

XM125 I²C Distance Detector

User Guide



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User Guide

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1 Acconeer SDK Documentation Overview

To better understand what SDK document to use, a summary of the documents are shown in the table below.

Table 1: SDK document overview.

| Name | Description | When to use | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | RSS API documentation (html) | | | | | |
| rss_api | The complete C API documentation. | - RSS application implementation - Understanding RSS API functions | | | | |
| User guides (PDF) | | | | | | |
| A 121 A grambly Tast | Describes the Acconeer assembly | - Bring-up of HW/SW | | | | |
| A121 Assembly Test | test functionality. | - Production test implementation | | | | |
| A121 Breathing | Describes the functionality of the | - Working with the Breathing | | | | |
| Reference Application | Breathing Reference Application. | Reference Application | | | | |
| A121 Distance Detector | Describes usage and algorithms | - Working with the Distance Detector | | | | |
| A121 Distance Detector | of the Distance Detector. | - working with the Distance Detector | | | | |
| | Describes how to implement each | - SW implementation of | | | | |
| A121 SW Integration | integration function needed to use | | | | | |
| | the Acconeer sensor. | custom HW integration | | | | |
| A121 Presence Detector | Describes usage and algorithms of the Presence Detector. | - Working with the Presence Detector | | | | |
| A121 Smart Presence | Describes the functionality of the | - Working with the Smart Presence | | | | |
| Reference Application | Smart Presence Reference Application. | Reference Application | | | | |
| | Describes usage of the Sparse IQ | | | | | |
| A121 Sparse IQ Service | Service. | - Working with the Sparse IQ Service | | | | |
| A121 Tank Level | Describes the functionality of the | - Working with the Tank Level | | | | |
| Reference Application | Tank Level Reference Application. | Reference Application | | | | |
| A121 Touchless Button | Describes the functionality of the | - Working with the Touchless Button | | | | |
| Reference Application | Touchless Button Reference Application. | Reference Application | | | | |
| A121 Parking | Describes the functionality of the | - Working with the Parking | | | | |
| Reference Application | Parking Reference Application. | Reference Application | | | | |
| A121 STM32CubeIDE | Describes the flow of taking an Acconeer SDK and integrate into | - Using STM32CubeIDE | | | | |
| | STM32CubeIDE. | | | | | |
| A121 Raspberry Pi Software | Describes how to develop for | - Working with Raspberry Pi | | | | |
| A121 Raspoerry F1 Software | Raspberry Pi. | - working with Raspoerry Fr | | | | |
| A121 Ripple | Describes how to develop for | - Working with Ripple | | | | |
| A121 Kippic | Ripple. | on Raspberry Pi | | | | |
| A121 ESP32 User Guide | Describes how to develop with A121 and ESP32 targets. | - Working with ESP32 targets | | | | |
| XM125 Software | Describes how to develop for XM125. | - Working with XM125 | | | | |
| XM126 Software | Describes how to develop for XM126. | - Working with XM126 | | | | |
| | Describes the functionality of the | - Working with the | | | | |
| I2C Distance Detector | I2C Distance Detector Application. | I2C Distance Detector Application | | | | |
| | Describes the functionality of the | - Working with the | | | | |
| I2C Presence Detector | I2C Presence Detector Application. | I2C Presence Detector Application | | | | |
| | Describes the functionality of the | - Working with the | | | | |
| I2C Breathing Reference Application | I2C Breathing Reference Application. | I2C Breathing Reference Application | | | | |
| | A121 Radar Data and Control (PDF) | | | | | |
| | Describes different aspects of the | | | | | |
| A121 Radar Data and Control | Acconeer offer, for example radar | - To understand the Acconeer sensor | | | | |
| Zudin Zum und Control | principles and how to configure | - Use case evaluation | | | | |
| | Readme (txt) | 1 | | | | |
| | Various target specific information | 10 april 1 1 | | | | |
| README | and links | - After SDK download | | | | |
| | ware minu | 1 | | | | |



2 I²C Distance Detector Application

The I²C Distance Detector is an application that implements the Acconeer Distance Detector with a register based I²C interface.

The functionality of the distance detector is described in A121 Distance Detector User Guide.pdf or in Acconeer Docs.

Note: Some of the registers like **start** and **end** have a different unit in the I^2C Distance Detector, millimeters instead of meters, to make it easier to handle the register values as integers.

2.1 I²C Address Configuration

The device has a configurable I²C address. The address is selected depending on the state of the **I2C_ADDR** pin according to the following table:

| Connected to GND | 0x51 |
|------------------|------|
| Not Connected | 0x52 |
| Connected to VIN | 0x53 |

2.2 I2C Speed

The device supports I2C speed up to 100kbps in Standard Mode and up to 400kbps in Fast Mode.

2.3 Usage

The module must be ready before the host starts I²C communication.

The module will enter ready state by following this procedure.

- Set WAKE_UP pin of the module HIGH.
- Wait for module to be ready, this is indicated by the MCU_INT pin being HIGH.
- Start I²C communication.

The module will enter a low power state by following this procedure.

- Wait for module to be ready, this is indicated by the MCU_INT pin being HIGH.
- Set the WAKE_UP pin of the module LOW.
- Wait for ready signal, the MCU_INT pin, to become LOW.

2.3.1 Read Detector Status

The status of the module can be acquired by reading the *Detector Status* register, The most important bits are the **Busy** and **Error** bits.

The **Busy** bit must not be set when a new command is written. If any of the **Error** bits are set the module will not accept any commands except the **RESET_MODULE** command.

2.3.2 Writing a command

A command is written to the *Command* register. When a command is written the **Busy** bit in the *Detector Status* register is set and it will be cleared automatically when the command has finished.

2.3.3 Setup and Measure

Before the module can perform distance measurements it must be configured and calibrated. The following steps is an example of how this can be achieved.

Note: The configuration parameters can not be changed after a **APPLY_CONFIG_AND_CALIBRATE** or a **APPLY_CONFIGURATION** command. If reconfiguration is needed the module must be restarted by writing **RESET_MODULE** to the *Command* register.

- · Power on module
- Read Detector Status register and verify that neither Busy nor Error bits are set.



- Write configuration to configuration registers, for example *Start* register and *End* register.
- Write APPLY_CONFIG_AND_CALIBRATE to Command register.
- Poll *Detector Status* until **Busy** bit is cleared.
- Verify that no **Error** bits are set in the *Detector Status* register.
- Write MEASURE_DISTANCE to Command register.
- Poll Detector Status until Busy bit is cleared.
- Verify that no **Error** bits are set in the *Detector Status* register.
- Read Detector Result register
 - If MEASURE DISTANCE ERROR is set the measurement failed.
 - If CALIBRATION_NEEDED is set the sensor needs to be re-calibrated with the RECALIBRATE command.
 - The number of peak distances detected can be read in the NUM_DISTANCES field.
- Read PeakX Distance and PeakX Strength registers depending on how many distances that were detected.
- The module is ready for a new MEASURE_DISTANCE command.

2.4 Advanced Usage

2.4.1 Apply Configuration and Calibration separately

Some use-cases requires control over when the system is calibrated, therefore the **Apply Configuration** and **Calibrate** can be performed as individual steps.

- · Power on module
- Read Detector Status register and verify that neither Busy nor Error bits are set.
- Write configuration to configuration registers, for example Start register and End register.
- Write APPLY_CONFIGURATION to Command register
- Poll Detector Status until Busy bit is cleared.
- Verify that no **Error** bits are set in the *Detector Status* register.
- Write CALIBRATE to Command register
- Poll *Detector Status* until **Busy** bit is cleared.
- Verify that no **Error** bits are set in the *Detector Status* register.
- The module is ready for a **MEASURE_DISTANCE** command.

2.4.2 Re-calibration

Re-calibration must be done as soon as the CALIBRATION_NEEDED bit is set in the Detector Result register.

Re-calibration is performed by writing **RECALIBRATE** to the *Command* register.

2.4.3 Measure on Wake Up Mode

Measure on Wake Up mode can be enabled by writing a non-zero value to the *Measure On Wakeup* register. When Measure on Wake Up is enabled, the module will perform a distance measurement every time it is woken by the WAKE_UP pin. The measurement will be ready when the MCU_INT pin becomes HIGH.

2.4.4 Debug UART logs

UART logging can be enabled on the DEBUG UART by writing **ENABLE_UART_LOGS** to the *Command* register.

The detector configuration can be logged on the UART by writing **LOG_CONFIGURATION** to the *Command* register.

UART logging can be disabled by writing **DISABLE_UART_LOGS** to the *Command* register.



2.4.5 Reset Module

The module can be restarted by writing **RESET_MODULE** to the *Command* register.

After the restart the detector must be configured again.



3 Register Protocol

3.1 I²C Slave Address

The default slave address is 0x52.

3.2 Protocol Byte Order

Both register address, 16-bit, and register data, 32-bit, are sent in big endian byte order.

3.2.1 I²C Write Register(s)

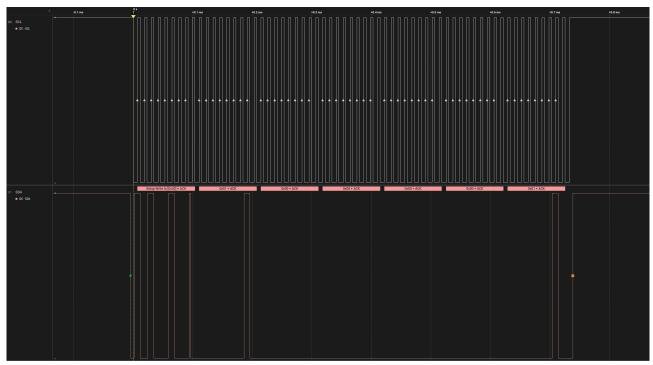
A write register operation consists of an I²C write of two address bytes and four data bytes for each register to write. Several registers can be written in the same I²C transaction, the register address will be incremented by one for each four data bytes.

Example 1: Writing six bytes will write one register, two address bytes and four data bytes.

Example 2: Writing 18 bytes will write four registers, two address bytes and 16 data bytes.

Example operation, write 0x11223344 to address 0x0025.

| Description | Data |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| I ² C Start Condition | |
| Slave Address + Write | 0x52 + W |
| Address to slave [15:8] | 0x00 |
| Address to slave [7:0] | 0x25 |
| Data to slave [31:24] | 0x11 |
| Data to slave [23:16] | 0x22 |
| Data to slave [15:8] | 0x33 |
| Data to slave [7:0] | 0x44 |
| I ² C Stop Condition | |



Example Waveform: Write register with address 0x0100, the data sent from the master to the slave is 0x00000001

3.2.2 I²C Read Register(s)

A read register operation consists of an I^2C write of two address bytes followed by an I^2C read of four data bytes for each register to read. Several registers can be read in the same I^2C transaction, the register address will be incremented by one for each four data bytes.

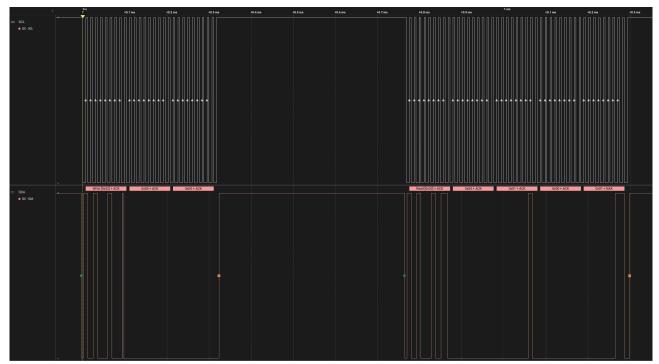
Example 1: Writing two bytes and reading four bytes will read one register.



Example 2: Writing two bytes and reading 16 bytes will read four registers.

Example operation, read 0x12345678 from address 0x0003.

| Description | Data |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| I ² C Start Condition | |
| Slave Address + Write | 0x52 + W |
| Address to slave [15:8] | 0x00 |
| Address to slave [7:0] | 0x03 |
| I ² C Stop Condition | |
| I ² C Start Condition | |
| Slave Address + Read | 0x52 + R |
| Data from slave [31:24] | 0x12 |
| Data from slave [23:16] | 0x34 |
| Data from slave [15:8] | 0x56 |
| Data from slave [7:0] | 0x78 |
| I ² C Stop Condition | |



Example Waveform: Read register with address 0, the data sent from the slave to the master is 0x00010001



3.3 Register Protocol - Low Power Mode

3.3.1 I²C Communication with Low Power Mode

Low power example

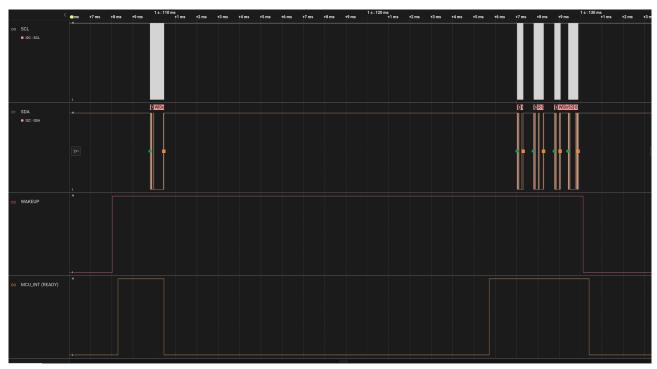


Low Power Example: Wake up, Setup Distance Detector, Power down, Wait 1s, Wake up, Measure distance, Power down



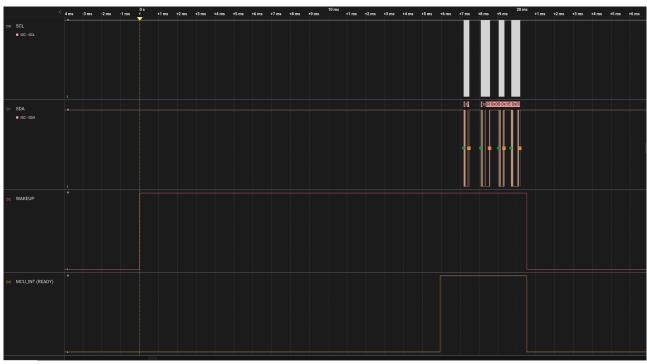
Low Power Example: Magnification of Wake up, Setup Distance Detector, Power down





Low Power Example: Magnification of Wake up, Measure distance, Power down

Low power example with 'Measure on wake up'



Measure on Wake Up Example: Magnification of Wake up, Measure on wake up, Power down



4 File Structure

The I²C Distance Detector application consists of the following files.

```
___Src
____applications
____i2c
____acc_reg_protocol.c
____distance_reg_protocol.c
____distance_reg_protocol.c
____i2c_application_system_stm32.c
____i2c_distance_detector.c
____inc
___acc_reg_protocol.h
____distance_reg_protocol.h
___i2c_application_system.h
___i2c_distance_detector.h
```

- acc_reg_protocol.c A generic protocol handler implementation.
- **distance_reg_protocol.c** The specific register protocol setup for the I²C Distance Detector.
- distance_reg_protocol_access.c The register read and write access functions for the I²C Distance Detector.
- i2c_application_system_stm32.c System functions, such as I²C handling, GPIO control and low power state
- i2c_distance_detector.c The I²C Distance Detector application.

5 Embedded Host Example

This is an example implementation of the host read and write register functions using the STM32 SDK.

5.1 Register Read/Write functions

```
#include <inttypes.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include "distance_reg_protocol.h"
// Use 1000ms timeout
#define I2C_TIMEOUT_MS 1000
// The STM32 uses the i2c address shifted one position
// to the left (0x52 becomes 0xa4)
#define I2C_ADDR 0xa4
// The register address length is two bytes
#define REG_ADDRESS_LENGTH 2
// The register data length is four bytes
#define REG_DATA_LENGTH 4
 * Obrief Read register value over I2C
 * @param[in] req_addr The register address to read
 * @param[out] reg_data The read register data
 * Oreturns true if successful
bool read_register(uint16_t reg_addr, uint32_t *reg_data)
```



```
HAL_StatusTypeDef status = HAL_OK;
    uint8_t transmit_data[REG_ADDRESS_LENGTH];
    transmit_data[0] = (reg_addr >> 8) & 0xff;
    transmit_data[1] = (reg_addr >> 0) & 0xff;
    status = HAL_I2C_Master_Transmit(&STM32_I2C_HANDLE, I2C_ADDR,
                                     transmit_data, REG_ADDRESS_LENGTH,
                                     12C_TIMEOUT_MS);
    if (status != HAL_OK)
        return false;
    }
    uint8_t receive_data[REG_DATA_LENGTH];
    status = HAL_I2C_Master_Receive(&STM32_I2C_HANDLE, I2C_ADDR,
                                    receive_data, REG_DATA_LENGTH,
                                    12C_TIMEOUT_MS);
    if (status != HAL_OK)
        return false;
    }
    // Convert bytes to uint32_t
    uint32_t val = receive_data[0];
    val = val << 8;</pre>
    val |= receive_data[1];
    val = val << 8;</pre>
    val |= receive_data[2];
    val = val << 8;</pre>
    val |= receive_data[3];
    *reg_data = val;
   return true;
}
* Obrief Write register value over I2C
 * @param[in] reg_addr The register address to write
 * @param[in] reg_data The register data to write
 * Oreturns true if successful
bool write_register(uint16_t reg_addr, uint32_t reg_data)
    HAL_StatusTypeDef status = HAL_OK;
    uint8_t transmit_data[REG_ADDRESS_LENGTH + REG_DATA_LENGTH];
    // Convert uint16_t address to bytes
    transmit_data[0] = (reg_addr >> 8) & 0xff;
    transmit_data[1] = (reg_addr >> 0) & 0xff;
    // Convert uint32_t reg_data to bytes
    transmit_data[2] = (reg_data >> 24) & 0xff;
    transmit_data[3] = (reg_data >> 16) & 0xff;
    transmit_data[4] = (reg_data >> 8) & 0xff;
    transmit_data[5] = (reg_data >> 0) & 0xff;
```



5.2 Detector setup functions

```
#include "distance_reg_protocol.h"
 * {\it @brief} Test if configuration of detector is {\it OK}
 * @returns true if successful
bool configuration_ok(void)
{
    uint32_t status = 0
    if (!read_register(DISTANCE_REG_DETECTOR_STATUS_ADDRESS, &status))
    {
        //ERROR
        return false;
    }
    uint32_t config_ok_mask =
         DISTANCE_REG_DETECTOR_STATUS_FIELD_RSS_REGISTER_OK_MASK |
         DISTANCE_REG_DETECTOR_STATUS_FIELD_CONFIG_CREATE_OK_MASK |
         DISTANCE_REG_DETECTOR_STATUS_FIELD_SENSOR_CREATE_OK_MASK |
         DISTANCE_REG_DETECTOR_STATUS_FIELD_DETECTOR_CREATE_OK_MASK |
         DISTANCE_REG_DETECTOR_STATUS_FIELD_DETECTOR_BUFFER_OK_MASK |
         DISTANCE_REG_DETECTOR_STATUS_FIELD_SENSOR_BUFFER_OK_MASK |
         DISTANCE_REG_DETECTOR_STATUS_FIELD_CALIBRATION_BUFFER_OK_MASK |
         DISTANCE_REG_DETECTOR_STATUS_FIELD_CONFIG_APPLY_OK_MASK |
         DISTANCE_REG_DETECTOR_STATUS_FIELD_SENSOR_CALIBRATE_OK_MASK |
         DISTANCE_REG_DETECTOR_STATUS_FIELD_DETECTOR_CALIBRATE_OK_MASK;
   if (status != config_ok_mask)
        //ERROR
       return false;
   }
  return true;
}
/**
 * Obrief Wait for detector not busy
 * Oreturns true if successful
 */
bool wait_not_busy(void)
```



```
uint32_t status = 0
    do
    {
        if (!read_register(DISTANCE_REG_DETECTOR_STATUS_ADDRESS, &status))
        {
            //ERROR
            return false;
    } while((status & DISTANCE_REG_DETECTOR_STATUS_FIELD_BUSY_MASK) != 0);
    return true;
bool example_setup_and_measure(void)
    // Set start at 1000mm
    if (!write_register(DISTANCE_REG_START_ADDRESS, 1000))
        //ERROR
        return false;
    }
    // Set end at 5000mm
    if (!write_register(DISTANCE_REG_END_ADDRESS, 5000))
        //ERROR
        return false;
    }
    // Apply configuration
    if (!write_register(
            DISTANCE_REG_COMMAND_ADDRESS,
            DISTANCE_REG_COMMAND_ENUM_APPLY_CONFIG_AND_CALIBRATE))
    {
        //ERROR
        return false;
    }
    // Wait for the configuration and calibration to be done
    if (!wait_not_busy())
    {
        //ERROR
        return false;
    }
    // Test if configration of detector was OK
    if (!configuration_ok())
        //ERROR
        return false;
    }
    // Measure
    if (!write_register(DISTANCE_REG_COMMAND_ADDRESS,
                        DISTANCE_REG_COMMAND_ENUM_MEASURE_DISTANCE))
    {
        //ERROR
        return false;
    }
    // Wait for measure distance to be done
```



```
if (!wait_not_busy())
    {
        //ERROR
        return false;
    }
    // Read detector result
    uint32_t result;
    if (!read_register(DISTANCE_REG_DISTANCE_RESULT_ADDRESS, &result))
        //ERROR
        return false;
    }
    // Did we detect a peak?
    uint32_t num_distances =
        (result & DISTANCE_REG_DISTANCE_RESULT_FIELD_NUM_DISTANCES_MASK) >>
        DISTANCE_REG_DISTANCE_RESULT_FIELD_NUM_DISTANCES_POS;
    // Print peak if found
    if (num_distances > 0)
        uint32_t peak_distance_mm;
         \hbox{if (read\_register(DISTANCE\_REG\_PEAKO\_DISTANCE\_ADDRESS\,, \& } \\
           peak_distance_mm))
            printf("Peak distance: %" PRIu32 " mm\n", peak_distance_mm);
        }
        else
        {
             //ERROR
            return false;
        }
    }
    else
    {
        printf("No peak detected\n");
    return true;
}
```



6 Registers

6.1 Register Map

| Address | Register Name | Type |
|---------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| 0x0000 | Version | Read Only |
| 0x0001 | Protocol Status | Read Only |
| 0x0002 | Measure Counter | Read Only |
| 0x0003 | Detector Status | Read Only |
| 0x0010 | Distance Result | Read Only |
| 0x0011 | Peak0 Distance | Read Only |
| 0x0012 | Peak1 Distance | Read Only |
| 0x0013 | Peak2 Distance | Read Only |
| 0x0014 | Peak3 Distance | Read Only |
| 0x0015 | Peak4 Distance | Read Only |
| 0x0016 | Peak5 Distance | Read Only |
| 0x0017 | Peak6 Distance | Read Only |
| 0x0018 | Peak7 Distance | Read Only |
| 0x0019 | Peak8 Distance | Read Only |
| 0x001a | Peak9 Distance | Read Only |
| 0x001b | Peak0 Strength | Read Only |
| 0x001c | Peak1 Strength | Read Only |
| 0x001d | Peak2 Strength | Read Only |
| 0x001e | Peak3 Strength | Read Only |
| 0x001f | Peak4 Strength | Read Only |
| 0x0020 | Peak5 Strength | Read Only |
| 0x0021 | Peak6 Strength | Read Only |
| 0x0022 | Peak7 Strength | Read Only |
| 0x0023 | Peak8 Strength | Read Only |
| 0x0024 | Peak9 Strength | Read Only |
| 0x0040 | Start | Read / Write |
| 0x0041 | End | Read / Write |
| 0x0042 | Max Step Length | Read / Write |
| 0x0043 | Close Range Leakage Cancellation | Read / Write |
| 0x0044 | Signal Quality | Read / Write |
| 0x0045 | Max Profile | Read / Write |
| 0x0046 | Threshold Method | Read / Write |
| 0x0047 | Peak Sorting | Read / Write |
| 0x0048 | Num Frames Recorded Threshold | Read / Write |
| 0x0049 | Fixed Amplitude Threshold Value | Read / Write |
| 0x004a | Threshold Sensitivity | Read / Write |
| 0x004b | Reflector Shape | Read / Write |
| 0x004c | Fixed Strength Threshold Value | Read / Write |
| 0x0080 | Measure On Wakeup | Read / Write |
| 0x0100 | Command | Write Only |
| 0xffff | Application Id | Read Only |

6.2 Register Descriptions

6.2.1 Version

| Address | 0x0000 |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | field |
| Description | Get the RSS version. |

| Bitfield | Pos | Width | Mask |
|----------|-----|-------|------------|
| MAJOR | 16 | 16 | 0xffff0000 |



| MINOR | 8 | 8 | 0x0000ff00 |
|-------|---|---|------------|
| PATCH | 0 | 8 | 0x000000ff |

MAJOR - Major version number

MINOR - Minor version number

PATCH - Patch version number

6.2.2 Protocol Status

| Address | 0x0001 |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | field |
| Description | Get protocol error flags. |

| Bitfield | Pos | Width | Mask |
|----------------------|-----|-------|------------|
| PROTOCOL_STATE_ERROR | 0 | 1 | 0x00000001 |
| PACKET_LENGTH_ERROR | 1 | 1 | 0x00000002 |
| ADDRESS_ERROR | 2 | 1 | 0x00000004 |
| WRITE_FAILED | 3 | 1 | 0x00000008 |
| WRITE_TO_READ_ONLY | 4 | 1 | 0x00000010 |

PROTOCOL_STATE_ERROR - Protocol state error

PACKET_LENGTH_ERROR - Packet length error

ADDRESS_ERROR - Register address error

 $\mbox{\bf WRITE_FAILED}$ - Write register failed

WRITE_TO_READ_ONLY - Write to read only register

6.2.3 Measure Counter

| Address | 0x0002 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | uint |
| Description | Get the measure counter, the number of measurements performed since restart. |

6.2.4 Detector Status

| Address | 0x0003 |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | field |
| Description | Get detector status flags. |

| Bitfield | Pos | Width | Mask |
|-----------------------|-----|-------|------------|
| RSS_REGISTER_OK | 0 | 1 | 0x00000001 |
| CONFIG_CREATE_OK | 1 | 1 | 0x00000002 |
| SENSOR_CREATE_OK | 2 | 1 | 0x00000004 |
| DETECTOR_CREATE_OK | 3 | 1 | 0x00000008 |
| DETECTOR_BUFFER_OK | 4 | 1 | 0x00000010 |
| SENSOR_BUFFER_OK | 5 | 1 | 0x00000020 |
| CALIBRATION_BUFFER_OK | 6 | 1 | 0x00000040 |
| CONFIG_APPLY_OK | 7 | 1 | 0x00000080 |
| SENSOR_CALIBRATE_OK | 8 | 1 | 0x00000100 |



| DETECTOR_CALIBRATE_OK | 9 | 1 | 0x00000200 |
|--------------------------|----|---|------------|
| RSS_REGISTER_ERROR | 16 | 1 | 0x00010000 |
| CONFIG_CREATE_ERROR | 17 | 1 | 0x00020000 |
| SENSOR_CREATE_ERROR | 18 | 1 | 0x00040000 |
| DETECTOR_CREATE_ERROR | 19 | 1 | 0x00080000 |
| DETECTOR_BUFFER_ERROR | 20 | 1 | 0x00100000 |
| SENSOR_BUFFER_ERROR | 21 | 1 | 0x00200000 |
| CALIBRATION_BUFFER_ERROR | 22 | 1 | 0x00400000 |
| CONFIG_APPLY_ERROR | 23 | 1 | 0x00800000 |
| SENSOR_CALIBRATE_ERROR | 24 | 1 | 0x01000000 |
| DETECTOR_CALIBRATE_ERROR | 25 | 1 | 0x02000000 |
| DETECTOR_ERROR | 28 | 1 | 0x10000000 |
| BUSY | 31 | 1 | 0x80000000 |
| | | | |

RSS_REGISTER_OK - RSS register OK

CONFIG_CREATE_OK - Configuration create OK

SENSOR_CREATE_OK - Sensor create OK

DETECTOR_CREATE_OK - Detector create OK

DETECTOR_BUFFER_OK - Detector get buffer size OK

SENSOR_BUFFER_OK - Memory allocation of sensor buffer OK

CALIBRATION_BUFFER_OK - Memory allocation of calibration buffer OK

CONFIG_APPLY_OK - Detector configuration apply OK

SENSOR_CALIBRATE_OK - Sensor calibrate OK

DETECTOR_CALIBRATE_OK - Detector calibrate OK

RSS_REGISTER_ERROR - RSS register error

CONFIG_CREATE_ERROR - Configuration create error

SENSOR_CREATE_ERROR - Sensor create error

DETECTOR_CREATE_ERROR - Detector create error

DETECTOR_BUFFER_ERROR - Detector get buffer size error

SENSOR_BUFFER_ERROR - Memory allocation of sensor buffer error

CALIBRATION_BUFFER_ERROR - Memory allocation of calibration buffer error

CONFIG_APPLY_ERROR - Detector configuration apply error

SENSOR_CALIBRATE_ERROR - Sensor calibrate error

DETECTOR_CALIBRATE_ERROR - Detector calibrate error

DETECTOR_ERROR - Detector error occured, restart necessary

BUSY - Detector busy

6.2.5 Distance Result

| Address | 0x0010 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | field |
| Description | The result from the distance detector. |

| Bitfield | Pos | Width | Mask |
|-----------------|-----|-------|------------|
| NUM_DISTANCES | 0 | 4 | 0x0000000f |
| NEAR_START_EDGE | 8 | 1 | 0x00000100 |



| CALIBRATION_NEEDED | 9 | 1 | 0x00000200 |
|------------------------|----|----|------------|
| MEASURE_DISTANCE_ERROR | 10 | 1 | 0x00000400 |
| TEMPERATURE | 16 | 16 | 0xffff0000 |

NUM_DISTANCES - The number of detected distances

NEAR_START_EDGE - Indicating that there might be an object near the start point of the measured range

CALIBRATION_NEEDED - Indication of sensor calibration needed. The sensor calibration needs to be redone

MEASURE_DISTANCE_ERROR - The measure command failed

TEMPERATURE - Temperature in sensor during measurement (in degree Celsius). Note that it has poor absolute accuracy and should only be used for relative temperature measurements.

6.2.6 Peak0 Distance

| Address | 0x0011 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | uint |
| Unit | mm |
| Description | The distance to peak 0. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the RSS value. |

6.2.7 Peak1 Distance

| Address | 0x0012 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | uint |
| Unit | mm |
| Description | The distance to peak 1. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the RSS value. |

6.2.8 Peak2 Distance

| Address | 0x0013 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | uint |
| Unit | mm |
| Description | The distance to peak 2. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the RSS value. |

6.2.9 Peak3 Distance

| Address | 0x0014 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | uint |
| Unit | mm |
| Description | The distance to peak 3. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the RSS value. |

6.2.10 Peak4 Distance

| Address | 0x0015 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | uint |
| Unit | mm |
| Description | The distance to peak 4. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the RSS value. |

6.2.11 Peak5 Distance



| Address | 0x0016 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | uint |
| Unit | mm |
| Description | The distance to peak 5. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the RSS value. |

6.2.12 Peak6 Distance

| Address | 0x0017 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | uint |
| Unit | mm |
| Description | The distance to peak 6. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the RSS value. |

6.2.13 Peak7 Distance

| Address | 0x0018 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | uint |
| Unit | mm |
| Description | The distance to peak 7. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the RSS value. |

6.2.14 Peak8 Distance

| Address | 0x0019 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | uint |
| Unit | mm |
| Description | The distance to peak 8. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the RSS value. |

6.2.15 Peak9 Distance

| Address | 0x001a |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | uint |
| Unit | mm |
| Description | The distance to peak 9. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the RSS value. |

6.2.16 Peak0 Strength

| Address | 0x001b |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | int |
| Description | The reflective strength of peak 0. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the |
| | RSS value. |

6.2.17 Peak1 Strength

| Address | 0x001c |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | int |
| Description | The reflective strength of peak 1. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the |
| | RSS value. |



6.2.18 Peak2 Strength

| Address | 0x001d |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | int |
| Description | The reflective strength of peak 2. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the |
| | RSS value. |

6.2.19 Peak3 Strength

| Address | 0x001e |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | int |
| Description | The reflective strength of peak 3. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the |
| | RSS value. |

6.2.20 Peak4 Strength

| Address | 0x001f |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | int |
| Description | The reflective strength of peak 4. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the |
| | RSS value. |

6.2.21 Peak5 Strength

| Address | 0x0020 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | int |
| Description | The reflective strength of peak 5. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the |
| | RSS value. |

6.2.22 Peak6 Strength

| Address | 0x0021 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | int |
| Description | The reflective strength of peak 6. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the |
| | RSS value. |

6.2.23 Peak7 Strength

| Address | 0x0022 |
|---------------|---|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | int |
| Description | The reflective strength of peak 7. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the RSS value. |

6.2.24 Peak8 Strength

| Address | 0x0023 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | int |
| Description | The reflective strength of peak 8. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the |
| | RSS value. |



6.2.25 Peak9 Strength

| Address | 0x0024 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | int |
| Description | The reflective strength of peak 9. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the |
| | RSS value. |

6.2.26 Start

| Address | 0x0040 |
|---------------|---|
| Access | Read / Write |
| Register Type | uint |
| Unit | mm |
| Description | The start of measured interval in millimeters. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger |
| | than the RSS value. |
| Default Value | 250 |

6.2.27 End

| Address | 0x0041 |
|---------------|---|
| Access | Read / Write |
| Register Type | uint |
| Unit | mm |
| Description | The end of measured interval in millimeters. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger |
| | than the RSS value. |
| Default Value | 3000 |

6.2.28 Max Step Length

| Address | 0x0042 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read / Write |
| Register Type | uint |
| Description | Used to limit step length. If set to 0 (default), the step length is calculated based on |
| | profile. |
| Default Value | 0 |

6.2.29 Close Range Leakage Cancellation

| Address | 0x0043 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read / Write |
| Register Type | bool |
| Description | Enable the close range leakage cancellation logic. |
| Default Value | True |

6.2.30 Signal Quality

| Address | 0x0044 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read / Write |
| Register Type | int |
| Description | High signal quality results in a better SNR (because of higher HWAAS) and higher |
| | power consumption. Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the RSS value. |
| Default Value | 15000 |



6.2.31 Max Profile

| Address | 0x0045 |
|---------------|--------------|
| Access | Read / Write |
| Register Type | enum |
| Description | Max profile. |
| Default Value | PROFILE5 |

| Enum | Value |
|----------|-------|
| PROFILE1 | 1 |
| PROFILE2 | 2 |
| PROFILE3 | 3 |
| PROFILE4 | 4 |
| PROFILE5 | 5 |

PROFILE1 - Profile 1

PROFILE2 - Profile 2

PROFILE3 - Profile 3

PROFILE4 - Profile 4

PROFILE5 - Profile 5

6.2.32 Threshold Method

| Address | 0x0046 |
|---------------|-------------------|
| Access | Read / Write |
| Register Type | enum |
| Description | Threshold method. |
| Default Value | CFAR |

| Enum | Value |
|-----------------|-------|
| FIXED_AMPLITUDE | 1 |
| RECORDED | 2 |
| CFAR | 3 |
| FIXED_STRENGTH | 4 |

 $\label{eq:FIXED_AMPLITUDE} \textbf{-} \textbf{Fixed amplitude threshold}$

RECORDED - Recorded threshold

CFAR - CFAR threshold

 $\label{eq:fixed_strength} \textbf{FIXED_STRENGTH} - \textbf{Fixed strength threshold}$

6.2.33 Peak Sorting

| Address | 0x0047 |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Access | Read / Write |
| Register Type | enum |
| Description | Peak sorting method. |
| Default Value | STRONGEST |

| Enum | Value |
|-----------|-------|
| CLOSEST | 1 |
| STRONGEST | 2 |



CLOSEST - Sort peaks by range, closest first

STRONGEST - Sort peaks by amplitude, strongest first

6.2.34 Num Frames Recorded Threshold

| Address | 0x0048 |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read / Write |
| Register Type | uint |
| Description | The number frames to use for recorded threshold. |
| Default Value | 100 |

6.2.35 Fixed Amplitude Threshold Value

| Address | 0x0049 |
|---------------|---|
| Access | Read / Write |
| Register Type | uint |
| Description | Fixed amplitude threshold value Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the RSS |
| | value. |
| Default Value | 100000 |

6.2.36 Threshold Sensitivity

| Address | 0x004a |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read / Write |
| Register Type | uint |
| Description | Threshold sensitivity (0 \leq sensitivity \leq 1000) Note: This value is a factor 1000 |
| | larger than the RSS value. |
| Default Value | 500 |

6.2.37 Reflector Shape

| Address | 0x004b |
|---------------|------------------|
| Access | Read / Write |
| Register Type | enum |
| Description | Reflector shape. |
| Default Value | GENERIC |

| Enum | Value |
|---------|-------|
| GENERIC | 1 |
| PLANAR | 2 |

GENERIC - Generic reflector shape

PLANAR - Planar reflector shape

6.2.38 Fixed Strength Threshold Value

| Address | 0x004c |
|---------------|--|
| Access | Read / Write |
| Register Type | int |
| Description | Fixed strength threshold value Note: This value is a factor 1000 larger than the RSS |
| | value. |
| Default Value | 0 |



6.2.39 Measure On Wakeup

| Address | 0x0080 |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Access | Read / Write |
| Register Type | bool |
| Description | Perform measure on wake up. |
| Default Value | False |

6.2.40 Command

| Address | 0x0100 |
|---------------|------------------|
| Access | Write Only |
| Register Type | enum |
| Description | Execute command. |

| Enum | Value |
|----------------------------|------------|
| APPLY_CONFIG_AND_CALIBRATE | 1 |
| MEASURE_DISTANCE | 2 |
| APPLY_CONFIGURATION | 3 |
| CALIBRATE | 4 |
| RECALIBRATE | 5 |
| ENABLE_UART_LOGS | 32 |
| DISABLE_UART_LOGS | 33 |
| LOG_CONFIGURATION | 34 |
| RESET_MODULE | 1381192737 |

APPLY_CONFIG_AND_CALIBRATE - Apply configuration, calibrate sensor and detector

MEASURE_DISTANCE - Measure distance

APPLY_CONFIGURATION - Apply the configuration

CALIBRATE - Calibrate sensor and detector

RECALIBRATE - Re-calibrate sensor and detector

ENABLE_UART_LOGS - DEBUG: Enable UART Logs

DISABLE_UART_LOGS - DEBUG: Disable UART Logs

LOG_CONFIGURATION - DEBUG: Print detector configuration to UART

RESET_MODULE - Reset module, needed to make a new configuration

6.2.41 Application Id

| Address | Oxffff |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Access | Read Only |
| Register Type | enum |
| Description | The application id register. |

| Enum | Value |
|-------------------|-------|
| DISTANCE_DETECTOR | 1 |
| PRESENCE_DETECTOR | 2 |
| REF_APP_BREATHING | 3 |

DISTANCE_DETECTOR - Distance Detector Application

PRESENCE_DETECTOR - Presence Detector Application



REF_APP_BREATHING - Breathing Reference Application



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