Derivative of unilateral quadratic matrix equation

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Given equation

$$AX^2 + BX + C = 0,$$

compute $\frac{\partial X}{\partial z}$ given $\frac{\partial A}{\partial z}$, $\frac{\partial B}{\partial z}$, $\frac{\partial C}{\partial z}$.

Derivative of an implicit function:

$$\frac{\partial A}{\partial z}X^2 + A\frac{\partial X}{\partial z}X + AX\frac{\partial X}{\partial z} + B\frac{\partial X}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial B}{\partial z}X + \frac{\partial C}{\partial z} = 0$$

Can be reorganized as

$$A\frac{\partial X}{\partial z}X + (AX+B)\frac{\partial X}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial A}{\partial z}X^2 + \frac{\partial B}{\partial z}X + \frac{\partial C}{\partial z} = 0$$

 $This \ can be \ solved \ with \ Generalized Sylvester Solver. jl. \ Function \ {\tt generalized_sylvester_solver!} ({\tt a,b,c,der}) and the solved \ {\tt generalized_sylvest$ solves

$$ax + bxc = d$$

where

$$a = AX + B$$

$$b = A$$

$$c = X$$

$$d = \frac{\partial A}{\partial z}X^2 + \frac{\partial B}{\partial z}X + \frac{\partial C}{\partial z}$$

and

ws = GeneralizedSylvesterWs(n, n, n, 1)