# Guideline for Integrated SmartAMP(TAS2563/TAS2781) Linux driver & Factory Tool

BeagleBone black/QCOM + Kernel-5.10-rt



# **Revision history**

Ver	Date	Author	Description
1.0	2022/9/14		Initial
1.1	2022/9/20		1st round Review & rework
1.2	2022/9/30		Add tinyalsa
1.3	2022/10/9		2 <sup>nd</sup> round Review & rework
1.4	2023/02/05		Add firmware compiling
1.5	2023/08/24		Update DTS setting
1.6	2023/09/02		Add Sound card register on QCOM
1.7	2023/09/04	Add Factory tool section	
1.8	2023/10/8		Add direct register setting for screen rotation

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## Information

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tasdevice Driver	TAS2563/TAS2781
7-bit I <sup>2</sup> C Address	TAS2563: 0x4C ~ 0x4F
7-bit i-C Address	TAS2781: 0x38 ~ 0x3F
Platform	Qualcomm/MTK/LSI/BeagleBone Black/AMBA
Architecture	ALSA/Tiny-ALSA
Bus type	I2C
Kernel Version	v5.10



# Release Package II | Driver Package

Kconfig, Makefile	Config for compiling
.c, & .h,	Source code
ti,tas2781.yaml	Sample for dts setting
regbin folder	File to generate a sample register setting file with Regbin tool.
dspfw folder	File to generate a sample dsp firmware and acoustic params file with PPC3 tool.
Verification report	
.ftcfg file	Store speaker basic characterization params for speaker calibration
config_dir/.hybrid- config	Example of config file for compiling Linux kernel 5.10 for BeagleBone Black
hybrid-compile-ko- on-bbb.sh	Compiling script for compiling Linux kernel 5.10 for BeagleBone Black and integrated-tasdevice driver
hybrid-compile-on- bbb.sh	Compiling script for compiling Linux kernel 5.10 for BeagleBone Black

# Release Package II | Tool Utility

FTC_tool	Source code for calibration
PPC3 tool	Tool for sample dsp firmware and acoustic params and ftcfg file
Non_Integrated_Bin_Tool_v1.3.6	Tool for regbin

## **Cross-compiler**

 Deploy cross-compiler (shell command)
 #sudo apt-get install gcc-arm-linuxgnueabihf Izop

PS: If you found following installing log, pls update apt-get first.



#apt-get update

Check the compiler version
#arm-linux-gnueabihf-gcc -v
gcc version 7.5.0 (Ubuntu/Linaro 7.5.0-3ubuntu1~18.04)
OR
gcc version 11.3.0 (Ubuntu 11.3.0-1ubuntu1~22.04)

## **U-boot I**

- Clone U-boot
   \$sudo -i
   #git clone git://git.denx.de/u-boot.git u-boot
- Query the branch information #git status

```
root@Tintin:/usr/local/BeagleBoneBlack/linux-4.19# cd u-boot/root@Tintin:/usr/local/BeagleBoneBlack/linux-4.19/u-boot# git status On branch master Your branch is up to date with 'origin/master'.

nothing to commit, working tree clean
```

 Query all the tag information #git tag



Switch to specific tag
#cd u-boot
#git checkout v2017.03-rc2 -b tmp

```
root@Tintin:/usr/local/BeagleBoneBlack# cd u-boot/
root@Tintin:/usr/local/BeagleBoneBlack/u-boot# ls
Kbuild Licenses Makefile api board common configs doc dts
Kconfig MAINTAINERS README arch cmd config.mk disk drivers env
root@Tintin:/usr/local/BeagleBoneBlack/u-boot# git checkout v2017.03-rc2 -b tmp
Checking out files: 100% (20757/20757), done.
Switched to a new branch 'tmp'
```

 Check the difference between current tag and the specific tag

#git diff v2016.01

## **U-boot II**

- Download the patch for BBB
  - # wget -c https://rcn-ee.com/repos/git/u-boot-patches/v2017.03-rc2/0001-am335x\_evm-uEnv.txt-bootz-n-fixes.patch
  - # wget -c https://rcn-ee.com/repos/git/u-boot-patches/v2017.03-rc2/0002-U-Boot-BeagleBone-Cape-Manager.patch
  - # patch -p1 < 0001-am335x\_evm-uEnv.txt-bootz-n-fixes.patch
  - # patch -p1 < 0002-U-Boot-BeagleBone-Cape-Manager.patch

Run above commands in the u-boot





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## **Linux kernel 5.10-rt Compiling**

 Download kernel 5.10-rt(<u>GitHub</u> - <u>beagleboard/linux at 5.10-rt</u>)

# git clone <a href="https://github.com/beagleboard/linux.git">https://github.com/beagleboard/linux.git</a>

Uzip the kernel package
# sudo unzip linux-5.10-rt.zip
# cd linux-5.10-rt/

Create compile\_BBB-kernel.sh

#! /bin/bash

apt-get install gcc-arm-linux-gnueabihf lzop 2>&1 |
tee install.log

make clean 2>&1 | tee clean.log

make ARCH=arm CROSS\_COMPILE=arm-linuxgnueabihf- bb.org\_defconfig -j \$(expr \$(nproc) - 1)
2>&1 | tee config.log

make ARCH=arm CROSS\_COMPILE=arm-linuxgnueabihf- -j \$(expr \$(nproc) - 1) 2>&1 | tee
compile.log

• Compile the kernel compile\_BBB-ker nel.sh

# chmod 777 compile\_BBB-kernel.sh
# sudo ./compile\_BBB-kernel.sh

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## Obtain root file system

Download Debian11.4 :

```
# wget -c https://rcn-ee.com/rootfs/eewiki/minfs/debian-11.4-minimal-armhf-2022-07-11.tar.xz
```

```
# wget -c https://rcn-ee.com/rootfs/eewiki/minfs/debian-11.4-minimal-armhf-2022-07-11.tar.xz.sha256sum
```

Verify sha256sum

#sha256sum debian-11.4-minimal-armhf-2022-07-11.tar.xz

luminlong@luminlong-mybox:~/Linux\_new\_kernel/debian\_package/11.4\$ sha
256sum debian-11.4-minimal-armhf-2022-07-11.tar.xz
07257d00340fb097a1a9fba34d00b3e2a1224035e3c412a43d55d2356670366e deb
ian-11.4-minimal-armhf-2022-07-11.tar.xz

Uncomprocessing

```
#tar –xf debian-11.4-minimal-armhf-2022-07-
11.tar.xz debian11.4
# ls /debian11.4
```

The debian11.4 direction shows following files:

```
an-11.4-minimal-armhf-2022-07-11$ ls
armhf-rootfs-debian-bullseye.tar user_password.list
image-builder.project
```

 By the way, the user password.list stores the user name and password

```
an-11.4-minimal-armhf-2022-07-11$ cat user_password.list
debian:temppwd
```



## Set up MicroSD card I

- Create partition in SD card
- Use fdisk command

```
#umount /dev/sdb*
#sudo fdisk /dev/sdb
```

Input p, check the partitions, like this:

```
Command (m for help): p
Disk /dev/sdb: 7.5 GiB, 7994343424 bytes, 15613952 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: 0xd8ed8c21
                           End Sectors Size Id Type
Device
          Boot Start
/dev/sdb1 *
                                 409600 200M c W95 FAT32 (LBA)
                        411647
/dev/sdb2
               411648 15613951 15202304 7.3G 83 Linux
Filesystem/RAID signature on partition 1 will be wiped.
Filesystem/RAID signature on partition 2 will be wiped.
```

• Input d, Delete a Specified partition

```
Command (m for help): d
Partition number (1,2, default 2):
Partition 2 has been deleted.
```



## Set up MicroSD card II

- Input n, create two new partitions
- Input t, then c, change partition 1's type from 'linux' to 'W95 FAT32(LBA)'
- Input a, enable bootable flag on partition1
- Input w, write the partition table to SD card, then exit from fdisk.

```
Command (m for help): w
The partition table has been altered.
Calling ioctl() to re-read partition table.
Syncing disks.
```

#### Format partitions

```
# sudo mkfs.vfat -F 32 -n boot /dev/sdb1 # sudo mkfs.ext4 -L rootfs /dev/sdb2
```

Mount /dev/sdb2 to /media/rootfs/

```
# sudo mkdir -p /media/rootfs/
# sudo mount /dev/sdb2 /media/rootfs/
```



## **Install & Backup U-Boot**

#### **Install Bootloader**

# sudo dd if=./u-boot/MLO of=/dev/sdb1 count=2 seek=1 bs=128k

# sudo dd if=./u-boot/u-boot-dtb.img of/dev/sdb1 count=4 seek=1 bs=384k

## **Backup Bootloader (optional)**

# sudo mkdir -p /media/rootfs/opt/backup/uboot/

 /media/rootfs/opt/backup/uboot/ is the folder mounted with BBB folder mentioned in previous page

# sudo cp -v ./u-boot/MLO /media/rootfs/opt/backup/uboot/

# sudo cp -v ./u-boot/u-boot-dtb.img /media/rootfs/opt/backup/uboot/



# **Editing of uEnv.txt**

#### Please Edit the uEnv.txt as follows:

uenvcmd=run loadall; run mmcargs; bootz \${loadaddr} - \${fdtaddr};

loadaddr=0x82000000 fdtaddr=0x88000000 rdaddr=0x88080000 initrd\_high=0xffffffff fdt\_high=0xffffffff #for single partitions: mmcroot=/dev/mmcblk0p1 Copy uExt.txt to /media/rootfs/boot

# sudo cp ./uExt.txt /media/rootfs/boot

```
loadximage=load mmc 0:1 ${loadaddr} /boot/vmlinuz-${uname_r} 
loadxfdt=load mmc 0:1 ${fdtaddr} /boot/dtbs/${uname_r}/${fdtfile} 
loadxrd=load mmc 0:1 ${rdaddr} /boot/initrd.img-${uname_r}; setenv rdsize ${filesize} 
loaduEnvtxt=load mmc 0:1 ${loadaddr} /boot/uEnv.txt; env import -t ${loadaddr} ${filesize}; 
loadall=run loaduEnvtxt; run loadximage; run loadxfdt; 
mmcargs=setenv bootargs console=tty0 console=${console} ${optargs} ${cape_disable} ${cape_enable} root=${mmcroot} 
rootfstype=${mmcrootfstype} ${cmdline}
```

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## Install Kernel and Root File System

#### Add Kernel version into uEnv.txt

```
# export kernel_version=linux5.10.120-rt

# sudo sh -c "echo 'uname_r=${kernel_version}' >>
/media/rootfs/boot/uEnv.txt"
```

#### Install root file system

```
# sudo tar xfvp ./denian/*-*-*-armhf-*/armhf-rootfs-*.tar -
C /media/rootfs/
# sync
# sudo chown root:root /media/rootfs/
# sudo chmod 755 /media/rootfs/
```

#### Copy zlmage & dtb

```
# sudo cp -v ./linux5.10-rt/arch/arm/boot/zImage
/media/rootfs/boot/vmlinuz-${kernel_version}

# sudo mkdir -p /media/rootfs/boot/dtbs/${kernel_version}/

#sudo cp ./linux5.10-rt/arch/arm/boot/dts/am335x-
boneblack.dtb /media/rootfs/boot/dtbs/${kernel_version}/
```

#### Install kernel Modules (optional)

```
# cd ./linux5.10-rt/

# sudo make ARCH=arm CROSS_COMPILE=arm-linux-
gnueabihf- modules_install
INSTALL_MOD_PATH=/media/rootfs -j16
```

## File system Table(/etc/fstab)

#sudo sh -c "echo '/dev/mmcblk0p1 / auto errors=remount-ro
0 1' >> /media/rootfs/etc/fstab"

# **Network configuration (optional)**

Edit: /etc/network/interfaces

# sudo vi /media/rootfs/etc/network/interfaces

#### Add below:

#/etc/network/interfaces

auto lo

iface lo inet loopback

auto eth0

iface eth0 inet dhcp

#### Enable eth0

# sudo vi /media/rootfs/etc/udev/rules.d/70persistent-net.rules

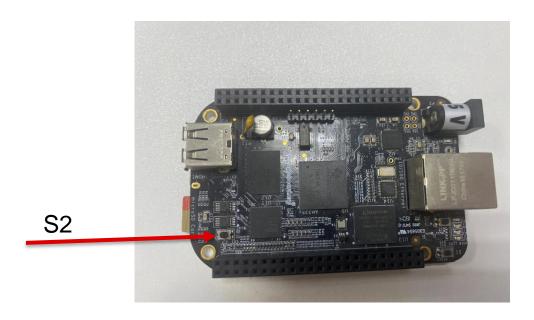
#### Add below:

SUBSYSTEM=="net", ACTION=="add", DRIVERS=="?\*", ATTR{dev\_id}=="0x0", ATTR{type}=="1", KERNEL=="eth\*", NAME="eth0"

## Remove microSD/SD card

- Remove microSD/SD card
- # sync
- # sudo umount /media/rootfs

- Insert the SD card on BBB
- Press and hold button on S2, and Power on the BBB



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# **Device Tree | I2C**

## Configuration in DTS:

```
76 &i2c2 {
77    pinctrl-names = "default";
78    #address-cells = <1>;
79    #size-cells = <0>;
80    status = "okay";
81    clock-frequency = <400000>;
82    pinctrl-0 = <&i2c2_pins>;
83    tasdevice: tasdevice@38 {
84        status = "okay";
85        #sound-dai-cells = <0>;
86        compatible = "ti,tas2781";
87        reg = <0x38>;
88        reset-gpios = <&gpio1 10 GPIO_ACTIVE_HIGH>;
89    };
90 };
```

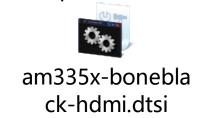
#### How to check device

If the I2C is successfully registered, Check device through below commands, 2-0038 is the registered device. 0x38 is the i2c address for slave device.

```
# ls/sys/bus/i2c/device/
debian@beaglebone:~$ ls /sys/bus/i2c/devices/
0-0024 0-0050 2-0038 i2c-0 i2c-2
```

#### • DTS file

PS: This guideline only offer the interrupt setting for BeagleBone Black. For other platform, kindly consult the platform vendor.



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## **Device Tree | SPI**

Configuration in DTS:

```
bb spi0 pins: pinmux bb spi0 pins {
     pinctrl-single,pins = <
        AM33XX_PADCONF(AM335X_PIN_SPI0_SCLK, PIN_INPUT, MUX_MODE0)
        AM33XX PADCONF(AM335X_PIN_SPI0_D0, PIN_INPUT, MUX_MODE0)
        AM33XX_PADCONF(AM335X_PIN_SPI0_D1, PIN_INPUT, MUX_MODE0)
        AM33XX PADCONF(AM335X PIN SPI0 CS0, PIN INPUT, MUX MODE0)
76 &spi0 {
    #address-cells = <1>;
    #size-cells = <0>;
    pinctrl-names = "default";
    pinctrl-0 = <&bb spi0 pins>;
    tasdevice:tasdevice@0 {
         #sound-dai-cells = <0>;
         compatible = "ti,tas2781";
         symlink = "bone/spi/0.0";
        reg = \langle 0 \rangle;
         reset-gpios = <&gpio1 10 GPIO ACTIVE HIGH>;
         status = "okay";
         spi-max-frequency = <400000>;
```

How to check device.

If the SPI is successfully registered, Check device through below commands, spi0.0 is the registered device.

# ls /sys/bus/spi/device/

```
debian@beaglebone:~$ ls /sys/bus/spi/devices/
spi0.0
```

DTS file

PS: This guideline only offer the interrupt setting for BeagleBone Black. For other platform, kindly consult the platform vendor.



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## **Device Tree | Sound card**

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```
&mcasp0 {
    #sound-dai-cells = <0>;
    pinctrl-names = "default";
    pinctrl-0 = <&mcasp0 pins>;
    status = "okay";
    op-mode = <0>; /* MCASP IIS MODE */
    tdm-slots = \langle 8 \rangle;
    serial-dir = < /* 0: INACTIVE, 1: TX, 2: RX */
            2 2 1 0
        >;
    tx-num-evt = \langle 32 \rangle;
                                                                                           Audio Applications
                                                                                                                                              Sound Server
    rx-num-evt = \langle 32 \rangle;
                                                                                                                  ALSA Library
                                                                  User Space
sound {
                                                                  Kernel Space
    compatible = "simple-audio-card";
    simple-audio-card, name = "TI BeagleBone Black";
                                                                                                               ALSA Layer
    simple-audio-card,dai-link@0 {
        format = "dsp_a";
        bitclock-master = <&sound0 master>;
                                                                                                                         ASoC Layer
        frame-master = <&sound0 master>;
        sound0 master: cpu {
                                                                                                                               Controls
                                                                                                    PCM Interface
            sound-dai = <&mcasp0>;
            clocks = <&clk mcasp0>;
                                                                                                                         Codec DAPM Widgets Board DAPM Widgets
                                                                                                     Audio DMA
        };
                                                                                                   CPU DAIs
                                                                                                                             Codec DAIs
        codec {
                                                                                                  Platform Driver
                                                                                                                           Codec Driver
            sound-dai = <&tasdevice>;
                                                                                                                       Machine Driver
```

# **Kconfig & Makefile**

## Kconfig in sound/soc/codecs

```
imply SND_SOC_IDAC_IDAC
imply SND_SOC_ICS43432
imply SND_SOC_INNO_RK3036
imply SND_SOC_INTEGRATED_TASDEVICE
imply SND_SOC_ISABELLE
imply SND_SOC_JZ4740_CODEC
imply SND_SOC_JZ4725B_CODEC
```

```
1788
1789 config SND_SOC_TPA6130A2
1790 tristate "Texas Instruments TPA6130A2 headphone amplifier"
1791 depends on I2C
1792
1793 comment "tas2563"
1794 source "sound/soc/codecs/tas2563/Kconfig"
1795 endmenu
1796
```

## Makefile in sound/soc/codecs

```
# Amp

obj-$(CONFIG_SND_SOC_MAX9877) += snd-soc-max9877.o

obj-$(CONFIG_SND_SOC_MAX98504) += snd-soc-max98504.o

obj-$(CONFIG_SND_SOC_SIMPLE_AMPLIFIER) += snd-soc-simple-amplifier.o

obj-$(CONFIG_SND_SOC_TPA6130A2) += snd-soc-tpa6130a2.o

obj-$(CONFIG_SND_SOC_INTEGRATED_TASDEVICE) += tas2563/
```



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## Modification in defconfig for I2C interface

- Check whether following items have been enabled in arch/arm/configs/ti\_sdk\_am3x\_release\_defconfig, if not, enable them as following
  - CONFIG\_I2C=y
  - CONFIG\_I2C\_GPIO=y
  - CONFIG\_I2C\_OMAP=y
  - CONFIG\_I2C\_MUX=y

## Modification in defconfig for SPI interface

- Check whether following items have been enabled in arch/arm/configs/ti\_sdk\_am3x\_release\_defconfig, if not, enable them as following
  - CONFIG\_SPI=y
  - CONFIG\_SPI\_GPIO=y
  - CONFIG\_SPI\_SPIDEV=y
  - CONFIG\_SPI\_MASTER=y

## Modification in defconfig for Sound Card

- Add following items in arch/arm/configs/ti\_sdk\_am3x\_release\_defconfig.
  - CONFIG\_SOUND=y
  - CONFIG\_SND=y
  - CONFIG\_SND\_SOC=y
  - CONFIG\_SND\_SIMPLE\_CARD=y
  - CONFIG\_SND\_SOC\_INTEGRATED\_TASDEVICE=y

## Confirm where the firmware file store in the target device

- Below kernel 5.10
  - The path storing the bin file is defined in kernel/drivers/base/firmware\_class.c static const char \* const fw\_path[] = { fw\_path\_para,
    - "/system/vendor/firmware", /\*defined only in Android system\*/
    - "/system/etc/firmware", /\*defined only in Android system\*/
    - "/lib/firmware/updates/"
    - UTS\_RELEASE,
    - "/lib/firmware/updates",
    - "/lib/firmware/" UTS\_RELEASE,
    - "/lib/firmware" };

- Above & including kernel 5.10
  - The default path storing the bin file is defined in kernel/drivers/base/firmware\_loader/main. c.

```
static const char * const fw_path[] = {
    fw_path_para,
    "/lib/firmware/updates/"
    UTS_RELEASE,
    "/lib/firmware/updates",
    "/lib/firmware/" UTS_RELEASE,
    "/lib/firmware/" UTS_RELEASE,
    "/lib/firmware" };
```

## Add bin file into zlmage

- During debug, pushing the bin file into proper folder of the target device is more convenient than compiling into image.
- Detailed see <u>Firmware search paths</u> <u>The Linux Kernel documentation</u>.
- Other firmware paths can be defined in ueventd.rc

```
1 import /vendor/etc/ueventd.rc
2 import /odm/etc/ueventd.rc
3
4 firmware_directories /etc/firmware/ /odm/firmware/ /vendor/firmware/ /firmware/image/
5 uevent_socket_rcvbuf_size 16M
6
7 subsystem graphics
8 devname uevent_devpath
9 dirname /dev/graphics
```





## Firmware Setting in defconfig

- Compile the bin file into image.
  - Add following settings into defconfig file

```
CONFIG_FW_LOADER=y
```

CONFIG\_FW\_LOADER\_PAGED\_BUF=y

CONFIG\_EXTRA\_FIRMWARE="tas2781-4amp-reg.bin tas2781-4amp-dsp.bin regulatory.db regulatory.db.p7s am335x-pm-firmware.elf am335x-bone-scale-data.bin am335x-evm-scale-data.bin"

CONFIG\_EXTRA\_FIRMWARE\_DIR="firmware"

- □ CONFIG\_EXTRA\_FIRMWARE\_DIR is path where the bin file is stored into the kernel root. "firmware" is the relative path in the compiling base path.
- □ CONFIG\_EXTRA\_FIRMWARE is the name of firmware name. if multiple bin files are required, input the file name format like CONFIG\_EXTRA\_FIRMWARE = "a.bin b.bin c.bin"
  - ✓ Do not forget copy the firmware file into "firmware" folder in the compiling base folder
- ☐ If this method is enabled, the fw will be loaded during system bootup.
- During debug, pushing the bin file into proper folder of the target device is more convenient than compiling into image. Once compiling into zlmage, every time the bin file is changed, it should be recompiled into zlmage instead of copied into the fw\_path

PS: How to compile the firmware into Android, please refer to <u>Appendix V | Compile firmware into</u> Android system

# Firmware & ftcfg file naming

file	File name	Remark
regbin	tas2781-1amp-reg.bin tas2563-4amp-reg.bin	Generated by regbin tool
Dsp firmware & params	tas2781-1amp-dsp.bin tas2563-4amp-dsp.bin	
ftcfg	tas2781-0x38.ftcfg tas2781-0x39.ftcfg tas2563-0x4c.ftcfg tas2563-0x4d.ftcfg tas2563-0x4e.ftcfg tas2563-0x4f.ftcfg	
Calibrated file	tas2781-0x38-cal.bin tas2781-0x39-cal.bin	Generated by ftc tool

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## Compile Image with tas2781 driver

- Generate .config
  - #sudo make ARCH=arm CROSS\_COMPILE=arm-linux-gnueabihf- ti\_sdk\_am3x\_release\_defconfig
- Compile the image
  - #sudo make ARCH=arm CROSS\_COMPILE=arm-linux-gnueabihf- zlmage dtbs -j16

#### PS:

- 1. There's a config file with the name .hybrid\_config in the .hybrid-config « config\_dir tas2781-linux-driver Unnamed repository; edit this file 'description' to name the repository. It can be used directly for compiling without ,config generation.
- 2. <u>hybrid-compile-ko.sh</u> will compile the driver as a module, that is ko file.
- 3. <a href="https://hybrid-compile.sh">hybrid-compile.sh</a> will compile the kernel image without the driver.



# **Audio card registration**

 BBB use mcasp0 to output the audio data. If the DTS was configured correctly, the driver will create sound card device and kcontrols, we can check below commands to confirm that.

```
# Is /dev/snd
# Is /sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038
# cat /proc/asound/pcm
```

# cat /proc/asound/cards

```
debian@beaglebone:~$ ls /dev/snd/
by-path controlCO pcmCODOc pcmCODOp timer
debian@beaglebone:~$ ls /sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038
act addr driver
                         fwload
                                   of node regbininfo list subsystem
dev addr dspfw config
                         modalias power
                                            regcfg list
                                                             uevent
devinfo dspfwinfo list name
                                            regdump
debian@beaglebone:~$ cat /proc/asound/pcm
00-00: davinci-mcasp.0-tasdevice codec tasdevice-codec.2-0038-0 : davinci-mcasp.0-tasdevice codec tasdevice-codec.2-0038-0 : playback 1 : capture 1
debian@beaglebone:~$ cat /proc/asound/cards
                  ]: TI_BeagleBone B - TI_BeagleBone Black
0 [Black
                     TI BeagleBone Black
```

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## **Driver nodes I | Introduction**

• In order to debug driver freely, several driver nodes have been defined,

```
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ ls
act_addr driver fwload of_node regbininfo_list subsystem
dev_addr dspfw_config modalias power regcfg_list uevent
devinfo dspfwinfo_list name reg regdump
```

- Check below path to access above driver nodes
  - /sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038
  - /sys/class/i2c-adapter/i2c-2/2-0038
  - /sys/class/i2c-dev/i2c-2/device/2-0038

## Driver nodes II | fwload/i2caddr/devinfo

#echo > fwload

Illustration: Use for debug if firmware has not been compiled into rootfs.

```
root@am335x-evm:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0048# echo>fwload
root@am335x-evm:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0048# [ 192.697698] pcmdevice-codec 2-0048: fwload: count = 1
[ 192.719134] pcmdevice-codec 2-0048: pcmdev: regbin_ready start
[ 192.719184] pcmdevice-codec 2-0048: nconfig = 1
[ 192.719214] pcmdevice-codec 2-0048: img_sz = 436 total_config_sz = 144 offset = 292
[ 192.719336] pcmdevice-codec 2-0048: Firmware init complete
```

#amixer contents

```
debian@beaglebone:/sys/class/i2c-dev/i2c-2/device/2-0038$ amixer contents
numid=3,iface=MIXER,name='Configuration'
   ; type=INTEGER,access=rw-----,values=1,min=0,max=0,step=0
[ 7044.116010] tasdevice-codec 2-0038: tasdevice_info_dsp: max program num = 1
   : values=0
numid=1,iface=MIXER,name='Program'
   ; type=INTEGER,access=rw-----,values=1,min=0,max=255,step=0
   : values=1
numid=2,iface=MIXER,name='TASDEVICE Profile id'
   ; type=INTEGE[ 7044.116046] tasdevice-codec 2-0038: tasdevice_info_dsp: max configuration num = 2
R,access=rw-----,values=1,min=0,max=6,step=0
   : values=0
```

#cat dev\_addr

Illustration: show the active i2c address

```
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ cat dev_addr
ndev:1
addr0:38
```

#cat devinfo

Illustration: Get the basic information of audio device on the board

```
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ cat devinfo
No. DevTyp Addr
0 audev 0x38
```



## Driver nodes II | reg

#echo chn 0xBK 0xPG 0xRG 0xXX > reg

Illustration: Write a value to a certain register

- chn is channel no, must be 1-digital
- BK, PG, RG & XX must be 2-digital HEX
- eg: 0 0x00 0x00 0x05 0x07 > reg

#### #cat reg

Illustration: Read back the value from the register which have been echoed before

```
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ echo 0 0x00 0x00 0x05 0x07 > reg
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ cat reg
i2c - addr: 0x38
Chn0B0x00P0x00R0x05:0x07
```



## **Driver nodes III | regdump**

- #echo chn 0xBK 0xPG > regdump
  - Illustration: the command dump all the registers of the specific page
  - chn is channel no, must be 1-digital
  - BK & PG must be 2-digital HEX
- #cat regdump

Illustration: run the echo command, show the 7-bit i2c address of the chip and dump the registers





## Driver nodes IV | regbininfo\_list &

#cat regbininfo\_list

Illustration: list the regbin version and dump the name of all the audio cases from regbin file, If wanted detailed info from specific audio case, kindly use the drive node **regcfg\_list** 

```
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ cat regbininfo_list
Regbin File Version: 0x0105
conf 00: I2S-16bit-echoreference-slot0
conf 01: I2S-16bit-echoreference-slot2
conf 02: I2S-16bit-IV-slot0
conf 03: TDM-16bit-echoreference-slot0
conf 04: dsp-16bit-slot0
conf 05: echo-ref
```

#cat dspfwinfo\_list

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Illustration: list the detail of fwdsp bin file and dump the program name and configuration name.

```
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ cat dspfwinfo_list
tas2781_dsp.bin
Git format
Generated by PPC3V0x14200

ndev: 1
mnPrograms: 1
    ProgramName: Tuning Mode
mnConfigurations: 2
    nConfig:0
    ConfigName:configuration_audio_Tuning Mode_48 KHz_sl_0 Program:0x00

nConfigName:calibration_Tuning Mode_48 KHz_sl_0 Program:0x00
```



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# Driver nodes V | regcfg\_list

```
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ echo 00 >regcfg_list
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ [ 8108.293276] tasdevice-codec 2-0038: regcfg: count = 3
[ 8108.293320] tasdevice-codec 2-0038: [regcfg_list]cfg= 0, cnt=3
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ cat regcfg list
Conf 00: I2S-16bit-echoreference-slot0
block type:PRE POWER UP device idx = 0x00
               SINGLE BYTE:
                        B00K0x00 PAGE0x00 REG0x0e VALUE = 0xc4
                       B00K0x00 PAGE0x00 REG0x0f VALUE = 0x40
                       BOOK0x00 PAGE0x00 REG0x5c VALUE = 0xd9
                       BOOK0x00 PAGE0x00 REG0x0d VALUE = 0x01
                       B00K0x00 PAGE0x00 REG0x10 VALUE = 0x04
                       BOOK0x00 PAGE0x00 REG0x16 VALUE = 0x40
                       B00K0x00 PAGE0x01 REG0x17 VALUE = 0xc8
               BURST:
                       B00K0x00 PAGE0x04
                        REG0x30 = 0x00 REG0x31 = 0x00 REG0x32 = 0x00 REG0x33 = 0x01
                BURST:
                       BOOKOXOO PAGEOXO8
                       REG0x18 = 0x00 REG0x19 = 0x00 REG0x1a = 0x00 REG0x1b = 0x00
               SINGLE BYTE:
                       BOOK0x00 PAGE0x08 REG0x1c VALUE = 0x00
               BURST:
                       BOOK0x00 PAGE0x08
                       REG0x28 = 0x40 REG0x29 = 0x00 REG0x2a = 0x00 REG0x2b = 0x00
                       B00K0x00 PAGE0x0a
                       REG0x48 = 0x00 REG0x49 = 0x00 REG0x4a = 0x00 REG0x4b = 0x00
                       BOOK0x00 PAGE0x0a
                       REG0x58 = 0x40 REG0x59 = 0x00 REG0x5a = 0x00 REG0x5b = 0x00
                       B00K0x00 PAGE0x00 REG0x02 VALUE = 0x00
block type:PRE_SHUTDOWN device idx = 0x00
               SINGLE BYTE:
                        BOOK0x00 PAGE0x00 REG0x02 VALUE = 0x02
```

- #echo CG > regcfg\_list
  - CG is conf NO, it should be 2-digital decimal
  - eg: echo 00 > regcfg\_list
- #cat regcfg\_list
- Illustration: dump the register setting of the audio case specified by echo command

## **Bypass mode**

- Write a shell script to test bypass mode. Use #amixer contents to check the kcontrol list, then set the parameters we used. "Program" is 0 when only use tuning mode.
  - PS: For details about regbin configuration, please see the appendix. If set bypass mode,
     Setting Configuration is unnecessary.

#### **Shell script with Alsa**

# #!/bin/bash amixer cset numid=1,iface=MIXER,name="Program" 1 amixer cset numid=2,iface=MIXER,name='TASDEVICE Profile id' 0 aplay --device="hw:0,0" test.wav & sleep 1 amixer cset numid=2,iface=MIXER,name='TASDEVICE Profile id' 5 arecord -c 2 -f S16\_LE -r 48000 -d 15 --device="hw:0,0" 16bit-echoref.wav &

#### **Shell script with Tinyalsa**

```
#! /bin/bash
tinymix set "Program" 1
tinymix set "TASDEVICE Profile id" 0
tinyplay test.wav &
sleep 1
tinymix set 'TASDEVICE Profile id' 5
tinycap 16bit-echoref.wav &
```

# **Tuning mode**

- Write a shell script to test tuning mode. "Program" is 1 when use tuning mode, then select the configuration number.
  - PS: For details about fwdsp bin file, please use "cat dspfwinfo\_list".

#### **Shell script with Alsa**

# #! /bin/bash amixer cset numid=1,iface=MIXER,name="Program" 0 amixer cset numid=3,iface=MIXER,name="Configuration" 0 amixer cset numid=2,iface=MIXER,name='TASDEVICE Profile id' 4 aplay --device="hw:0,0" test.wav & sleep 1 amixer cset numid=2,iface=MIXER,name='TASDEVICE Profile id' 5 arecord -c 2 -f S16\_LE -r 48000 -d 15 --device="hw:0,0" 16bit-echoref.wav &

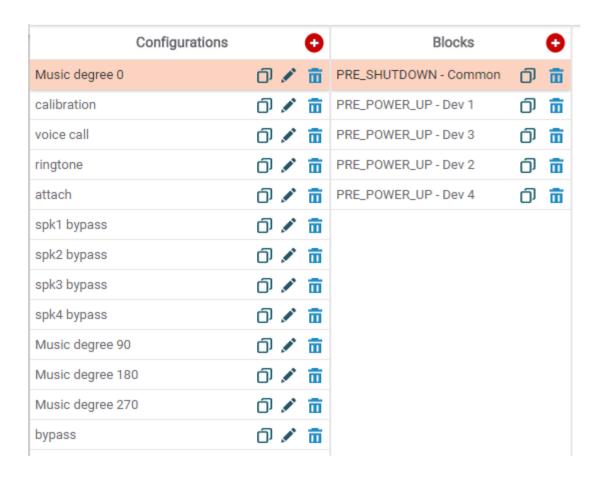
#### **Shell script with Tinyalsa**

```
#! /bin/bash
tinymix set "Program" 0
tinymix set "Configuration" 0
tinymix set "TASDEVICE Profile id" 4
tinyplay test.wav &
sleep 1
tinymix set 'TASDEVICE Profile id' 5
tinycap 16bit-echoref.wav &
```

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

# **Example of Regbin file I**

- In jsn/regbin, there's tas2563-4ampreg.json.
  - It defines 13 audio cases in Confiuration column and 4 pieces of tas2563 in blcoks.
  - The order of device is define in devicetree. See ti,tas2781.yaml for details
  - Sometimes there's difference the audio configs(or audio cases) in between regbin file and dsp file, so audio\_hal will maintain a mapping table to connect both.



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

# **Example of Regbin file II | Mapping Table I**

No.	Audio Cases	Regbin No.	Program No. in dsp firmware	Configure No. in dsp firmware
0	Music - default, degree 0° (dev1 & dev2 - left; dev3 & dev4 - right)	0	0	0
1	Calibration	1	0	1
2	Voice call	2	0	2
3	ringtone	3	0	3
4	Attach	4	0	4
5	SPK1-only (bypass)	5	1	NA
6	SPK2-only (bypass)	6	1	NA
7	SPK3-only (bypass)	7	1	NA
8	SPK4-only (bypass)	8	1	NA
9	Music - default, degree $90^\circ$ (dev2 & dev3 - left; dev4 & dev1 - right)	9	0	0
10	Music - default, degree 180° (dev3 & dev4 - left; dev1 & dev2 - right)	10	0	0
11	Music - default, degree 270° (dev4 & dev1 –left; dev2 & dev3 - right)	11	0	0
12	Bypass (4amps)	12	1	NA

# Example of Regbin file III | Mapping Table II

No ·	Audio Cases	Regbi n No.	Program No. in dsp firmware	Configure No. in dsp firmware
13	Direct rotation degree 0° (dev1 & dev2 - left; dev3 & dev4 - right)	13	NA	NA
14	Direct rotation degree 90° (dev2 & dev3 - left; dev4 & dev1 - right)	14	NA	NA
15	Direct rotation degree 180° (dev3 & dev4 - left; dev1 & dev2 - right)	15	NA	NA
16	Direct rotation degree 270° (dev4 & dev1 –left; dev2 & dev3 - right)	16	NA	NA

- How to directly set for screen rotaion.
  - Use kcontrol "TASDEVICE Rotation id" to set one of the four directions.



# **Factory Tool**



#### FTC tool I

- ftcfg file, is the file to store the spk basic params for speaker calibration
  - File name style:[chip name]-[chip number].ftcfg
    - Chip number is a is first chip, b is second chip, ....
    - all the letter in the file name is lowcase
    - For example, tas2781-a.ftcfg, tas2563-a.ftcfg, tas2781-b.ftcfg
    - the file name is defined in tasdevice.c, see, the right column

```
static const char *ftcfg[] = {
    "%s-a.ftcfg",
    "%s-b.ftcfg",
    "%s-c.ftcfg",
    "%s-d.ftcfg"
};
```

- Put ftcfg file (Generated by ppc3) into directory:
  - Linux: /lib/firmware
  - Android: /mnt/vendor/persist/audio/

PS: the macro
TASDEVICE\_CAL\_CFG\_PATH in
tasdevice-ftc.h ought to match the Operating
System.

#### FTC tool II

- Run FTC tool with root permission
  - # sudo ./tasdevice-ftc
- After the calibration process finished, the results save into /home/audio/ti/tasdevice-cal.txt

```
debian@beaglebone:~$ cat /home/audio/ti/tas2781_cal.txt
Ambient temperature = 20.00

Dev[0] Re = 13.41
Dev[0] rms_pow = 0x00000000
Dev[0] t_limit = 0x00000000
Dev[0] Result = 0x1
```



#### **Calibration**

- It's necessary to enable IV sense in PPC3.
- Write a shell script to test calibration. Select the calibration\_tuning\_mode in "configuration".
- Playing silence during calibration
- If calibration is successful, tas2563-0x4c-cal.bin/tas2563-0x4d-cal.bin/tas2563-0x4e-cal.bin/tas2781-0x3c-cal.bin/tas2781-0x3f-cal.bin, etc will be saved into
  - Andoird: /system/vendor/firmware/
  - Linux: /lib/firmware/

PS: the macro TASDEVICE\_CAL\_BIN\_PATH in tasdevice-ftc.h ought to match the Operating System.

#### **Shell script with Alsa**

```
#! /bin/bash
amixer cset numid=1,iface=MIXER,name="Program" 0
amixer cset numid=3,iface=MIXER,name="Configuration" 1
amixer cset numid=2,iface=MIXER,name='TASDEVICE Profile id' 1
aplay --device="hw:0,0" silence.wav &
sleep 15
./tasdevice_ftc
```

#### **Shell script with Tinyalsa**

#! /bin/bash
tinymix set "Program" 0
tinymix set "Configuration" 1
tinymix set "TASDEVICE Profile id" 1
tinyplay silence.wav &
sleep 15
./tasdevice\_ftc

# **Appendix**



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#### **Appendix I | Download Kernel 5.10-rt for BBB from...**

https://github.com/beagleboard/linux/tree/5.10-rt



# **Appendix II | Porting Tinyalsa I**

Reference link:

<u>Tinyalsa - Tiny library to interface with ALSA in the Linux kernel - (tinyalsa) (opensourcelibs.com)</u> Download link:

GitHub - tinyalsa/tinyalsa: Tiny library to interface with ALSA in the Linux kernel

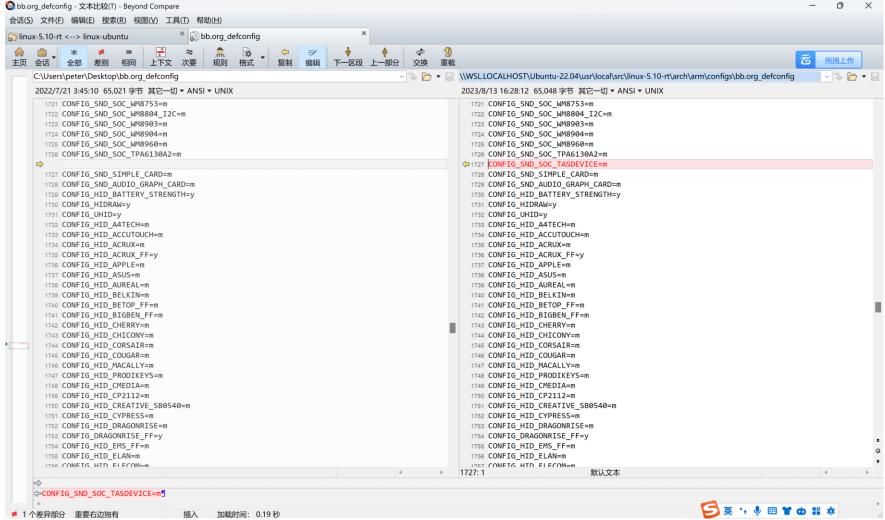
Move driver code into BBB's local direction.

### Appendix II | Porting Tinyalsa II | Steps of installation

 Modify cross compile, add below statements into top of Makefile. export ARCH = arm export CROSS\_COMPILE = arm-linux-gnueabihfexport CC = \$(CROSS\_COMPILE)gcc

- 2. Assign permissions to scripts in tinyalsa package #chmod 777 script
- 3. To build and install with Make, run the commands:
  - # sudo make# sudo make install# sudo ldconfig
- 4. Once installed, the man pages are available via:
  - # man tinyplay # man tinycap # man tinymix
  - # man tinypcminfo

### Appendix III | Add new module to be compiled





#### Appendix IV | DTS in QCOM Platform and Sound card register I

We provide reference DTS for Beagle Bone Black. For i2c setting for pcmdevice, DTS on QCOM platform is same as DTS on BBB. Only difference is the sound card register. Here offer an example on how to register the sound card. You may as well consult Qualcomm on this part for detail.

```
    SND SOC DAILINK DEFS(quat tdm tx 0,

    DAILINK COMP ARRAY(COMP CPU("msm-dai-q6tdm.36913")),
    DAILINK COMP ARRAY(COMP_CODEC("tasdevice-codec.x-00yy", "tasdevice-codec")),
    DAILINK COMP ARRAY(COMP PLATFORM("msm-pcm-routing")));

    x is the i2c bus No. where tasdevice connected

    • yy is the 7-bit i2c address in HEX style, the letter ought to be lowercase
e.g:
    SND SOC DAILINK DEFS(pri mi2s rx,
         DAILINK COMP ARRAY(COMP CPU("snd-soc-dummy-dai")),
         DAILINK COMP ARRAY(COMP CODEC("tasdevice-codec.x-00yy", "tasdevice-codec")),
         DAILINK COMP ARRAY(COMP PLATFORM("snd-soc-dummy")));
    SND SOC DAILINK DEFS(pri mi2s tx,
         DAILINK COMP ARRAY(COMP CPU("snd-soc-dummy-dai")),
         DAILINK COMP ARRAY(COMP_CODEC("tasdevice-codec.x-00yy", "tasdevice-codec")),
         DAILINK COMP ARRAY(COMP PLATFORM("snd-soc-dummy")));
```

#### Appendix IV | DTS in QCOM Platform and Sound card register II

```
gem_row_wifi:/ # cat proc/asound/pcm
00-00: CODEC_DMA-LPAIF_RXTX-RX-0 multicodec-0 :
                                             : playback 1
00-01: CODEC_DMA-LPAIF_RXTX-RX-1 multicodec-1 :
                                             : playback 1
00-02: CODEC_DMA-LPAIF_RXTX-RX-2 multicodec-2 :
                                             : playback 1
00-03: CODEC_DMA-LPAIF_RXTX-RX-3 multicodec-3 : : playback 1
00-04: CODEC_DMA-LPAIF_RXTX-RX-5 multicodec-4 : : playback 1
00-05: CODEC_DMA-LPAIF_RXTX-RX-6 rx_macro_rx6-5 : : playback 1
00-06: CODEC_DMA-LPAIF_RXTX-TX-3 multicodec-6 : : capture 1
00-07: CODEC_DMA-LPAIF_RXTX-TX-4 multicodec-7 : : capture 1
00-09: CODEC_DMA-LPAIF_VA-TX-1 va_macro_tx2-9 : : capture 1
00-11: PCM_RT_PROXY-TX-1 snd-soc-dummy-dai-11 : : capture 1
00-12: PCM_RT_PROXY-RX-1 snd-soc-dummy-dai-12 : : playback 1
00-13: USB_AUDIO-RX snd-soc-dummy-dai-13 : : playback 1
00-14. USB ΔUDIO-TX snd-soc-dummy-dai-14 · · canture 1
00-15: MI2S-LPAIF-RX-PRIMARY tasdevice-codec.3-004c-15 : : playback 1
00-16: MI2S-LPAIF-TX-PRIMARY tasdevice-codec.3-004c-16: capture 1
00-17: MI2S-LPAIF_AUD-RX-PRIMARY msm-stub-rx-17 : : playback 1
00-18: MI2S-LPAIF_AUD-TX-PRIMARY msm-stub-tx-18 : : capture 1
00-19: MI2S-LPAIF-RX-TERTIARY msm-stub-rx-19 : : playback 1
00-20: MI2S-LPAIF-TX-TERTIARY msm-stub-tx-20 : : capture 1
00-21: MI2S-LPAIF_RXTX-RX-PRIMARY msm-stub-rx-21 : : playback 1
00-22: MI2S-LPAIF_RXTX-TX-PRIMARY msm-stub-tx-22 : : capture 1
00-23: MI2S-LPAIF_VA-RX-PRIMARY msm-stub-rx-23 : : playback 1
00-24: MI2S-LPAIF_VA-TX-PRIMARY msm-stub-tx-24 : : capture 1
00-25: MI2S-LPAIF_WSA-RX-PRIMARY msm-stub-rx-25 : : playback 1
00-26: MI2S-LPAIF_WSA-TX-PRIMARY msm-stub-tx-26 : : capture 1
00-27: DISPLAY_PORT-RX msm_dp_audio_codec_rx_dai-27 : : playback 1
00-28: SLIM-DEV1-RX-7 btfm_bt_sco_a2dp_slim_rx-28 : : playback 1
00-29: SLIM-DEV1-TX-7 btfm_bt_sco_slim_tx-29 : : capture 1
gem row wifi:/ #
```



#### **Appendix V | Compile firmware into Android system**

Add following into mk file

```
#Add backend_conf.xml for agmtool

PRODUCT_COPY_FILES += \

vendor/qcom/opensource/audio-hal/primary-hal/configs/taro/audio_param/backend_conf.xml:$(TARGET_COPY_OUT_VENDOR)/etc/backend_conf.xml \

vendor/qcom/opensource/audio-hal/primary-hal/configs/taro/audio_param/tas2563-4amp-reg.bin:$(TARGET_COPY_OUT_VENDOR)/firmware/tas2563-4amp-reg.bin \

vendor/qcom/opensource/audio-hal/primary-hal/configs/taro/audio_param/tas2563-4amp-dsp.bin:$(TARGET_COPY_OUT_VENDOR)/firmware/tas2563-4amp-dsp.bin

# Audio configuration xml's related to Waipio
```



# **THANKS!**

