



Mathematics Stack Exchange is a question and answer site for people studying math at any level and professionals in related fields. It only takes a minute to sign up.

Anybody can ask a question

Anybody can answer

[Sign up to join this community](#)

The best answers are voted up and rise to the top



## How to construct a covariance matrix from a 2x2 data set

Asked 7 years, 6 months ago   Active 6 years, 5 months ago   Viewed 55k times



20



17



so if given a covariance matrix I can find the eigenvalues and move forward from there... but I seem to have trouble with the step before if I am given a data set and am told to create the covariance matrix. Looking at the notes I see the formula:

$$\text{cov}(x) = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})$$



I'm not too sure what to do with this formula and was hoping you can tell me how.

17

Data Set:

x1	x2
---	---
3	7
2	4

[matrices](#)

[correlation](#)

Share Cite Follow

edited Mar 14 '14 at 6:36



Brad S.

1,674

12

16

asked Mar 13 '14 at 0:51



user3037172

349

1

2

8

I saw some sources writing covariance matrix as a product of  $X_1 X_2^T / (n - 1)$ , could anyone help explain why it works? – Logan Apr 19 '17 at 8:12

## 1 Answer

Active	Oldest	Votes
--------	--------	-------



The *variance-covariance* matrix has the following structure:

46



where  $\text{var}(x) = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2$  and  $\text{cov}(x, y) = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})$ .



for your data,

$$\bar{x} = \frac{(3+2)}{2} = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{(7+4)}{2} = \frac{11}{2}$$

$$\text{var}(x) = (3 - \frac{5}{2})^2 + (2 - \frac{5}{2})^2$$

$$\text{var}(y) = (7 - \frac{11}{2})^2 + (4 - \frac{11}{2})^2$$

$$\text{cov}(x, y) = (3 - \frac{5}{2})(7 - \frac{11}{2}) + (2 - \frac{5}{2})(4 - \frac{11}{2})$$

so, all you need to do is calculate these values and put them in the right places in the matrix. Does that make sense?

Share Cite Follow

edited Mar 14 '14 at 22:51

answered Mar 14 '14 at 6:52



Brad S.

1,674

12

16

---

@Brad S. I have a slightly different problem. I also want to obtain a covariance matrix. I need it to use it as input for a generalized  $\chi^2$  minimization in order to fit a model when the errors from the data are correlated. In short, I have a dataset  $x_i$  of uncorrelated data with  $i = 1..30$ . But then I need to apply the following transformation to the data  $y_i = x_{i-1} - 2x_i + x_{i+1}$ . After that, the errors get correlated and I need to account for that by means of the covariance matrix given by the transformation. Could you please give me a hand or advise on how to get that matrix? – Stefano May 20 '18 at 15:43

- 
- 2 I think variance formula should be  $1/N$  not  $1/(N-1)$ , am I missing something? – PeerNet Oct 13 '19 at 22:28

@PeerNet No, when looking at a sample of a population the correct variance is  $\frac{1}{N-1} \sum (x_i - \bar{x})$ . You must be confusing this with the formula for the population variance; there we divide by  $N$  only. – alexandre lopez Dec 1 '20 at 1:11

---

---