

Q1. Write a menu driven C program to calculate area of cylinder, cube and cone.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
int main() {
    int ch, yn;
    float r,h,s;
    do{
        printf("enter the shape of which u want the area to be calculated\n");
        printf("1.Cylinder\n2.Cube\n3.Cone\n");
        printf("%d", &ch);

        switch(ch){
            case 1: printf("enter the radius and height of culinder:\n");
                scanf("%f %f", &r, &h);
                printf("The area of the cylinder is 0.2%f:\n", ((2*M_PI*r*h)+(2*M_PI*pow(r,2))));
                break;
            case 2: printf("enter the size of the cone:\n");
                scanf("%f", &s);
                printf("the area of the cone is 0.2%f:\n", (6*pow(s,2)));
                break;
            case 3: printf("enter the radius and height of the cone:\n");
                scanf("%f %f", &r, &h);
                printf("the area of the cone is 0.2%f\n", M_PI*r*(r+sqrt(pow(h,2)+pow(r,2))));
                break;
            default: printf("invalid choice");
        }
        printf("do u want to continue(1/0):\n");
        scanf("%d", &yn);
    }while(yn);
    return 0;
}
```

Q2. Write a C program to check number is prime or not.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int i,n,flag=1;
    printf("enter the number to be checked forprime number:\n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for(i=2;i<n;i++){
        if (n%i==0){
            flag=0;
            break;
        }
    }
    if(flag) printf("%d is a prime number.",n);
    else printf("%d is not prime number",n);
    return 0;
}
```

Q3. Write a C program to check 3-digit number is Armstrong number or not.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
int main(){
    int n, temp,d=0,sum=0;
    printf("Enter the number to be checked for armstrong:\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    temp=n;
    while(n){
        n/=10;
        d++;
    }
    n=temp;
    while(n){
        sum+=pow(n%10,d);
        n/=10;
    }
    if(sum==temp)printf("%d is an armststong number",temp);
}
```

```

    else printf("%d is not an armstrong number.",temp);
    return 0;
}

```

Q4. Write a program to find the list of Neon numbers

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
int main(){
    int n, temp,d=0,sum=0;
    printf("Enter the number to be checked for armstrong:\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    temp=n;
    while(n){
        n/=10;
        d++;
    };
    n=temp;
    while(n){
        sum+=pow(n%10,d);
        n/=10;
    }
    if(sum==temp)printf("%d is an armststong number",temp);
    else printf("%d is not an armstrong number.",temp);
    return 0;
}

```

Q5. Write a program to check whether the number is a part of Fibonacci series.

```

#include<stdio.h>
void main (){
    int num,a=0,b=1,c=1, ispart=0;
    printf("Enter a number:\n");
    scanf("%d",&num);
    while (c<=num){
        c=a+b;
        a=b;
        b=c;
        if(c==num){
            ispart=1;
            break;
        }
    }
    if(ispart)
        printf("%d is a part of a fibocnacci series", num);
    else
        printf("%d is nota part of fibonacci seriess",num);
}

```

Q6. Write a C program to find factorial of number using function.

```

#include<stdio.h>
unsigned long int fact(int n);
int main(){
    int n;
    printf("enter the number:\n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("the fact of the number of %d is %lu.",n,fact(n));
    return 0;
}
unsigned long int fact(int n){
    int i,fact=1;
    for(i=1;i<=n;i++){
        fact *= i;
    }
    return fact;
}

```

Q7. Write a C program to display pattern (any pattern)

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    int rows, i, j;

    printf("Enter the number of rows: ");
    scanf("%d", &rows);

    for (i = 1; i <= rows; i++) {
        // Print spaces for right-angled triangle (optional)
        for (int space = 1; space <= rows - i; space++) {
            printf(" ");
        }

        // Print asterisks
        for (j = 1; j <= i; j++) {
            printf("*");
        }
        printf("\n");
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Q8. Write a program to accept 'n' integers from the user into an array and search an element using linear search method.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
    int n, i, x, xInd=-1;
    printf("Enter number of array elements:\n"); scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter Array Elements: \n");
    int arr[n];
    for(i=0;i<n;i++) scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    printf("Enter Element to be Searched:\n");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++) {
        if (arr[i] == x ) {
            xInd=i;
            break;
        }
    }
    if (xInd == -1) printf("\nElement not found.");
    else printf("Element is found at %d.", xInd); return 0;
}
```

Q9. Write a C program to convert decimal number into binary number using array.

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    int decimal, i, remainder;
    int binary[32]; // Array to store binary digits (maximum 32 bits)

    printf("Enter a decimal number: ");
    scanf("%d", &decimal);

    // Initialize array elements to 0
    for (i = 0; i < 32; i++) {
        binary[i] = 0;
    }

    i = 0;
    while (decimal > 0) {
        remainder = decimal % 2;
        binary[i] = remainder;
        decimal /= 2;
        i++;
    }

    printf("Binary equivalent: ");
}
```

```

// Print binary representation in reverse order (most significant bit last)
for (i = 31; i >= 0; i--) {
    printf("%d", binary[i]);
}
printf("\n");

return 0;
}

```

Q10. Write a c program to find nCr and nPr using function.

```

#include<stdio.h>

long long int factorial(int n){
    if(n==0){
        return 1;
    }
    else{
        return n* factorial(n-1);
    }
}

long long int nCr(int n, int r){
    if(r>n){
        return 0;
    } else{
        return factorial(n) / (factorial(r) * factorial(n-r));
    }
}

long long int nPr(int n, int r){
    if(r>n){
        return 0;
    } else {
        return factorial(n)/(factorial(n-r));
    }
}

int main(){
    int n,r;
    printf("enter the value of n and r:\n");
    scanf("%d %d", &n, &r);
    printf("nCr= %lld\n", nCr(n,r));
    printf("nPr=%lld\n",nPr(n,r));
    return 0;
}

```

Q11. Write a c program to find factorial using recursion

```

#include<stdio.h>
long long int factorial(int n){
    if (n==0){
        return 1;
    }
    else{
        return n*factorial(n-1);
    }
}

int main(){

    int num;
    printf("enter a non negative number:");
    scanf("%d",&num);
    if (num<0){
        printf("error");
        return 1;
    }

    long long int result =factorial(num);
    printf("factorial of %d is %lld\n", num , result);
    return 0;
}

```

```
}
```

Q12. Write a c program to find GCD using recursion.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int gcd(int a,int b);
int main(){
    int a,b;
    printf("Enter 2 numbers:\n");
    scanf("%d %d", &a,&b);
    printf("the gcd of the 2 number is %d",gcd(a,b));
    return 0;
}
int gcd(int a,int b){
    if (b==0) return a;
    return gcd(b,a%b);
}
```

Q13. Write a c program to find power of number using recursion.

```
#include<stdio.h>
long int power(int x,int y);
int main(){
    int x,y;
    printf("eter the base and power:\n");
    scanf("%d %d", &x, &y);
    printf("%d raise to the power %d is %ld",x,y,power(x,y));
    return 0;
}
long int power(int x,int y){
    if(y==0) return 1;
    return x*power(x,y-1);}
}
```

Q14. Write a c program to add two matrices.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#define MAX_rows 100
#define Max_cols 100

int main(){
    int rows,cols;
    printf("enter the no. of rows and cols of the matrice (max %d x %d):",MAX_rows,Max_cols);
    scanf("%d %d", &rows, &cols);
    if (rows<=0 | | cols<0 | | rows>MAX_rows | | cols>Max_cols){
        printf("invalid");
        return 1;
    }

    int matrix1[MAX_rows][Max_cols], matrix2 [MAX_rows][Max_cols], sum[MAX_rows][Max_cols];

    printf("enter the ele of matrix1:\n");
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
        for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
            scanf("%d", &matrix1[i][j]);
        }
    }
    printf("enter the ele of matrix2:\n");
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
        for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
            scanf("%d", &matrix2[i][j]);
        }
    }
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
        for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
            sum[i][j]= matrix1[i][j] + matrix2[i][j];
        }
    }

    printf("sum of mat:\n");
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
        for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
            printf("%d\t", sum[i][j]);
        }
    }
    printf("\n");
}
```

```

    }
    return 0;
}

```

Q15. Write a c program to subtract two matrices

```

#include<stdio.h>
#define MAX_rows 100
#define Max_cols 100

int main(){
    int rows,cols;
    printf("enter the no. of rows and cols of the matrice (max %d x %d):",MAX_rows,Max_cols);
    scanf("%d %d", &rows, &cols);
    if (rows<=0 | |cols<0 | |rows>MAX_rows | |cols>Max_cols){
        printf("invalid");
        return 1;
    }

    int matrix1[MAX_rows][Max_cols], matrix2 [MAX_rows][Max_cols], sub[MAX_rows][Max_cols];

    printf("enter the ele of matrix1:\n");
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
        for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
            scanf("%d", &matrix1[i][j]);
        }
    }
    printf("enter the ele of matrix2:\n");
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
        for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
            scanf("%d", &matrix2[i][j]);
        }
    }
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
        for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
            sub[i][j]= matrix1[i][j]-matrix2[i][j];
        }
    }

    printf("sub of mat:\n");
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
        for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
            printf("%d\t", sub[i][j]);

        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}

```

Q16. . Write a c program to multiply two matrices

```

#include<stdio.h>
#define MAX_rows 100
#define Max_cols 100

int main(){
    int rows,cols;
    printf("enter the no. of rows and cols of the matrice (max %d x %d):",MAX_rows,Max_cols);
    scanf("%d %d", &rows, &cols);
    if (rows<=0 | |cols<0 | |rows>MAX_rows | |cols>Max_cols){
        printf("invalid");
        return 1;
    }

    int matrix1[MAX_rows][Max_cols], matrix2 [MAX_rows][Max_cols], mul[MAX_rows][Max_cols],k;

    printf("enter the ele of matrix1:\n");
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
        for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
            scanf("%d", &matrix1[i][j]);
        }
    }

```

```

}
printf("enter the ele of matrix2:\n");
for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
    for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
        scanf("%d", &matrix2[i][j]);
    }
}
for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
    for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
        mul[i][j]=0;
        for(k=0;k<cols;k++){
            mul[i][j]+= matrix1[i][k]*matrix2[k][j];
        }
    }
}

printf("mul of mat:\n");
for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
    for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
        printf("%d\t", mul[i][j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
return 0;
}

```

Q17. Write a c program to find transpose of a matrix with and without new array

a. With New Array

```

#include<stdio.h>
#define MAX_rows 100
#define Max_cols 100

int main(){
    int rows,cols;
    printf("enter the no. of rows and cols of the matrice (max %d x %d):",MAX_rows,Max_cols);
    scanf("%d %d", &rows, &cols);
    if (rows<=0 | |cols<0 | |rows>MAX_rows | |cols>Max_cols){
        printf("invalid");
        return 1;
    }

    int matrix1[MAX_rows][Max_cols], matrix2 [MAX_rows][Max_cols], mul[MAX_rows][Max_cols],k;

    printf("enter the ele of matrix1:\n");
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
        for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
            scanf("%d", &matrix1[i][j]);
        }
    }
    printf("enter the ele of matrix2:\n");
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
        for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
            scanf("%d", &matrix2[i][j]);
        }
    }

    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
        for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
            mul[i][j]=0;
            for(k=0;k<cols;k++){
                mul[i][j]+= matrix1[i][k]*matrix2[k][j];
            }
        }
    }

    printf("mul of mat:\n");
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
        for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
            printf("%d\t", mul[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}

```

```
}
```

b. Without new Array.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
    int i,j,n,m, temp;
    printf("Enter the order of first matrix (n,m):\n"); scanf("%d %d", &n, &m);
    printf("Enter first array elements:\n");
    int a[n] [m];
    for(i=0;i<n;i++) for(j=0;j<m;j++) scanf("%d" ,&a[i][j]);
    if (n!=m) {
        printf("Invalid Matrix.");
        return 0;
    } else {
        for(i=0;i<n;i++) {
            for(j=0;j<m;j++) {
                if (j>i) { temp = a[i][j]; a[j] [i] = temp; }
                a[i][j] = a[j] [i];
            }
        }
    }
    for(i=0;i<n;i++) {
        for(j=0;j<m;j++) {
            printf("%d\t", a[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Q18. Write a c program to check matrix is symmetrical or not.

```
#include<stdio.h>

int main(){
    int rows,cols,issym=1,i,j;
    printf("enter the no. of rows and cols:\n");
    scanf("%d %d", &rows, &cols);
    if(rows!=cols){
        printf("not square matrix, symmetry defined only for square matrix.");
        return 1;
    }
    int matrix[rows][cols];
    printf("enter elements of matrix:\n");
    for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
        for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
            scanf("%d", &matrix[i][j]);
        }
    }
    for (i=0;i<rows && issym;i++){
        for (j=0;j<cols && issym;j++){
            if(matrix[i][j] != matrix[i][j]){
                issym=0;
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}

if(issym){
    printf("yes syym.");
}else{
    printf("no not syym.");}
return 0;
}
```


Q19. Write a c program to sort an array list in ascending order using bubble sort method.

```
#include<stdio.h>

int main(){

    int n,temp,i,j;

    printf("Enter the size of array:\n");

    scanf("%d", &n);

    int arr[n];

    printf("Enter the array elements:\n");

    for(i=0;i<n;i++){scanf("%d", &arr[i]);}


    for(i=0;i<n-1;i++){

        for(j=0;j<n-1-i;j++){

            if(arr[j]>arr[j+1]){

                temp = arr[j];

                arr[j]=arr[j+1];

                arr[j+1]=temp;

            }

        }

    }

    for(i=0;i<n;i++) printf("%d\t", arr[i]);

    return 0;

}
```

Q20. Write a program that checks whether the entered string is a palindrome or not, without using string header file

```
#include<stdio.h>

int main(){

    int n,temp,i,j;

    printf("Enter the size of array:\n");

    scanf("%d", &n);

    int arr[n];

    printf("Enter the array elements:\n");

    for(i=0;i<n;i++){scanf("%d", &arr[i]);}


    for(i=0;i<n-1;i++){

        for(j=0;j<n-1-i;j++){

            if(arr[j]>arr[j+1]){

                temp = arr[j];

                arr[j]=arr[j+1];

                arr[j+1]=temp;

            }

        }

    }

    for(i=0;i<n;i++) printf("%d\t", arr[i]);

    return 0;

}
```

```
}
```

Q21. Write a program to insert an element into array using function.

```
#include<stdio.h>
void insertelement(int arr[],int *n, int posi, int x);
int main(){
    int n,i,posi,x;
    printf("Enter the size of array:\n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int arr[n];
    printf("Enter array elements:\n");
    for (i=0;i<n;i++) scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    printf("enter the elements to be inserted");
    scanf("%d",&x);
    printf("enter the position to be inserted");
    scanf("%d", &posi);
    insertelement(arr,&n,posi,x);
    printf("Array after insertion : \n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)printf("%d", arr[i]);
    return 0;
}
void insertelement(int arr[],int *n, int posi, int x){
    int i;
    for(i=*n;i>posi;i--){
        arr[i]=arr[i-1];
    }
    arr[posi]=x;
    (*n)++;
}
```

Q22. Write a program to store and display the name, roll number, and total PCM marks for one Student using Structure

```
#include<stdio.h>
struct student{
    char name[50];
    int rno;
    float phy,chem,math,total;
};

int main(){
    struct student s;
    printf("Enter student name:");
    scanf("%s", &s.name);

    printf("enter roll.no");
    scanf("%d",&s.rno);
    printf("entr marks phy");
    scanf("%f",&s.phy);
    printf("entr chem marks");
    scanf("%f",&s.chem);
    printf("enter math marks");
    scanf("%f",&s.math);
    s.total=s.phy+s.math+s.chem;
    printf("name:%s\n", s.name);
    printf("rollno:%d\n", s.rno);
    printf("phy marks:%0.f\n", s.phy);
    printf("chem marks:%0.f\n", s.chem);
    printf("math marks:%0.f\n", s.math);
    printf("total:%f\n",s.total);
    return 0;
}
```

Q23. Write a c program to store and display the employee code, name, date of joining, salary and department for one employee using structure. Use Nested structure for date of Joining.

```
#include<stdio.h>
struct employee{
    char name[100],dept[100];
```

```

int code;
float salary;
struct doj{
    int d,m,y;
}date;
};

int main(){
    struct employee e;
    printf("Enter employee code:");
    scanf("%d", &e.code);
    printf("enter employee name:");
    scanf("%s", &e.name);
    printf("enter employee dept");
    scanf("%s", &e.dept);
    printf("enter date of joining");
    scanf("%d %d %d",&e.date.d,&e.date.m,&e.date.y);
    printf("Enter employee salary");
    scanf("%f", &e.salary);
    printf("\n");
    printf("Employee code: %d\n", e.code);
    printf("Employee name: %s\n", e.name);
    printf("Employee department: %s\n", e.dept);
    printf("Date of joining: %d %d %d\n", e.date.d , e.date.m , e.date.y );
    printf("Employee salary: %f", e.salary);
    return 0;
}

```

Q24. Write a c program to display month name in word when enter a number using switch case.

```

#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int n;
    printf("Enter a number to display its corresponding month:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    switch(n){
        case(1): printf("january");
            break;
        case(2): printf("feb");
            break;
        case(3): printf("march");
            break;
        case(4): printf("april");
            break;
        case(5): printf("may");
            break;
        case(6): printf("june");
            break;
        case(7): printf("july");
            break;
        case(8): printf("august");
            break;

        case(9): printf("sept");
            break;
        case(10): printf("oct");
            break;
        case(11): printf("NOv");
            break;
        case(12): printf("dec");
            break;
        default: printf("Invalid Input.");
    }
    return 0;
}

```

Q25. Write a c program to find sum of diagonal elements of a matrix

```

#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int n,m,i,j,mainsum=0,offsum=0;
    printf("enter the order of matrix(n,m):");
    scanf("%d %d", &n,&m);

```

```

int arr[n][m];
if(n!=m){
    printf("not a square matrix.");
    return 0;
}
printf("enter matrix elements:\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++) for (j=0;j<m;j++) scanf("%d",&arr[i][j]);
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
    mainsum+=arr[i][i];
}
i=0;j=m-1;
while(i<n){
    offsum += arr[i][j];
    i++,j--;
}
printf("the sum of main diagonal elements is %d\n", mainsum);
printf("the sum of off diagonal element is %d\n",offsum);
return 0;
}

```

Q26. Write a program to accept ‘n’ integers from the user into an array and find display even number and prime number.

```

#include <stdio.h>

```

```

int is_prime(int num) {
    if (num <= 1) {
        return 0; // 1 or less are not prime
    }
    for (int i = 2; i * i <= num; i++) {
        if (num % i == 0) {
            return 0; // Divisible by other numbers, not prime
        }
    }
    return 1; // Prime number
}

```

```

int main() {
    int n, i;

    printf("Enter the number of elements (n): ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

```

```

    int arr[n];

```

```

    printf("Enter %d integers:\n", n);
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    }

```

```

    printf("Even numbers:\n");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (arr[i] % 2 == 0) {
            printf("%d ", arr[i]);
        }
    }
    printf("\n");

```

```

    printf("Prime numbers:\n");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (is_prime(arr[i])) {
            printf("%d ", arr[i]);
        }
    }
    printf("\n");

```

```

    return 0;
}

```

Q27. Write a program to accept 'n' integers from the user into an array and find the smallest and largest integer.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int n,i,maxi,mini;
    printf("enter array size:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int arr[n];
    printf("enter array elements");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++) scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
    maxi=mini=arr[0];
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        if(arr[i]>maxi) maxi =arr[i];
        else if (arr[i]<mini) mini =arr[i];
    }
    printf("smallest %d biggest %d", mini,maxi);
    return 0;
}
```

Q28. Write a C program to compare two string using strcmp() function.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main(){
    char s1[100],s2[100];
    int r;
    printf("enter string 1");
    gets(s1);
    printf("Enter string 2");
    gets(s2);
    r=strcmp(s1,s2);
    if(r==0)printf("both are same");
    else if(r>0)printf("Str 1 is big");
    else printf("Str 2 is big");
    return 0;
}
```

Q29. Write a C program to concatenate two strings without using string.h.

```
#include<stdio.h>
void ConcatenateString(char str1[100],char str2 [100],char res [200]){
    int i=0,j=0;
    while(str1[i]!='\0'){
        res[i]=str1[i];
        i++;
    }
    while(str2[j]!='\0'){
        res[i+j]=str2[j];
        j++;
    }
    res[i+j]='\0';
}
int main(){
    char str1[100],str2 [100],res [200];
    printf("Enter str1");
    gets(str1);
    printf("Enter str2");
    gets(str2);
    ConcatenateString(str1,str2,res);
    printf("Concated string: %s\n", res);
    return 0;
}
```

Q30. Write a c program to find sum of each row elements of a matrix.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int n,m,i,j,rsum=0;
    printf("enter row[n] and column[m] of matrix");
    scanf("%d %d ", &n,&m);
    int arr[n][m];
```

```
printf("Enter the elements of matirx");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
    for(j=0;j<m;j++){
        scanf("%d", &arr[i][j]);
    }
}
printf("Summation of rows:\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
    rsum=0;
    for(int j=0;j<m;j++){
        rsum += arr[i][j];
    }
    printf("%d \t", rsum);
    rsum = 0;
}
return 0;
}
```