertelement(int arr[],int *n, int posi, int x){
 int i;
  for(i=*n;i>posi;i--){
    arr[i]=arr[i-1];
 arr[i]=x;
```

Q22. Write a program to store and display the name, roll number, and total PCM marks for one Student using Structure

```
#include<stdio.h>
struct student{
 char name[50];
  float phy,chem,math,total;
int main(){
 struct student s;
  printf("Enter student name:");
 scanf("%s", &s.name);
 printf("enter roll.no");
  scanf("%d",&s.rno);
 printf("entr marks phy");
 scanf("%f",&s.phy);
 printf("entr chem marks");
  scanf("%f",&s.chem);
  printf("enter math marks");
  scanf("%f",&s.math);
  s.total=s.phy+s.math+s.chem;
  printf("name:%s\n", s.name);
  printf("rollno:%d\n", s.rno);
  printf("phy marks:%0.f\n", s.phy);
  printf("chem marks:%0.f\n", s.chem);
 printf("math marks:%0.f\n", s.math);
  printf("total:%f\n",s.total);
  return 0;
```

Q23. Write a c program to store and display the employee code, name, date of joining, salary and department for one employee using structure. Use Nested structure for date of Joining.

```
#include<stdio.h>
struct employee{
 char name[100],dept[100];
 int code;
 float salary;
 struct doj{
    int d,m,y;
    }date;
int main(){
 struct employee e;
  printf("Enter employe code.:");
  scanf("%d", &e.code);
  printf("enter employee name.:");
  scanf("%s", &e.name);
  printf("enter employee dept");
  scanf("%s", &e.dept);
  printf("enter date of joining");
  scanf(" %d %d %d",&e.date.d,&e.date.m,&e.date.y);
  printf("Enter employee salary");
  scanf("%f", &e.salary);
  printf("\n");
  printf("Employee code.:%d\n", e.code);
  printf("Employee name.:%s\n",e.name);
  printf("Employee department.:%s\n",e.dept);
  printf("Date of joining.: %d %d %d\n",e.date.d , e.date.m , e.date.y );
  printf("Employee salary.:%f", e.salary);
  return 0;
```

Q24. Write a c program to display month name in word when enter a number using switch case.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
 int n;
 printf("Enter a number to display its corresponding month:");
 scanf("%d", &n);
 switch(n){
 case(1): printf("january");
      break;
  case(2): printf("feb");
      break;
  case(3): printf("march");
      break;
  case(4): printf("april");
      break;
  case(5): printf("may");
      break;
  case(6): printf("june");
  case(7): printf("july");
      break;
  case(8): printf("august");
      break;
  case(9): printf("sept");
      break;
  case(10): printf("oct");
      break;
  case(11): printf("NOv");
      break;
  case(12): printf("dec");
   default: printf("Invalid Input.");
 return 0;
```

Q25. Write a c program to find sum of diagonal elements of a matrix

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
 int n,m,i,j,mainsum=0,offsum=0;
 printf("enter the order of matrix(n,m):");
  scanf("%d %d", &n,&m);
 int arr[n][m];
 if(n!=m){
    printf("not a square matrix.");
    return 0;
 printf("enter matrix elements:\n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++) for (j=0;j<m;j++) scanf("%d",&arr[i][j]);
  for(i=0;i< n;i++){
    mainsum+=arr[i][i];
 i=0;j=m-1;
 while(i<n){
    offsum += arr[i][j];
    i++,j--;
 printf("the sum of main diagonal elements is %d\n", mainsum);
 printf("the sum of off diagonal element is %d\n",offsum);
return 0;
```

Q26. Write a program to accept 'n' integers from the user into an array and find display even number and prime number.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int is_prime(int num) {
```

```
if (num <= 1) {
 return 0; // 1 or less are not prime
 for (int i = 2; i * i <= num; i++) {
 if (num % i == 0) {
   return 0; // Divisible by other numbers, not prime
return 1; // Prime number
int main() {
int n, i;
printf("Enter the number of elements (n): ");
scanf("%d", &n);
int arr[n];
printf("Enter %d integers:\n", n);
 for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
 scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
 printf("Even numbers:\n");
 for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
 if (arr[i] % 2 == 0) {
   printf("%d ", arr[i]);
printf("\n");
printf("Prime numbers:\n");
 for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
 if (is_prime(arr[i])) {
   printf("%d ", arr[i]);
printf("\n");
return 0;
```

Q27. Write a program to accept 'n' integers from the user into an array and find the smallest and largest integer.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int n,i,maxi,mini;
    printf("enter array size:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int arr[n];
    printf("enter array elements");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++) scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
    maxi=mini=arr[0];
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        if(arr[i]>maxi) maxi =arr[i];
        else if (arr[i]<mini) mini =arr[i];
    }
    printf("smallest %d biggest %d", mini,maxi);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Q28. Write a C program to compare two string using strcmp() function.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main(){
   char s1[100],s2[100];
   int r;
   printf("enter string 1");
   gets(s1);
```

```
printf("Enter string 2");
  gets(s2);
 r=strcmp(s1,s2);
 if(r==0)printf("both are same");
 else if(r>0)printf("Str 1 is big");
 else printf("Str 2 is big");
 return 0;
Q29. Write a C program to concatenate two strings without using string.h.
#include<stdio.h>
void ConcatenateString(char str1[100],char str2 [100],char res [200]){
 int i=0,j=0;
  while(str1[i]!= '\0'){
    res[i]=str1[i];
    i++;
 while(str2[j]!='\0'){
    res[i+j]=str2[j];
    j++;
 res[i+j]='\0';
int main(){
    char str1[100],str2 [100],res [200];
    printf("Enter str1");
    gets(str1);
    printf("Enter str2");
    gets(str2);
    ConcatenateString(str1,str2,res);
    printf("Concated string: %s\n", res);
    return 0;
Q30. Write a c program to find sum of each row elements of a matrix.
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
 int n,m,i,j,rsum=0;
 printf("enter row[n] and column[m] of matrix");
 scanf("%d %d ", &n,&m);
 int arr[n][m];
  printf("Enter the elements of matirx");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++){
    for(j=0;j< m;j++){}
      scanf("%d", &arr[i][j]);
  printf("Summation of rows:\n");
  for(i=0;i< n;i++){
      rsum=0;
```

for(int j=0;j<m;j++){
 rsum += arr[i][j];</pre>

printf("%d \t", rsum);

rsum = 0;

return 0;