Guideline for TAS2563/TAS2781 Linux driver

BeagleBone black + Kernel-5.10-rt



Revision history

Ver	Date	Author	Description
1.0	2022/9/14		Initial
1.1	2022/9/20		1st round Review & rework
1.2	2022/9/30		Add tinyalsa
1.3	2022/10/9		2 nd round Review & rework
1.4	2023/02/05	Add firmware compiling	
1.5	2023/08/24		Update DTS setting

TI Information – Selective Disclosure 8/24/2023

Information

tasdevice Driver	TAS2563/TAS2781
7-bit I ² C Address	TAS2563: 0x4C ~ 0x4F
7-bit i-C Address	TAS2781: 0x38 ~ 0x3F
Platform	Qualcomm/MTK/LSI/BeagleBone Black/AMBA
Architecture	ALSA/Tiny-ALSA
Bus type	I2C
Kernel Version	v5.10

Release Package

	Kconfig, Makefile	Config for compiling
	.c, & .h,	Source code
	dts.readme	Sample for dts setting
Driver	regbin.json	File to generate a sample register setting file with Regbin tool.
Package	dspfw.json	File to generate a sample dsp firmware and acoustic params file with PPC3 tool.
	Verification report	
	.ftcfg file	Store speaker basic characterization params for speaker calibration
	FTC_tool	Source code for calibration
Tool_utility	PPC3 tool	Tool for sample dsp firmware and acoustic params and ftcfg file
TI Information – Selective Dis	Non_Integrated_Bin_Tool_v1.3.6	Tool for regbin 4



Cross-compiler

 Deploy cross-compiler (shell command)
 #sudo apt-get install gcc-arm-linuxgnueabihf lzop

PS: If you found following installing log, pls update apt-get first.



#apt-get update

Check the compiler version
 #arm-linux-gnueabihf-gcc -v
 gcc version 7.5.0 (Ubuntu/Linaro 7.5.0-3ubuntu1~18.04)
 OR
 gcc version 11.3.0 (Ubuntu 11.3.0-1ubuntu1~22.04)

U-boot I

- Clone U-boot
 \$sudo -i
 #git clone git://git.denx.de/u-boot.git u-boot
- Query the branch information #git status

```
root@Tintin:/usr/local/BeagleBoneBlack/linux-4.19# cd u-boot/root@Tintin:/usr/local/BeagleBoneBlack/linux-4.19/u-boot# git status On branch master
Your branch is up to date with 'origin/master'.
nothing to commit, working tree clean
```

Query all the tag information
 #git tag



Switch to specific tag
#cd u-boot
#git checkout v2017.03-rc2 -b tmp

```
root@Tintin:/usr/local/BeagleBoneBlack# cd u-boot/
root@Tintin:/usr/local/BeagleBoneBlack/u-boot# ls
Kbuild Licenses Makefile api board common configs doc dts
Kconfig MAINTAINERS README arch cmd config.mk disk drivers env
root@Tintin:/usr/local/BeagleBoneBlack/u-boot# git checkout v2017.03-rc2 -b tmp
Checking out files: 100% (20757/20757), done.
Switched to a new branch 'tmp'
```

 Check the difference between current tag and the specific tag
 #git diff v2016.01

U-boot II

- Download the patch for BBB
 - # wget -c https://rcn-ee.com/repos/git/u-boot-patches/v2017.03-rc2/0001-am335x_evm-uEnv.txt-bootz-n-fixes.patch
 - # wget -c https://rcn-ee.com/repos/git/u-boot-patches/v2017.03-rc2/0002-U-Boot-BeagleBone-Cape-Manager.patch
 - # patch -p1 < 0001-am335x_evm-uEnv.txt-bootz-n-fixes.patch
 - # patch -p1 < 0002-U-Boot-BeagleBone-Cape-Manager.patch

Run above commands in the u-boot





Linux kernel 5.10-rt Compiling

Download kernel 5.10-rt(<u>GitHub</u> - <u>beagleboard/linux at 5.10-rt</u>)

git clone https://github.com/beagleboard/linux.git

Uzip the kernel package
sudo unzip linux-5.10-rt.zip
cd linux-5.10-rt/

Create compile_BBB-kernel.sh

#! /bin/bash

apt-get install gcc-arm-linux-gnueabihf lzop 2>&1 |
tee install.log

make clean 2>&1 | tee clean.log

make ARCH=arm CROSS_COMPILE=arm-linuxgnueabihf- bb.org_defconfig -j \$(expr \$(nproc) - 1)
2>&1 | tee config.log

make ARCH=arm CROSS_COMPILE=arm-linuxgnueabihf- -j \$(expr \$(nproc) - 1) 2>&1 | tee
compile.log

• Compile the kernel compile_BBB-ker nel.sh

chmod 777 compile_BBB-kernel.sh
sudo ./compile_BBB-kernel.sh

Obtain root file system

Download Debian11.4 :

```
# wget -c https://rcn-ee.com/rootfs/eewiki/minfs/debian-11.4-minimal-armhf-2022-07-11.tar.xz
```

```
# wget -c https://rcn-ee.com/rootfs/eewiki/minfs/debian-11.4-minimal-armhf-2022-07-11.tar.xz.sha256sum
```

Verify sha256sum

#sha256sum debian-11.4-minimal-armhf-2022-07-11.tar.xz

luminlong@luminlong-mybox:~/Linux_new_kernel/debian_package/11.4\$ sha
256sum debian-11.4-minimal-armhf-2022-07-11.tar.xz
07257d00340fb097a1a9fba34d00b3e2a1224035e3c412a43d55d2356670366e deb
ian-11.4-minimal-armhf-2022-07-11.tar.xz

Uncomprocessing

```
#tar –xf debian-11.4-minimal-armhf-2022-07-
11.tar.xz debian11.4
```

ls ./debian11.4

The debian11.4 direction shows following files:

```
an-11.4-minimal-armhf-2022-07-11$ ls
armhf-rootfs-debian-bullseye.tar user_password.list
image-builder.project
```

 By the way, the user password.list stores the user name and password

```
an-11.4-minimal-armhf-2022-07-11$ cat user_password.list
debian:temppwd
```



Set up MicroSD card I

- Create partition in SD card
- Use fdisk command

```
#umount /dev/sdb*
#sudo fdisk /dev/sdb
```

Input p, check the partitions, like this:

```
Command (m for help): p
Disk /dev/sdb: 7.5 GiB, 7994343424 bytes, 15613952 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: 0xd8ed8c21
                           End Sectors Size Id Type
Device
          Boot Start
/dev/sdb1 *
                                 409600 200M c W95 FAT32 (LBA)
                        411647
/dev/sdb2
               411648 15613951 15202304 7.3G 83 Linux
Filesystem/RAID signature on partition 1 will be wiped.
Filesystem/RAID signature on partition 2 will be wiped.
```

• Input d, Delete a Specified partition

```
Command (m for help): d
Partition number (1,2, default 2):
Partition 2 has been deleted.
```



Set up MicroSD card II

- Input n, create two new partitions
- Input t, then c, change partition 1's type from 'linux' to 'W95 FAT32(LBA)'
- Input a, enable bootable flag on partition1
- Input w, write the partition table to SD card, then exit from fdisk.

```
Command (m for help): w
The partition table has been altered.
Calling ioctl() to re-read partition table.
Syncing disks.
```

Format partitions

```
# sudo mkfs.vfat -F 32 -n boot /dev/sdb1 # sudo mkfs.ext4 -L rootfs /dev/sdb2
```

Mount /dev/sdb2 to /media/rootfs/

```
# sudo mkdir -p /media/rootfs/
# sudo mount /dev/sdb2 /media/rootfs/
```



Install & Backup U-Boot

Install Bootloader

sudo dd if=./u-boot/MLO of=/dev/sdb1 count=2 seek=1 bs=128k

sudo dd if=./u-boot/u-boot-dtb.img of/dev/sdb1 count=4 seek=1 bs=384k

Backup Bootloader (optional)

sudo mkdir -p /media/rootfs/opt/backup/uboot/

 /media/rootfs/opt/backup/uboot/ is the folder mounted with BBB folder mentioned in previous page

sudo cp -v ./u-boot/MLO /media/rootfs/opt/backup/uboot/

sudo cp -v ./u-boot/u-boot-dtb.img /media/rootfs/opt/backup/uboot/



Editing of uEnv.txt

Please Edit the uEnv.txt as follows:

uenvcmd=run loadall; run mmcargs; bootz \${loadaddr} - \${fdtaddr};

loadaddr=0x82000000 fdtaddr=0x88000000 rdaddr=0x88080000 initrd_high=0xffffffff fdt_high=0xffffffff #for single partitions: mmcroot=/dev/mmcblk0p1 Copy uExt.txt to /media/rootfs/boot

sudo cp ./uExt.txt /media/rootfs/boot

```
loadximage=load mmc 0:1 ${loadaddr} /boot/vmlinuz-${uname_r} loadxfdt=load mmc 0:1 ${fdtaddr} /boot/dtbs/${uname_r}/${fdtfile} loadxrd=load mmc 0:1 ${rdaddr} /boot/initrd.img-${uname_r}; setenv rdsize ${filesize} loaduEnvtxt=load mmc 0:1 ${loadaddr} /boot/uEnv.txt ; env import -t ${loadaddr} ${filesize}; loadall=run loaduEnvtxt; run loadximage; run loadxfdt; mmcargs=setenv bootargs console=tty0 console=${console} ${optargs} ${cape_disable} ${cape_enable} root=${mmcroot} rootfstype=${mmcrootfstype} ${cmdline}
```

Install Kernel and Root File System

Add Kernel version into uEnv.txt

```
# export kernel_version=linux5.10.120-rt

# sudo sh -c "echo 'uname_r=${kernel_version}' >>
/media/rootfs/boot/uEnv.txt"
```

Install root file system

```
# sudo tar xfvp ./denian/*-*-*-armhf-*/armhf-rootfs-*.tar -
C /media/rootfs/
# sync
# sudo chown root:root /media/rootfs/
# sudo chmod 755 /media/rootfs/
```

Copy zlmage & dtb

```
# sudo cp -v ./linux5.10-rt/arch/arm/boot/zImage
/media/rootfs/boot/vmlinuz-${kernel_version}

# sudo mkdir -p /media/rootfs/boot/dtbs/${kernel_version}/

#sudo cp ./linux5.10-rt/arch/arm/boot/dts/am335x-
boneblack.dtb /media/rootfs/boot/dtbs/${kernel_version}/
```

Install kernel Modules (optional)

```
# cd ./linux5.10-rt/

# sudo make ARCH=arm CROSS_COMPILE=arm-linux-
gnueabihf- modules_install
INSTALL_MOD_PATH=/media/rootfs -j16
```

File system Table(/etc/fstab)

#sudo sh -c "echo '/dev/mmcblk0p1 / auto errors=remount-ro
0 1' >> /media/rootfs/etc/fstab"

Network configuration (optional)

Edit: /etc/network/interfaces

sudo vi /media/rootfs/etc/network/interfaces

Add below:

#/etc/network/interfaces

iface lo inet loopback

auto eth0

auto lo

iface eth0 inet dhcp

Enable eth0

sudo vi /media/rootfs/etc/udev/rules.d/70persistent-net.rules

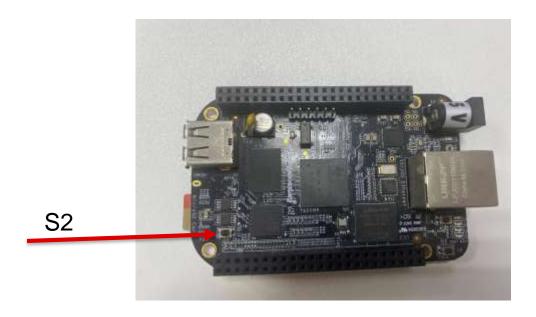
Add below:

SUBSYSTEM=="net", ACTION=="add", DRIVERS=="?*", ATTR{dev_id}=="0x0", ATTR{type}=="1", KERNEL=="eth*", NAME="eth0"

Remove microSD/SD card

- Remove microSD/SD card
- # sync
- # sudo umount /media/rootfs

- Insert the SD card on BBB
- Press and hold button on S2, and Power on the BBB



TI Information – Selective Disclosure



Device Tree | I2C

Configuration in DTS:

```
76 &i2c2 {
77    pinctrl-names = "default";
78    #address-cells = <1>;
79    #size-cells = <0>;
80    status = "okay";
81    clock-frequency = <400000>;
82    pinctrl-0 = <&i2c2_pins>;
83    tasdevice: tasdevice@38 {
84        status = "okay";
85        #sound-dai-cells = <0>;
86        compatible = "ti,tas2781";
87        reg = <0x38>;
88        reset-gpios = <&gpio1 10 GPIO_ACTIVE_HIGH>;
89    };
90 };
```

How to check device

If the I2C is successfully registered, Check device through below commands, 2-0038 is the registered device. 0x38 is the i2c address for slave device.

```
# ls/sys/bus/i2c/device/
debian@beaglebone:~$ ls /sys/bus/i2c/devices/
0-0024 0-0050 2-0038 i2c-0 i2c-2
```

DTS file

PS: This guideline only offer the interrupt setting for BeagleBone Black. For other platform, kindly consult the platform vendor.



TI Information – Selective Disclosure 8/24/2023

Device Tree | SPI

Configuration in DTS:

```
bb spi0 pins: pinmux bb spi0 pins {
    pinctrl-single,pins = <
       AM33XX_PADCONF(AM335X_PIN_SPI0_SCLK, PIN_INPUT, MUX_MODE0)
       AM33XX PADCONF(AM335X_PIN_SPI0_D0, PIN_INPUT, MUX_MODE0)
       AM33XX_PADCONF(AM335X_PIN_SPI0_D1, PIN_INPUT, MUX_MODE0)
       AM33XX PADCONF(AM335X PIN SPI0 CS0, PIN INPUT, MUX MODE0)
6&spi0 {
   #address-cells = <1>;
   #size-cells = <0>;
   pinctrl-names = "default";
   pinctrl-0 = <&bb spi0 pins>;
   tasdevice:tasdevice@0 {
        #sound-dai-cells = <0>;
        compatible = "ti,tas2781";
        symlink = "bone/spi/0.0";
       reg = \langle 0 \rangle;
        reset-gpios = <&gpio1 10 GPIO_ACTIVE_HIGH>;
        status = "okay";
        spi-max-frequency = <400000>;
```

How to check device.

If the SPI is successfully registered, Check device through below commands, spi0.0 is the registered device.

ls /sys/bus/spi/device/

```
debian@beaglebone:~$ ls /sys/bus/spi/devices/
spi0.0
```

DTS file

PS: This guideline only offer the interrupt setting for BeagleBone Black. For other platform, kindly consult the platform vendor.



TI Information – Selective Disclosure 8/24/2023

Device Tree | Sound card

TI Information - Selective Disclosure

```
&mcasp0 {
    #sound-dai-cells = <0>;
    pinctrl-names = "default";
    pinctrl-0 = <&mcasp0 pins>;
    status = "okay";
    op-mode = <0>; /* MCASP IIS MODE */
    tdm-slots = \langle 8 \rangle;
    serial-dir = < /* 0: INACTIVE, 1: TX, 2: RX */
            2 2 1 0
        >;
                                                                                           Audio Applications
                                                                                                                                              Sound Server
    tx-num-evt = \langle 32 \rangle;
    rx-num-evt = \langle 32 \rangle;
                                                                                                                  ALSA Library
                                                                  User Space
sound {
                                                                  Kernel Space
    compatible = "simple-audio-card";
    simple-audio-card, name = "TI BeagleBone Black";
                                                                                                               ALSA Layer
    simple-audio-card,dai-link@0 {
        format = "dsp_a";
        bitclock-master = <&sound0 master>;
                                                                                                                         ASoC Layer
        frame-master = <&sound0 master>;
        sound0 master: cpu {
                                                                                                    PCM Interface
                                                                                                                               Controls
            sound-dai = <&mcasp0>;
            clocks = <&clk mcasp0>;
                                                                                                                         Codec DAPM Widgets Board DAPM Widgets
                                                                                                     Audio DMA
        };
                                                                                                    CPU DAIS
                                                                                                                             Codec DAIs
        codec {
                                                                                                  Platform Driver
                                                                                                                           Codec Driver
            sound-dai = <&tasdevice>;
                                                                                                                       Machine Driver
```

Kconfig & Makefile

Kconfig in sound/soc/codecs

22	TIMPTA DIAD_DOC_HDVC_HDV
100	imply SND_SOC_ICS43432
101	imply SND_SOC_INNO_RK3036
102	<pre>imply SND_SOC_INTEGRATED_TASDEVICE</pre>
103	imply SND_SOC_ISABELLE
104	imply SND_SOC_JZ4740_CODEC
105	<pre>imply SND_SOC_JZ4725B_CODEC</pre>

```
1788
1789 config SND_SOC_TPA6130A2
1790 tristate "Texas Instruments TPA6130A2 headphone amplifier"
1791 depends on I2C
1792
1793 comment "tas2563"
1794 source "sound/soc/codecs/tas2563/Kconfig"
1795 endmenu
1796
```

Makefile in sound/soc/codecs

```
# Amp

obj-$(CONFIG_SND_SOC_MAX9877) += snd-soc-max9877.o

obj-$(CONFIG_SND_SOC_MAX98504) += snd-soc-max98504.o

obj-$(CONFIG_SND_SOC_SIMPLE_AMPLIFIER) += snd-soc-simple-amplifier.o

obj-$(CONFIG_SND_SOC_TPA6130A2) += snd-soc-tpa6130a2.o

obj-$(CONFIG_SND_SOC_INTEGRATED_TASDEVICE) += tas2563/
```



20

Modification in defconfig for I2C interface

- Check whether following items have been enabled in arch/arm/configs/ti_sdk_am3x_release_defconfig, if not, enable them as following
 - CONFIG_I2C=y
 - CONFIG_I2C_GPIO=y
 - CONFIG_I2C_OMAP=y
 - CONFIG_I2C_MUX=y



Modification in defconfig for SPI interface

- Check whether following items have been enabled in arch/arm/configs/ti_sdk_am3x_release_defconfig, if not, enable them as following
 - CONFIG_SPI=y
 - CONFIG_SPI_GPIO=y
 - CONFIG_SPI_SPIDEV=y
 - CONFIG_SPI_MASTER=y

Modification in defconfig for Sound Card

- Add following items in arch/arm/configs/ti_sdk_am3x_release_defconfig.
 - CONFIG_SOUND=y
 - CONFIG_SND=y
 - CONFIG_SND_SOC=y
 - CONFIG_SND_SIMPLE_CARD=y
 - CONFIG_SND_SOC_INTEGRATED_TASDEVICE=y

Confirm where the firmware file store in the target device

- Below kernel 5.10
 - The path storing the bin file is defined in kernel/drivers/base/firmware_class.c static const char * const fw_path[] = { fw_path_para,
 - "/system/vendor/firmware", /*defined only in Android system*/
 - "/system/etc/firmware", /*defined only in Android system*/
 - "/lib/firmware/updates/" UTS_RELEASE,
 - "/lib/firmware/updates",
 - "/lib/firmware/" UTS_RELEASE,
 - "/lib/firmware" };

- Above & including kernel 5.10
 - The default path storing the bin file is defined in kernel/drivers/base/firmware_loader/main. c.

```
static const char * const fw_path[] = {
    fw_path_para,
    "/lib/firmware/updates/"
    UTS_RELEASE,
    "/lib/firmware/updates",
    "/lib/firmware/" UTS_RELEASE,
    "/lib/firmware/" UTS_RELEASE,
    "/lib/firmware" };
```

Add bin file into zlmage

- During debug, pushing the bin file into proper folder of the target device is more convenient than compiling into image.
- Detailed see <u>Firmware search paths</u> <u>The Linux Kernel documentation</u>.
- Other firmware paths can be defined in ueventd.rc

```
1 import /vendor/etc/ueventd.rc
2 import /odm/etc/ueventd.rc
3
4 firmware_directories /etc/firmware/ /odm/firmware/ /vendor/firmware/ /firmware/image/
5 uevent_socket_rcvbuf_size 16M
6
7 subsystem graphics
8 devname uevent_devpath
9 dirname /dev/graphics
```



Firmware Setting in defconfig

- Compile the bin file into image.
 - Add following settings into defconfig file

```
CONFIG_FW_LOADER=y

CONFIG_EXTRA_FIRMWARE_DIR="firmware"

CONFIG_EXTRA_FIRMWARE="tas2781_regbin.bin tas2781_dsp.bin tas2781_cal_38.bin"
```

- □ CONFIG_EXTRA_FIRMWARE_DIR is path where the bin file is stored into the kernel root. "firmware" is the relative path in the compiling base path.
- CONFIG_EXTRA_FIRMWARE is the name of firmware name. if multiple bin files are required, input the file name format like CONFIG_EXTRA_FIRMWARE = "a.bin b.bin c.bin"
- ☐ If this method is enabled, the fw will be loaded during system bootup.
- During debug, pushing the bin file into proper folder of the target device is more convenient than compiling into image. Once compiling into zlmage, every time the bin file is changed, it should be recompiled into zlmage instead of copied into the fw_path

__

Texas Instruments

Firmware & ftcfg file naming

file	File name	Remark
regbin	tas2781_regbin.bin	Generated by regbin tool
Dsp firmware & params	tas2781_dsp.bin	Generated by ppc3
ftcfg	tas2781_0x38.ftcfg tas2781_0x39.ftcfg	Generated by ppc3
Calibrated file	tas2781_cal_0x38.bin tas2781_cal_0x39.bin 	Generated by ftc tool

Compile Image with tas2781 driver

- Generate .config
 - #sudo make ARCH=arm CROSS_COMPILE=arm-linux-gnueabihf- ti_sdk_am3x_release_defconfig
- Compile the image
 - #sudo make ARCH=arm CROSS_COMPILE=arm-linux-gnueabihf- zlmage dtbs -j16

Audio card registration

 BBB use mcasp0 to output the audio data. If the DTS was configured correctly, the driver will create sound card device and kcontrols, we can check below commands to confirm that.

```
# Is /dev/snd
# Is /sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038
# cat /proc/asound/pcm
```

cat /proc/asound/cards

```
debian@beaglebone:~$ ls /dev/snd/
by-path controlCO pcmCODOc pcmCODOp timer
debian@beaglebone:~$ ls /sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038
act addr driver
                         fwload
                                   of node regbininfo list subsystem
dev addr dspfw config
                         modalias power
                                            regcfg list
                                                             uevent
devinfo dspfwinfo list name
                                            regdump
debian@beaglebone:~$ cat /proc/asound/pcm
00-00: davinci-mcasp.0-tasdevice codec tasdevice-codec.2-0038-0 : davinci-mcasp.0-tasdevice codec tasdevice-codec.2-0038-0 : playback 1 : capture 1
debian@beaglebone:~$ cat /proc/asound/cards
                  ]: TI_BeagleBone B - TI_BeagleBone Black
0 [Black
                     TI BeagleBone Black
```

Driver nodes I | Introduction

• In order to debug driver freely, several driver nodes have been defined,

```
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ ls
act_addr driver fwload of_node regbininfo_list subsystem
dev_addr dspfw_config modalias power regcfg_list uevent
devinfo dspfwinfo_list name reg regdump
```

- Check below path to access above driver nodes
 - /sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038
 - /sys/class/i2c-adapter/i2c-2/2-0038
 - /sys/class/i2c-dev/i2c-2/device/2-0038

Driver nodes II | fwload/i2caddr/devinfo

#echo > fwload

Illustration: Use for debug if firmware has not been compiled into rootfs.

```
root@am335x-evm:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-8048# echo>fwload
root@am335x-evm:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-8048# [ 192.697698] pcmdevice-codec 2-8048: fwload: count = 1
[ 192.719134] pcmdevice-codec 2-8048: pcmdev: regbin_ready start
[ 192.719184] pcmdevice-codec 2-8048: nconfig = 1
[ 192.719214] pcmdevice-codec 2-8048: img_sz = 436 total_config_sz = 144 offset = 292
[ 192.719336] pcmdevice-codec 2-8048: Firmware init complete
```

#amixer contents

```
debian@beaglebone:/sys/class/i2c-dev/i2c-2/device/2-0038$ amixer contents
numid=3,iface=MIXER,name='Configuration'
   ; type=INTEGER,access=rw-----,values=1,min=0,max=0,step=0
[ 7044.116010] tasdevice-codec 2-0038: tasdevice_info_dsp: max program num = 1
   : values=0
numid=1,iface=MIXER,name='Program'
   ; type=INTEGER,access=rw-----,values=1,min=0,max=255,step=0
   : values=1
numid=2,iface=MIXER,name='TASDEVICE Profile id'
   ; type=INTEGE[ 7044.116046] tasdevice-codec 2-0038: tasdevice_info_dsp: max configuration num = 2
R,access=rw-----,values=1,min=0,max=6,step=0
   : values=0
```

#cat dev_addr

Illustration: show the active i2c address

```
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ cat dev_addr
ndev:1
addr0:38
```

#cat devinfo

Illustration: Get the basic information of audio device on the board

```
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ cat devinfo
No. DevTyp Addr
0 audev 0x38
```



Driver nodes II | reg

#echo chn 0xBK 0xPG 0xRG 0xXX > reg

Illustration: Write a value to a certain register

- chn is channel no, must be 1-digital
- BK, PG, RG & XX must be 2-digital HEX
- eg: 0 0x00 0x00 0x05 0x07 > reg

#cat reg

Illustration: Read back the value from the register which have been echoed before

```
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ echo 0 0x00 0x00 0x05 0x07 > reg
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ cat reg
i2c - addr: 0x38
Chn0B0x00P0x00R0x05:0x07
```



Driver nodes III | regdump

- #echo chn 0xBK 0xPG > regdump
 - Illustration: the command dump all the registers of the specific page
 - chn is channel no, must be 1-digital
 - BK & PG must be 2-digital HEX
- #cat regdump

Illustration: run the echo command, show the 7-bit i2c address of the chip and dump the registers





Texas Instruments

Driver nodes IV | regbininfo_list &

#cat regbininfo_list

Illustration: list the regbin version and dump the name of all the audio cases from regbin file, If wanted detailed info from specific audio case, kindly use the drive node **regcfg_list**

```
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ cat regbininfo_list
Regbin File Version: 0x0105
conf 00: I2S-16bit-echoreference-slot0
conf 01: I2S-16bit-echoreference-slot2
conf 02: I2S-16bit-IV-slot0
conf 03: TDM-16bit-echoreference-slot0
conf 04: dsp-16bit-slot0
conf 05: echo-ref
```

#cat dspfwinfo_list

Illustration: list the detail of fwdsp bin file and dump the program name and configuration name.

```
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ cat dspfwinfo_list
tas2781_dsp.bin
Git format
Generated by PPC3V0x14200

ndev: 1
mnPrograms: 1
    ProgramName: Tuning Mode
mnConfigurations: 2
    nConfig:0
    ConfigName:configuration_audio_Tuning Mode_48 KHz_s1_0 Program:0x00

nConfig:1
    ConfigName:calibration_Tuning Mode_48 KHz_s1_0 Program:0x00
```

TI Information – Selective Disclosure 34



Driver nodes V | regcfg_list

```
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ echo 00 >regcfg_list
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ [ 8108.293276] tasdevice-codec 2-0038: regcfg: count = 3
[ 8108.293320] tasdevice-codec 2-0038: [regcfg_list]cfg= 0, cnt=3
debian@beaglebone:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/2-0038$ cat regcfg list
Conf 00: I2S-16bit-echoreference-slot0
block type:PRE POWER UP device idx = 0x00
               SINGLE BYTE:
                        B00K0x00 PAGE0x00 REG0x0e VALUE = 0xc4
                        B00K0x00 PAGE0x00 REG0x0f VALUE = 0x40
                       BOOK0x00 PAGE0x00 REG0x5c VALUE = 0xd9
                        B00K0x00 PAGE0x00 REG0x0d VALUE = 0x01
                       B00K0x00 PAGE0x00 REG0x10 VALUE = 0x04
                       BOOK0x00 PAGE0x00 REG0x16 VALUE = 0x40
                       B00K0x00 PAGE0x01 REG0x17 VALUE = 0xc8
               BURST:
                       B00K0x00 PAGE0x04
                        REG0x30 = 0x00 REG0x31 = 0x00 REG0x32 = 0x00 REG0x33 = 0x01
                BURST:
                       BOOKOXOO PAGEOXO8
                       REG0x18 = 0x00 REG0x19 = 0x00 REG0x1a = 0x00 REG0x1b = 0x00
               SINGLE BYTE:
                       B00K0x00 PAGE0x08 REG0x1c VALUE = 0x00
               BURST:
                       BOOK0x00 PAGE0x08
                       REG0x28 = 0x40 REG0x29 = 0x00 REG0x2a = 0x00 REG0x2b = 0x00
                       B00K0x00 PAGE0x0a
                       REG0x48 = 0x00 REG0x49 = 0x00 REG0x4a = 0x00 REG0x4b = 0x00
                       BOOK0x00 PAGE0x0a
                       REG0x58 = 0x40 REG0x59 = 0x00 REG0x5a = 0x00 REG0x5b = 0x00
                       B00K0x00 PAGE0x00 REG0x02 VALUE = 0x00
block type:PRE_SHUTDOWN device idx = 0x00
               SINGLE BYTE:
                        B00K0x00 PAGE0x00 REG0x02 VALUE = 0x02
```

- #echo CG > regcfg_list
 - CG is conf NO, it should be 2-digital decimal
 - eg: echo 00 > regcfg_list
- #cat regcfg_list
- Illustration: dump the register setting of the audio case specified by echo command

Bypass mode

- Write a shell script to test bypass mode. Use #amixer contents to check the kcontrol list, then set the parameters we used. "Program" is 0 when only use tuning mode.
 - PS: For details about regbin configuration, please see the appendix.

Shell script with Alsa

```
#! /bin/bash
amixer cset numid=1,iface=MIXER,name="Program" 1
amixer cset numid=3,iface=MIXER,name="Configuration" 0
amixer cset numid=2,iface=MIXER,name='TASDEVICE Profile id' 0
aplay --device="hw:0,0" test.wav &
sleep 1
amixer cset numid=2,iface=MIXER,name='TASDEVICE Profile id' 5
arecord -c 2 -f S16_LE -r 48000 -d 15 --device="hw:0,0" 16bit-echoref.wav &
```

Shell script with Tinyalsa

```
#! /bin/bash
tinymix set "Program" 1
tinymix set "Configuration" 0
tinymix set "TASDEVICE Profile id" 0
tinyplay test.wav &
sleep 1
tinymix set 'TASDEVICE Profile id' 5
tinycap 16bit-echoref.wav &
```

Tuning mode

- Write a shell script to test tuning mode. "Program" is 1 when use tuning mode, then select the configuration number.
 - PS: For details about fwdsp bin file, please use "cat dspfwinfo_list".

Shell script with Alsa

#! /bin/bash amixer cset numid=1,iface=MIXER,name="Program" 0 amixer cset numid=3,iface=MIXER,name="Configuration" 0 amixer cset numid=2,iface=MIXER,name='TASDEVICE Profile id' 4 aplay --device="hw:0,0" test.wav & sleep 1 amixer cset numid=2,iface=MIXER,name='TASDEVICE Profile id' 5 arecord -c 2 -f S16_LE -r 48000 -d 15 --device="hw:0,0" 16bit-echoref.wav &

Shell script with Tinyalsa

```
#! /bin/bash
tinymix set "Program" 0
tinymix set "Configuration" 0
tinymix set "TASDEVICE Profile id" 4
tinyplay test.wav &
sleep 1
tinymix set 'TASDEVICE Profile id' 5
tinycap 16bit-echoref.wav &
```

Calibration test

- It's necessary to enable IV sense in PPC3.
- Write a shell script to test calibration. Select the calibration_tuning_mode in "configuration".

Shell script with Alsa

```
#! /bin/bash
amixer cset numid=1,iface=MIXER,name="Program" 0
amixer cset numid=3,iface=MIXER,name="Configuration" 1
amixer cset numid=2,iface=MIXER,name='TASDEVICE Profile id' 4
aplay --device="hw:0,0" silence.wav &
sleep 15
./tas2781_ftc
```

Shell script with Tinyalsa

```
#! /bin/bash
tinymix set "Program" 0
tinymix set "Configuration" 1
tinymix set "TASDEVICE Profile id" 4
tinyplay silence.wav &
sleep 15
./tas2781 ftc
```

FTC tool

- Run FTC tool with root permission
 - # sudo ./tas2781 ftc
- Put TAS2781-A.ftcfg file (Generated by ppc3) into direction: /mnt/vendor/persist/audio/
- After the calibration process finished, the results save into /home/audio/ti/tas2781_cal.txt

```
debian@beaglebone:~$ cat /home/audio/ti/tas2781_cal.txt
Ambient temperature = 20.00

Dev[0] Re = 13.41
Dev[0] rms_pow = 0x000000000
Dev[0] t_limit = 0x000000000
Dev[0] Result = 0x1
```

Appendix



TI Information - Selective Disclosure



Download Kernel 5.10-rt for BBB from...

https://github.com/beagleboard/linux/tree/5.10-rt



Porting Tinyalsa I

Reference link:

<u>Tinyalsa - Tiny library to interface with ALSA in the Linux kernel - (tinyalsa) (opensourcelibs.com)</u> Download link:

GitHub - tinyalsa/tinyalsa: Tiny library to interface with ALSA in the Linux kernel

Move driver code into BBB's local direction.

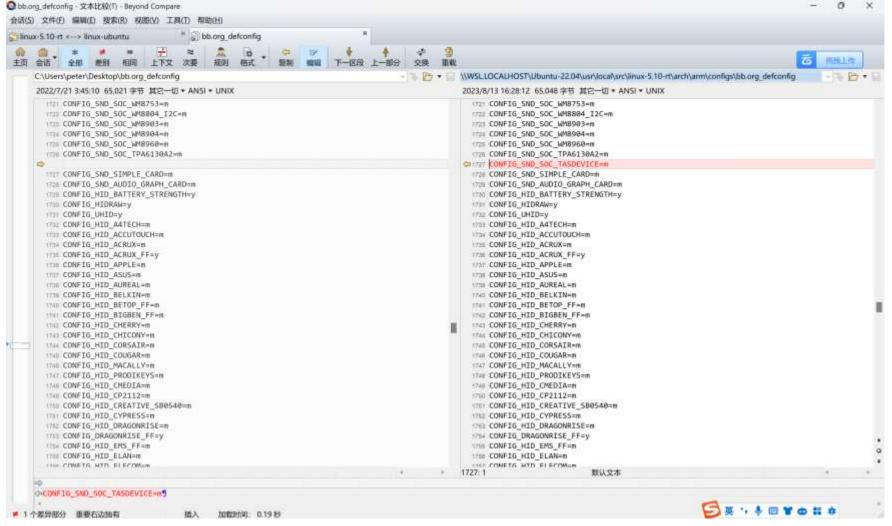
Porting Tinyalsa II | Steps of installation

 Modify cross compile, add below statements into top of Makefile. export ARCH = arm export CROSS_COMPILE = arm-linux-gnueabihfexport CC = \$(CROSS_COMPILE)gcc

- 2. Assign permissions to scripts in tinyalsa package #chmod 777 script
- 3. To build and install with Make, run the commands:
 - # sudo make# sudo make install# sudo ldconfig
- 4. Once installed, the man pages are available via:
 - # man tinyplay# man tinycap# man tinymix# man tinypcminfo

TI Information – Selective Disclosure

Add new module to be compiled



THANKS!

TI Information – Selective Disclosure

