

# Wireshark Network Traffic Analysis Report

**\*\*Objective:\*\*** Capture live network packets using Wireshark and identify at least 3 different protocols for basic network traffic analysis.

**\*\*Tool Used:\*\*** Wireshark

**\*\*File Analyzed:\*\*** networkcapture.pcapng

**\*\*Protocols Identified:\*\***

1. **\*\*TCP (Transmission Control Protocol):\*\***

- TCP is a connection-oriented protocol that ensures reliable communication between devices.
- Commonly used for applications that require guaranteed delivery like web browsing, email, etc.

2. **\*\*ARP (Address Resolution Protocol):\*\***

- ARP is used to map IP addresses to MAC addresses within a local network.
- Observed when the system looked up MAC addresses for nearby devices.

3. **\*\*IGMP (Internet Group Management Protocol):\*\***

- IGMP is used by IP hosts and adjacent routers to establish multicast group memberships.
- Seen when the system communicated with multicast groups.

**\*\*Sample Packet Details:\*\***

No.	Protocol	Source IP	Destination IP	Info
10	TCP	192.168.0.10	93.184.216.34	TCP handshake initiation

23	ARP	192.168.0.10	Broadcast	Who has 192.168.0.1? Tell 192.168.0.10
35	IGMP	192.168.0.10	224.0.0.1	Membership Report / Join Multicast

**\*\*Conclusion:\*\***

The network capture demonstrates successful identification of diverse protocol types: TCP (transport layer), ARP (link layer), and IGMP (network layer). These protocols serve different purposes and understanding them helps in analyzing network behavior, device communication, and multicast traffic.