

✓ Hands on Activity 8.1

```
# for creating the data directory which is stated
# one must import os then use makedirs() to create directory
import os

# create data directory if doesn't exist
os.makedirs('data', exist_ok=True)

# the usual import of requests
import requests
def make_request(endpoint, payload=None):
    """
    Make a request to a specific endpoint on the weather API
    passing headers and optional payload.

    Parameters:
        - endpoint: The endpoint of the API you want to
                     make a GET request to.
        - payload: A dictionary of data to pass along
                  with the request.

    Returns:
        Response object.
    """
    return requests.get(
        f'https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdo-web/api/v2/{endpoint}',
        headers={
            'token': 'zVKGhvsaEJxUSbmXMizCLbJbGdQYMcIh'
        },
        params = payload
    )
```

```



import datetime
from IPython import display # for updating the cell dynamically
current = datetime.date(2018, 1, 1)
end = datetime.date(2019, 1, 1)
results = [] # assign empty list for results
while current < end: # this will loop until it reaches the end date
    # update the cell with status information
    display.clear_output(wait=True)
    display.display(f'Gathering data for {str(current)}')

    response = make_request(
        'data',
        {
            'datasetid' : 'GHCND', # Global Historical Climatology Network - Daily (GHCND) d
            'locationid' : 'CITY:US360019', # NYC
            'startdate' : current,
            'enddate' : current,
            'units' : 'metric',
            'limit' : 1000 # max allowed
        }
    )
    if response.ok:
        # we extend the list instead of appending to avoid getting a nested list
        results.extend(response.json()['results'])
    # update the current date to avoid an infinite loop
    current += datetime.timedelta(days=1)

    'Gathering data for 2018-12-31'

# first 5 rows of results
import pandas as pd
df = pd.DataFrame(results)
df.head()

```

	date	datatype	station	attributes	value	
0	2018-01-01T00:00:00	PRCP	GHCND:US1CTFR0039	„N,0800	0.0	
1	2018-01-01T00:00:00	PRCP	GHCND:US1NJBG0015	„N,1050	0.0	
2	2018-01-01T00:00:00	SNOW	GHCND:US1NJBG0015	„N,1050	0.0	
3	2018-01-01T00:00:00	PRCP	GHCND:US1NJBG0017	„N,0920	0.0	
4	2018-01-01T00:00:00	SNOW	GHCND:US1NJBG0017	„N,0920	0.0	

Next steps: [View recommended plots](#)

```

# create a csv file for extracted data
df.to_csv('data/nyc_weather_2018.csv', index=False)

```

```
import sqlite3
with sqlite3.connect('data/weather.db') as connection:
    df.to_sql(
        'weather', connection, index=False, if_exists='replace'
    )

response = make_request(
    'stations',
    {
        'datasetid' : 'GHCND', # Global Historical Climatology Network - Daily (GHCND) dataset
        'locationid' : 'CITY:US360019', # NYC
        'limit' : 1000 # max allowed
    }
)
# this creates a dataframe from the API
stations = pd.DataFrame(response.json()['results'])[['id', 'name', 'latitude', 'longitude', ' ']]
# create csv file for stations
stations.to_csv('data/weather_stations.csv', index=False)

# use weather.db as database
with sqlite3.connect('data/weather.db') as connection:
    stations.to_sql(
        'stations', connection, index=False, if_exists='replace'
    )
```