WPA ENTERPRISE

- All WPA/WPA2 networks we seen so far use PSK authentication.
- A shared key is used to authenticate users.
- One key per network.
- Router manages authentication.
- WPA Enterprise is another form of authentication.
- Each user get their own key to connect to the network.
- Authentication is managed through a central server (RADIUS Server).

WPA ENTERPRISE

Clients







Access Point





Resources eg:internet

RADIUS Server

HACKING WPA ENTERPRISE

Problems:

- 1. Encryption is used, so can't sniff credentials in monitor mode.
- 2. Can't use ARP spoofing because we need to connect first.

The only solution is to run an evil twin attack, 2 ideas:

- 1. Using the traditional method, just use a page that looks like login box.
- 2. Create a fake AP that uses WPA enterprise.

HACKING WPA ENTERPRISE Using Traditional Fake AP

Drawbacks:

- 1. Has to be an open network when users know their network use WPA/WPA2.
- 2. They have to enter password in a web page.

Advantages:

- Password is sent in plain text.
- No need to decrypt it.

HACKING WPA ENTERPRISE USING A FAKE WPA ENTERPRISE AP

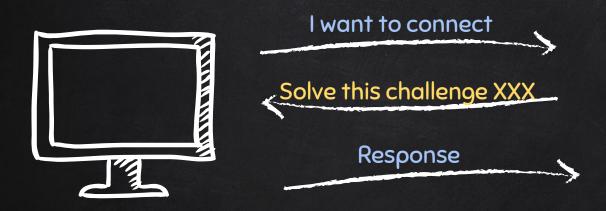
Drawbacks:

Captured password will be encrypted.

Advantages:

Looks and behaves exactly like a real WPA-Enterprise network.

CHALLENGE RESPONSE AUTHENTICATION





RADIUS Server