

# Design Patterns - Iterator Pattern

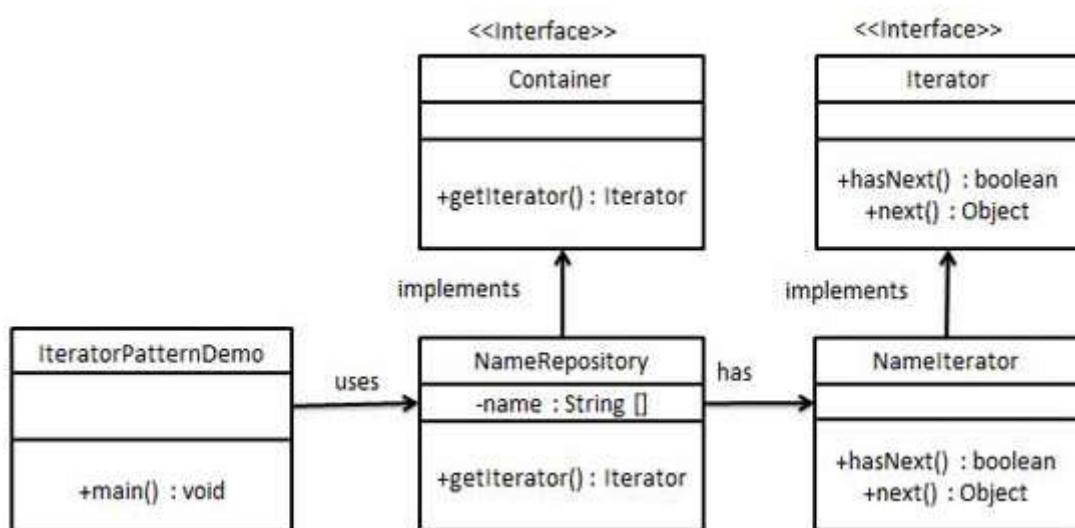
Iterator pattern is very commonly used design pattern in Java and .Net programming environment. This pattern is used to get a way to access the elements of a collection object in sequential manner without any need to know its underlying representation.

Iterator pattern falls under behavioral pattern category.

## Implementation

We're going to create a *Iterator* interface which narrates navigation method and a *Container* interface which retruns the iterator . Concrete classes implementing the *Container* interface will be responsible to implement *Iterator* interface and use it

*IteratorPatternDemo*, our demo class will use *NamesRepository*, a concrete class implementation to print a *Names* stored as a collection in *NamesRepository*.



## Step 1

Create interfaces.

*Iterator.java*

```

public interface Iterator {
    public boolean hasNext();
    public Object next();
}
  
```

*Container.java*

```

public interface Container {
  
```

```
    public Iterator getIterator();
}
```

## Step 2

Create concrete class implementing the *Container* interface. This class has inner class *NameIterator* implementing the *Iterator* interface.

*NameRepository.java*

```
public class NameRepository implements Container {
    public String names[] = {"Robert", "John", "Julie", "Lora"};

    @Override
    public Iterator getIterator() {
        return new NameIterator();
    }

    private class NameIterator implements Iterator {
        int index;

        @Override
        public boolean hasNext() {

            if(index < names.length) {
                return true;
            }
            return false;
        }

        @Override
        public Object next() {

            if(this.hasNext()) {
                return names[index++];
            }
            return null;
        }
    }
}
```

## Step 3

Use the *NameRepository* to get iterator and print names.

*IteratorPatternDemo.java*

```
public class IteratorPatternDemo {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    NameRepository namesRepository = new NameRepository();  
  
    for(Iterator iter = namesRepository.getIterator(); iter.hasNext();) {  
        String name = (String)iter.next();  
        System.out.println("Name : " + name);  
    }  
}
```

## Step 4

Verify the output.

```
Name : Robert  
Name : John  
Name : Julie  
Name : Lora
```